

Lab 4: str_to_upper

Due date: By the end of Thursday, 9/26/2019.

10 points

Objectives

The goal of this lab is to implement a recursive function with MIPS instructions that works on an ASCIIZ string. You will practice with the following skills:

- Write recursive or nested functions.
- Save and restore registers on stack.
- Process ASCII strings.

Tasks

First, read and understand the skeleton code. The code reserves a buffer of 128 bytes for a string `str`.

Implement the `strtoupper` function, which takes the starting address of a string as the only argument, converts all English characters in the string to uppercase, and returns the address of the input string. Your implementation **MUST** be recursive. A C implementation is listed on the next page.

The main function repeats the following tasks until the user enters an empty line.

1. Use a system call to read a line of user input and place it into buffer `str`. `str` is now a NUL terminated ASCII string. Assume the line is of 126 characters or shorter.
2. Call `strtoupper` to convert `str` to uppercase,
3. Print the converted `str`. All characters should be in uppercase.
4. Exit from the loop if the first character of `str` is `'\n'` (ASCII value 10) or a NUL.

Step 1 is provided in the skeleton code. **You need to complete Steps 2 to 4.**

Please pay attention to **the registers** you use in the function and follow the MIPS calling conventions.

Add brief **comments** to explain your code.

```
/* Comments
The function converts all ASCII characters in string s to upper cases.
s is the starting address of a string.
The function returns the starting address of s,
or you can think it as the address of the first character in s.
char * means the address of a character.
*/
char * strtoupper(char s[])
{
```

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```
/* define local variables. */
char c;

c = s[0];

/* empty string */
if (c == 0)
    return s;

/* convert the first character to upper case*/
if (c >= 'a' && c <= 'z') {
    c -= 32;
    s[0] = c;
}
/* convert the remaining characters*/
strtoupper(s + 1);
return s;
}
```

Below is a sample session of running the entire program. Note that the program terminates on an empty line.

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```
abcde in cse3666.
ABCDE IN CSE3666.
Another line in the same session.
ANOTHER LINE IN THE SAME SESSION.
Press Enter only to exit.
PRESS ENTER ONLY TO EXIT.
```

-- program is finished running --

Deliverables

- Make sure to modify the line “CSE3666: Lab 4: **YOURNAME (YOUR NetID)**” in lab4.s with your name and netid.
- Submit revised lab4.s, which has your code and **comments**, in HuskyCT along with a screenshot of the outputs.
- To receive full credits, your code should use proper MIPS instructions/pseudo instructions for the tasks and follow the MIPS calling conventions.

