STAT 632, Lecture 7 Handout

The Child Health and Development Studies investigate a range of topics. One study considered all pregnancies between 1960 and 1967 among women in the Kaiser Foundation Health Plan in the San Francisco East Bay area. The response variable of interest is bwt, the birthweight of the infants in ounces. The explanatory variables are gestation, the length of gestation, in days; parity, a dummy variable which is 0 if the child is first born, and 1 otherwise; age, the mother's age in years; height, the mother's height in inches; weight, the mother's weight in pounds; and smoke, a dummy variable which is 0 if the mother is a nonsmoker, and 1 if the mother smokes. A regression summary from fitting this model in R is shown below.

```
library(openintro)
head(babies, n=3)
##
    case bwt gestation parity age height weight smoke
## 1
                   284
                            0 27
                                      62
       1 120
                                            100
                                                    0
## 2
       2 113
                   282
                            0 33
                                      64
                                            135
       3 128
                   279
                            0 28
                                      64
## 3
                                            115
lm1 <- lm(bwt ~ gestation + parity + age + height + weight + smoke, data = babies)</pre>
summary(lm1)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = bwt ~ gestation + parity + age + height + weight +
##
      smoke, data = babies)
##
## Residuals:
   Min
              1Q Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -57.613 -10.189 -0.135
                            9.683 51.713
##
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -80.41085 14.34657 -5.605 2.60e-08 ***
## gestation
               0.44398
                          0.02910 15.258 < 2e-16 ***
## parity
               -3.32720 1.12895 -2.947 0.00327 **
## age
               -0.00895 0.08582 -0.104 0.91696
                                   5.629 2.27e-08 ***
## height
                1.15402
                           0.20502
## weight
                0.05017
                           0.02524
                                    1.987 0.04711 *
## smoke
               -8.40073
                           0.95382 -8.807 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 15.83 on 1167 degrees of freedom
    (62 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared: 0.258, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2541
## F-statistic: 67.61 on 6 and 1167 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

(a)	Write the equation for the multiple linear regression model.
(b)	Interpret the coefficients for gestation and smoke.
(c)	For which predictor(s) do we reject the null hypothesis $H_0: \beta_i = 0$?
(d)	Calculate a 95% confidence interval for the coefficient of gestation. Note that $n=1174$.
(e)	Interpret the coefficient of determination (R^2) ?
(f)	The following is a coefficient table for a simple linear regression model with bwt as the response and height as the predictor. Why is the coefficient for height presented below different than the multiple linear regression model?
	Coefficients: Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(> t) (Intercept) 27.6810 13.0298 2.124 0.0338 * height 1.4334 0.2033 7.052 2.97e-12 ***