Table 1: Results of multi-label CRF model with different feature sets.

Feature set	Precision	Recall	\mathbf{F}_1 -Score
CRF + BOW	0.8189	0.5795	0.6787
CRF + BOW + POS	0.8052	0.6086	0.6932

下面要展示如何制作复杂的表格

法一: 使用tabu宏包

s KMI	вои <u>ж</u> Е	$f(x_n) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{K_0}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} F(k) e^{\pm ikx_n} dk$
T	-1	2

法二: 使用graphicx宏包. 这个方法和makecell宏包冲突

s	Б	$f(x_n) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{K_0}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} F(k)e^{\pm ikx_n} dk$
Т	1	2

说明:

垂直居中效果和scalebox无关。

重点在于:

>{\centering\vspace{6mm}}m{6cm}<{\vspace{6mm}} tabu 倒是倒是不错的包,不过我实际上是用 lyx 写的东西,不方便用 tabu

最后还是把 arraystretch 调小了,看上去差不多就得了

m{6cm}表示列的宽度,两个vspace表示表格内容上下的空白区高度

\begin{verbatim}

想要不居中,则去掉\centering即可: >{\vspace{6mm}}m{6cm}<{\vspace{6mm}}}

(发现有的时候调试centering和vspace之类的时候会报错,可能原因是换行要用\tabularnewline,不要用\\))

法三: makecell宏包 法三补充实例1:

(m{7cm}<{\vspace{0mm}}所在的那列下面可以加 "\\" 表格内换行)

Table 2: Results of multi-label CRF model with different feature sets.				
Feature set	Precision	Recall	\mathbf{F}_1 -Score	
CRF + BOW	0.8189	0.5795	0.6787	
CRF + BOW + POS	0.8052	0.6086	0.6932	
CRF + BOW + POS + capitalization	0.8169	0.6299	0.7113	
CRF + BOW + POS + capitalization + case pattern	0.8148	0.6364	0.7146	
CRF + BOW + POS + capitalization + case pattern	0.8287	0.6872	0.7514	
+ word representation				

Table 3: Results of multi-label CRF model with different feature sets.				
Feature set	Precision	Recall	\mathbf{F}_1 -Score	
CRF + BOW	0.8189	0.5795	0.6787	
CRF + BOW + POS	0.8052	0.6086	0.6932	
CRF + BOW + POS + capitalization	0.8169	0.6299	0.7113	
CRF + BOW + POS + capitalization + case pattern	0.8148	0.6364	0.7146	
CRF + BOW + POS + capitalization + case pattern + word representation	0.8287	0.6872	0.7514	