# arm MCUXSDKUSBCOMDUG

MCUXpresso SDK USB Stack Composite Device User's Guide Rev. 13 — 11 July 2022 User guide

### **Document information**

Information	Content
Keywords	MCUXSDKUSBCOMDUG, USB Stack, Composite Device
Abstract	This document describes steps to implement a composite device based on the USB stack.



# 1 Overview

This document describes steps to implement a composite device based on the USB stack.

The USB Stack provides five composite device demos, *HID+audio*, *MSC+CDC*, *MSC\_SDCARD+CDC*, *CDC\_VCOM+CDC\_VCOMAND*, and *mouse+keyboard*. The users can create composite devices to fit their needs. This document is a step-by-step guide to create a customizable composite device.

# 2 Introduction

A composite device combines multiple independent functionalities by unifying its code into one implementation. For example, the single functionality code for CDC is provided in the CDC example and the single functionality code for MSC is provided in the MSC example. Creating the CDC+MSC composite device example requires combining the CDC example code and MSC example code into a single example.

Composite device descriptors are combined from the single-function device descriptors. There are two single-function devices. Each device has an interface descriptor in a configuration descriptor. If the composite device is combined using two single function devices, the interface descriptor of each device should be merged into the composite device configuration descriptor.

Implementing a composite device involves combining the descriptors and the functionalities of the single function devices.

# 3 Setup

Before developing the composite device, the user needs to:

- 1. Decide how many classes are included in this composite device.
- 2. Decide which types of classes are included in this composite device. For example, HID + AUDIO, HID + HID, and so on.
- Prepare the device descriptor depending on the use case. In particular, the IAD should be used for AUDIO/VIDEO class. For more information, see <a href="https://www.usb.org/developers/docs/whitepapers/iadclasscode">www.usb.org/developers/docs/whitepapers/iadclasscode</a> r10.pdf.
- 4. Ensure that the functionality of the single function device code is valid.

# 3.1 Design steps

- 1. A new composite device application should use the existing examples as a template.
- 2. Prepare the descriptor-related data structure to ensure that the correct information about the customized composite device is related to the USB device stack. See Section 4 for additional information.
- 3. Prepare the descriptors array and ensure that the descriptors are consistent with the descriptor-related data structure. See <u>Section 5</u>.
- 4. Implement the specific descriptor-related callback function which the USB device stack calls to get the device descriptor. See <a href="Section 5">Section 5</a>.

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# 4 USB composite device structures

The USB composite device structures are defined in the USB stack code. The structures describe the class and are consistent with the descriptor. They are also used in single function examples.

# 4.1 usb device class config list struct t

This structure is required for the composite device and relays device callback, class callback, interface numbers, and endpoint numbers of each interface to the class driver. The structure should be placed in the "composite.c" file.

This is an example for a composite device MSD + CDC:

The variable "count" holds the number of classes included in the composite device. Because the composite device MSD+CDC includes two classes, the value of variable "count" is 2.

The type of "config" is usb\_device\_class\_config\_struct\_t. See subsequent sections for more information.

# 4.2 usb device class config struct t

This structure is required for the composite device and provides information about each class. The structure should be placed in the "composite.c" file.

This is an example for the composite device MSD + CDC:

```
usb_device_class_config_struct_t g_compositeDevice[2] =
    {
        .classCallback = USB_DeviceCdcVcomCallback,
        .classHandle = (class_handle_t)NULL,
        .classInfomation = &g_UsbDeviceCdcVcomConfig,
    },
    {
        .classCallback = USB_DeviceMscCallback,
        .classHandle = (class_handle_t)NULL,
        .classInfomation = &g_mscDiskClass,
    }
};
```

classCallback is the callback function pointer of each class.

*classHandle* is the class handle. This value is NULL and updated by the USB DeviceClassInit function.

The type of *classInfomation* is usb\_device\_class\_struct\_t, including the configuration count, class type, and the interface list for this class.

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# 4.3 usb\_device\_class\_struct\_t

This structure is required for each class including the class type, supported configuration count, and interface list for each configuration. The structure should be placed in the "usb\_device\_descriptor.c" file.

This is an example for MSD in the composite MSD + CDC device example.

```
usb_device_class_struct_t g_mscDiskClass =
{
    .interfaceList = g_mscDiskInterfaceList,
    .type = kUSB_DeviceClassTypeMsc,
    .configurations = USB_DEVICE_CONFIGURATION_COUNT,
};
```

interfaceList is the interface list pointer, which points to the type usb\_device\_interface\_list\_t. It includes detailed interface information about the class including interface count, alternate setting count for each interface, and ep count, ep type, and ep direction for each alternate setting. See subsequent sections for more information.

*Type* represents the type of each class included in the composite device. For example, the type of MSD class is kUSB DeviceClassTypeMsc.

Configurations member indicates the count of the class supported.

# 4.4 usb\_device\_interface\_list\_t

This structure is required for the composite device and provides information about each class. The structure should be placed in the "usb device descriptor.c" file.

This is an example for MSC in the composite MSC + CDC device example.

*Count* indicates the interface count this class supports in each configuration.

Interfaces member indicates the interface list for each configuration.

# 4.5 usb\_device\_interfaces\_struct\_t

This structure provides alternate setting interface information about each interface. All structures should be placed in the "usb\_device\_descriptor.c" file.

#### Prototype:

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### **Description:**

- classCode: The class code for this interface.
- subclassCode: The subclass code for this interface.
- protocolCode: The protocol code for this interface.
- interfaceNumber: Interface index in the interface descriptor.
- interface: Includes detailed information about the current interface. For details, see subsequent chapters.
- · count: Number of interfaces in the current interface.

This is an example for the composite device MSD + CDC:

#### MSD:

USB\_MSC\_DISK\_INTERFACE\_INDEX is the interface index of this interface in a current configuration. In other words, in the interface descriptor, the interface number is USB MSC DISK INTERFACE INDEX.

 $\g_{mscDiskInterface}$  is the interface detailed information structure. See Section 4.6 section for more information.

#### CDC:

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```
g_cdcVcomDicInterface, sizeof(g_cdcVcomDicInterface) /
sizeof(usb_device_interface_struct_t)
     },
};
```

USB\_CDC\_VCOM\_CIC\_INTERFACE\_INDEX is the interface index of the control interface in a current configuration. In other words, in the interface descriptor, the interface number is usb\_cdc\_vcom\_cic\_interface\_index.

USB\_CDC\_VCOM\_DIC\_INTERFACE\_INDEX is the interface index of the data interface in a current configuration. In other words, in the interface descriptor, the interface number is USB\_CDC\_VCOM\_DIC\_INTERFACE\_INDEX.

"g\_cdcVcomCicInterface" is the control interface structure with detailed information. See Section 4.6 section for more information.

 $\g_{\com}$  is the data interface structure with detailed information. See Section 4.6 section for more information.

# 4.6 usb\_device\_interface\_struct\_t

This structure provides information about each alternate setting interface for the current interface. All structures should be placed in the "usb\_device\_descriptor.c" file.

#### Prototype:

# **Description:**

- alternateSetting: The alternate value of this interface.
- endpointList: endpoint list structure. See the usb\_device\_endpoint\_list\_t structure.
- · classSpecific: The class-specific structure pointer.

# Prototype:

#### **Description:**

- count: Number of endpoints in the current interface.
- endpoint: Endpoint information structure.

This is an example for the composite device MSD + CDC:

#### MSD:

```
usb_device_interface_struct_t g_mscDiskInterface[] =
{
    {
```

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Number "0" holds the alternate setting value of the MSD interface.

USB\_MSC\_DISK\_ENDPOINT\_COUNT is the endpoint number for MSD interface when the alternate setting is 0.

"g\_mscDiskEndpoints" is the endpoint detailed information structure. See Section 4.7 section for more information.

#### CDC:

#### For control interface:

Number "0" holds the alternate setting value of the CDC control interface.

USB\_CDC\_VCOM\_CIC\_ENDPOINT\_COUNT is the endpoint number for control interface when the alternate setting is 0.

"g\_cdcVcomCicEndpoints" is the endpoint detailed information structure. See Section 4.7 section for more information.

#### For data interface:

Number "0" holds the alternate setting value of the CDC data interface.

USB\_CDC\_VCOM\_DIC\_ENDPOINT\_COUNT is the endpoint number for control interface when the alternate setting is 0.

"g\_cdcVcomDicEndpoints" is the endpoint detailed information structure. See Section 4.7 section for more information.

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# 4.7 usb\_device\_endpoint\_struct\_t

This structure is required for the composite device and provides ep information. All structures should be placed in the "usb\_device\_descriptor.c" file.

#### Prototype:

### **Description:**

- endpointAddress: Endpoint address (b7, 0 USB\_OUT, 1 USB\_IN).
- transferType: The transfer type of this endpoint.
- maxPacketSize: The maximum packet size of this endpoint.

This is an example for the composite device MSD + CDC:

#### MSD:

#### CDC:

This is CDC class control interface endpoint information.

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This is the CDC class data interface endpoint information.

# 5 USB descriptor functions

All USB device descriptor and functions are placed in the "usb\_device\_descriptor.c" file.

# 5.1 USB descriptor

The descriptors for each class can be obtained from the class-related examples and class specification. For the composite device, combine multiple class descriptors.

**Note:** The interface number in the configuration descriptor must be the correct interface number value. The endpoint number value in each endpoint descriptor must be consistent with the structures in Section 4.7.

### 5.2 USB DeviceGetDeviceDescriptor

This function is used to get the device descriptor. All devices must implement this function.

```
usb_status_t USB_DeviceGetDeviceDescriptor(usb_device_handle
handle,

usb_device_get_device_descriptor_struct_t *deviceDescriptor)
{
   deviceDescriptor->buffer = g_UsbDeviceDescriptor;
   deviceDescriptor->length = USB_DESCRIPTOR_LENGTH_DEVICE;
   return kStatus_USB_Success;
}
```

# 5.3 USB DeviceGetConfigurationDescriptor

This function is used to get the configuration descriptor. All devices must implement this function.

```
/* Get device configuration descriptor request */
usb_status_t USB_DeviceGetConfigurationDescriptor(
```

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```
usb_device_handle handle,
usb_device_get_configuration_descriptor_struct_t
*configurationDescriptor)
{
    if (USB_COMPOSITE_CONFIGURE_INDEX >
    configurationDescriptor->configuration)
      {
        configurationDescriptor->buffer =
        g_UsbDeviceConfigurationDescriptor;
        configurationDescriptor->length =
    USB_DESCRIPTOR_LENGTH_CONFIGURATION_ALL;
        return kStatus_USB_Success;
    }
    return kStatus_USB_InvalidRequest;
}
```

# 5.4 USB\_DeviceGetStringDescriptor

This function is used to get the string descriptor. All devices must implement this function.

```
/* Get device string descriptor request */
usb status t USB DeviceGetStringDescriptor(usb device handle
handle,
 usb device get string descriptor struct t *stringDescriptor)
    if (stringDescriptor->stringIndex == 0U)
        stringDescriptor->buffer = (uint8 t
 *)g UsbDeviceLanguageList.languageString;
        stringDescriptor->length =
 g UsbDeviceLanguageList.stringLength;
    }
    else
        uint8 t languageId = 0U;
        uint8 t languageIndex = USB DEVICE STRING COUNT;
        for (; languageId < USB DEVICE STRING COUNT; languageId
++)
            if (stringDescriptor->languageId ==
 g UsbDeviceLanguageList.languageList[languageId].languageId)
                if (stringDescriptor->stringIndex <</pre>
 USB DEVICE STRING COUNT)
                    languageIndex = stringDescriptor-
>stringIndex;
                break;
        if (USB DEVICE STRING COUNT == languageIndex)
            return kStatus USB InvalidRequest;
        stringDescriptor->buffer = (uint8 t
 *)g UsbDeviceLanguageList.languageList[languageId].string[languageIndex]
```

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```
stringDescriptor->length =
g_UsbDeviceLanguageList.languageList[languageId].length[languageIndex];
}
return kStatus_USB_Success;
}
```

# 5.5 USB\_DeviceGetHidDescriptor

```
/* Get HID descriptor request */
usb_status_t USB_DeviceGetHidDescriptor(usb_device_handle
handle,

usb_device_get_hid_descriptor_struct_t *hidDescriptor)
{
    /* If this request is not supported, return the error
code "kStatus_USB_InvalidRequest". Otherwise, fill the
hidDescriptor with the descriptor buffer address and length
based on the interface number. */
    return kStatus_USB_InvalidRequest;
}
```

# 5.6 USB\_DeviceGetHidReportDescriptor

```
/* Get the HID report descriptor request */
usb status t USB DeviceGetHidReportDescriptor(usb device handle
handle,
 usb device get hid report descriptor struct t
*hidReportDescriptor)
    if (USB HID GENERIC INTERFACE INDEX == hidReportDescriptor-
>interfaceNumber)
        hidReportDescriptor->buffer =
 g UsbDeviceHidGenericReportDescriptor;
        hidReportDescriptor->length =
 USB DESCRIPTOR LENGTH HID GENERIC REPORT;
    else if (USB HID KEYBOARD INTERFACE INDEX ==
hidReportDescriptor->interfaceNumber)
        hidReportDescriptor->buffer =
 g UsbDeviceHidKeyboardReportDescriptor;
       hidReportDescriptor->length =
 USB DESCRIPTOR LENGTH HID KEYBOARD REPORT;
    else
        return kStatus USB InvalidRequest;
   return kStatus USB Success;
```

# 5.7 USB\_DeviceGetHidPhysicalDescriptor

```
/* Get the HID physical descriptor request */
usb_status_t USB_DeviceGetHidPhysicalDescriptor(
    usb_device_handle handle,
usb_device_get_hid_physical_descriptor_struct_t
    *hidPhysicalDescriptor)
{
    /* If this request is not supported, return the error
code "kStatus_USB_InvalidRequest". Otherwise, fill the
hidPhysicalDescriptor with the descriptor buffer address and
length based on the interface number and the physical index.
    */
    return kStatus_USB_InvalidRequest;
}
```

# 5.8 USB\_DeviceSetSpeed

```
/* Because HS and FS descriptors are different, update the
device descriptors and configurations to match the current
speed.
 * By default, the device descriptors and configurations are
 configured by using FS parameters for both EHCI and KHCI.
 * When the EHCI is enabled, the application needs to call this
 function to update the device by using current speed.
 * The updated information includes the endpoint max packet
 size, endpoint interval, and so on. */
usb status t USB DeviceSetSpeed(usb device handle handle,
uint8 t speed)
    usb descriptor union t *descriptorHead;
    usb descriptor union t *descriptorTail;
    descriptorHead = (usb descriptor union t
 *) &g UsbDeviceConfigurationDescriptor[0];
    descriptorTail = (usb_descriptor_union_t *)
(&q UsbDeviceConfigurationDescriptor USB DESCRIPTOR LENGTH CONFIGURATION .
 - 1Ul);
    while (descriptorHead < descriptorTail)</pre>
        if (descriptorHead->common.bDescriptorType ==
 USB DESCRIPTOR TYPE ENDPOINT)
            if (USB SPEED HIGH == speed)
                if (USB HID KEYBOARD ENDPOINT IN
 == (descriptorHead->endpoint.bEndpointAddress &
 USB ENDPOINT NUMBER MASK))
                    descriptorHead->endpoint.bInterval =
 HS HID KEYBOARD INTERRUPT IN INTERVAL;
 USB SHORT TO LITTLE ENDIAN ADDRESS (HS HID KEYBOARD INTERRUPT IN PACKET S
 descriptorHead->endpoint.wMaxPacketSize);
                else if (((descriptorHead-
>endpoint.bEndpointAddress &
USB DESCRIPTOR ENDPOINT ADDRESS DIRECTION IN) ==
```

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```
USB DESCRIPTOR ENDPOINT ADDRESS DIRECTION IN) &&
                         (USB HID GENERIC ENDPOINT IN
 == (descriptorHead->endpoint.bEndpointAddress &
USB ENDPOINT NUMBER MASK)))
                    descriptorHead->endpoint.bInterval =
HS HID GENERIC INTERRUPT IN INTERVAL;
USB SHORT TO LITTLE ENDIAN ADDRESS (HS HID GENERIC INTERRUPT IN PACKET SI
 descriptorHead->endpoint.wMaxPacketSize);
                else if (((descriptorHead-
>endpoint.bEndpointAddress &
USB DESCRIPTOR ENDPOINT ADDRESS DIRECTION OUT) ==
USB DESCRIPTOR ENDPOINT ADDRESS DIRECTION OUT) &&
                         (USB HID GENERIC ENDPOINT OUT
 == (descriptorHead->endpoint.bEndpointAddress &
USB ENDPOINT NUMBER MASK)))
                    descriptorHead->endpoint.bInterval =
HS HID GENERIC INTERRUPT OUT INTERVAL;
USB SHORT TO LITTLE ENDIAN ADDRESS (HS HID GENERIC INTERRUPT OUT PACKET S
descriptorHead->endpoint.wMaxPacketSize);
            else
                if (USB HID KEYBOARD ENDPOINT IN
== (descriptorHead->endpoint.bEndpointAddress &
USB ENDPOINT NUMBER MASK))
                    descriptorHead->endpoint.bInterval =
FS HID KEYBOARD INTERRUPT IN INTERVAL;
USB SHORT TO LITTLE ENDIAN ADDRESS(FS HID KEYBOARD INTERRUPT IN PACKET S
 descriptorHead->endpoint.wMaxPacketSize);
               else if (((descriptorHead-
>endpoint.bEndpointAddress &
USB DESCRIPTOR ENDPOINT ADDRESS DIRECTION IN) ==
USB DESCRIPTOR ENDPOINT ADDRESS DIRECTION IN) &&
                         (USB HID GENERIC ENDPOINT IN
== (descriptorHead->endpoint.bEndpointAddress &
USB ENDPOINT NUMBER MASK)))
                    descriptorHead->endpoint.bInterval =
FS HID GENERIC INTERRUPT IN INTERVAL;
USB_SHORT_TO_LITTLE_ENDIAN_ADDRESS(FS HID GENERIC INTERRUPT IN PACKET SI
descriptorHead->endpoint.wMaxPacketSize);
```

```
else if (((descriptorHead-
>endpoint.bEndpointAddress &
USB DESCRIPTOR ENDPOINT ADDRESS DIRECTION OUT) ==
USB_DESCRIPTOR_ENDPOINT_ADDRESS_DIRECTION_OUT) &&
                         (USB HID GENERIC ENDPOINT OUT
 == (descriptorHead->endpoint.bEndpointAddress &
USB ENDPOINT NUMBER MASK)))
                    descriptorHead->endpoint.bInterval =
FS HID GENERIC INTERRUPT OUT INTERVAL;
USB SHORT TO LITTLE ENDIAN ADDRESS(FS HID GENERIC INTERRUPT OUT PACKET S
descriptorHead->endpoint.wMaxPacketSize);
        descriptorHead = (usb descriptor union t *)((uint8 t
 *)descriptorHead + descriptorHead->common.bLength);
    for (int i = OU; i < USB HID GENERIC ENDPOINT COUNT; i++)
        if (USB SPEED HIGH == speed)
            if
 (g UsbDeviceHidGenericEndpoints[i].endpointAddress &
USB DESCRIPTOR ENDPOINT ADDRESS DIRECTION IN)
                g UsbDeviceHidGenericEndpoints[i].maxPacketSize
 = HS HID GENERIC INTERRUPT IN PACKET SIZE;
            }
            else
                g UsbDeviceHidGenericEndpoints[i].maxPacketSize
 = HS HID GENERIC INTERRUPT OUT PACKET SIZE;
        else
 (g UsbDeviceHidGenericEndpoints[i].endpointAddress &
 USB DESCRIPTOR ENDPOINT ADDRESS DIRECTION IN)
                g UsbDeviceHidGenericEndpoints[i].maxPacketSize
= HS HID GENERIC INTERRUPT OUT PACKET SIZE;
            else
                g UsbDeviceHidGenericEndpoints[i].maxPacketSize
 = FS HID GENERIC INTERRUPT OUT PACKET SIZE;
    if (USB SPEED HIGH == speed)
        g UsbDeviceHidKeyboardEndpoints[0].maxPacketSize =
 HS HID KEYBOARD INTERRUPT IN PACKET SIZE;
   else
```

```
{
    g_UsbDeviceHidKeyboardEndpoints[0].maxPacketSize =
FS_HID_KEYBOARD_INTERRUPT_IN_PACKET_SIZE;
    return kStatus_USB_Success;
}
```

# 6 USB stack configurations

Class configuration:

This section describes a use case where two or more of the same classes are used in the composite device.

To reduce the footprint, the released USB stack does not support multiple instances of the same class in the default configuration. If two or more same classes are used in the composite device, the user needs to configure the class.

- For HID class, USB\_DEVICE\_CONFIG\_HID must be configured in the usb\_device\_config.h.
- For CDC class, USB\_DEVICE\_CONFIG\_CDC\_ACM must be configured in the usb\_device\_config.h.
- For MSD class, USB\_DEVICE\_CONFIG\_MSC must be configured in the usb\_device\_config.h.
- For AUDIO class, USB\_DEVICE\_CONFIG\_AUDIO must be configured in the usb\_device\_config.h.
- For PHDC class, USB\_DEVICE\_CONFIG\_PHDC must be configured in the usb\_device\_config.h.
- For VIDEO class, USB\_DEVICE\_CONFIG\_VIDEO must be configured in the usb device config.h.
- For CCID class, USB\_DEVICE\_CONFIG\_CCID must be configured in the usb\_device\_config.h.

The value of the configuration depends on use cases and user requirements. For example, for the composite device HID+HID, the USB\_DEVICE\_CONFIG\_HID must be set to 2.

**Note:** USBCFG\_DEV\_MAX\_ENDPOINTS must not be less than "max used endpoint number + 1". "max used endpoint number" indicates the maximum endpoint number that the example uses.

# 7 Application template

The redesigned USB stack makes the composite device application easy to implement and aligned with the general device.

### 7.1 Application structure template

For a general device, a demo contains only one class. However, for the composite device, a demo contains more than one class. Likewise, a structure is required to manage the application involving more than one class.

```
typedef struct composite_device_struct
{
```

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```
usb device handle
                                        deviceHandle;
   class handle t
                                        classHandle1;
   class handle t
                                        classHandle2;
   class handle t
                                        classHandlen;
   uint8 t
                                        speed;
   uint8 t
                                        attach;
   uint8 t
                                        currentConfiguration;
   uint8 t
currentInterfaceAlternateSetting[USB COMPOSITE INTERFACE COUNT];
}composite device struct t;
```

deviceHandle: The handle pointer to a device, which is returned by the USB DeviceClassInit.

speed: Speed of the USB device. USB\_SPEED\_FULL/USB\_SPEED\_LOW/USB\_ SPEED\_HIGH.

attach: Indicates whether the device is attached or not.

currentConfiguration: The current device configuration value.

currentInterfaceAlternateSetting: The current alternate setting for each interface.

classHandlen: The pointer to a class.

This is an example for a composite device HID mouse + HID keyboard:

This structure is in the "composite.h" file.

#### Prototype:

```
typedef struct usb device composite struct
    usb device handle
                                         deviceHandle:
                                         hidMouseHandle;
    class_handle_t
    class handle t
                                         hidKeyboardHandle;
    uint8 t
                                         speed;
   uint8<sup>-</sup>t
                                         attach;
   uint8 t
                                         currentConfiguration;
   uint8 t
currentInterfaceAlternateSetting[USB COMPOSITE INTERFACE COUNT];
} usb device composite struct t;
```

# 7.2 Application initialization process

- 1. Before initializing the USB stack by calling the USB\_DeviceClassInit function, the usb\_device\_class\_config\_list\_struct\_t and usb\_device\_class\_config\_struct\_t are assigned values respectively. For example, for MSC + CDC, the steps are as follows:
  - Declare the g\_compositeDeviceConfigList as global variables of the type usb\_ device\_class\_config\_list\_struct\_t.

```
usb_device_class_config_list_struct_t
g_compositeDeviceConfigList =
{
    g_compositeDevice,
    USB_DeviceCallback,
    2,
};
```

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• Declare the g\_compositeDevice as global variables of the type usb\_device\_class\_config\_struct\_t.

Add a function for the USB device ISR.
 For EHCI.

```
#if defined(USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_EHCI) &&
  (USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_EHCI > 0U)
void USBHS_IRQHandler(void)
{
    USB_DeviceEhciIsrFunction(g_composite.deviceHandle);
}
#endif
```

#### For KHC1,

```
#if defined(USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_KHCI) &&
  (USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_KHCI > 0U)
void USB0_IRQHandler(void)
{
    USB_DeviceKhciIsrFunction(g_composite.deviceHandle);
}
#endif
```

### For LPC IP3511.

```
#if defined(USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_LPC35111P) &&
  (USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_LPC35111P > 0U)
void USB0_IRQHandler(void)
{
    USB_DeviceLpc35111pIsrFunction
  (g_composite.deviceHandle);
}
#endif
```

2. Enable the USB device clock.

#### For EHC1,

```
CLOCK_EnableUsbhs0Clock(kCLOCK_UsbSrcPll0,
  CLOCK_GetFreq(kCLOCK_PllFllSelClk));
USB_EhciPhyInit(CONTROLLER_ID, BOARD_XTAL0_CLK_HZ);
```

# For KHC1,

```
#if ((defined
FSL_FEATURE_USB_KHCI_IRC48M_MODULE_CLOCK_ENABLED) &&
  (FSL_FEATURE_USB_KHCI_IRC48M_MODULE_CLOCK_ENABLED))
CLOCK_EnableUsbfs0Clock(kCLOCK_UsbSrcIrc48M, 48000000U);
#else
```

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```
CLOCK_EnableUsbfs0Clock(kCLOCK_UsbSrcPll0,
  CLOCK_GetFreq(kCLOCK_PllFllSelClk));
#endif /* FSL_FEATURE_USB_KHCI_IRC48M_MODULE_CLOCK_ENABLED */
```

#### For LPC IP3511.

```
CLOCK_EnableUsbfs0Clock(kCLOCK_UsbSrcFro,
CLOCK_GetFreq(kCLOCK_FroHf));
```

3. Call the USB DeviceClassInit function.

```
if (kStatus_USB_Success != USB_DeviceClassInit(CONTROLLER_ID,
    &g_compositeDeviceConfigList, &g_composite.deviceHandle))
{
    usb_echo("USB device composite demo init failed\r\n");
    return;
}
else
{
    usb_echo("USB device composite demo\r\n");
    ......
}
```

4. Get a handle for each class. For example,

#### CDC virtual com:

```
g_composite.cdcVcom.cdcAcmHandle =
g_compositeDeviceConfigList.config[0].classHandle;
```

#### MSC ramdisk:

```
g_composite.mscDisk.mscHandle =
g_compositeDeviceConfigList.config[1].classHandle;
```

Initialize each class application.

Such as,

CDC virtual com:

```
USB_DeviceCdcVcomInit(&g_composite);
```

#### MSC ramdisk:

```
USB_DeviceMscDiskInit(&g_composite);
```

6. Set the interrupt priority and enable the USB device interrupt

```
NVIC_SetPriority((IRQn_Type)irqNo,
   USB_DEVICE_INTERRUPT_PRIORITY);
NVIC_EnableIRQ((IRQn_Type)irqNo);
```

7. Enable the USB device funtionally:

```
USB_DeviceRun(g_composite.deviceHandle);
```

# 8 HID keyboard + HID generic composite device example

In this section, HID keyboard + HID generic composite device are used as an example.

# 8.1 USB composite device structure examples

```
/* Two HID classes */
```

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```
usb device class config list struct t
g UsbDeviceCompositeConfigList =
    g CompositeClassConfig,
    USB DeviceCallback,
   2U,
/* Two HID classes definition */
usb device class config struct t g CompositeClassConfig[2] =
        USB DeviceHidKeyboardCallback,
        (class handle t) NULL,
        &g UsbDeviceHidKeyboardConfig,
        USB DeviceHidGenericCallback,
        (class handle t) NULL,
        &g UsbDeviceHidGenericConfig,
/* HID generic device config */
usb device class struct t g UsbDeviceHidGenericConfig =
    g UsbDeviceHidGenericInterfaceList, /* The interface list
 of the HID generic */
   kUSB DeviceClassTypeHid,
                                      /* The HID class type
   USB_DEVICE_CONFIGURATION_COUNT, /* The
 configuration count */
/* HID generic device interface list */
usb device interface list t
g_UsbDeviceHidGenericInterfaceList[USB DEVICE CONFIGURATION COUNT]
{
       USB HID GENERIC INTERFACE COUNT, /* The interface count
of the HID generic */
       g UsbDeviceHidGenericInterfaces, /* The
 interfaces handle */
   },
/* HID generic device interfaces */
usb device interfaces struct t
g UsbDeviceHidGenericInterfaces[USB HID GENERIC INTERFACE COUNT]
   USB HID GENERIC CLASS,
                                   /* HID generic class code
   USB HID GENERIC SUBCLASS,
                                   /* HID generic subclass
 code *7
   USB HID GENERIC PROTOCOL,
                                   /* HID generic protocol
 code */
   USB HID GENERIC INTERFACE INDEX, /* The interface number of
 the HID generic */
   g UsbDeviceHidGenericInterface, /* Interfaces
 handle */
   sizeof(g UsbDeviceHidGenericInterface) /
 sizeof(usb device interface struct t),
```

```
/* HID generic device interface and alternate setting device
 information */
usb device interface struct t g UsbDeviceHidGenericInterface[]
{
        OU, /* The alternate setting of the interface */
            USB HID GENERIC ENDPOINT COUNT, /* Endpoint count
            g UsbDeviceHidGenericEndpoints, /* Endpoints
 handle */
/* HID generic device endpoint information for interface
 USB_HID_GENERIC_INTERFACE_INDEX and alternate setting is 0. */
usb device endpoint struct t
 g UsbDeviceHidGenericEndpoints[USB HID GENERIC ENDPOINT COUNT]
    /* HID generic interrupt IN pipe */
        USB HID GENERIC ENDPOINT IN | (USB IN <<
 USB DESCRIPTOR ENDPOINT ADDRESS DIRECTION SHIFT),
        USB ENDPOINT INTERRUPT,
        FS HID GENERIC INTERRUPT IN PACKET SIZE,
    /* HID generic interrupt OUT pipe */
        USB HID GENERIC ENDPOINT OUT | (USB OUT <<
 USB DESCRIPTOR ENDPOINT ADDRESS DIRECTION SHIFT),
        USB ENDPOINT INTERRUPT,
        FS HID GENERIC INTERRUPT OUT PACKET SIZE,
    },
/* HID keyboard device config */
usb device class struct t g UsbDeviceHidKeyboardConfig =
    g UsbDeviceHidKeyboardInterfaceList, /* The interface list
 of the HID keyboard */
   kUSB DeviceClassTypeHid,
                                        /* The HID class type
                                            /* The
    USB DEVICE CONFIGURATION COUNT,
 configuration count */
/* HID keyboard device interface list */
usb device interface list t
 g UsbDeviceHidKeyboardInterfaceList[USB DEVICE CONFIGURATION COUNT]
{
        USB HID KEYBOARD INTERFACE COUNT, /* The interface
 count of the HID keyboard */
                                               /* The
       g UsbDeviceHidKeyboardInterfaces,
 interfaces handle */
    },
/* HID generic device interfaces */
```

```
usb device interfaces struct t
 g UsbDeviceHidKeyboardInterfaces[USB HID KEYBOARD INTERFACE COUNT]
                                      /* HID keyboard class
    USB HID KEYBOARD CLASS,
 code *7
   USB HID KEYBOARD SUBCLASS,
                                      /* HID keyboard subclass
 code */
   USB HID KEYBOARD PROTOCOL,
                                      /* HID keyboard protocol
 code *7
    {\tt USB\_HID\_KEYBOARD\_INTERFACE\_INDEX,\ /\star\ The\ interface\ number}
 of the HID keyboard */
                                              /* Interfaces
    g UsbDeviceHidKeyboardInterface,
handle */
    sizeof(g UsbDeviceHidKeyboardInterface) /
 sizeof (usb device interface struct t),
/* HID generic device interface and alternate setting device
information */
usb device interface struct t q UsbDeviceHidKeyboardInterface[]
{
        OU, /* The alternate setting of the interface */
            USB HID KEYBOARD ENDPOINT COUNT, /* Endpoint count
            g UsbDeviceHidKeyboardEndpoints,
 Endpoints handle */
        },
/* HID generic device endpoint information for interface
USB HID GENERIC INTERFACE INDEX and alternate setting is 0. */
usb device endpoint struct t
 g UsbDeviceHidKeyboardEndpoints[USB HID KEYBOARD ENDPOINT COUNT]
{
    /* HID keyboard interrupt IN pipe */
        USB HID KEYBOARD ENDPOINT IN | (USB IN <<
 USB DESCRIPTOR ENDPOINT ADDRESS DIRECTION SHIFT),
        USB ENDPOINT INTERRUPT,
        FS HID KEYBOARD INTERRUPT IN PACKET SIZE,
    },
};
```

# 8.2 USB composite device descriptor examples

Modify the vendor ID and product ID for the device descriptor in the "usb device descriptor.c" file.

Change the interface number as shown in the configuration descriptor in the "usb device descriptor.c" file.

Merge the HID keyboard and HID generic configuration descriptor (in the "usb\_device\_descriptor.c" file) from the HID mouse + HID keyboard example and hid\_generic example and change the endpoint number to be consistent with section Section 8.1.

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# 8.2.1 USB\_DeviceGetDeviceDescriptor

This function is used to get the device descriptor. All devices must implement this function.

```
usb_status_t USB_DeviceGetDeviceDescriptor(usb_device_handle
handle,

usb_device_get_device_descriptor_struct_t *deviceDescriptor)
{
    deviceDescriptor->buffer = g_UsbDeviceDescriptor;
    deviceDescriptor->length = USB_DESCRIPTOR_LENGTH_DEVICE;
    return kStatus_USB_Success;
}
```

# 8.2.2 USB\_DeviceGetConfigurationDescriptor

This function is used to get the configuration descriptor. All devices must implement this function.

```
/* Get device configuration descriptor request */
usb_status_t USB_DeviceGetConfigurationDescriptor(
    usb_device_handle handle,
usb_device_get_configuration_descriptor_struct_t
    *configurationDescriptor)
{
    if (USB_COMPOSITE_CONFIGURE_INDEX >
        configurationDescriptor->configuration)
        {
            configurationDescriptor->buffer =
            g_UsbDeviceConfigurationDescriptor;
            configurationDescriptor->length =
            USB_DESCRIPTOR_LENGTH_CONFIGURATION_ALL;
            return kStatus_USB_Success;
        }
        return kStatus_USB_InvalidRequest;
}
```

#### 8.2.3 USB\_DeviceGetStringDescriptor

This function is used to get the string descriptor. All devices must implement this function.

```
/* Get device string descriptor request */
usb_status_t USB_DeviceGetStringDescriptor(usb_device_handle
handle,

usb_device_get_string_descriptor_struct_t *stringDescriptor)
{
   if (stringDescriptor->stringIndex == 0U)
    {
      stringDescriptor->buffer = (uint8_t
   *)g_UsbDeviceLanguageList.languageString;
      stringDescriptor->length =
   g_UsbDeviceLanguageList.stringLength;
   }
   else
```

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```
uint8_t languageId = 0U;
        uint8 t languageIndex = USB DEVICE STRING COUNT;
        for (; languageId < USB DEVICE STRING COUNT; languageId
++)
            if (stringDescriptor->languageId ==
 g UsbDeviceLanguageList.languageList[languageId].languageId)
                if (stringDescriptor->stringIndex <</pre>
 USB DEVICE STRING COUNT)
                    languageIndex = stringDescriptor-
>stringIndex;
                break;
        if (USB DEVICE STRING COUNT == languageIndex)
            return kStatus USB InvalidRequest;
        stringDescriptor->buffer = (uint8 t
 *)g UsbDeviceLanguageList.languageList[languageId].string[languageIndex]
        stringDescriptor->length =
 q UsbDeviceLanguageList.languageList[languageId].length[languageIndex];
    return kStatus USB Success;
```

# 8.2.4 USB\_DeviceGetHidDescriptor

```
/* Get HID descriptor request */
usb_status_t USB_DeviceGetHidDescriptor(usb_device_handle
handle,

usb_device_get_hid_descriptor_struct_t *hidDescriptor)
{
    /* If this request is not supported, return the error
code "kStatus_USB_InvalidRequest". Otherwise, fill the
hidDescriptor with the descriptor buffer address and length
based on the interface number. */
    return kStatus_USB_InvalidRequest;
}
```

# 8.2.5 USB\_DeviceGetHidReportDescriptor

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```
hidReportDescriptor->buffer =
g_UsbDeviceHidGenericReportDescriptor;
    hidReportDescriptor->length =
USB_DESCRIPTOR_LENGTH_HID_GENERIC_REPORT;
} else if (USB_HID_KEYBOARD_INTERFACE_INDEX ==
hidReportDescriptor->interfaceNumber)
{
    hidReportDescriptor->buffer =
g_UsbDeviceHidKeyboardReportDescriptor;
    hidReportDescriptor->length =
USB_DESCRIPTOR_LENGTH_HID_KEYBOARD_REPORT;
} else
{
    return kStatus_USB_InvalidRequest;
}
return kStatus_USB_Success;
}
```

# 8.2.6 USB DeviceGetHidPhysicalDescriptor

```
/* Get the HID physical descriptor request */
usb_status_t USB_DeviceGetHidPhysicalDescriptor(
    usb_device_handle handle,
usb_device_get_hid_physical_descriptor_struct_t
    *hidPhysicalDescriptor)
{
    /* If this request is not supported, return the error
code "kStatus_USB_InvalidRequest". Otherwise, fill the
hidPhysicalDescriptor with the descriptor buffer address and
length based on the interface number and the physical index.
    */
    return kStatus_USB_InvalidRequest;
}
```

# 8.2.7 USB\_DeviceSetSpeed

```
/* Because HS and FS descriptors are different, update the
device descriptors and configurations to match the current
speed.
 * By default, the device descriptors and configurations are
configured by using FS parameters for both EHCI and KHCI.
 * When the EHCI is enabled, the application needs to call this
function to update the device by using current speed.
* The updated information includes the endpoint max packet
size, endpoint interval, and so on. */
usb status t USB DeviceSetSpeed(usb device handle handle,
uint8 t speed)
   usb descriptor union t *descriptorHead;
   usb descriptor union t *descriptorTail;
   descriptorHead = (usb descriptor union t
 *) &g UsbDeviceConfigurationDescriptor[0];
   descriptorTail = (usb_descriptor union t *)
(&g UsbDeviceConfigurationDescriptor[USB DESCRIPTOR LENGTH CONFIGURATION .
```

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```
while (descriptorHead < descriptorTail)</pre>
        if (descriptorHead->common.bDescriptorType ==
USB DESCRIPTOR TYPE ENDPOINT)
            if (USB SPEED HIGH == speed)
                if (USB HID KEYBOARD ENDPOINT IN
== (descriptorHead->endpoint.bEndpointAddress &
USB ENDPOINT NUMBER MASK))
                    descriptorHead->endpoint.bInterval =
HS HID KEYBOARD INTERRUPT IN INTERVAL;
USB SHORT TO LITTLE ENDIAN ADDRESS (HS HID KEYBOARD INTERRUPT IN PACKET S
descriptorHead->endpoint.wMaxPacketSize);
                else if (((descriptorHead-
>endpoint.bEndpointAddress &
USB DESCRIPTOR ENDPOINT ADDRESS DIRECTION IN) ==
USB DESCRIPTOR ENDPOINT ADDRESS DIRECTION IN) &&
                         (USB HID GENERIC ENDPOINT IN
== (descriptorHead->endpoint.bEndpointAddress &
USB ENDPOINT NUMBER MASK)))
                    descriptorHead->endpoint.bInterval =
HS HID GENERIC INTERRUPT IN INTERVAL;
USB SHORT TO LITTLE ENDIAN ADDRESS (HS HID GENERIC INTERRUPT IN PACKET SI
descriptorHead->endpoint.wMaxPacketSize);
                else if (((descriptorHead-
>endpoint.bEndpointAddress &
USB DESCRIPTOR ENDPOINT ADDRESS DIRECTION OUT) ==
USB_DESCRIPTOR_ENDPOINT_ADDRESS_DIRECTION_OUT) &&
                         (USB HID GENERIC ENDPOINT OUT
== (descriptorHead->endpoint.bEndpointAddress &
USB ENDPOINT NUMBER MASK)))
                    descriptorHead->endpoint.bInterval =
HS HID GENERIC INTERRUPT OUT INTERVAL;
USB SHORT TO LITTLE ENDIAN ADDRESS (HS HID GENERIC INTERRUPT OUT PACKET S
 descriptorHead->endpoint.wMaxPacketSize);
            else
                if (USB HID KEYBOARD ENDPOINT IN
 == (descriptorHead->endpoint.bEndpointAddress &
USB ENDPOINT NUMBER MASK))
                    descriptorHead->endpoint.bInterval =
 FS HID KEYBOARD INTERRUPT IN INTERVAL;
```

```
USB SHORT TO LITTLE ENDIAN ADDRESS(FS HID KEYBOARD INTERRUPT IN PACKET S
 descriptorHead->endpoint.wMaxPacketSize);
                else if (((descriptorHead-
>endpoint.bEndpointAddress &
USB DESCRIPTOR ENDPOINT ADDRESS DIRECTION IN) ==
USB DESCRIPTOR ENDPOINT ADDRESS DIRECTION IN) &&
                          (USB HID GENERIC ENDPOINT IN
 == (descriptorHead->endpoint.bEndpointAddress &
USB ENDPOINT NUMBER MASK)))
                    descriptorHead->endpoint.bInterval =
FS HID GENERIC INTERRUPT IN INTERVAL;
USB SHORT TO LITTLE ENDIAN ADDRESS(FS HID GENERIC INTERRUPT IN PACKET SI
descriptorHead->endpoint.wMaxPacketSize);
                else if (((descriptorHead-
>endpoint.bEndpointAddress &
USB DESCRIPTOR ENDPOINT ADDRESS DIRECTION OUT) ==
USB DESCRIPTOR ENDPOINT ADDRESS DIRECTION OUT) &&
                          (USB_HID_GENERIC ENDPOINT OUT
== (descriptorHead->endpoint.bEndpointAddress &
USB ENDPOINT NUMBER MASK)))
                    descriptorHead->endpoint.bInterval =
FS HID GENERIC INTERRUPT OUT INTERVAL;
USB SHORT TO LITTLE ENDIAN ADDRESS(FS HID GENERIC INTERRUPT OUT PACKET S
descriptorHead->endpoint.wMaxPacketSize);
        descriptorHead = (usb descriptor union t *)((uint8 t
 *)descriptorHead + descriptorHead->common.bLength);
    for (int i = 0u; i < USB HID GENERIC ENDPOINT COUNT; i++)
        if (USB SPEED HIGH == speed)
            if
 (g UsbDeviceHidGenericEndpoints[i].endpointAddress &
 USB DESCRIPTOR ENDPOINT ADDRESS DIRECTION IN)
                g UsbDeviceHidGenericEndpoints[i].maxPacketSize
 = HS HID GENERIC INTERRUPT IN PACKET SIZE;
            else
 g_UsbDeviceHidGenericEndpoints[i].maxPacketSize
= HS_HID_GENERIC_INTERRUPT_OUT_PACKET_SIZE;
        else
```

```
i f
(g UsbDeviceHidGenericEndpoints[i].endpointAddress &
USB DESCRIPTOR ENDPOINT ADDRESS DIRECTION IN)
               g UsbDeviceHidGenericEndpoints[i].maxPacketSize
= HS HID GENERIC INTERRUPT OUT PACKET SIZE;
           }
           else
               g_UsbDeviceHidGenericEndpoints[i].maxPacketSize
= FS_HID_GENERIC_INTERRUPT_OUT_PACKET_SIZE;
   if (USB SPEED HIGH == speed)
       g UsbDeviceHidKeyboardEndpoints[0].maxPacketSize =
HS HID KEYBOARD INTERRUPT IN PACKET SIZE;
   else
       g UsbDeviceHidKeyboardEndpoints[0].maxPacketSize =
FS HID KEYBOARD INTERRUPT IN PACKET SIZE;
   return kStatus USB Success;
```

# 8.3 USB composite device application example

# 8.3.1 Class configuration

```
USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_HID is set to 2 in usb_device_config.h

USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_ENDPOINTS is set to 4 in usb_device_config.h
```

# 8.3.2 HID + HID Application structure

```
typedef struct usb device composite struct
    usb device handle
                                        deviceHandle;
    class handle t
                                        hidKeyboardHandle;
    class handle t
                                        hidGenericHandle;
    uint8 t
                                        speed;
    uint8 t
                                        attach;
    uint8 t
                                        currentConfiguration;
    uint8 t
 currentInterfaceAlternateSetting[USB COMPOSITE INTERFACE COUNT];
} usb device composite struct t;
/* HID keyboard structure */
typedef struct usb device hid keyboard struct
    uint8 t
 buffer[USB HID KEYBOARD IN BUFFER LENGTH];
    uint8 t
} usb device hid keyboard struct t;
```

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# 8.3.3 HID + HID application

1. Define and initialize the configuration structure.

```
static usb_device_composite_struct_t g_UsbDeviceComposite;
usb_device_class_struct_t g_UsbDeviceHidGenericConfig;
usb_device_class_struct_t g_UsbDeviceHidKeyboardConfig;
usb_device_class_config_struct_t g_CompositeClassConfig[2] =
          USB DeviceHidKeyboardCallback,
           (class handle t) NULL,
          &g UsbDeviceHidKeyboardConfig,
     },
          USB DeviceHidGenericCallback,
           (class handle t) NULL,
          &g UsbDeviceHidGenericConfig,
};
usb device class config list struct t
 g UsbDeviceCompositeConfigList =
     g CompositeClassConfig,
     USB DeviceCallback,
     2U.
};
```

# 2. Add USB ISR.

```
#if defined(USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_EHCI) &&
  (USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_EHCI > 0U)
void USBHS_IRQHandler(void)
  { USB_DeviceEhciIsrFunction(g_UsbDeviceComposite.deviceHandle); }
#endif
#if defined(USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_KHCI) &&
  (USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_KHCI > 0U)
void USB0_IRQHandler(void)
  { USB_DeviceKhciIsrFunction(g_UsbDeviceComposite.deviceHandle); }
#endif
#if defined(USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_LPC3511IP) &&
  (USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_LPC3511IP > 0U)
void USB0_IRQHandler(void)
  {
    USB_DeviceLpc3511IpIsrFunction(g_UsbDeviceHidMouse.deviceHandle); }
#endif
```

### 3. Enable the USB device clock.

```
#if defined(USB DEVICE CONFIG EHCI) &&
 (USB DEVICE CONFIG EHCI > OU)
   CLOCK EnableUsbhsOClock(kCLOCK UsbSrcPllO,
CLOCK GetFreq(kCLOCK PllFllSelClk));
   USB EhciPhyInit (CONTROLLER ID, BOARD XTALO CLK HZ);
#if defined(USB DEVICE CONFIG KHCI) &&
 (USB DEVICE CONFIG KHCI > OU)
#if ((defined
FSL FEATURE USB KHCI IRC48M MODULE CLOCK ENABLED) &&
 (FSL FEATURE USB KHCI IRC48M MODULE CLOCK ENABLED))
   CLOCK EnableUsbfs0Clock(kCLOCK UsbSrcIrc48M, 48000000U);
#else
   CLOCK EnableUsbfsOClock(kCLOCK UsbSrcPllO,
CLOCK GetFreq(kCLOCK PllFllSelClk));
#endif /* FSL FEATURE USB KHCI IRC48M MODULE CLOCK ENABLED */
#endif
#if defined(USB DEVICE CONFIG LPC3511IP) &&
 (USB DEVICE CONFIG LPC3511IP > 0U)
   CLOCK EnableUsbfsOClock(kCLOCK UsbSrcFro,
CLOCK GetFreq(kCLOCK FroHf));
#endif
```

#### 4. Set the default state.

```
g_UsbDeviceComposite.speed = USB_SPEED_FULL;
g_UsbDeviceComposite.attach = 0U;
g_UsbDeviceComposite.hidGenericHandle = (class_handle_t)NULL;
g_UsbDeviceComposite.hidKeyboardHandle = (class_handle_t)NULL;
g_UsbDeviceComposite.deviceHandle = NULL;
```

### 5. Initialize the USB device.

```
if (kStatus_USB_Success !=
     USB_DeviceClassInit(CONTROLLER_ID,
     &g_UsbDeviceCompositeConfigList,
     &g_UsbDeviceComposite.deviceHandle))
{
     usb_echo("USB device composite demo init failed\r\n");
     return;
}
else
{
     usb_echo("USB device composite demo\r\n");
     ...
}
```

### 6. Save each class handle when the device is initialized successfully.

```
/* Get the HID keyboard class handle */
g_UsbDeviceComposite.hidKeyboardHandle =
g_UsbDeviceCompositeConfigList.config[0].classHandle;
/* Get the HID generic class handle */
g_UsbDeviceComposite.hidGenericHandle =
g_UsbDeviceCompositeConfigList.config[1].classHandle;
```

#### 7. Initialize the HID keyboard and HID generic application.

```
USB DeviceHidKeyboardInit(&g UsbDeviceComposite);
```

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```
USB DeviceHidGenericInit(&g UsbDeviceComposite);
```

8. Set the device ISR priority and enable the device interrupt.

```
NVIC_SetPriority((IRQn_Type)irqNumber,
   USB_DEVICE_INTERRUPT_PRIORITY);
NVIC_EnableIRQ((IRQn_Type)irqNumber);
```

9. Start the device functionality.

```
USB_DeviceRun(g_UsbDeviceComposite.deviceHandle);
```

10. Poll the device task when the "USB\_DEVICE\_CONFIG\_USE\_TASK" is non-zero. Poll the HID keyboard and HID generic task when these tasks are implemented.

```
#if USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_USE_TASK
#if defined(USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_EHCI) &&
  (USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_EHCI > 0U)

USB_DeviceEhciTaskFunction(g_UsbDeviceComposite.deviceHandle);
#endif
#if defined(USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_KHCI) &&
  (USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_KHCI > 0U)

USB_DeviceKhciTaskFunction(g_UsbDeviceComposite.deviceHandle);
#endif
#if defined(USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_LPC3511IP) &&
  (USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_LPC3511IP > 0U)

USB_DeviceLpc3511IpTaskFunction(g_UsbDeviceHidMouse.deviceHandle);
#endif
#endif
```

# 9 Revision history

This table summarizes revisions to this document.

Table 1. Revision history

Revision number	Date	Substantive changes
0	12/2014	Initial release
1	04/2015	Substantive changes
2	09/2015	Section 5.3, Section 6, Section 8.2.2, Section 8.3.1
3	11/2015	Updated for KV5x release
4	01/2016	Updated Section 1
5	09/2016	Added LPC content for release
6	03/2017	Updates for MCUXpresso SDK release
7	11/2017	Updates for MCUXpresso SDK 2.3.0 release
8	05/2018	Updated Section 4.5, "usb_device_interfaces_struct_t", for MCUXpresso SDK 2.4.0 release
9	12/2018	Updated Section 8.3, "USB composite device application example" for MCUXpresso SDK 2.5.0
10	06/2019	Updated 'Overview' section for MCUXpresso SDK 2.6.0

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Table 1. Revision history...continued

Revision number	Date	Substantive changes
11	16 June 2020	Updated for MCUXpresso SDK 2.8.0
12	01 June 2021	Updated for MCUXpresso SDK 2.10.0
13	11 July 2022	Editorial and layout updates.

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