2.4
$$\begin{cases} \dot{x} = ux \\ \dot{y} = 5y \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{y} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} u & 0 \\ 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{cases} \dot{x} \\ \dot{y}(0) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{y}(0) \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{y}(0) \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{y}(0) \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{y}(0) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{y}(0) \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{y}(0) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{y}(0) \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{y}(0) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{y} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot$$

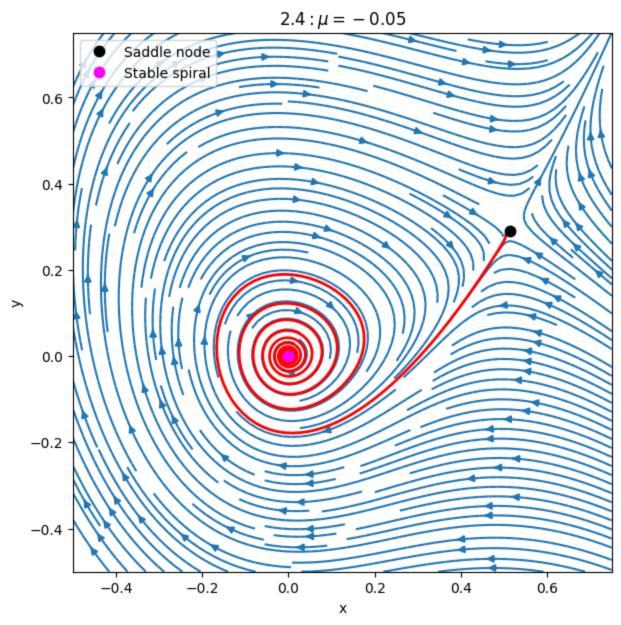
$$\dot{X} = \dot{y} = 0 \implies (1) = 0 \begin{cases} \dot{y} = x^2 + \mu x \\ \dot{y} = x + 2x^2 \end{cases}$$

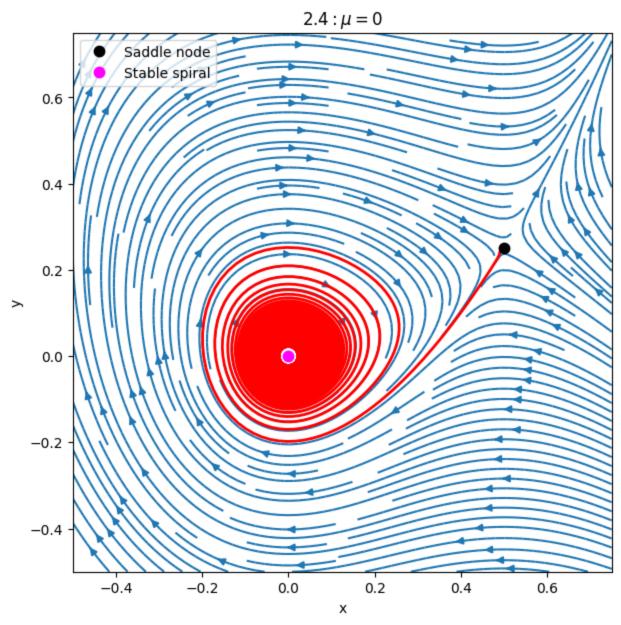
$$\Rightarrow \times (M+2) = M^2 + 1 \Rightarrow \times = \frac{M^2 + 1}{M + 2} (4)$$

$$J = \begin{pmatrix} M - 2\left(\frac{m^2+1}{m+2}\right) & \\ 4\left(\frac{m^2+1}{m+2}\right) - 1 & \\ M \end{pmatrix}$$

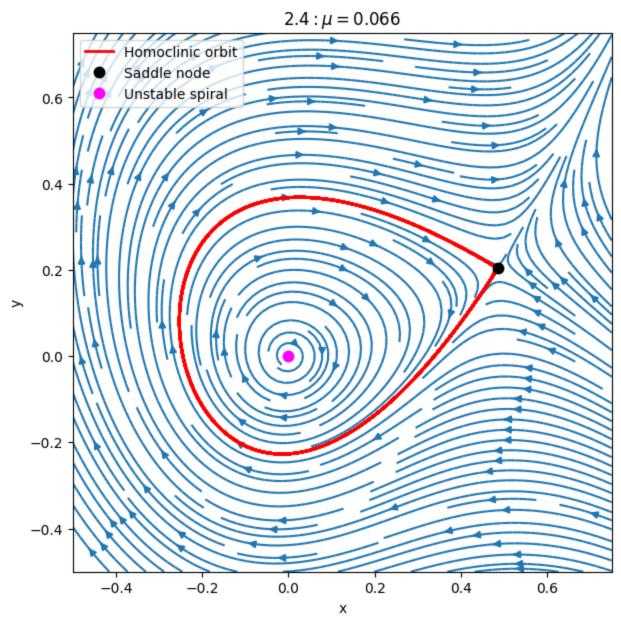
$$And Pick M = \lambda_2 > 0$$

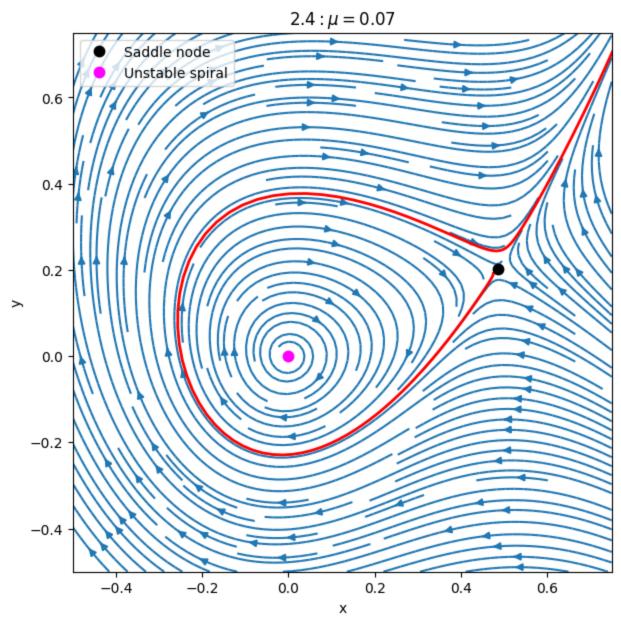
Use + mathematica
and Pick
$$M = \lambda_2 > 0$$

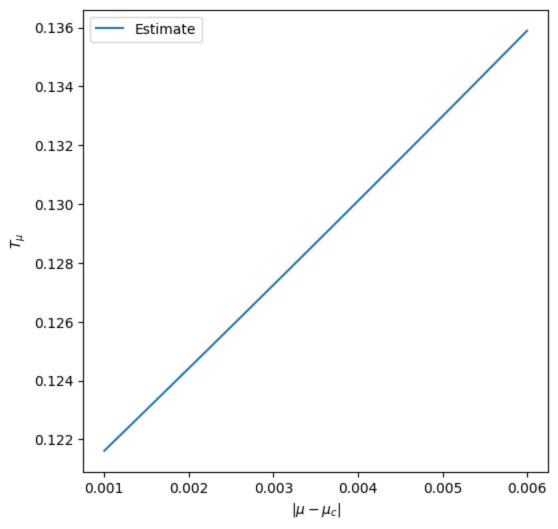




 $2.4: \mu = 0.03$ Trajectory leading into a limit cycle Saddle node Unstable spiral 0.6 0.4 0.2 0.0 -0.2 -0.4-0.2 0.2 0.4 -0.40.0 0.6 Х







In[109]:=

$$m = Eigenvalues \left[\left\{ \left\{ \mu - 2 \star \left(\frac{\mu^2 + 1}{\mu + 2} \right), 1 \right\}, \left\{ 4 \star \left(\frac{\mu^2 + 1}{\mu + 2} \right) - 1, \mu \right\} \right\} \right] // MatrixForm;$$

$$\text{MatrixForm}\Big[\Big\{-\frac{\sqrt{((\mu+4)\,\mu+9)\,\mu^2+5}\,-2\,\mu+1}{\mu+2}\,,\,\,\frac{\sqrt{(\mu\,(\mu+4)+9)\,\mu^2+5}\,+2\,\mu-1}{\mu+2}\Big\}\Big]$$

```
1 import numpy as np
 2 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 3 from scipy.integrate import odeint
 4 import sys
 5
 6
 7
8 \text{ xmin} = -0.5
9 ymin = -0.5
10 \times max = 0.75
11 ymax = 0.75
12
13 # Streamplot
14 no points = 100
15 x_points = np.linspace(xmin, xmax, no_points)
16 y_points = np.linspace(ymin, ymax, no_points)
17 X, Y = np.meshgrid(x_points, y_points)
18
19 global mu
20 mu= 0.06599
21 dxdt_streamplot = mu*X + Y - X**2
22 dydt_streamplot = -X + mu*Y + 2*X**2
23
24 # Numerical integration
25 T = 100
26 t = np.linspace(0,T,T*10)
27 \times = np.zeros(T)
28 y = x.copy()
29 x2 = x.copy()
30 y2 = y.copy()
31 fp = np.array([[(1+(mu**2))/(2+mu), (-(2*mu-1)*(1+mu**2))/((2+mu)**2)], [0,0]])
32 \# x[0] = fp[0,0] - 0.01
33 \# y[0] = fp[0,1] - 0.01
34 \times [0] = 0.01
35 y[0] = 0.01
36 \# x2[0] = fp[1,0] - 0.005
37 + y2[0] = fp[1,1] - 0.005
38
39 def dynamical_system(xy, t):
40
       # mu = 0.065
41
       x = xy[0]
42
       y = xy[1]
43
       dxdt integration = mu*x + y - x**2
44
       dydt_integration = -x + mu*y + 2*x**2
45
       return [dxdt_integration, dydt_integration]
46
47 \times 0y0 = [x[0],y[0]]
48 xy = odeint(dynamical_system, x0y0, t)
49 ind = np.argmax(xy[:,0])
50 gamma = ((xy[ind,0] - fp[0,0])**2 + (xy[ind,1] - fp[0,1])**2)**0.5
51 x = xy[:,0]
52 y = xy[:,1]
53 + x0y0 = [x2[0], y2[0]]
54 # xy2 = odeint(dynamical_system, x0y0, t)
55 \# x2 = xy2[:,0]
56 \# y2 = xy2[:,1]
57
58 print(gamma)
59
```

2022-11-30 20:20 trajectories 24

```
60 # mu = 0.06591, gamma = 0.004898948029599108
61 # mu = 0.06592, gamma = 0.004620674420854347
62 # mu = 0.06593, gamma = 0.0045464915511753004
63 # mu = 0.06594, gamma = 0.004219778084911094
64 # mu = 0.06595, gamma = 0.003887937972174111
65 # mu = 0.06596, gamma = 0.0037182289028526564
66 # mu = 0.06597, gamma = 0.003512188654658859
67 # mu = 0.06598, gamma = 0.003105918259005926
68 # mu = 0.06599, gamma = 0.002830588306209588
69
70
71 # mu = 0.060, gamma = 0.06531584901232429
72 # mu = 0.061, gamma = 0.059478472832076835
73 # mu = 0.062, gamma = 0.05033007132854761
74 # mu = 0.063, gamma = 0.040706178156078014
75 # mu = 0.064, gamma = 0.03071758583638221
76 # mu = 0.065, gamma = 0.019671518608965637
77
78 # fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(7,7))
79 # ax.streamplot(X, Y, dxdt_streamplot, dydt_streamplot, density = 2)
# ax.plot(x, y, '-', color='red', linewidth=2)
# ax.plot(x2, y2, '-', color='magenta', linewidth=2)
82 # ax.plot(fp[0,0],fp[0,1], '.', color='black', markersize=15, label='Saddle node')
# ax.plot(fp[1,0],fp[1,1], '.', color='magenta', markersize=15, label='Unstable
   spiral')
84 # ax.set title('$2.4: \mu = 0.07$')
85 # ax.set_xlabel('x')
86 # ax.set_ylabel('y')
87 # ax.set_xlim(xmin,xmax)
88 # ax.set_ylim(xmin,xmax)
89 # ax.set box aspect(1)
90
91 # plt.legend(loc="upper left")
92 # plt.savefig('24.a_mu0.07.png', bbox_inches='tight')
93 # plt.show()
```

localhost:4649/?mode=python 2/2

```
1 import numpy as np
 2 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 3 import sys
 4
 5 # 2.4e
 6
7 # mu = 0.060, gamma = 0.06531584901232429
8 # mu = 0.061, gamma = 0.059478472832076835
9 # mu = 0.062, gamma = 0.05033007132854761
10 # mu = 0.063, gamma = 0.040706178156078014
11 # mu = 0.064, gamma = 0.03071758583638221
12 # mu = 0.065, gamma = 0.019671518608965637
13
14 # mu = 0.06591, gamma = 0.004898948029599108
15 # mu = 0.06592, gamma = 0.004620674420854347
16 # mu = 0.06593, gamma = 0.0045464915511753004
17 # mu = 0.06594, gamma = 0.004219778084911094
18 # mu = 0.06595, gamma = 0.003887937972174111
19 # mu = 0.06596, gamma = 0.0037182289028526564
20 # mu = 0.06597, gamma = 0.003512188654658859
21 # mu = 0.06598, gamma = 0.003105918259005926
22 # mu = 0.06599, gamma = 0.002830588306209588
23
24 mu1 = np.array([0.060, 0.061, 0.062, 0.063, 0.064, 0.065])
25 gammas = np.array([0.06531584901232429, \]
26
           0.059478472832076835, \
27
           0.05033007132854761, \
28
           0.040706178156078014, \
29
           0.03071758583638221,
30
           0.019671518608965637])
31
32 \text{ mu_c} = 0.066
33 mu_array = np.abs(mu1-mu_c)
34 coef = np.polyfit(np.log(mu_array),np.log(gammas),1)
35 poly = np.poly1d(coef)
36 # print(poly)
37
38 u = (np.sqrt(((mu1*(mu1+4)+9)*mu1**2+5)) + 2*mu1-1)/(mu1 + 2)
39 Tmu_estimate = np.log(1/gammas)/u
40
41 # fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(7,7))
42 # ax.plot(np.log(mu_array),np.log(gammas))
43 # ax.plot(mu array,gammas)
44 # ax.set_xscale('log')
45 # ax.set_yscale('log')
46 # plt.show()
47
48 # Answer: a = 0.6813, A = 0.7669
49
50
51 # 2.4f
52 a = 0.6813
53 A = 0.7669
54
55 \text{ mu2} = \text{np.linspace}(0.06, 0.065, 50)
56 \, \text{mu c} = 0.066
57 mu_abs = np.abs(mu2-mu_c)
58 gammas = mu2**a + A
59 u = (np.sqrt(((mu2*(mu2+4)+9)*mu2**2+5)) + 2*mu2-1)/(mu2 + 2)
```

2022-11-30 20:20 24e

```
Tmu_theory = np.log(1/gammas)/u
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(6,6))
ax.plot(mu_abs, Tmu_theory, label='Estimate')
# ax.plot(mu_array, Tmu_estimate, label='Numerical')
ax.set_ylabel('$T_{\mu}$')
ax.set_xlabel('$|\mu-\mu_{c}|$')
# ax.set_xscale('log')
# ax.set_yscale('log')
plt.legend(loc="upper left")
plt.savefig('24f.png', bbox_inches='tight')
plt.show()
```