

# Statements, Expressions and Blocks

---

A byte size lesson in Java programming.

# What is a statement?

---

- Instructions that tell the programming language what to do.
- In Java, statements are a single line of code that should end with a ‘;’
- You should already be familiar with the examples below.

```
int score;
```

```
System.out.println("Hello, world!");
```

# What is an expression?

---

- An expression a piece of code that contains a series of variables, operators and values that can evaluate into a single value.
- So far, our expressions have been really simple statements, using a single operator at most after the = operator.

```
int score = 80;  
int a = 5; a += 5;  
int a, b, c; a = 2; b = 4; c = a + b;
```



# Expression with multiple operators

---

- Let us see a more complicated expression first with variables, operators, and numerical values. What is the value of result?

```
double a = 2.2;
```

```
double b = 3.4;
```

```
double result = a + b - 1.3;
```

# Let's test your understanding!

---

- Which is the right operator to use to get the below answers

```
int a = 12; int b = 5; int c = 2; int d;
```

```
d = a  b  c;
```

```
System.out.println("d should be 30!");
```

# Not just mathematical expressions!

---

```
boolean a = (6 > 3) || (5 < 2);  
true
```



# What is a block?

---

- A block is group of statements that is enclosed in curly braces {}

```
{ // start of block
    System.out.println("Hi, there");
    int b = 7;
    int a = 5 + (2 * b);
} // end of block
```

# Shh...

---

- Technically a block can have no statements...

```
public static void main(String[] args) { // start of block
    // awfully quiet here... creepy...
}
```



# Looking back at our first program

- BlueJ assigns a specific colour to each block. Do you recognise this program?

```
/**
 * The first program that we write in Java
 *
 * @author Erika Camilleri
 * @version 0.1
 */
public class HelloWorld
{
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        System.out.println("Hello, world!");
    }
}
```

# Let's put it all together now!

- In the following, identify an expression, a statement, and a block. Hint: an expression can be a statement but it does not have to be one.

```
if (10 > 5) {  
    x = 5;  
}
```

Expression

10 > 5

Statement

x = 5;

Block

{ x = 5; }