

A byte size lesson in Java programming.

Why do developers test?

- To find technical mistakes or errors.
- Errors causes the computer or program to not function properly.

Syntax errors

```
String syntaxError = This is a syntax error because "" were not used;

boolean flag = false // forgetting the semi-colon; is another syntax error

myVariable = 0; // myVariable is not declared and is not a keyword in Java
```

- typos which are usually flagged by the IDE
 - using undeclared variables
 - forgetting colons
 - incorrect statement structure

Which line has the syntax error?

```
1. int i = 1;
2.
3. while(i <<< "4") {
4.    System.out.println(i);
5.    i++;
6. }</pre>
```

Which line has the syntax error?

```
1. int i = 1;
2.
3. while(i < 4) {
4.  System.out.printline(i);
5.  i++;
6. }</pre>
```

Logical errors

- Trickier, because the code will run but the output will be incorrect
- It usually indicates a mistake in reasoning

```
1. int i = 1;
2. // the below will never run
3. while(i > 4) {
4.    System.out.println(i);
5.    i++;
6. }
```

Can you spot the logical error?

```
1. int varA = 5;
2. int varB = 2;
3. int mult = varA * varB;
4. System.out.println("5 added to 2 is" + mult );
```

Can you spot the logical error?

```
1. int area = 0;
2. int breadth;
3. int length;
4.
5. Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
6. System.out.println("Enter the length and breadth");
7. length = sc.nextInt();
8. breadth = sc.nextInt();
9.
10.System.out.println("The area is: " + area);
11.area = length * breadth;
```

Run-time errors

- This is an error that happens when the program is running.
- They are usually because the developer has not considered a situation to occur

```
public static double div(double num1, double num2) {
   double num3 = num1 / num2;
   return num3;
}
```

Most Common Run-time Errors

- Dividing a number by zero
- Accessing an element in an array that is out of range
- Passing an invalid argument to a method
- Attempting to convert and invalid string to a number

Can you spot the run-time error?

```
1. int[] marks = new int[5];
2. marks[7] = 95;
3. System.out.println("Mark saved");
```

Exception in thread "main" java.lang.ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException: ...

Can you spot the possible run-time error?

```
    Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    String mark = sc.nextLine();
    int[] marks = new int[5];
    marks[0] = mark;
```