Problem 1 a) Children 0 1 2 3 4 5 Probability 0,15 0,49 0,27 0,06 0,02 0,01

$$C = total \, nr \, of \, siblings$$

$$P(C = 2) = 0.15 + 0.49 + 0.27$$

$$P(C \ge 3 \mid C \ge 1)$$
=  $P(C \ge 3) \cdot P(C \ge 1 \mid C \ge 3)$ 
 $P(C \ge 1)$ 

$$= 0.06 + 0.02 + 0.01$$

$$1 - 0.15 \approx 0.11$$

C) Possibilities

A B C

1) 1 1 1 D

2.1 2 1 0 0

3) 2 0 1 0

4) 3 0 0 
$$\Delta$$

5) 1 2 0 0

6) 0 2 1 0

7) 0 3 0  $\Delta$ 

8) 1 0 2 0

9) 0 1 2 0

10) 0 0 3  $\Delta$ 

P(D) = (0,49) = 0,118

P(O) = (0,27) · (0,49)(0.75) = 0020

P(D) = (0,06) · (0,15) = 0,001

P(3 siblings) = D+60+3\Delta=0.241

d) Emma Jacob

1) 3 0 
$$\square$$

2) 2 1  $\triangle$ 

3) 1 2  $\triangle$ 

4) 0 3 \*

P( $\square$ ) = (0,06)(0,16)  $\simeq$  0,009

P( $\triangle$ ) = (0,27)(0,49)  $\simeq$  0,132

P( $\times$ ) = P( $\square$ )  $\simeq$  0,009

P( $3$  sib) =  $\square$  +  $\times$  +  $2\triangle$  = 0,262

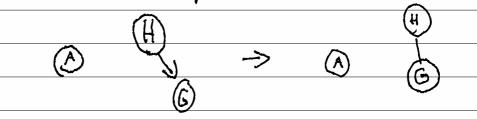
P( $\times$ 13 sib) =  $\square$  +  $\times$  +  $2\triangle$ 1 = 0,262

A par vo pavent and is a bernoulli distrubutions & only need 1. pavam. (has to equal 1.0) povent node + x = 2 pourum P(EICD) 2 perent + Total = A+B+C+D+E+F+G+H = 1+2+2+2+4+4+2+1 = 18 =D [rue

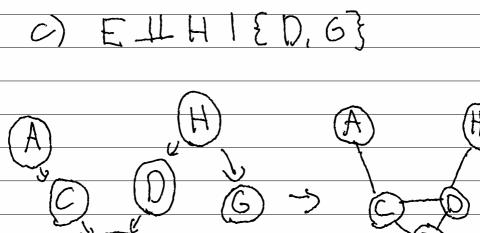
Problem 2

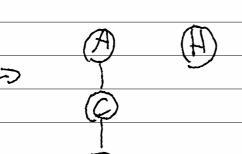
"Each variable is conditionally, independent of its non-desendents given its parents." b) GILA using d-seperation

Arrestral Graph

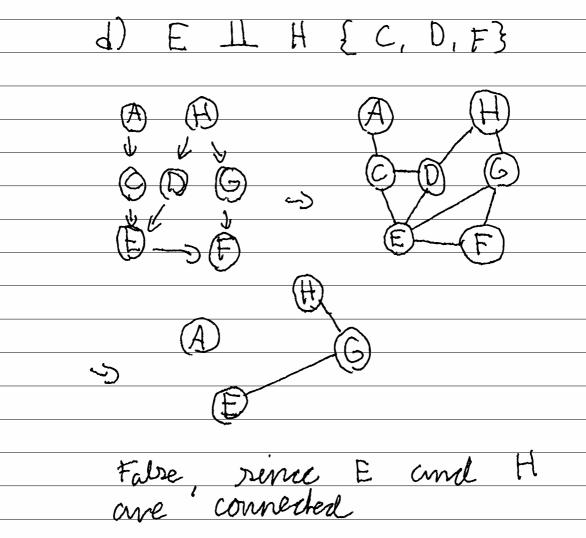


True since 6 and A are not sonnected





True rence E and H are not someted



Problem 3 a)

$$P(b) = P(b|a) \cdot P(a) + P(b|a) P(a)$$
 $= 0.5 \cdot 0.8 + 0.2 \cdot 0.2 = 0.44$ 
b)

P(C) = P(C 17b).P(72)+P(C1b).P(b)

= 0,3.0,56+0,1.0,44

= 0.712

D(C1-9) = I D(-9)

P(alacid) = 0,561 = 0,784

C401 Prize | Chosen By Guest = 1, Opened Byttost=3) P(B) B PLA) ChosenBy Guest Prize 1 Opened By Host 1 2 1,0 1 7,0  $\bigcirc$ 0,5 0,5 1,0 0 9 0 1,0 0,5 0 0.5