

## HW 2

Erik Kitchen

Class Home Page: <http://swe645-erik-kitchen.com.s3-website-us-east-1.amazonaws.com/>

HW 2 Cluster web app url: 34.139.240.116:8080/Student\_Survey

HW 2 Demo Cluster web app url: 35.232.19.54:8080/Student\_Survey

### Prerequisites:

Git downloaded on computer

Github account

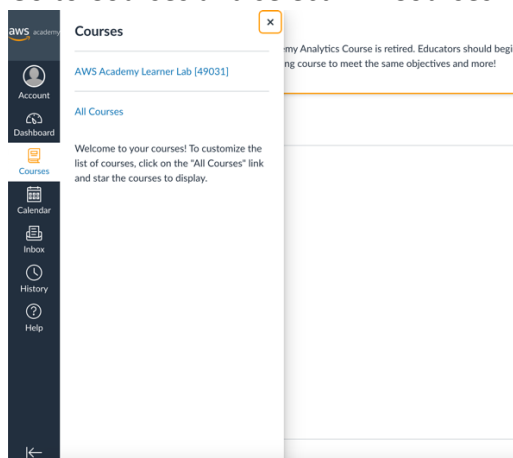
Must have Docker installed on local computer. Set up account here: <https://hub.docker.com/>

### Set up git repository:

- Create a GitHub repository, name it 'SWE\_645\_HW2' and make it public.
- Open terminal and navigate to working files (take files in this repository if you do not have working files)
- Run the following
  - o `git init`
  - o `git add .`
  - o `git commit -m "First commit"`
  - o `git remote add origin < repository_url >`
  - o `git push -u origin main`

### Start Learning Lab in AWS Academy Learner

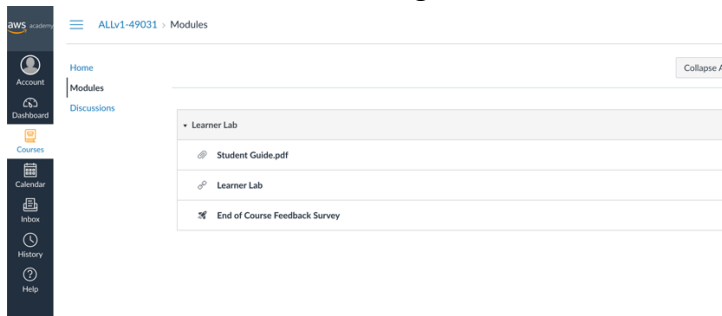
- Login to AWS Academy Learner ([Dashboard \(instructure.com\)](https://instructure.com))
- Go to Courses and select "All Courses"



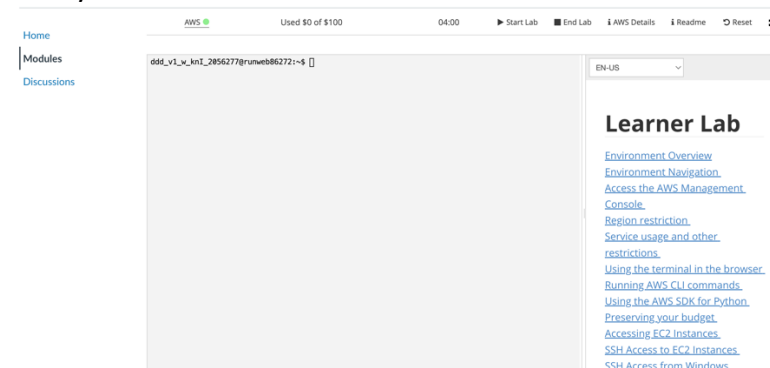
- Select your course



- Click on Modules then “Learning Lab”



- Agree to the terms and conditions, then open lab
- Now you can start lab

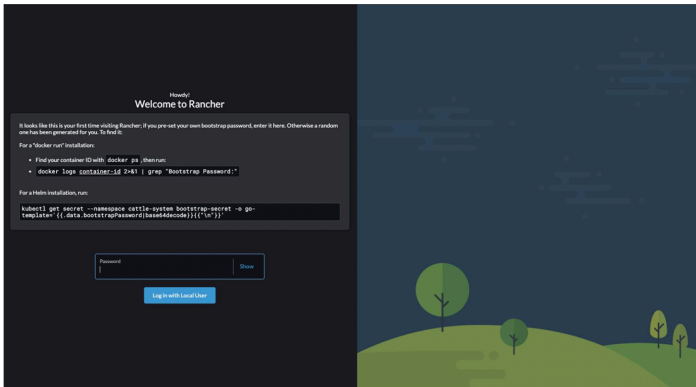


- Now you can utilize AWS services within \$100

### Set up Rancher:

- Go to Learning Lab
- Create an EC2 instance (Make sure you are within the AWS Learning Lab above)
- Select US-east-1 as your region
- Name it, and select Ubuntu AMI (Ubuntu Server 22.04 LTS (HVM), SSD Volume Type)
- Select instance type “t2.large”
- Create key (Save key)
- Click on allow HTTP requests and HTTPS requests under security
- Create instance
- Update read permissions to .pem file to just you
  - o `chmod 400 <Path/To/Key>`

- SSH into new instance with following command (If required update key permissions to read only through terminal: `chmod 400 Rancher_Key.pem`):
  - o `ssh -i "<Path/To/Key>" ubuntu@<DNS IP>`
- This takes you to the server. Now it is time to download Rancher on the server:
  - o `sudo apt-get update`
  - o `sudo apt install docker.io`
- Run the following Docker command to run a rancher container:
  - o `sudo docker run --privileged=true -d --restart=unless-stopped -p 80:80 -p 443:443 rancher/rancher`
- Open your browser to your DNS address (Proceed through warning)
- This will take you to Rancher login. Input the following to get password



- o `sudo docker ps`
  - Take Container ID from this command to be used for the next command
- o `sudo docker logs <container-id> 2>&1 | grep "Bootstrap Password:"`
  - `2023/06/23 03:30:48 [INFO] Bootstrap Password: nlwbtb2j57lwkvvtxbwhfkhzvg4fn7wv5sh65h9mcbzwrb6fxgcm`
- Take Password from response and put it in the password field in docker
- Keep or set new password
- Accept terms and conditions and click "Continue"

## Create Docker Image

- In your preferred IDE create a file named "Dockerfile"
- Save this file in the same folder as your HW1 Part 2. This should be saved inside of the same folder the .war file
- In the Docker file input the following (Update LABEL to your name and email):

```

Dockerfile
Erik Kitchen, yesterday | 1 author (Erik Kitchen)
1 FROM tomcat:9.0-jdk11
2 LABEL maintainer="Erik Kitchen ekitch@gnu.edu"
3 COPY Student_Survey.war /usr/local/tomcat/webapps/
4
5

```

- o
- Now we need to build, push and run the docker image in the terminal
- First navigate to the directory where the new docker file is located

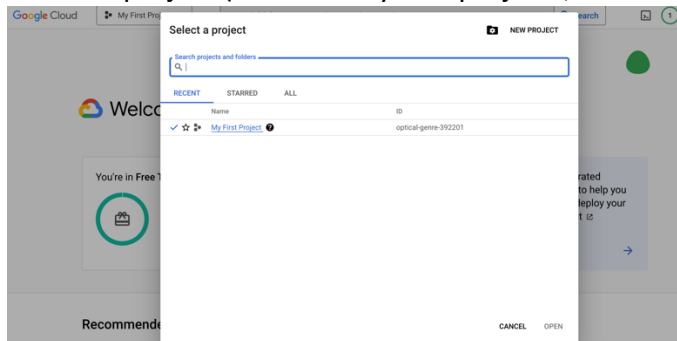
- To build and push the docker image input the following (You can update the tag name):
  - o `docker build --tag <image_name>:<version> .`
  - o `docker tag <source_image>:<source_version> <target_repository>/<target_image>:<target_version>`
  - o `docker push erikkitchen/gmustudentsurvey:1`
  - o See example below:
- o 

```
erikkitchen@Eriks-MBP Hw 1 Part 2 % docker build --tag gmustudentsurvey:1 .
[+] Building 14.7s (8/8) FINISHED
erikkitchen@Eriks-MBP Hw 1 Part 2 % docker tag gmustudentsurvey:1 erikkitchen/gmustudentsurvey:1
```
- Now we can test if it worked by running it:
  - o `docker run -it -p <host_port>:<container_port> <image_name>:<version>`
  - o 

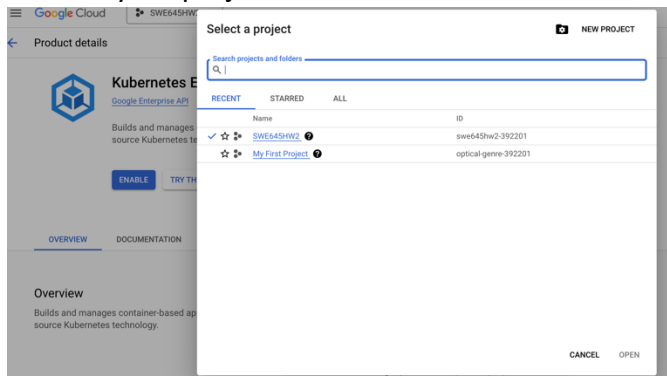
```
erikkitchen@Eriks-MBP / % docker run -it -p 8182:8080 erikkitchen/gmustudentsurvey:1
```

## Set up Kubernetes Cluster on GKE

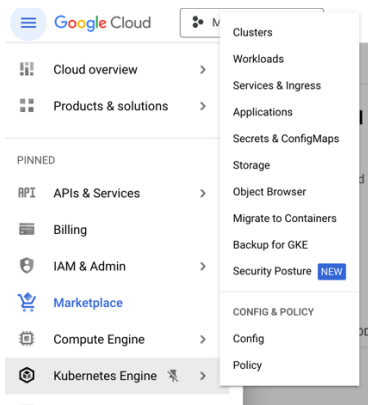
- Go to [cloud.google.com](https://cloud.google.com) and sign in. Either start the free trial or pay for service
- Create a project (click on “My first project”, then click “New Project”)



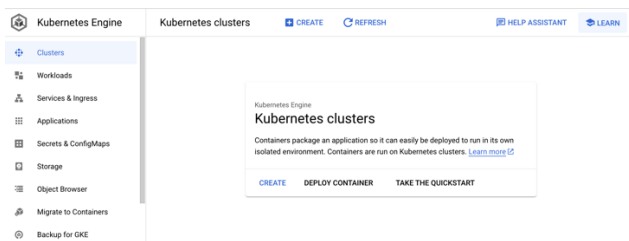
- Name your project, and leave location how it is
- Click on your project name



- Go to menu and click on Kubernetes Engine



- Enable Kubernetes Engine API if asked (Usually only asks first time using)
- Click on “Create”



- Switch to Standard Cluster

[SWITCH TO STANDARD CLUSTER](#)

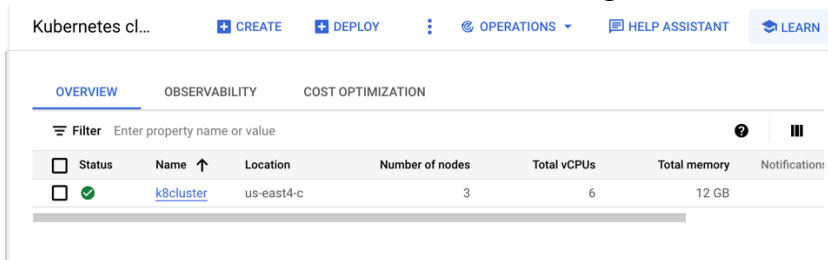
[HELP ASSISTANT](#)

[LEARN](#)

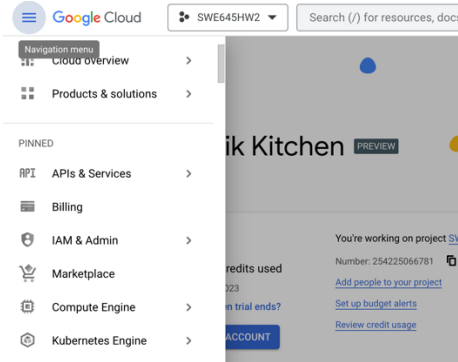
## Cluster basics

Create an Autopilot cluster by specifying a name and region. After the cluster is created, you can deploy your workload through Kubernetes and we'll take care of the rest, including:

- Name cluster, choose zonal, and update zone to “us-east4-c”
- You will know the cluster is created when the green check shows up under status



- Get google credentials
  - o Go to IAM & Admin



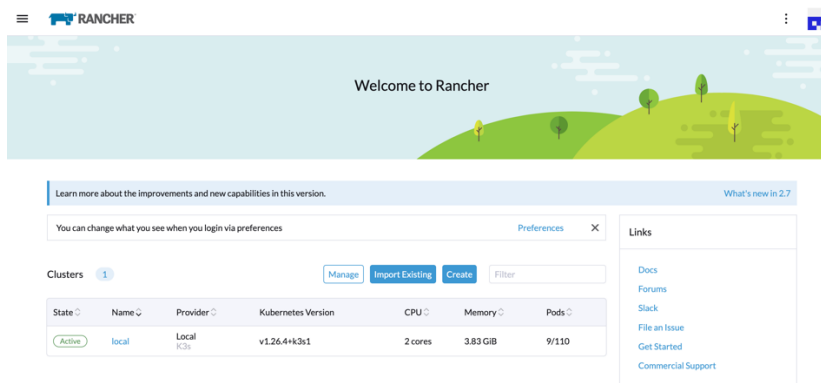
- 
- Under the IAM & Admin menu select “Service Accounts”
- On this page click on “Create Service Account”
- Make a service account name and click “Create and Continue”
- In the next section choose the role of “Owner” then click continue
- You can leave the next section blank and click “Done”
- Now you will see the service account has been created

Filter Enter property name or value						
<input type="checkbox"/>	Email	Status	Name ↑	Description	Key ID	Actions
<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="mailto:254225066781-compute@developer.gserviceaccount.com">254225066781-compute@developer.gserviceaccount.com</a>	Enabled	Compute Engine default service account		cff5692...	⋮
<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="mailto:demorancheruser@swe645hw2-392201.iam.gserviceaccount.com">demorancheruser@swe645hw2-392201.iam.gserviceaccount.com</a>	Enabled	demorancheruser		111d60...	⋮
<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="mailto:test-761@swe645hw2-392201.iam.gserviceaccount.com">test-761@swe645hw2-392201.iam.gserviceaccount.com</a>	Enabled	test		No keys	⋮

- 
- Click on the ellipsis next to the service account you created and click “Manage Keys”
- This will take you to a new page, Click on “Add Key”, then “Create new key”
- This will download a json file with the key (Save somewhere on computer as this will be used in the next section)

## Import GKE Cluster into Rancher

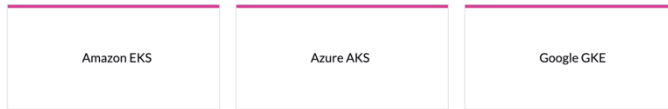
- Click on “Import existing”



- Click on “Google GKE”

## Cluster: Import

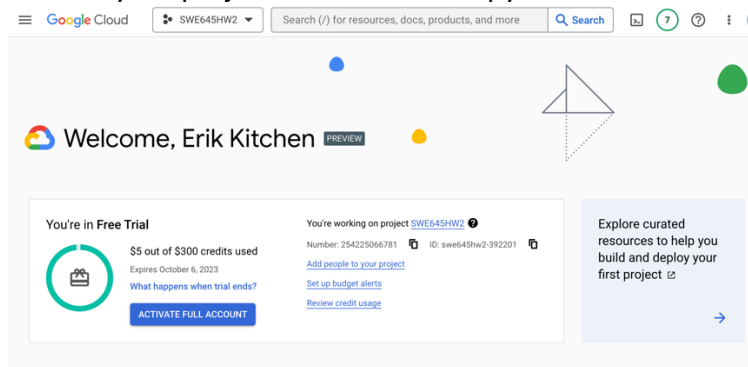
Register an existing cluster in a hosted Kubernetes provider



Import any Kubernetes cluster



- Update cluster name (All lowercase), and description
- Now we have to get the “Google Project ID”, follow these steps
  - o Open [https://console.cloud.google.com/welcome/new?walkthrough\\_id=assistant\\_we\\_bhosting\\_index&project=swe645hw2-392201](https://console.cloud.google.com/welcome/new?walkthrough_id=assistant_we_bhosting_index&project=swe645hw2-392201)
  - o Click on the dropdown next to “Google Cloud” and find your project
  - o Once in your project find “ID” and copy the ID



- o
- Go back to Rancher and insert the ID to the “Google Project ID”
- Click on the “Read from me” button locate your key json file and insert it then click on “Create”
- Find your region and click “Load Cluster”
- Under “Choose Cluster” find the cluster you created in the last section and click “Register Cluster”
- Your new cluster will provision for several minutes, and once ready it will read “Active”

Download KubeConfig		Download YAML	Delete	Filter		
State	Name	Version	Provider	Machines	Age	
Active	democluster	v1.26.5-gke.1200	Imported Google GKE	3	1 mins	Explore
Active	local	v1.26.4+k3s1	Local K3s	1	4.4 mins	Explore

## Install Jenkins

- Create an EC2 instance (Make sure you are within the AWS Learning Lab above)
- Select US-east-1 as your region
- Name it, and select Ubuntu AMI (Ubuntu Server 22.04 LTS (HVM), SSD Volume Type)

- Select instance type "t2.large"
- Create key (Save key)
- Click on allow HTTP requests and HTTPS requests under security
- Create instance
- Click on the newly created Jenkins instance ID
- Click on "Security"
- Click on "Security Groups"
- Click on "Edit inbound rule", then click "Add rule"
- In the new row of rules, do the following then save
  - o Type: Custom TCP
  - o Port Range: 8080
  - o Source: AnywhereIPv4
- Update read permissions to .pem file to just you
  - o `chmod 400 <Path/To/Key>`
- SSH into new instance with following command (If required update key permissions to read only through terminal: `chmod 400 Rancher_Key.pem`):
  - o `ssh -i "<Path/To/Key>" ubuntu@<DNS IP>`
- Run update
  - o `sudo apt-get update`
- Install JDK
  - o `sudo apt install default-jdk`
- Run to add Jenkins to repository
  - o `curl -fsSL https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable/jenkins.io-2023.key | sudo tee /usr/share/keyrings/jenkins-keyring.asc > /dev/null`
  - o `echo deb [signed-by=/usr/share/keyrings/jenkins-keyring.asc] https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable binary/ | sudo tee /etc/apt/sources.list.d/jenkins.list > /dev/null`
- Run to install docker
  - o `sudo apt-get update`
  - o `sudo apt install docker.io`
- Run to install Jenkins
  - o `sudo apt-get update`
  - o `sudo apt-get install jenkins`
- Run to install Kubectl
  - o `sudo apt install snapd`
  - o `sudo snap install kubectl --classic`
- Add user to docker user group
  - o `sudo usermod -a -G docker jenkins`
- Go back to EC2 instance for Jenkins, his "instance state" dropdown then click "reboot instance"
- Open up Rancher Dashboard
- Click on "Manage" button
- Check the cluster you created in the last section
- Click "Download KubeConfig" button and save the yaml file



- Go back to terminal and SSH back into the Jenkins EC2 instance
- Run to switch to Jenkins user
  - o `sudo su jenkins`
- Run to navigate to `/var/lib/jenkins` and make directory `.kube`, then create config file inside then open it to edit
  - o `cd ..`
  - o `cd ..`
  - o `cd /var/lib/jenkins`
  - o `mkdir .kube`
  - o `cd .kube`
  - o `touch config`
  - o `vi config`
- Copy and paste yaml file downloaded inside file (type `:wq` to save and quit)
- Quit session, then SSH back in through ubuntu
- Run to get Jenkins password
  - o `sudo cat /var/lib/jenkins/secrets/initialAdminPassword`
- Go to Jenkins and input login password
  - o <http://<Public DNS>:8080>

Getting Started

## Unlock Jenkins

To ensure Jenkins is securely set up by the administrator, a password has been written to the log ([not sure where to find it?](#)) and this file on the server:

`/var/lib/jenkins/secrets/initialAdminPassword`

Please copy the password from either location and paste it below.

Administrator password

[Continue](#)

- Install the suggested plugins
- Now you can create an admin user for Jenkins, submit, then click on “Start using jenkins”
- You are in Jenkins now (Set up Jenkins credentials for Jenkinsfile...Watch video 6)

The screenshot shows the Jenkins dashboard. At the top, there's a header with the Jenkins logo, a search bar, and user information (Erik Kitchen). Below the header, there's a sidebar with navigation links: New Item, People, Build History, Manage Jenkins, and My Views. The main content area displays a 'Welcome to Jenkins!' message. It includes a 'Start building your software project' section with a 'Create a job' button. Below that, there's a 'Set up a distributed build' section with buttons for 'Set up an agent', 'Configure a cloud', and 'Learn more about distributed builds'. On the left, there are two expandable sections: 'Build Queue' (showing 'No builds in the queue') and 'Build Executor Status' (showing two idle executors).

- To create a pipeline click on “New Item”

- Name your pipeline and click “Pipeline”
- Check off “GitHub hook trigger for GITScm polling”
- Go down to Pipeline section and do the following:
  - o Definition: Pipeline script from SCM
  - o SCM: Git
  - o Repository URL: Copy your Github repository url (Click “code” drop down and copy github repository http url)
  - o Lightweight checkout: Uncheck
  - o Hit Save
- Open your GitHub repository, and click on “Settings”
- Go to “Webhooks”, then click on “Add Webhooks”
- Input the following:
  - o Payload URL: <http://<Public DNS>:8080/github-webhook/>
  - o Click “Add Webhook”

#### Add Pods and expose webapp

- Go to Rancher
- Click on “Manage”
- Click on “Explore” next to your cluster
- Click on “Workloads” on navigation
- Click on the name of your deployment
- Go to “Scale” and update to 3
- Now go to Google Cloud to “Kubernetes Engine”
- Go to the side nav to “Workload”
- Click on your deployment name with your cluster
- Scroll all the way down and click expose
- Input name and port