#### NAME

**EStateValuesDescriptors** 

#### **SYNOPSIS**

use AtomicDescriptors::EStateValuesDescriptors; use AtomicDescriptors::EStateValuesDescriptors qw(:all);

## **DESCRIPTION**

EStateValuesDescriptors class provides the following methods:

new, GenerateDescriptors, StringifyEStateValuesDescriptors

EStateValuesDescriptors is derived from AtomicValues class which in turn is derived from ObjectProperty base class that provides methods not explicitly defined in EStateValuesDescriptors, AtomicValues or ObjectProperty classes using Perl's AUTOLOAD functionality. These methods are generated on-the-fly for a specified object property:

```
Set<PropertyName>(<PropertyValue>);
$PropertyValue = Get<PropertyName>();
Delete<PropertyName>();
```

For calculation of electrotopological state (E-state) values for non-hydrogen atoms:

Let:

```
N = Principal quantum number or period number corresponding to
        element symbol
    Sigma = Number of sigma electrons involves in bonds to hydrogen and
            non-hydrogen atoms attached to atom
          = Number of sigma bonds to hydrogen and non-hydrogen atoms
            attached to atom
    PI = Number of PI electrons involved in bonds to non-hydrogen atoms
        attached to atom
       = Number of PI bonds to non-hydrogen atoms attached to atom
    LP = Number of lone pair electrons on atom
    Zv = Number of electrons in valence shell of atom
    X = Number of non-hydrogen atom neighbors or heavy atoms attached
    H = Number of implicit and explicit hydrogens for atom
    Delta = Number of sigma electrons involved to bonds to non-hydrogen
    DeltaV = ValenceDelta = Number of valence shell electrons not involved
             in bonding to hydrogen atoms
    Ii = Intrinsic state value for atom i
    DeltaIi = Sum of perturbations to intrinsic state value Ii of atom i
              by all other atoms besides atom i
    DeltaIij = Perturbation to intrinsic state value Ii of atom i by atom j
   Dij = Graph/bond distance between atom i and j
   Rij = Dij + 1
    Si = E-state value for atom i
Then:
   Delta = Sigma - H = X
    DeltaV = Zv - H
```

= Sigma + PI + LP - H

```
\label{eq:definition} \begin{split} &\text{Ii} = (\ (\ (\ 2\ /\ N\ )\ **\ 2\ )\ *\ \text{DeltaV}\ +\ 1\ )\ /\ \text{Delta} \end{split} \label{eq:deltaV} \\ &\text{DeltaIi} = \text{SUM}\ (\ (\text{Ii}\ -\ \text{Ij})\ /\ (\text{Rij}\ **\ 2)\ )\ \text{for}\ j = 1\ \text{to}\ \text{num}\ \text{of}\ \text{atoms}\ \text{skipping}\ \text{atom}\ i \end{split} \label{eq:simple} \\ &\text{Si} = \text{Ii}\ +\ \text{DeltaIi} \end{split}
```

The current release of MayaChemTools doesn't support calculation of E-state values [ Ref 75-78 ] for hydrogens.

## **METHODS**

new

Using specified *EStateValuesDescriptors* property names and values hash, new method creates a new object and returns a reference to newly created EStateValuesDescriptors object. By default, the following properties are initialized:

```
Molecule = ''
Type = 'EState'
IgnoreHydrogens = 1
```

## Examples:

#### GenerateDescriptors

```
$EStateValuesDescriptors->GenerateDescriptors();
```

Calculates E-state atomic descriptors for all the atoms in a molecule and returns EStateValuesDescriptors.

## StringifyEStateValuesDescriptors

```
$String = $EStateValuesDescriptors->StringifyEStateValuesDescriptors();
```

Returns a string containing information about EStateValuesDescriptors object.

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### SEE ALSO

AtomicDescriptors.pm

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