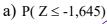
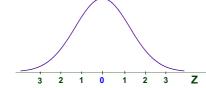
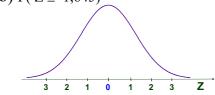
Lista de Exercícios 4b

1. Seja Z: N(0, 1). Represente graficamente as seguintes probabilidades:

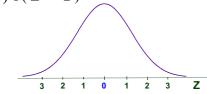




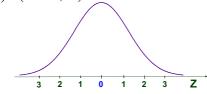
b) $P(Z \ge 1,645)$



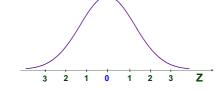
c) P(Z > -2)



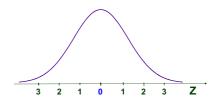
d) P($Z \ge 2,33$)



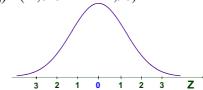
e) P($-1,00 \le Z \le 2,575$)



f)
$$P(-2.05 \le Z < -1.0)$$



g) $P(-1,645 \le Z < 1,96)$



- 2. Determine as probabilidades solicitadas no exercício anterior, ou seja, as áreas representadas no exercício 16.
- 3. Considerando Z: N(0,1), represente gradicamente as probabilidades indicadas e determine z_0 , \boldsymbol{a} e \boldsymbol{b} tais que:

a) P(
$$Z \le z_0$$
) = 0,1075

b)
$$P(Z < z_0) = 0.9798$$

c) P(
$$Z > z_0$$
) = 0,2546

d) P(
$$Z \ge z_0$$
) = 0,9418

e)
$$P(a \le Z \le b) = 0.8040 \text{ e P(} Z > b) = 0.1075.$$

f)
$$P(-z_0 \le Z \le z_0)=0.99$$
.