

AUDIT REPORT

TerraForm Labs
Alliance NFT Collection

Prepared by SCV-Security

On 24th November 2023



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Introduction

SCV has been engaged by TerraForm Labs to conduct a comprehensive security review with the goal of identifying potential security threats and vulnerabilities within the codebase. The purpose of this audit is to evaluate the security posture of the codebase and provide actionable recommendations to mitigate any identified risks. This report presents an overview of the findings from our security audit, outlining areas of concern and proposing effective measures to enhance the codebase's security.

Scope Functionality

This audit evaluates the Alliance NFT Collection contracts, designed to incentivize Game Of Alliance testers through rewards. The contracts facilitate staking a specified token quantity in the Alliance module, enabling a portion of Luna's inflation to be directed towards the NFT collection.

Submitted Codebase

locked-astroport-vault	
Repository	https://github.com/terra-money/alliance-nft-collection
Commit	c7718480412f7df5390794c219ab580a307dc8a5
Branch	main

Revisions Codebase

locked-astroport-vault	
Repository	https://github.com/terra-money/alliance-nft-collection
Commit	9ef0cf6b7f01ae3d41e24dc26cd984c2b03b8c29
Branch	main



Methodologies

SCV performs a combination of automated and manual security testing based on the scope of testing. The testing performed is based on the extensive experience and knowledge of the auditor to provide the greatest coverage and value to TerraForm Labs. Testing includes, but is not limited to, the following:

- Understanding the application and its functionality purpose.
- Deploying SCV in-house tooling to automate dependency analysis and static code review.
- Analyse each line of the code base and inspect application security perimeter.
- Review underlying infrastructure technologies and supply chain security posture.



Code Criteria

This section provides an evaluation of specific criteria aspects as described below:

- **Documentation:** Evaluating the presence and comprehensiveness of publicly available or provided explanatory information, diagram flowcharts, comments, and supporting documents to enhance code understanding.
- **Coverage:** Evaluating whether the code adequately addresses all necessary cases and scenarios, ensuring that the intended functionality or requirements are sufficiently covered.
- **Readability:** Assessing how easily the code can be understood and maintained, considering factors such as code structure, naming conventions, and overall organisation.
- **Complexity:** Evaluating the complexity of the code, including factors such as, number of lines, conditional statements, and nested structures.

The status of each criteria is categorised as either **SUFFICIENT** or **NOT-SUFFICIENT** based on the audit assessment. This categorisation provides insights to identify areas that may require further attention and improvement.

Criteria	Status	Notes
Documentation	SUFFICIENT	N/A
Coverage	SUFFICIENT	Testing coverage is considered sufficient, although there is room for improvement as the current coverage only extends to 61.79% coverage, 325/526 out of the code.
Readability	SUFFICIENT	The codebase had good readability overall and utilised many Rust and CosmWasm best practices.
Complexity	SUFFICIENT	N/A



Findings Summary

Summary Title	Risk Impact	Status
Undelegation ignores collected rewards	SEVERE	RESOLVED
Contract does not implement withdraw message	SEVERE	ACKNOWLEDGED
CLAIM_REWARD_ERROR_REPLY_ID not handled	MODERATE	RESOLVED
Undelegation does not track undelegation request count	MODERATE	ACKNOWLEDGED
Misleading error in is_minting_period	INFO	RESOLVED
Instantiate parameters lacking validation	INFO	RESOLVED
Implement a two-step ownership transfer	INFO	ACKNOWLEDGED
Update config not implemented	INFO	ACKNOWLEDGED



Findings Technical Details

1. Undelegation ignores collected rewards

RISK IMPACT: SEVERE STATUS	: RESOLVED
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Description

The try_alliance_undelegate function in contracts/alliance-nft-collection/src/contract/execute.rs:177 prepares undelegation messages to be dispatched to the Alliance module. When the Alliance module prepares to send the undelegation requests to the target chain, it first executes the ClaimDelegationRewards function. This function will claim delegation rewards and send them back to the contract.

Currently the contract only handles rewards with the update_reward_callback function, which updates the REWARD_BALANCE with the newly received rewards. But this rewards update will not occur during the unbonding process because the contract is not set to receive rewards during that function execution.

This issue is also present for the try_alliance_redelegate function of the alliance-nft-collection contract in contracts/alliance-nft-collection/src/contract/execute.rs:198.

Recommendation

We recommend handling the rewards received by the alliance module during the execution of the try_alliance_undelegate and try_alliance_redelegate functions.



2. Contract does not implement withdraw message

RISK IMPACT: SEVERE STATUS: ACKNOWLEDGED

Revision Notes

Team advises that not having a withdrawal function is expected since only the contract itself should hold the alliance tokens.

Description

The alliance-nft-collection contract doesn't allow the owner to withdraw the unstaked alliance tokens once the number of NFTs is zero resulting in a loss of staking rewards and alliance tokens.

Recommendation

We recommend implementing a withdrawal message to facilitate the withdrawal of tokens from the alliance-nft-collection contract.



3. CLAIM_REWARD_ERROR_REPLY_ID not handled

RISK IMPACT: MODERATE STATUS: RESOLVED

Description

The try_alliance_claim_rewards in contracts/alliance-nft-collection/src/contract/execute.rs:91 a submessage is specified with a reply_on_error type, but there is no logic in the reply handler to properly let the error pass as stated in the comments . This means that if an error is encountered it will not be ignored as the comments state

Recommendation

We recommend implementing a reply handler for the CLAIM_REWARD_ERROR_REPLY_ID reply that passes the error state successfully.



4. Undelegation does not track undelegation request count

RISK IMPACT: MODERATE STATUS: ACKNOWLEDGED

Revision Notes

Undelegations events will be tracked outside the contract off chain as per design.

Description

The try_alliance_undelegate function in contracts/alliance-nft-collection/src/contract/execute.rs:164 does not track the quantity of unbonding requests. This may cause a situation where the contract cannot make any additional unbonding requests because its maximum of 7 unbonding requests are already submitted.

For example, if the contract issues 7 small unbonding requests over a 2 day period and then the next week a situation arises where contract needs to issue a high priority unbonding request it will fail until the full unbonding period is reached for the first request because a single delegator can only have 7 concurrent requests.

We classify this as a moderate severity because only the owner can issue unbonding requests.

Recommendation

We recommend batching the unbonding requests with a period that is the unbonding period divided by 7. This way the unbonding requests are dispatched at set intervals.



5. Misleading error in is_minting_period

RISK IMPACT: INFO	STATUS: RESOLVED
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Description

The is_minting_period function in packages/alliance-nft-packages/src/state.rs:69 returns a misleading error. If the current_time is less than the start_time, the function will return the MintTimeCompleted error. This error may mislead users.

Recommendation

We recommend defining a specific error message for this case.



6. Instantiate parameters lacking validation

RISK IMPACT: INFO STATUS: RESOLVED

Description

The instantiate function in contracts/alliance-nft-collection/src/contract/instantiate.rs:32 is lacking validations for the following parameters:

- alliance-nft-minter/src/contract/instantiate.rs:36
 msg.dao_treasury_address is not validated as address
- alliance-nft-minter/src/contract/instantiate.rs:39

 msg.mint_start_time is not checked to be less then msg.mint_end_time

This can lead to misconfigurations in the contract during instantiations.

Recommendation

We recommend validating the parameters mentioned above in the instantiate function.



7. Implement a two-step ownership transfer

RISK IMPACT: INFO	STATUS: ACKNOWLEDGED

Description

It is a good practice to implement a two-step ownership transfer. The two-step process provides additional security and control during the migration.

Using a two-step ownership transfer mechanism helps provide a window of opportunity for the current owner to cancel the transfer if they did not intend to initiate it or if there were any unintended actions.

Recommendation

We recommend modifying the code to implement two-step ownership transfer.



8. Update confiq not implemented

RISK IMPACT: INFO STATUS: ACKNOWLEDGED

Description

The current design of the contracts does not include an implementation for an update config message. Consequently, this design choice restricts the owner's ability to modify any of the contract configurations once it has been deployed and is operational.

Recommendation

We recommend incorporating an update_config function into the contracts designs. This addition will enable the contract owner to modify configurations post-deployment, ensuring flexibility and adaptability in response to evolving requirements or unforeseen scenarios.



Document Control

Version	Date	Notes
-	13th November 2023	Security audit commencement date.
0.1	18th November 2023	Initial report with identified findings delivered.
0.5	21st November 2023	Fixes remediations implemented and reviewed.
1.0	24th November 2023	Audit completed, final report delivered.



Appendices

A. Appendix - Risk assessment methodology

SCV-Security employs a risk assessment methodology to evaluate vulnerabilities and identified issues. This approach involves the analysis of both the LIKELIHOOD of a security incident occurring and the potential IMPACT if such an incident were to happen. For each vulnerability, SCV-Security calculates a risk level on a scale of 5 to 1, where 5 denotes the highest likelihood or impact. Consequently, an overall risk level is derived from combining these two factors, resulting in a value from 10 to 1, with 10 signifying the most elevated level of security risk

Risk Level	Range
CRITICAL	10
SEVERE	From 9 to 8
MODERATE	From 7 to 6
LOW	From 5 to 4
INFORMATIONAL	From 3 to 1

LIKELIHOOD and **IMPACT** would be individually assessed based on the below:

Rate	LIKELIHOOD	IMPACT
5	Extremely Likely	Could result in severe and irreparable consequences.
4	Likely	May lead to substantial impact or loss.
3	Possible	Could cause partial impact or loss on a wide scale.
2	Unlikely	Might cause temporary disruptions or losses.
1	Rare	Could have minimal or negligible impact.



B. Appendix - Report Disclaimer

This report should not be regarded as an "endorsement" or "disapproval" of any specific project or team. These reports do not indicate the economics or value of any "product" or "asset" created by a team or project that engages SCV-Security for a security review. The audit report does not make any statements or warranties about the code's utility, safety, suitability of the business model, regulatory compliance of the business model, or any other claims regarding the fitness of the implementation for its purpose or its bug-free status. The audit documentation is intended for discussion purposes only. The content of this audit report is provided "as is," without representations and warranties of any kind, and SCV-Security disclaims any liability for damages arising from or in connection with this audit report. Copyright of this report remains with SCV-Security.

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