SMATH-358 Homework-1, Due: Sept 30,Friday 11:59pm

1. Show that the general solution of the logistic differential equation

$$\begin{cases} \frac{dP}{dt} = rP(1 - P/K) \\ P(0) = P_0 \end{cases}$$

can be written by
$$P(t) = \frac{KP_0e^{rt}}{K + P_0(e^{rt} - 1)}$$
.

2. Consider the following coupled linear ODE system;

$$\begin{cases} \frac{dx_1}{dt} = 4x_1 + 2x_2 + 3e^t \\ \frac{dx_2}{dt} = 2x_1 + x_2 + e^t \end{cases}$$

Verify that the functions $x_1=c_1+2c_2e^{5t}-\frac{e^t}{2}$ and $x_2=-2c_1+c_2e^{5t}-\frac{3e^t}{4}$ are the general solutions of this ODE system. Find a particular solution with the initial values $x_1(0)=1,x_2(0)=3$.

- 3. In this question, you will replicate some of the results in *Differences in predictions of ODE models of tumor growth: a cautionary example* by Murphy et.al.
 - (a) First, click on the link and read the paper. The paper concerns different tumor growth models and easy to read.
 - (b) In "Quantitative Example" section, they indicate that they used the data from Systemic treatment of xenografts with vaccinia virus GLV-1h68 reveals the immunologic facet of oncolytic therapy by Worschech et al by using WebPlotDigitizer. Click on paper link, go to Figure 1A and extract the data from GI-101A control group(red points) using WebPlotDigitizer. You should learn how to use this tool, it is super easy. Download your data as a "csv" file and name it "tumor.csv". Make sure that the first column is the day and second column is the tumor size in your csv file.
 - (c) In Murphy et.al, replicate Figure-1 and Figure-2. Let's break down how we should do it;
 - 1. There are 7 different growth models are discussed in the paper, namely, *exponential*, *Mendelsohn*, *logistic*, *linear*, *surface*, *Gompertz*, *and Bertalanffy*. You will numerically solve each of them with matlab "ode45" command. To do so, we need a function to return these ODEs. Use the following template and complete the rest. Use the parameter values(a, b, c etc) given in Figure-1.

```
function dydt = GetODE(t,y,model)
if model=='exponential'
a = 0.0262;
dydt = a*y;
elseif model=='Mendelsohn'
a = 0.286;
b = 0.616;
dydt = a*y^b;
%complete rest of the code
end
end
```

- 2. Just like we did in the class, define a step size dt, the last time point T and form "tspan" etc and plot the solutions for the each model on the same figure. Figure out what T should be to produce Figure-1.
- 3. Learn how to read a "csv" file and convert it to matrix. Read your "tumor.csv" you created and plot the first and second column just like in the paper. Notice that you should use **only the first 7 days** for this figure as indicated in the paper. Make sure all the plots you obtain in the previous item and these data points are on the same figure.
- 4. If you properly complete (1-3), you should be able to produce Figure-1.
- 5. Change T variable and and use the entire "tumor.csv" to produce Figure-2.
- (d) Generate SSR and AIC $_C$ values indicated in Figure-1. You can print them out with "fprintf" command.
- (e) You should submit three files. First one is the pdf file for question #1 and #2, name it as [your first name].pdf. The second one is your Matlab code as ".m" file and format it as "[your first name].m". The last one is "tumor.csv" file. Make sure that when you run your matlab file, it correctly produces Figure-1 and item (d). I will not debug your code.
- (f) You should need help to finish your homework, please visit me during my office hours. You have two weeks to finish and there is no deadline, cheers!