

## EMD HW-2

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①  $H = 0.2 \cdot \cos(\omega t - \beta x) \cdot \vec{e}_2$

$$P_{\text{avg}} = \frac{1}{2\eta} (E_0^2) \cdot \vec{e}_p$$

②  $x+y=2$  side av. pow.

$$E = (\vec{H} \times \vec{n}) \cdot \mu_0 \Rightarrow (0.2 \cdot \cos(\omega t - \beta x) \cdot \vec{e}_2 \times (\vec{e}_x)) \cdot 120\pi$$

$$E = 75,398 \cdot \cos(\omega t - \beta x) \cdot \vec{e}_3$$

$$P_{\text{avg}} = \frac{(75,398)^2}{240\pi} = 7,3411 \cdot \vec{e}_x, \quad x+y=2, \quad \frac{\vec{e}_x + \vec{e}_y}{2\sqrt{2}}$$

$$P = \frac{7,3411}{2\sqrt{2}} \cdot 10^{-2} = 2,535 \cdot 10^{-2} \text{ watt}$$

③  $\pi r^2 \Rightarrow 16 \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot \vec{e}_x \cdot 7,3411 = 0,0117 \text{ watt}$

(2)

$$\textcircled{2} \vec{E} = 120 \cos(10^9 t + 7x) \cdot \vec{e}_z$$

$$\textcircled{a} \beta = \omega \cdot \sqrt{\mu \cdot \epsilon} \rightarrow 7 = 10^9 \cdot \sqrt{\mu_0 \epsilon_0} \cdot \sqrt{\epsilon_r} \Rightarrow \epsilon_r = \frac{49}{10^{18} \cdot (\mu_0 \epsilon_0)} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\epsilon_0^2}$$

$$\epsilon_r = \frac{49 \cdot c^2}{10^8} = \frac{49 \cdot 9 \cdot 10^{16}}{10^{18}} = \frac{441}{100} = \boxed{4,41 = \epsilon_r}$$

$$\textcircled{b} \eta = \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{\epsilon}} = \eta_0 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\mu_r}{\epsilon_r}} = \eta_0 \sqrt{\frac{1}{\epsilon_r}} = 120\pi \Omega \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1}{4,41}} \approx \boxed{179,52 \Omega}$$

$$\textcircled{c} v_p = \frac{\omega}{\beta} = \frac{10^9}{7} \approx 1,42 \cdot 10^8 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\textcircled{d} \vec{H} = \frac{1}{\eta} \cdot (\vec{n} \times \vec{E}) = \frac{1}{179,52} \cdot 120 \cdot \cos(10^9 t + 7x) \cdot (\vec{e}_x \times \vec{e}_z)$$

$$\vec{H} = 0,668 \cdot \cos(10^9 t + 7x) \cdot \vec{e}_y$$

$$\textcircled{2} \mathcal{P} = \frac{1}{\mu_0} \cdot \vec{E} \times \vec{H} = \frac{1}{4\pi \cdot 10^{-7}} \cdot (120 \cos(10^9 t + 7x) \cdot \vec{e}_z) \times (0,668 \cdot \cos(10^9 t + 7x) \cdot \vec{e}_y)$$

$$\mathcal{P} = 6,378 \cdot 10^7 \vec{e}_x \cdot \cos^2(10^9 t + 7x)$$

$$(3) \vec{H}_i = 5 \cos(10^8 t - \beta z) \cdot \vec{e}_x \quad \epsilon = 2.65 \cdot \epsilon_0, \mu = 5.5 \cdot \mu_0$$

$$n = n_0 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{5.5}{2.65}} = 120.52 \pi \cdot \sqrt{\frac{5.5}{2.65}} = 543.112 \quad \mu \times n = \vec{e}_x \times \vec{e}_z$$

$$\text{So } E_i = 543.112 \cdot 5 \cos(10^8 t - \beta z) (-\vec{e}_y)$$

$$E_i = 2715.56 \cdot \cos(10^8 t - \beta z) (-\vec{e}_y)$$

$$E_r = 488.80 \cdot \cos(10^8 t + \beta z) (-\vec{e}_y)$$

$$E_t = 3204.36 \cdot \cos(10^8 t + \beta z) (-\vec{e}_y)$$

$$H_r = \frac{488.80}{376.83} \cdot \cos(10^8 t + \beta z) (-\vec{e}_x)$$

$$H_t = \frac{3204.36}{543.112} \cdot \cos(10^8 t - \beta z) \cdot \vec{e}_x$$

$$\Gamma_{\text{constant}} = \frac{n_2 - n_1}{n_2 + n_1} = \frac{543.112 - 376.83}{543.112 + 376.83}$$

$$\Gamma_{\text{constant}} = \frac{166.122}{920.103} = 0.18$$

$$(4) E = 50 \sin(\omega t - 5x) \cdot \vec{e}_y \quad (\mu = 4\mu_0, \epsilon = \epsilon_0) \rightarrow (\mu = 4\mu_0, \epsilon = 4\epsilon_0, \sigma = 0.1)$$

In lossless medium

$$v_p = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\mu\epsilon}} = \frac{c}{2}, \quad \lambda = \frac{2\pi}{\beta} = 0.4\pi = \lambda, \quad F = \frac{V_p}{\lambda} \Rightarrow \frac{1.5 \cdot 10^8}{0.4 \cdot \pi} = 1.19 \cdot 10^8$$

$$\text{So } \omega = 2\pi \cdot 1.19 \cdot 10^8$$

and

$$\eta_1 = 2 \cdot 120\pi = 240\pi \Omega$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Medium 2} \quad \eta_2 = \sqrt{\frac{j\omega\mu_2}{\sigma + j\omega\epsilon_2}} = \sqrt{\frac{j \cdot 2.38\pi \cdot 10^8 \cdot \mu_0}{0.1 + j2.38\pi \cdot 10^8 \cdot 4\epsilon_0}} \quad \begin{matrix} \mu_0 = 4\pi \cdot 10^{-7} \\ \epsilon_0 = \frac{10^{-9}}{36\pi} \end{matrix}$$

$$\eta_2 = \sqrt{\frac{j \cdot 2.38\pi \cdot 10^8 \cdot 4\pi}{0.1 + j \cdot 2.38\pi \cdot 10^8 \cdot \frac{10^{-9}}{36\pi} \cdot 4}} = \sqrt{\frac{234.896j}{0.1 + 0.02644j}}$$

$$\eta_2 = \sqrt{\frac{(234.896j)(0.1 - 0.02644j)}{0.01 + 0.00069}} \Rightarrow \eta_2 = \sqrt{\frac{23.4896j + 6.21158}{0.01069}}$$

$$\eta_2 = \sqrt{2187.3j + 581.064}$$

$$\eta_2 = \sqrt{581.064} \cdot \sqrt{1 + 3.78j} \rightarrow \sqrt{581.064} \cdot \sqrt{15.288} \cdot e^{j\frac{5\pi}{24}} = 3.909 \cdot (1 + 0.768j)$$

$$\text{or } \cos(3\pi) = -1 \quad \text{So } \eta_2 = 24.105 \cdot 3.909 \cdot (1 + 0.768j)$$

$$\eta_2 = 94.226 + 72.366j$$

$$\Gamma = \frac{94.226 + 72.366j - 753.982}{94.226 + 72.366j + 753.982}$$

$$\Gamma = \frac{72.366j - 659.756}{72.366j + 848.208} \quad \dots \text{bored}$$

$$\Gamma = \frac{(-659.756 + 72.366j) \cdot (848.208 - 72.366j)}{5286.837 + 719456.81} = -0.76497 + 0.1505j$$

$$\Rightarrow |\Gamma| < 168.87$$

$$\Gamma \Rightarrow 0.6078j < 168.87$$



$$Z = r + j = 0,28533 + 0,1505j \Rightarrow Z = 0,328 \angle 22.6$$

Volt. wave ratio

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1 + 0,6078}{1 - 0,6078} = \frac{1,6078}{0,3922} = 4,0994$$

⑥  $E_r$  and  $H_r$

$$\hookrightarrow \left| \frac{E_i}{r} \right| = |E_r|$$

$$E_r = 82,264 \cdot \sin(\omega t + 5x - 168,87) \cdot \vec{e}_y$$

$$-\vec{e}_x \times \vec{e}_y = (-\vec{e}_z)$$

$$|H| = \left| \frac{E_r}{\eta} \right| \Rightarrow$$

$$H_r = 0,1031 \cdot \sin(\omega t + 5x - 168,87) \cdot (-\vec{e}_z)$$