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① Parallel-plate air waveguide has a plate separation of 6mm.

$$a) f_{cm} = \frac{mc}{2a} = \frac{m \cdot 3 \cdot 10^8}{2 \cdot 6 \cdot 10^{-3}} = m \cdot 25 \cdot 10^9 = \boxed{25 \cdot m \text{ GHz}}$$

$$f_{c0} = 0, f_{c1} = 25 \text{ GHz}, f_{c2} = 50 \text{ GHz}, f_{c3} = 75 \text{ GHz}$$

→ Possible seven lowest order modes are  $TM_0, TM_1, TE_1, TM_2, TE_2, TM_3$  and  $TE_3$

→ for this guide:  $TM_0, TM_1 \& TE_1, TM_2 \& TE_2, TM_3 \& TE_3$

②  $40 \text{ GHz} \Rightarrow f_{c0} = 0$  and  $f_{c1} = 25 \text{ GHz}$  are the propagation modes at  $40 \text{ GHz}$ .

And those are  $\boxed{TM_0}$  and  $\boxed{TM_1 \& TE_1}$   
(TEM)

③  $60 \text{ GHz} \Rightarrow f_{c0} = 0, f_{c1} = 25 \text{ GHz}$  and  $f_{c2} = 50 \text{ GHz}$  are the propagation modes at  $60 \text{ GHz}$ . And those are  $TM_0, TM_1 \& TE_1$  and  $TM_2 \& TE_2$

$$d) \epsilon_r = 2.25, \mu_r = 1 \Rightarrow f_c = \frac{m \cdot c}{2a \cdot \sqrt{\epsilon_r \cdot \mu_r}} = \frac{m \cdot 3 \cdot 10^8}{2 \cdot 6 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot \sqrt{2.25}} \approx 16.62 \cdot m \text{ GHz}$$

$$f_{c0} = 0, f_{c1} = 16.62 \text{ GHz}, f_{c2} = 33.34 \text{ GHz}, f_{c3} = 50.01 \text{ GHz} \text{ and } f_{c4} = 66.68 \text{ GHz}$$

So in  $60 \text{ GHz}$ , propagating modes are  $TM_0, TM_1 \& TE_1, TM_2 \& TE_2$  and  $TM_3 \& TE_3$

②  $a = 1 \text{ cm}$ ,  $b = 0.6 \text{ cm}$ ,  $25 \text{ GHz}$ .

★ Dominant mode:  $m=1, n=0$

$$f_c = \frac{c}{2\pi} \sqrt{\left(\frac{m\pi}{a}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{n\pi}{b}\right)^2} = \frac{\frac{c m \pi}{2\pi a}}{2\pi a} = \frac{c}{2a} = \frac{3 \cdot 10^8}{2 \cdot 10^{-2}} = 15 \text{ GHz}$$

a)  $Z = \frac{\eta_0}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{f_c}{f}\right)^2}} = \frac{120\pi}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{15}{25}\right)^2}} = \frac{120\pi}{\sqrt{\frac{16}{25}}} = \frac{120\pi}{98} = 471.23 \Omega$

b)  $Z \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{\epsilon}} = 471.23 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2.25}} = 314.153 \Omega$

$$\textcircled{3} f_c = 25 \text{ GHz}, \quad f_c = \frac{c}{2} \sqrt{\left(\frac{m}{a}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{n}{b}\right)^2}, \quad \lambda_c = \frac{c}{f_c} = \frac{3 \cdot 10^8}{25 \cdot 10^9} = 0.012 \text{ m}$$

$$\lambda_{\text{operates}} = \frac{c}{f_c} = \frac{3 \cdot 10^8}{40 \cdot 10^9} \approx 7.5 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ m}$$

$$\lambda_{\text{guide}} = \frac{\lambda_0}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{\lambda_0}{\lambda_c}\right)^2}} = \frac{7.5 \cdot 10^{-3}}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{7.5 \cdot 10^{-3}}{12 \cdot 10^{-3}}\right)^2}} \approx 9.60 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ meters.}$$

$$v_p = \frac{c}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{f_c}{f}\right)^2}} = \frac{3 \cdot 10^8}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{25 \cdot 10^9}{40 \cdot 10^9}\right)^2}} \approx 3.84 \cdot 10^8 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\beta = \frac{\omega}{v_p} = \frac{2 \cdot \pi \cdot 40 \cdot 10^9}{3.84 \cdot 10^8} = 654,498$$

$$Z_{TE} = \frac{\eta_0}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{25 \cdot 10^9}{40 \cdot 10^9}\right)^2}} = \frac{120\pi \Omega}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{25}{40}\right)^2}} \approx 488 \Omega$$

④ Rectangular waveguide

$$a = 2.4 \text{ cm}$$
$$b = 1.2 \text{ cm}$$

$\rightarrow \text{TE}_{10}$

$$f_c = \frac{c}{2} \sqrt{\left(\frac{m}{a}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{n}{b}\right)^2}$$

$$f_c = \frac{3 \cdot 10^8}{2} \cdot \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{2.4 \cdot 10^{-2}}\right)^2} = \frac{3 \cdot 10^9}{4.8} = 6.25 \text{ GHz} \} f_{\text{cut-off}}$$

$$\rightarrow \text{operating frequency is } = 6.25 \cdot \frac{5}{4} = 7.8125 \text{ GHz} \} f_{\text{operating}}$$

$$h = \sqrt{\left(\frac{m\pi}{a}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{n\pi}{b}\right)^2}$$

$\downarrow$   $\downarrow$   
 $k_x$   $k_y$   $0=n$

$\Rightarrow$

$$h = \frac{\pi \cdot 10^2}{2.4} \cong 130.899$$