

**Problem 2**

(i)

$$Y_i|\beta \sim \text{Binomial}(m_i, \text{logit}^{-1}(x_i^T \beta)), \beta \in \mathbb{R}^p$$

So we have

$$\begin{aligned} p(y_i|\beta) &= \binom{m_i}{y_i} \left( \frac{e^{x_i^T \beta}}{1 + e^{x_i^T \beta}} \right)^{y_i} \left( 1 - \frac{e^{x_i^T \beta}}{1 + e^{x_i^T \beta}} \right)^{m_i - y_i} \\ &= \binom{m_i}{y_i} \frac{e^{(x_i^T \beta) y_i}}{(1 + e^{x_i^T \beta})^{m_i}} \end{aligned}$$

Then

$$p(\mathbf{y}|\beta) \propto \frac{\exp(\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i^T \beta) y_i)}{\prod_{i=1}^n (1 + e^{x_i^T \beta})^{m_i}}$$

and

$$p(\beta) \propto \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2}(\beta - \mu_0)^T \Sigma_0^{-1}(\beta - \mu_0)\right]$$

So the posterior is, up to proportionality

$$p(\beta|\mathbf{y}) \propto \frac{\exp[\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i^T \beta) y_i - \frac{1}{2}(\beta - \mu_0)^T \Sigma_0^{-1}(\beta - \mu_0)]}{\prod_{i=1}^n (1 + e^{x_i^T \beta})^{m_i}}$$

We may take logarithm of the proportional posterior for calculation, which is

$$\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i^T \beta) y_i - \frac{1}{2}(\beta - \mu_0)^T \Sigma_0^{-1}(\beta - \mu_0) - \sum_{i=1}^n m_i \log(1 + e^{x_i^T \beta})$$

(ii) In this problem, I used the Metropolis-Hastings-within-Gibbs to generate

the Markov chain for posterior distribution. The proposal distribution was

$$\begin{aligned}\beta_0^{(t)} &\sim N(\beta_0^{(t-1)}, v) \\ \beta_1^{(t)} &\sim N(\beta_1^{(t-1)}, v)\end{aligned}$$

The algorithm was performed as the following:

- (1) set initial values  $\beta_0^{(0)} = 0, \beta_1^{(0)} = 0, t = 1, v = 1$ .
- (2) let  $\beta_0^{(t)} = \beta_0^{(t-1)}, \beta_1^{(t)} = \beta_1^{(t-1)}$ , sample  $\beta_0^{(t)}$  from  $N(\beta_0^{(t-1)}, v)$