



Bluetooth Protocol Stack Kernel

(Non-threaded O/S)

Application Programming Interface Reference Manual

Release: 4.0.1
January 10, 2013



Bluetooth and the Bluetooth logos are trademarks owned by Bluetooth SIG, Inc., USA and licensed to Stonestreet One, LLC. Bluetopia®, Stonestreet One™, and the Stonestreet One logo are registered trademarks of Stonestreet One, LLC, Louisville, Kentucky, USA. All other trademarks are property of their respective owners.
Copyright © 2000-2013 by Stonestreet One, LLC. All rights reserved.

Table Of Contents

1. INTRODUCTION.....	3
1.1 Scope	3
1.2 Acronyms and Abbreviations	4
2. BLUETOOTH PROTOCOL STACK KERNEL PROGRAMMING INTERFACE	6
2.1 Bluetooth Protocol Stack Kernel Commands.....	6
BTPS_Delay	7
BTPS_GetTickCount	7
BTPS_AddFunctionToScheduler	8
BTPS_DeleteFunctionFromScheduler	8
BTPS_ExecuteScheduler	9
BTPS_ProcessScheduler	9
BTPS_AllocateMemory	9
BTPS_FreeMemory	10
BTPS_MemCopy	10
BTPS_MemMove	11
BTPS_MemInitialize	11
BTPS_MemCompare	11
BTPS_MemCompareI	12
BTPS_StringCopy	12
BTPS_StringLength	13
BTPS_Sprintf	13
BTPS_CreateMailbox	13
BTPS_AddMailbox	14
BTPS_WaitMailbox	15
BTPS_QueryMailbox	15
BTPS_DeleteMailbox	16
BTPS_Init	16
BTPS_DeInit	16
BTPS_OutputMessage	16
BTPS_SetDebugMask	17
BTPS_TestDebugZone	17
BTPS_DumpData	17
2.2 BTPS Kernel Scheduled Function Prototype	18
BTPS_SchedulerFunction_t	18
3.3. FILE DISTRIBUTIONS	19
3. BLUETOOTH/KERNEL INTERFACE HEADER FILE.....	20

1. Introduction

Bluetopia®, the Bluetooth Protocol Stack by Stonestreet One provides a software architecture that encapsulates the upper functionality of the Bluetooth Protocol Stack. More specifically, this stack is a software solution that resides above the Physical HCI (Host Controller Interface) Transport Layer and extends through the L2CAP (Logical Link Control and Adaptation Protocol) and the SCO (Synchronous Connection-Oriented) Link layers. In addition to basic functionality at these layers, the Bluetooth Protocol Stack by Stonestreet One provides implementations of the Service Discovery Protocol (SDP), RFCOMM (the Radio Frequency serial COMMunications port emulator), and several of the Bluetooth Profiles. Program access to these layers, services, and profiles is handled via Application Programming Interface (API) calls.

This document focuses on the API reference that contains a description of all programming interfaces for Stonestreet One's Bluetooth Protocol Stack Kernel, which can be used when another OS is not needed or available. The OS specified in this document is a simple scheduler.

The basic operation of the scheduler is as follows:

1. The programmer registers one or more functions with the scheduler described in this document. The programmer specifies the period (in milliseconds) that the function is to be repeatedly called.
2. The scheduler loops through the list of all functions that have been registered and calls the specified registered function when the specified timeout period elapses. The process continues indefinitely, the scheduler never returns.

Typical program flow is to initialize the scheduler in the main program entry point, register the functions (with time period), and start the execution of the scheduler (no functions will be called until the scheduler is started). This document will describe the features of the scheduler, as well as support functions that Bluetopia® uses, and are available to application programmers. Chapter 2 of this document describes the functions available, and chapter 3 contains the header file name list for the Bluetooth Protocol Stack Kernel library.

1.1 Scope

This reference manual provides information on the Bluetooth Protocol Stack Kernel API.

The following documents may be used for additional background and technical depth regarding the Bluetooth technology.

1. *Specification of the Bluetooth System, Volume 0, Master Table of Contents & Compliance Requirements*, version 2.1+EDR, July 26, 2007.
2. *Specification of the Bluetooth System, Volume 1, Architecture and Terminology Overview*, version 2.1+EDR, July 26, 2007.
3. *Specification of the Bluetooth System, Volume 2, Core System Package [Controller Volume]*, version 2.1+EDR, July 26, 2007.
4. *Specification of the Bluetooth System, Volume 3, Core System Package [Host Volume]*, version 2.1+EDR, July 26, 2007.

5. *Specification of the Bluetooth System, Volume 4, Host Controller Interface*, version 2.1+EDR, July 26, 2007.
6. *Specification of the Bluetooth System, Bluetooth Core Specification Addendum 1*, June 26, 2008.
7. *Specification of the Bluetooth System, Volume 0, Master Table of Contents & Compliance Requirements*, version 3.0+HS, April 21, 2009.
8. *Specification of the Bluetooth System, Volume 1, Architecture and Terminology Overview*, version 3.0+HS, April 21, 2009.
9. *Specification of the Bluetooth System, Volume 2, Core System Package [Controller Volume]*, version 3.0+HS, April 21, 2009.
10. *Specification of the Bluetooth System, Volume 3, Core System Package [Host Volume]*, version 3.0+HS, April 21, 2009.
11. *Specification of the Bluetooth System, Volume 4, Host Controller Interface [Transport Layer]*, version 3.0+HS, April 21, 2009.
12. *Specification of the Bluetooth System, Volume 5, Core System Package [AMP Controller Volume]*, version 3.0+HS, April 21, 2009.
13. *Specification of the Bluetooth System, Volume 0, Master Table of Contents & Compliance Requirements*, version 4.0, June 30, 2010.
14. *Specification of the Bluetooth System, Volume 1, Architecture and Terminology Overview*, version 4.0, June 30, 2010.
15. *Specification of the Bluetooth System, Volume 2, Core System Package [BR/EDR Controller Volume]*, version 4.0, June 30, 2010.
16. *Specification of the Bluetooth System, Volume 3, Core System Package [Host Volume]*, version 4.0, June 30, 2010.
17. *Specification of the Bluetooth System, Volume 4, Host Controller Interface [Transport Layer]*, version 4.0, June 30, 2010.
18. *Specification of the Bluetooth System, Volume 5, Core System Package [AMP Controller Volume]*, version 4.0, June 30, 2010.
19. *Specification of the Bluetooth System, Volume 6, Core System Package [Low Energy Controller Volume]*, version 4.0, June 30, 2010.
20. *Bluetopia® Protocol Stack, System Call Requirements*, version 4.0, June 30, 2011
21. *Bluetopia® Protocol Stack, Application Programming Interface Reference Manual*, version 4.0, June 30, 2011.

1.2 Acronyms and Abbreviations

Acronyms and abbreviations used in this document and other Bluetooth specifications are listed in the table below.

Term	Meaning
API	Application Programming Interface
BD_ADDR	Bluetooth Device Address
BT	Bluetooth
BTPS	Bluetooth Protocol Stack
FIFO	First In First Out
HS	High Speed
LE	Low Energy
LSB	Least Significant Bit
MSB	Most Significant Bit
UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter
USB	Universal Serial Bus

2. Bluetooth Protocol Stack Kernel Programming Interface

The Bluetooth Protocol Stack Kernel programming interface defines the procedures to be used to when using the Stonestreet One Bluetooth Protocol Stack Kernel Scheduler. The Bluetooth Protocol Stack Kernel commands are listed in section 2.1 and the prototype for the Scheduled Function is described in section 2.2. The actual prototypes and constants outlined in this section can be found in the **BKRNLAPI.H** header file in the Bluetopia distribution.

2.1 Bluetooth Protocol Stack Kernel Commands

The available Bluetooth Protocol Stack Kernel command functions are listed in the table below and are described in the text that follows.

Function	Description
BTPS_Delay	Delay the current task for the time specified.
BTPS_GetTickCount	Retrieve the current tick count of the system.
BTPS_AddFunctionToScheduler	Add a scheduled function to the scheduler.
BTPS_DeleteFunctionFromScheduler	Remove a previously added scheduled function from the scheduler.
BTPS_ExecuteScheduler	Begin execution of the scheduler.
BTPS_ProcessScheduler	Process all scheduled functions in the scheduler (and return).
BTPS_AllocateMemory	Allocate a block of memory.
BTPS_FreeMemory	Free a block of previously allocated memory.
BTPS_MemCopy	Copy a block of memory.
BTPS_MemMove	Copy a block of memory from a source to a destination.
BTPS_MemInitialize	Fill a block of memory with a specified value.
BTPS_MemCompare	Compare two blocks of memory to see if they are equal.
BTPS_MemCompareI	Compare two blocks of memory to see if they are equal using a case insensitive compare.
BTPS_StringCopy	Copy a NULL terminated ASCII string to a destination.
BTPS_StringLength	Determine the length of a NULL terminated ASCII string.

BTPS_Sprintf	Macro mapping of C run-time library sprintf() function.
BTPS_CreateMailbox	Create a mailbox.
BTPS_AddMailbox	Add data to a mailbox.
BTPS_WaitMailbox	Retrieve data from a mailbox.
BTPS_QueryMailbox	Determine if there is anything queued in a mailbox.
BTPS_DeleteMailbox	Delete a mailbox.
BTPS_Init	Module initialization function.
BTPS_DeInit	Module de-initialization function.
BTPS_OutputMessage	Output debugging function (not currently called by Bluetopia).
BTPS_SetDebugMask	Update the current Debugging Zone Mask.
BTPS_TestDebugMask	Determine if a specified Debug Zone Mask is enabled.
BTPS_DumpData	Output debugging function (not currently called by Bluetopia).

BTPS_Delay

The following function is responsible for delaying the currently executing scheduled function (task) for the specified duration (specified in milliseconds). Very small timeouts might be smaller in granularity than the system can support.

Prototype:

```
void BTPSAPI BTPS_Delay(unsigned long MilliSeconds)
```

Parameters:

MilliSeconds Number of milliseconds to delay.

Return:

BTPS_GetTickCount

The following function is responsible for retrieving the current Tick Count of system. This function returns the System Tick Count in System Tick Count resolution. The System Tick Count is defined in Milliseconds. The value returned from this function is basically the number of milliseconds that have elapsed since the system was started.

Prototype:

```
unsigned long BTPSAPI BTPS_GetTickCount(void)
```

Parameters:**Return:**

SystemTickCount	Current tick count of the system.
-----------------	-----------------------------------

BTPS_AddFunctionToScheduler .

The following function is provided to allow a mechanism for adding scheduled functions to the Scheduler. These functions are called periodically by the Scheduler (based upon the requested schedule period). Once a function is added to the Scheduler, it can only be removed by calling the **BTPS_DeleteFunctionFromScheduler()** function. The **BTPS_ExecuteScheduler()** function **MUST** be called ONCE (AND ONLY ONCE) to begin the Scheduler executing periodic scheduled functions (or the **BTPS_ProcessScheduler()** function can be called repeatedly).

Prototype:

```
Boolean_t BTPSAPI BTPS_AddFunctionToScheduler(
    BTPS_SchedulerFunction_t SchedulerFunction,
    void *SchedulerParameter, unsigned int Period);
```

Parameters:

SchedulerFunction	Function to add to the Scheduler.
SchedulerParameter	Caller specified context parameter that is passed to the function when it is called by the Scheduler.
Period	Scheduler period, defined in milliseconds, which define how often the function will be called by the scheduler.

Return:

TRUE (non-zero) if function added successfully.
 FALSE (zero) if an error occurred.

BTPS_DeleteFunctionFromScheduler .

The following function is provided to allow a mechanism for removing a previously scheduled function from the Scheduler. The scheduled function to be removed ***MUST*** match the input parameters to this function (namely the scheduled function itself AND the context parameter that was specified when the function was added to the scheduler).

Prototype:

```
void BTPSAPI BTPS_DeleteFunctionFromScheduler(
    BTPS_SchedulerFunction_t SchedulerFunction, void *SchedulerParameter);
```

Parameters:

SchedulerFunction	Function to delete from the Scheduler.
-------------------	--

SchedulerParameter

Caller specified context parameter that was specified when the function was added to the Scheduler.

Return:

TRUE (non-zero) if function added successfully.

FALSE (zero) if an error occurred.

BTPS_ExecuteScheduler

The following function begins execution of the actual Scheduler. Once this function is called, it NEVER returns. This function is responsible for executing all functions that have been added to the Scheduler with the **BTPS_AddFunctionToScheduler()** function.

Prototype:

```
void BTPSAPI BTPS_ExecuteScheduler(void)
```

Parameters:

Return:

BTPS_ProcessScheduler

The following function is provided to allow a mechanism to process the scheduled functions in the scheduler. This function performs the same functionality as the **BTPS_ExecuteScheduler()** function except that it returns as soon as it has made a single iteration through all the scheduled functions. This function is provided for platforms that would like to implement their own processing loop and/or scheduler and not rely on the Bluetopia implementation via the **BTPS_ExecuteScheduler()** function which does not return.

Notes:

This function should NEVER be called if the **BTPS_ExecuteScheduler()** schema is used.

Calling this function does not guarantee that all scheduled functions will be called, it will only call the scheduled functions that are scheduled to run (based on their

Prototype:

```
void BTPSAPI BTPS_ProcessScheduler(void)
```

Parameters:

Return:

BTPS_AllocateMemory

The following function is provided to allow a mechanism to actually allocate a block of memory (of at least the specified size). The memory can later be returned to the system by calling the **BTPS_FreeMemory()** function.

Prototype:

```
void *BTPSAPI BTPS_AllocateMemory(unsigned int MemorySize)
```

Parameters:

MemorySize	The size (in Bytes) of the block of memory to be allocated.
------------	---

Return:

NON-NULL pointer to this memory buffer if the memory was successfully allocated.

NULL pointer if the memory could not be allocated.

BTPS_FreeMemory .

The following function is responsible for de-allocating a block of memory that was successfully allocated with the **BTPS_AllocateMemory()** function. After this function completes the caller CANNOT use ANY of the memory pointed to by the memory pointer specified in this the call to this function.

Prototype:

```
void BTPSAPI BTPS_FreeMemory(void *MemoryPointer)
```

Parameters:

MemoryPointer	A NON-NULL memory pointer which was returned from the BTPS_AllocateMemory() function.
---------------	--

Return:**BTPS_MemCopy** .

The following function is responsible for copying a block of memory of the specified size from the specified source pointer to the specified destination memory pointer. The source and destination memory buffers must contain AT LEAST as many bytes as specified by the Size parameter. This function does not allow the overlapping of the Source and Destination Buffers.

Prototype:

```
void BTPSAPI BTPS_MemCopy(void *Destination, void *Source, unsigned int Size)
```

Parameters:

Destination	A pointer to the memory block that is to be destination buffer.
Source	A pointer to the source memory block that points to the data to be copied into the destination buffer.
Size	The size, in bytes, of the data to copy.

Return:**BTPS_MemMove** .

The following function is responsible for copying a block of memory of the specified size from the specified source pointer to the specified destination memory pointer. The source and destination memory buffers must contain AT LEAST as many bytes as specified by the Size parameter. This function DOES allow the overlapping of the Source and Destination Buffers.

Prototype:

```
void BTPSAPI BTPS_MemCopy(void *Destination, void *Source, unsigned int Size)
```

Parameters:

Destination	A pointer to the memory block that is to be destination buffer.
Source	A pointer to the source memory block that points to the data to be copied into the destination buffer.
Size	The size, in bytes, of the data to copy.

Return:**BTPS_MemInitialize** .

The following function is provided to allow a mechanism to fill a block of memory with the specified value. The destination buffer must point to a buffer that is AT LEAST the size of the Size parameter.

Prototype:

```
void BTPSAPI BTPS_MemInitialize(void *Destination, unsigned char Value,  
    unsigned int Size)
```

Parameters:

Destination	A pointer to the data buffer that is to be filled with the specified value.
Value	The value that is to be filled into the data buffer.
Size	The number of bytes that are to be filled in the data buffer.

Return:**BTPS_MemCompare** .

The following function is provided to allow a mechanism to compare two blocks of memory to see if the two memory blocks (each of the size specified by the Size parameter (in bytes)) are equal (each and every byte up to Size bytes).

Prototype:

```
int BTPSAPI BTPS_MemCompare(void *Source1, void *Source2, unsigned int Size)
```

Parameters:

Source1	A pointer to the first block of memory to be compared.
Source2	A pointer to the second block of memory to be compared.
Size	Number of bytes to compare

Return:

Negative value if Source1 is less than Source2.
Zero if Source1 equals Source2.
Positive value if Source1 is greater than Source2.

BTPS_MemCompareI

The following function is provided to allow a mechanism to compare two blocks of memory to see if the two memory blocks (each of the size specified by the Size parameter (in bytes)) are equal (each and every byte up to Size bytes) using a case-insensitive compare.

Prototype:

```
int BTPSAPI BTPS_MemCompareI(void *Source1, void *Source2, unsigned int Size)
```

Parameters:

Source1	A pointer to the first block of memory to be compared.
Source2	A pointer to the second block of memory to be compared.
Size	Number of bytes to compare

Return:

Negative value if Source1 is less than Source2.
Zero if Source1 equals Source2.
Positive value if Source1 is greater than Source2.

BTPS_StringCopy

The following function is provided to allow a mechanism to copy a source NULL terminated ASCII (character) string to the specified destination string buffer. This function copies the string byte by byte from the source to the destination (including the NULL terminator).

Prototype:

```
void BTPSAPI BTPS_StringCopy(char *Destination, char *Source)
```

Parameters:

Destination	A pointer to a buffer that is to receive the NULL terminated ASCII string pointed to by the Source parameter
-------------	--

Source A pointer to a NULL Terminated ASCII string source buffer that is copied into the buffer pointed to by the destination parameter.

Return:

BTPS_StringLength

The following function is provided to allow a mechanism to determine the length (in character bytes) of the specified NULL terminated ASCII (character) string.

Prototype:

unsigned int BTPSAPI **BTPS_StringLength**(char *Source)

Parameters:

Source A pointer to a NULL terminated ASCII string.

Return:

The number of characters present in the string (NOT including the terminating NULL character)

BTPS_Sprintf

The following MACRO definition is provided to allow a mechanism for a C Run-Time Library sprintf() function implementation. This MACRO could be redefined as a function (like the rest of the functions in this file), however more code would be required to implement the variable number of arguments and formatting code then it would be to simply call the C Run-Time Library sprintf() function. It is simply provided here as a MACRO mapping to allow an easy means for a starting place to port this file to other operating systems/platforms.

Prototype:

#define **BTPS_Sprintf** sprintf

Parameters:

Return:

The number of characters that were written into the output string (not counting the NULL terminator).

BTPS_CreateMailbox

The following function is provided to allow a mechanism to create a Mailbox. A Mailbox is a data store that contains slots (all of the same size) that can have data placed into so that the data can be retrieved at a future time. Once data is placed into a Mailbox (via the **BTPS_AddMailbox**() function), it can be retrieved by using the **BTPS_WaitMailbox**() function. Data placed into the Mailbox is retrieved in a first in first out (FIFO) method.

Prototype:

Mailbox_t BTPSAPI **BTPS_CreateMailbox**(unsigned int NumberSlots,
unsigned int SlotSize)

Parameters:

NumberSlots	The maximum number of slots that will be present in the Mailbox.
SlotSize	Size of each of the slots, in bytes.

Return:

NON-NULL Mailbox Handle if the Mailbox is successfully created.
NULL Mailbox Handle if the Mailbox was unable to be created.

BTPS_AddMailbox

The following function is provided to allow a means to add data to the Mailbox (where it can be retrieved via the **BTPS_WaitMailbox()** function. The MailboxData pointer **MUST** point to a data buffer that is AT LEAST the size (in bytes) of a single Slot in the Mailbox (specified when the Mailbox was created) and this pointer CANNOT be NULL. The data that the MailboxData pointer points to is placed into the Mailbox where it can be retrieved via the **BTPS_WaitMailbox()** function. This function copies from the MailboxData Pointer the first SlotSize bytes. The slot size was specified when the Mailbox was created via a successful call to the **BTPS_CreateMailbox()** function.

Prototype:

Boolean_t BTPSAPI **BTPS_AddMailbox**(Mailbox_t Mailbox, void *MailboxData)

Parameters:

Mailbox	Mailbox Handle of the Mailbox to place the data into.
MailboxData	A pointer to a buffer that contains the data to be added.

Return:

TRUE (non-zero) if successful.
FALSE (zero) if an error occurred.

BTPS_WaitMailbox

The following function is provided to allow a means to retrieve data from the specified Mailbox. This function will return immediately if either data is placed in the Mailbox or there is no data present in the Mailbox. The MailboxData pointer points to a data buffer that is AT LEAST the size of a single Slot of the Mailbox (specified when the **BTPS_CreateMailbox()** function was called). The MailboxData parameter CANNOT be NULL. If this function returns TRUE then the first SlotSize bytes of the MailboxData pointer will contain the data that was retrieved from the Mailbox. This function copies to the MailboxData Pointer the data that is present in the Mailbox Slot (of size SlotSize). The slot size was specified when the Mailbox was created via a successful call to the **BTPS_CreateMailbox()** function.

Prototype:

Boolean_t BTPSAPI **BTPS_WaitMailbox**(Mailbox_t Mailbox, void *MailboxData)

Parameters:

Mailbox	Mailbox Handle that represents the Mailbox to be used to wait for the data.
MailboxData	Pointer to a data buffer that is AT LEAST the size of a single Slot of the Mailbox (specified when the BTPS_CreateMailbox() function was called).

Return:

TRUE (non-zero) if data was successfully retrieved from the Mailbox.
FALSE (zero) if there was no Data retrieved from the Mailbox.

BTPS_QueryMailbox

The following function is provided to allow a mechanism to determine if there is currently any data queued in a mailbox.

Prototype:

Boolean_t BTPSAPI **BTPS_QueryMailbox**(Mailbox_t Mailbox)

Parameters:

Mailbox	Mailbox Handle that represents the Mailbox that is to be queried.
---------	---

Return:

TRUE (non-zero) if there is data currently available in the Mailbox.
FALSE (zero) if there was no data currently available in the Mailbox.

BTPS_DeleteMailbox

The following function is responsible for destroying a Mailbox that was created successfully via a successful call to the **BTPS_CreateMailbox()** function. Once this function is completed the Mailbox Handle is NO longer valid and CANNOT be used.

Prototype:

```
void BTPSAPI BTPS_DeleteMailbox(Mailbox_t Mailbox)
```

Parameters:

Mailbox	Mailbox Handle of the Mailbox to destroy.
---------	---

Return:

BTPS_Init

This optional function allows for any initialization code specific to a platform.

Prototype:

```
void BTPSAPI BTPS_Init(void *UserParam)
```

Parameters:

UserParam	Any user required parameter to facilitate system specific initialization.
-----------	---

Return:

BTPS_DeInit

This optional function allows for any de-initialization code specific to a platform.

Prototype:

```
void BTPSAPI BTPS_DeInit(void)
```

Parameters:

None

Return:

BTPS_OutputMessage

This optional function allows support for displaying or storing in a file support or debugging information during run-time. A null function must be implemented to support correct operation.

Prototype:

```
void BTPSAPI BTPS_OutputMessage(char *DebugString, ...)
```

Parameters:

DebugString	Character string with optional additional arguments to create a text string for display.
-------------	--

Return:**BTPS_SetDebugMask** .

This optional function allows support for control of displaying or storing support or debugging information during run-time with different levels of detail. A null function must be implemented to support correct operation.

Prototype:

void BTPSAPI **BTPS_SetDebugMask** (unsigned long DebugMask)

Parameters:

DebugMask Bit Mask used to control which Debug messages are displayed.

Return:**BTPS_TestDebugZone** .

This optional function allows support to determine if a specific execution zone is currently enabled for debugging. A null function must be implemented to support correct operation.

Prototype:

void BTPSAPI **BTPS_TestDebugZone** (unsigned long Zone)

Parameters:

Zone Bit Mask used to check if a zone is enabled for displaying messages.

Return:**BTPS_DumpData** .

This optional function allows displaying binary data in a memory dump format, if the optional display functions are implemented, and if the specific code zones are enabled enabled for debugging. A null function must be implemented to support correct operation.

Prototype:

void BTPSAPI **BTPS_DumpData** (unsigned int DataLength, unsigned char *DataPtr)

Parameters:

DataLength The length of data to be formatted for display.
DataPtr A pointer to the data to be formatted for display.

Return:

2.2 BTPS Kernel Scheduled Function Prototype

The BTPS kernel allows for functions to be scheduled. Below is the prototype for all scheduled functions. This function will be the function that is called from the scheduler periodically. The period at which the scheduled function is called is specified by the programmer when the function is scheduled via the **BTPS_AddFunctionToScheduler()** function.

BTPS_SchedulerFunction_t

Prototype of function to be added to the scheduler.

Prototype:

```
void (BTPSAPI *BTPS_SchedulerFunction_t)(void *ScheduleParameter);
```

Parameters:

Return:

3. 3. File Distributions

The header files that are distributed with the Bluetooth Protocol Stack Kernel Library is listed in the table below.

File	Contents/Description
BTPSKRNL.h	Bluetooth Protocol Stack Kernel include file.
BKRNLAPI.h	Actual Bluetooth Protocol Stack Kernel API definitions file.

3. Bluetooth/Kernel Interface Header File

```

/****< bkrnlapi.h >*****/
/* Copyright 2000 - 2012 Stonestreet One. */
/* All Rights Reserved. */
/* */
/* BKRNLAPI - Stonestreet One Bluetooth Stack Kernel API Type Definitions, */
/* Constants, and Prototypes. */
/* */
/* Author: Damon Lange */
/* */
/**** MODIFICATION HISTORY *****/
/* mm/dd/yy F. Lastname Description of Modification */
/* ----- */
/* 05/30/01 D. Lange Initial creation. */
/*****/
#ifndef __BKRNLAPIH__
#define __BKRNLAPIH__

#include <stdio.h> /* sprintf() prototype. */

#include "BTAPITyp.h" /* Bluetooth API Type Definitions. */
#include "BTTypes.h" /* Bluetooth basic type definitions */

/* Miscellaneous Type definitions that should already be defined, */
/* but are necessary. */
#ifndef NULL
#define NULL ((void *)0)
#endif

#ifndef TRUE
#define TRUE (1 == 1)
#endif

#ifndef FALSE
#define FALSE (0 == 1)
#endif

/* The following preprocessor definitions control the inclusion of */
/* debugging output. */
/* */
/* - DEBUG_ENABLED */
/* - When defined enables debugging, if no other debugging */
/* preprocessor definitions are defined then the debugging */
/* output is logged to a file (and included in the */
/* driver). */
/* */
/* - DEBUG_ZONES */
/* - When defined (only when DEBUG_ENABLED is defined) */
/* forces the value of this definition (unsigned long) */
/* to be the Debug Zones that are enabled. */
#define DBG_ZONE_CRITICAL_ERROR (1 << 0)
#define DBG_ZONE_ENTER_EXIT (1 << 1)
#define DBG_ZONE_BTPSKRNL (1 << 2)
#define DBG_ZONE_GENERAL (1 << 3)
#define DBG_ZONE_DEVELOPMENT (1 << 4)
#define DBG_ZONE_SHA (1 << 5)
#define DBG_ZONE_BCSP (1 << 6)
#define DBG_ZONE_VENDOR (1 << 7)

#define DBG_ZONE_ANY ((unsigned long)-1)

#ifndef DEBUG_ZONES
#define DEBUG_ZONES DBG_ZONE_CRITICAL_ERROR
#endif

#ifndef MAX_DBG_DUMP_BYTES

```

```

#define MAX_DBG_DUMP_BYTES                (((unsigned int)-1) - 1)
#endif

#ifdef DEBUG_ENABLED
#define DBG_MSG(_zone_, _x_)              do { if(BTPS_TestDebugZone(_zone_)) BTPS_OutputMessage
_x_; } while(0)
#define DBG_DUMP(_zone_, _x_)             do { if(BTPS_TestDebugZone(_zone_)) BTPS_DumpData _x_;
} while(0)
#else
#define DBG_MSG(_zone_, _x_)
#define DBG_DUMP(_zone_, _x_)
#endif

/* The following type definition defines a BTPS Kernel API Mailbox */
/* Handle. */
typedef void *Mailbox_t;

/* The following MACRO is a utility MACRO that exists to calculate */
/* the offset position of a particular structure member from the */
/* start of the structure. This MACRO accepts as the first */
/* parameter, the physical name of the structure (the type name, NOT */
/* the variable name). The second parameter to this MACRO represents */
/* the actual structure member that the offset is to be determined. */
/* This MACRO returns an unsigned integer that represents the offset */
/* (in bytes) of the structure member. */
#define BTPS_STRUCTURE_OFFSET(_x, _y)      (((unsigned int) &((_x *)0)->_y))

/* The following type declaration represents the Prototype for a */
/* Scheduler Function. This function represents the Function that */
/* will be executed periodically when passed to the */
/* BTPS_AddFunctionToScheduler() function. */
/* * NOTE * The ScheduleParameter is the same parameter value that */
/* was passed to the BTPS_AddFunctionToScheduler() when */
/* the function was added to the scheduler. */
/* * NOTE * Once a Function is added to the Scheduler there is NO */
/* way to remove it. */
typedef void (BTPSAPI *BTPS_SchedulerFunction_t)(void *ScheduleParameter);

/* The following function is responsible for delaying the current */
/* task for the specified duration (specified in Milliseconds). */
/* * NOTE * Very small timeouts might be smaller in granularity than */
/* the system can support !!!! */
BTPSAPI_DECLARATION void BTPSAPI BTPS_Delay(unsigned long MilliSeconds);

#ifdef INCLUDE_BLUETOOTH_API_PROTOTYPES
typedef void (BTPSAPI *PFN_BTPS_Delay_t)(unsigned long MilliSeconds);
#endif

/* The following function is responsible for retrieving the current */
/* Tick Count of system. This function returns the System Tick */
/* Count in Milliseconds resolution. */
BTPSAPI_DECLARATION unsigned long BTPSAPI BTPS_GetTickCount(void);

#ifdef INCLUDE_BLUETOOTH_API_PROTOTYPES
typedef unsigned long (BTPSAPI *PFN_BTPS_GetTickCount_t)(void);
#endif

/* The following function is provided to allow a mechanism for */
/* adding Scheduler Functions to the Scheduler. These functions are */
/* called periodically by the Scheduler (based upon the requested */
/* Scheduler Period). This function accepts as input the Scheduler */
/* Function to add to the Scheduler, the Scheduler parameter that is */
/* passed to the Scheduled function, and the Scheduler Period. The */
/* Scheduler Period is specified in Milliseconds. This function */
/* returns TRUE if the function was added successfully or FALSE if */
/* there was an error. */
/* * NOTE * Once a function is added to the Scheduler, it can only */
/* be removed by calling the */
/* BTPS_DeleteFunctionFromScheduler() function. */
/* * NOTE * The BTPS_ExecuteScheduler() function *MUST* be called */
/* ONCE (AND ONLY ONCE) to begin the Scheduler Executing */

```

```

/*          periodic Scheduled functions.          */
BTPSAPI_DECLARATION Boolean_t BTPSAPI BTPS_AddFunctionToScheduler(BTPS_SchedulerFunction_t
SchedulerFunction, void *SchedulerParameter, unsigned int Period);

#ifdef INCLUDE_BLUETOOTH_API_PROTOTYPES
    typedef Boolean_t (BTPSAPI *PFN_BTPS_AddFunctionToScheduler_t)(BTPS_SchedulerFunction_t
SchedulerFunction, void *SchedulerParameter, unsigned int Period);
#endif

/* The following function is provided to allow a mechanism for          */
/* deleting a Function that has previously been registered with the      */
/* Scheduler via a successful call to the                                */
/* BTPS_AddFunctionToScheduler() function. This function accepts as      */
/* input the Scheduler Function to that was added to the Scheduler,      */
/* as well as the Scheduler Parameter that was registered. Both of      */
/* these values *must* match to remove a specific Scheduler Entry.      */
BTPSAPI_DECLARATION void BTPSAPI BTPS_DeleteFunctionFromScheduler(BTPS_SchedulerFunction_t
SchedulerFunction, void *SchedulerParameter);

#ifdef INCLUDE_BLUETOOTH_API_PROTOTYPES
    typedef void (BTPSAPI *PFN_BTPS_DeleteFunctionFromScheduler_t)(BTPS_SchedulerFunction_t
SchedulerFunction, void *SchedulerParameter);
#endif

/* The following function begins execution of the actual Scheduler.      */
/* Once this function is called, it NEVER returns. This function is      */
/* responsible for executing all functions that have been added to      */
/* the Scheduler with the BTPS_AddFunctionToScheduler() function.        */
BTPSAPI_DECLARATION void BTPSAPI BTPS_ExecuteScheduler(void);

#ifdef INCLUDE_BLUETOOTH_API_PROTOTYPES
    typedef void (BTPSAPI *PFN_BTPS_ExecuteScheduler_t)(void);
#endif

/* The following function is provided to allow a mechanism to process*/
/* the scheduled functions in the scheduler. This function performs */
/* the same functionality as the BTPS_ExecuteScheduler() function */
/* except that it returns as soon as it has made an iteration through*/
/* the scheduled functions. This function is provided for platforms */
/* that would like to implement their own processing loop and/or */
/* scheduler and not rely on the Bluetopia implementation.          */
/* * NOTE * This function should NEVER be called if the              */
/* BTPS_ExecuteScheduler() schema is used.                          */
BTPSAPI_DECLARATION void BTPSAPI BTPS_ProcessScheduler(void);

#ifdef INCLUDE_BLUETOOTH_API_PROTOTYPES
    typedef void (BTPSAPI *PFN_BTPS_ProcessScheduler_t)(void);
#endif

/* The following function is provided to allow a mechanism to          */
/* actually allocate a Block of Memory (of at least the specified      */
/* size). This function accepts as input the size (in Bytes) of the      */
/* Block of Memory to be allocated. This function returns a NON-NULL*/
/* pointer to this Memory Buffer if the Memory was successfully */
/* allocated, or a NULL value if the memory could not be allocated. */
BTPSAPI_DECLARATION void *BTPSAPI BTPS_AllocateMemory(unsigned long MemorySize);

#ifdef INCLUDE_BLUETOOTH_API_PROTOTYPES
    typedef void * (BTPSAPI *PFN_BTPS_AllocateMemory_t)(unsigned long MemorySize);
#endif

/* The following function is responsible for de-allocating a Block      */
/* of Memory that was successfully allocated with the                    */
/* BTPS_AllocateMemory() function. This function accepts a NON-NULL */
/* Memory Pointer which was returned from the BTPS_AllocateMemory() */
/* function. After this function completes the caller CANNOT use      */
/* ANY of the Memory pointed to by the Memory Pointer.                */
BTPSAPI_DECLARATION void BTPSAPI BTPS_FreeMemory(void *MemoryPointer);

#ifdef INCLUDE_BLUETOOTH_API_PROTOTYPES
    typedef void (BTPSAPI *PFN_BTPS_FreeMemory_t)(void *MemoryPointer);

```

```

#endif

/* The following function is responsible for copying a block of
/* memory of the specified size from the specified source pointer
/* to the specified destination memory pointer. This function
/* accepts as input a pointer to the memory block that is to be
/* Destination Buffer (first parameter), a pointer to memory block
/* that points to the data to be copied into the destination buffer,
/* and the size (in bytes) of the Data to copy. The Source and
/* Destination Memory Buffers must contain AT LEAST as many bytes
/* as specified by the Size parameter.
/* * NOTE * This function does not allow the overlapping of the
/* Source and Destination Buffers !!!!
BTPSAPI_DECLARATION void BTPSAPI BTPS_MemCopy(void *Destination, BTPSCONST void *Source, unsigned
long Size);

#ifdef INCLUDE_BLUETOOTH_API_PROTOTYPES
typedef void (BTPSAPI *PFN_BTPS_MemCopy_t)(void *Destination, BTPSCONST void *Source, unsigned
long Size);
#endif

/* The following function is responsible for moving a block of
/* memory of the specified size from the specified source pointer
/* to the specified destination memory pointer. This function
/* accepts as input a pointer to the memory block that is to be
/* Destination Buffer (first parameter), a pointer to memory block
/* that points to the data to be copied into the destination buffer,
/* and the size (in bytes) of the Data to copy. The Source and
/* Destination Memory Buffers must contain AT LEAST as many bytes
/* as specified by the Size parameter.
/* * NOTE * This function DOES allow the overlapping of the
/* Source and Destination Buffers.
BTPSAPI_DECLARATION void BTPSAPI BTPS_MemMove(void *Destination, BTPSCONST void *Source, unsigned
long Size);

#ifdef INCLUDE_BLUETOOTH_API_PROTOTYPES
typedef void (BTPSAPI *PFN_BTPS_MemMove_t)(void *Destination, BTPSCONST void *Source, unsigned
long Size);
#endif

/* The following function is provided to allow a mechanism to fill
/* a block of memory with the specified value. This function accepts
/* as input a pointer to the Data Buffer (first parameter) that is
/* to be filled with the specified value (second parameter). The
/* final parameter to this function specifies the number of bytes
/* that are to be filled in the Data Buffer. The Destination
/* Buffer must point to a Buffer that is AT LEAST the size of
/* the Size parameter.
BTPSAPI_DECLARATION void BTPSAPI BTPS_MemInitialize(void *Destination, unsigned char Value,
unsigned long Size);

#ifdef INCLUDE_BLUETOOTH_API_PROTOTYPES
typedef void (BTPSAPI *PFN_BTPS_MemInitialize_t)(void *Destination, unsigned char Value,
unsigned long Size);
#endif

/* The following function is provided to allow a mechanism to
/* Compare two blocks of memory to see if the two memory blocks
/* (each of size Size (in bytes)) are equal (each and every byte up
/* to Size bytes). This function returns a negative number if
/* Source1 is less than Source2, zero if Source1 equals Source2, and
/* a positive value if Source1 is greater than Source2.
BTPSAPI_DECLARATION int BTPSAPI BTPS_MemCompare(BTPSCONST void *Source1, BTPSCONST void *Source2,
unsigned long Size);

#ifdef INCLUDE_BLUETOOTH_API_PROTOTYPES
typedef int (BTPSAPI *PFN_BTPS_MemCompare_t)(BTPSCONST void *Source1, BTPSCONST void *Source2,
unsigned long Size);
#endif

/* The following function is provided to allow a mechanism to Compare*/

```

```

/* two blocks of memory to see if the two memory blocks (each of size*/
/* Size (in bytes)) are equal (each and every byte up to Size bytes) */
/* using a Case-Insensitive Compare. This function returns a */
/* negative number if Source1 is less than Source2, zero if Source1 */
/* equals Source2, and a positive value if Source1 is greater than */
/* Source2. */
BTPSAPI_DECLARATION int BTPSAPI BTPS_MemCompareI(BTPSCONST void *Source1, BTPSCONST void
*Source2, unsigned long Size);

#ifdef INCLUDE_BLUETOOTH_API_PROTOTYPES
typedef int (BTPSAPI *PFN_BTPS_MemCompareI_t)(BTPSCONST void *Source1, BTPSCONST void
*Source2, unsigned int Size);
#endif

/* The following function is provided to allow a mechanism to */
/* copy a source NULL Terminated ASCII (character) String to the */
/* specified Destination String Buffer. This function accepts as */
/* input a pointer to a buffer (Destination) that is to receive the */
/* NULL Terminated ASCII String pointed to by the Source parameter. */
/* This function copies the string byte by byte from the Source */
/* to the Destination (including the NULL terminator). */
BTPSAPI_DECLARATION void BTPSAPI BTPS_StringCopy(char *Destination, BTPSCONST char *Source);

#ifdef INCLUDE_BLUETOOTH_API_PROTOTYPES
typedef void (BTPSAPI *PFN_BTPS_StringCopy_t)(char *Destination, BTPSCONST char *Source);
#endif

/* The following function is provided to allow a mechanism to */
/* determine the Length (in characters) of the specified NULL */
/* Terminated ASCII (character) String. This function accepts as */
/* input a pointer to a NULL Terminated ASCII String and returns */
/* the number of characters present in the string (NOT including */
/* the terminating NULL character). */
BTPSAPI_DECLARATION unsigned int BTPSAPI BTPS_StringLength(BTPSCONST char *Source);

#ifdef INCLUDE_BLUETOOTH_API_PROTOTYPES
typedef unsigned int (BTPSAPI *PFN_BTPS_StringLength_t)(BTPSCONST char *Source);
#endif

/* The following MACRO definition is provided to allow a mechanism */
/* for a C Run-Time Library sprintf() function implementation. This */
/* MACRO could be redefined as a function (like the rest of the */
/* functions in this file), however more code would be required to */
/* implement the variable number of arguments and formatting code */
/* then it would be to simply call the C Run-Time Library sprintf() */
/* function. It is simply provided here as a MACRO mapping to allow */
/* an easy means for a starting place to port this file to other */
/* operating systems/platforms. */
#define BTPS_Printf sprintf

/* The following function is provided to allow a mechanism to create */
/* a Mailbox. A Mailbox is a Data Store that contains slots (all */
/* of the same size) that can have data placed into (and retrieved */
/* from). Once Data is placed into a Mailbox (via the */
/* BTPS_AddMailbox() function, it can be retrieved by using the */
/* BTPS_WaitMailbox() function. Data placed into the Mailbox is */
/* retrieved in a FIFO method. This function accepts as input the */
/* Maximum Number of Slots that will be present in the Mailbox and */
/* the Size of each of the Slots. This function returns a NON-NULL */
/* Mailbox Handle if the Mailbox is successfully created, or a */
/* NULL Mailbox Handle if the Mailbox was unable to be created. */
BTPSAPI_DECLARATION Mailbox_t BTPSAPI BTPS_CreateMailbox(unsigned int NumberSlots, unsigned int
SlotSize);

#ifdef INCLUDE_BLUETOOTH_API_PROTOTYPES
typedef Mailbox_t (BTPSAPI *PFN_BTPS_CreateMailbox_t)(unsigned int NumberSlots, unsigned int
SlotSize);
#endif

/* The following function is provided to allow a means to Add data */
/* to the Mailbox (where it can be retrieved via the */

```



```

/* BTPS_WaitMailbox() function. This function accepts as input the */
/* Mailbox Handle of the Mailbox to place the data into and a */
/* pointer to a buffer that contains the data to be added. This */
/* pointer *MUST* point to a data buffer that is AT LEAST the Size */
/* of the Slots in the Mailbox (specified when the Mailbox was */
/* created) and this pointer CANNOT be NULL. The data that the */
/* MailboxData pointer points to is placed into the Mailbox where it */
/* can be retrieved via the BTPS_WaitMailbox() function. */
/* * NOTE * This function copies from the MailboxData Pointer the */
/* first SlotSize Bytes. The SlotSize was specified when */
/* the Mailbox was created via a successful call to the */
/* BTPS_CreateMailbox() function. */
BTPSAPI_DECLARATION Boolean_t BTPSAPI BTPS_AddMailbox(Mailbox_t Mailbox, void *MailboxData);

#ifdef INCLUDE_BLUETOOTH_API_PROTOTYPES
typedef Boolean_t (BTPSAPI *PFN_BTPS_AddMailbox_t)(Mailbox_t Mailbox, void *MailboxData);
#endif

/* The following function is provided to allow a means to retrieve */
/* data from the specified Mailbox. This function will block until */
/* either Data is placed in the Mailbox or an error with the Mailbox */
/* was detected. This function accepts as its first parameter a */
/* Mailbox Handle that represents the Mailbox to wait for the data */
/* with. This function accepts as its second parameter, a pointer */
/* to a data buffer that is AT LEAST the size of a single Slot of */
/* the Mailbox (specified when the BTPS_CreateMailbox() function */
/* was called). The MailboxData parameter CANNOT be NULL. This */
/* function will return TRUE if data was successfully retrieved */
/* from the Mailbox or FALSE if there was an error retrieving data */
/* from the Mailbox. If this function returns TRUE then the first */
/* SlotSize bytes of the MailboxData pointer will contain the data */
/* that was retrieved from the Mailbox. */
/* * NOTE * This function copies to the MailboxData Pointer the */
/* data that is present in the Mailbox Slot (of size */
/* SlotSize). The SlotSize was specified when the Mailbox */
/* was created via a successful call to the */
/* BTPS_CreateMailbox() function. */
BTPSAPI_DECLARATION Boolean_t BTPSAPI BTPS_WaitMailbox(Mailbox_t Mailbox, void *MailboxData);

#ifdef INCLUDE_BLUETOOTH_API_PROTOTYPES
typedef Boolean_t (BTPSAPI *PFN_BTPS_WaitMailbox_t)(Mailbox_t Mailbox, void *MailboxData);
#endif

/* The following function is a utility function that exists to */
/* determine if there is anything queued in the specified Mailbox. */
/* This function returns TRUE if there is something queued in the */
/* Mailbox, or FALSE if there is nothing queued in the specified */
/* Mailbox. */
Boolean_t BTPSAPI BTPS_QueryMailbox(Mailbox_t Mailbox);

#ifdef INCLUDE_BLUETOOTH_API_PROTOTYPES
typedef Boolean_t (BTPSAPI *PFN_BTPS_QueryMailbox_t)(Mailbox_t Mailbox);
#endif

/* The following function is responsible for destroying a Mailbox */
/* that was created successfully via a successful call to the */
/* BTPS_CreateMailbox() function. This function accepts as input */
/* the Mailbox Handle of the Mailbox to destroy. Once this function */
/* is completed the Mailbox Handle is NO longer valid and CANNOT be */
/* used. Calling this function will cause all outstanding */
/* BTPS_WaitMailbox() functions to fail with an error. */
BTPSAPI_DECLARATION void BTPSAPI BTPS_DeleteMailbox(Mailbox_t Mailbox);

#ifdef INCLUDE_BLUETOOTH_API_PROTOTYPES
typedef void (BTPSAPI *PFN_BTPS_DeleteMailbox_t)(Mailbox_t Mailbox);
#endif

/* The following function is used to initialize the Platform module. */
/* The Platform module relies on some static variables that are used */
/* to coordinate the abstraction. When the module is initially */
/* started from a cold boot, all variables are set to the proper */

```

```

/* state. If the Warm Boot is required, then these variables need to*/
/* be reset to their default values. This function sets all static */
/* parameters to their default values. */
/* * NOTE * The implementation is free to pass whatever information */
/* required in this parameter. */
BTPSAPI_DECLARATION void BTPSAPI BTPS_Init(void *UserParam);

#ifdef INCLUDE_BLUETOOTH_API_PROTOTYPES
typedef void (BTPSAPI *PFN_BTPS_Init_t)(void *UserParam);
#endif

/* The following function is used to cleanup the Platform module. */
BTPSAPI_DECLARATION void BTPSAPI BTPS_DeInit(void);

#ifdef INCLUDE_BLUETOOTH_API_PROTOTYPES
typedef void (BTPSAPI *PFN_BTPS_DeInit_t)(void);
#endif

/* Write out the specified NULL terminated Debugging String to the */
/* Debug output. */
BTPSAPI_DECLARATION void BTPSAPI BTPS_OutputMessage(BTPSCONST char *DebugString, ...);

#ifdef INCLUDE_BLUETOOTH_API_PROTOTYPES
typedef void (BTPSAPI *PFN_BTPS_OutputMessage_t)(BTPSCONST char *DebugString, ...);
#endif

/* The following function is used to set the Debug Mask that controls*/
/* which debug zone messages get displayed. The function takes as */
/* its only parameter the Debug Mask value that is to be used. Each */
/* bit in the mask corresponds to a debug zone. When a bit is set, */
/* the printing of that debug zone is enabled. */
BTPSAPI_DECLARATION void BTPSAPI BTPS_SetDebugMask(unsigned long DebugMask);

#ifdef INCLUDE_BLUETOOTH_API_PROTOTYPES
typedef void (BTPSAPI *PFN_BTPS_SetDebugMask_t)(unsigned long DebugMask);
#endif

/* The following function is a utility function that can be used to */
/* determine if a specified Zone is currently enabled for debugging. */
BTPSAPI_DECLARATION int BTPSAPI BTPS_TestDebugZone(unsigned long Zone);

#ifdef INCLUDE_BLUETOOTH_API_PROTOTYPES
typedef int (BTPSAPI *PFN_BTPS_TestDebugZone_t)(unsigned long Zone);
#endif

/* The following function is responsible for writing binary debug */
/* data to the specified debug file handle. The first parameter to */
/* this function is the handle of the open debug file to write the */
/* debug data to. The second parameter to this function is the */
/* length of binary data pointed to by the next parameter. The final */
/* parameter to this function is a pointer to the binary data to be */
/* written to the debug file. */
BTPSAPI_DECLARATION int BTPSAPI BTPS_DumpData(unsigned int DataLength, BTPSCONST unsigned char
*DataPtr);

#ifdef INCLUDE_BLUETOOTH_API_PROTOTYPES
typedef int (BTPSAPI *PFN_BTPS_DumpData_t)(unsigned int DataLength, BTPSCONST unsigned char
*DataPtr);
#endif

#endif

```