Dickinson

Dept. of Data Analytics

COFFEE SHOPS

Review Analysis



Ziwei Guo '24 & Tai Nguyen '25

INTRODUCTION

This project focuses on analyzing Yelp reviews of coffee shops in Austin, TX aiming to uncover insights into customer perceptions and preferences by employing statistical techniques such as sentiment analysis, classification modeling, feature importance analysis, topic modeling and regression analysis.

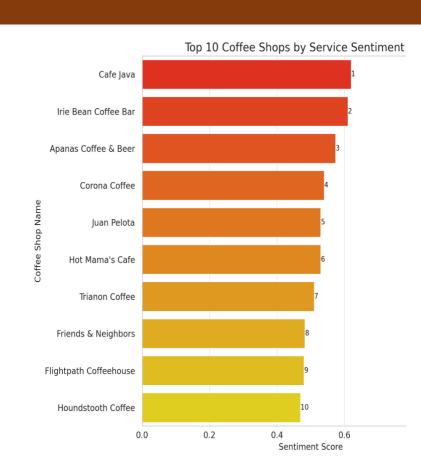
Objective:

We seek to understand factors that influence overall ratings and categorical ratings of coffee shops and provide actionable insights to coffee shop owners in Austin, Texas or coffee business owners in general, helping them enhance customer satisfaction and optimize business strategies.

DATA RETRIEVAL

- 3 datasets: Ratings and Sentiments, Raw Reviews, Sentiments by Shop with nearly 7000 *scraped* reviews from yelp.com of 78 coffee shops in Austin, TX with various sentiment parameters
- Includes 20 variables consisted of 4 types: numerical, categorical, string/text, date/time, including but not limited to coffee shop names, review text, rating, etc.

EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS

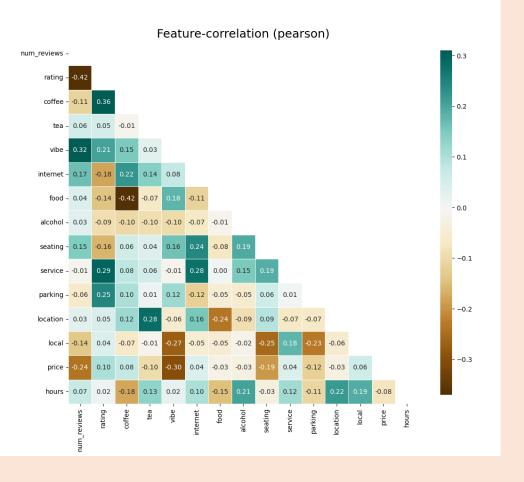


review_length Polarity
review_length 1.000000 -0.288783
Polarity -0.288783 1.000000

Polarity is the range [-1, 1], where -1 means a negative sentiment, 1 means a positive sentiment, and 0 represents a neutral sentiment.

Correlation Table/Heatmap

Identify patterns and relationships between variables. High absolute values of correlation coefficients (close to 1 or -1) indicate strong relationships, while values close to 0 suggest weak or no relationships.



WORD CLOUD BY TOPICS



Same offerings Coffee good 100 Place great service 1000 love and 1000 lo



The size of each word indicates its frequency or importance in the text reviews.

STATISTICAL MODELING

Feature selection through Random
Forest: Identify the most important features
(e.g., specific words in the review text,
numerical ratings) that contribute to the
overall rating or categorical rating of the
coffee shop

- Logistic Regression: Prediction model of categorical rating (HIGH or LOW) based on review text and other features

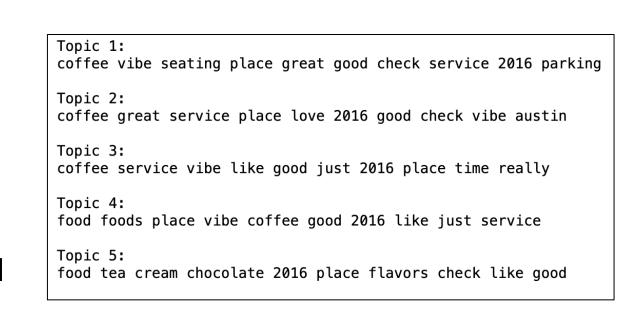
 Logistic Regression: Prediction model of Education model of Educa
- Topic Modelling: Utilizing algorithms like
 Latent Dirichlet Allocation (LDA) or NonNegative Matrix Factorization (NMF), to
 uncover latent topics or themes within the
 review text and provide a deeper
 understanding of the key aspects discussed
 by customers

720	rude	0.016019
598	ok	0.015608
365	great	0.013933
68	bad	0.011401
758	service	0.011225
599	okay	0.009153
55	asked	0.008926
453	just	0.008879
986	worst	0.008695
529	maybe	0.008587
	5	

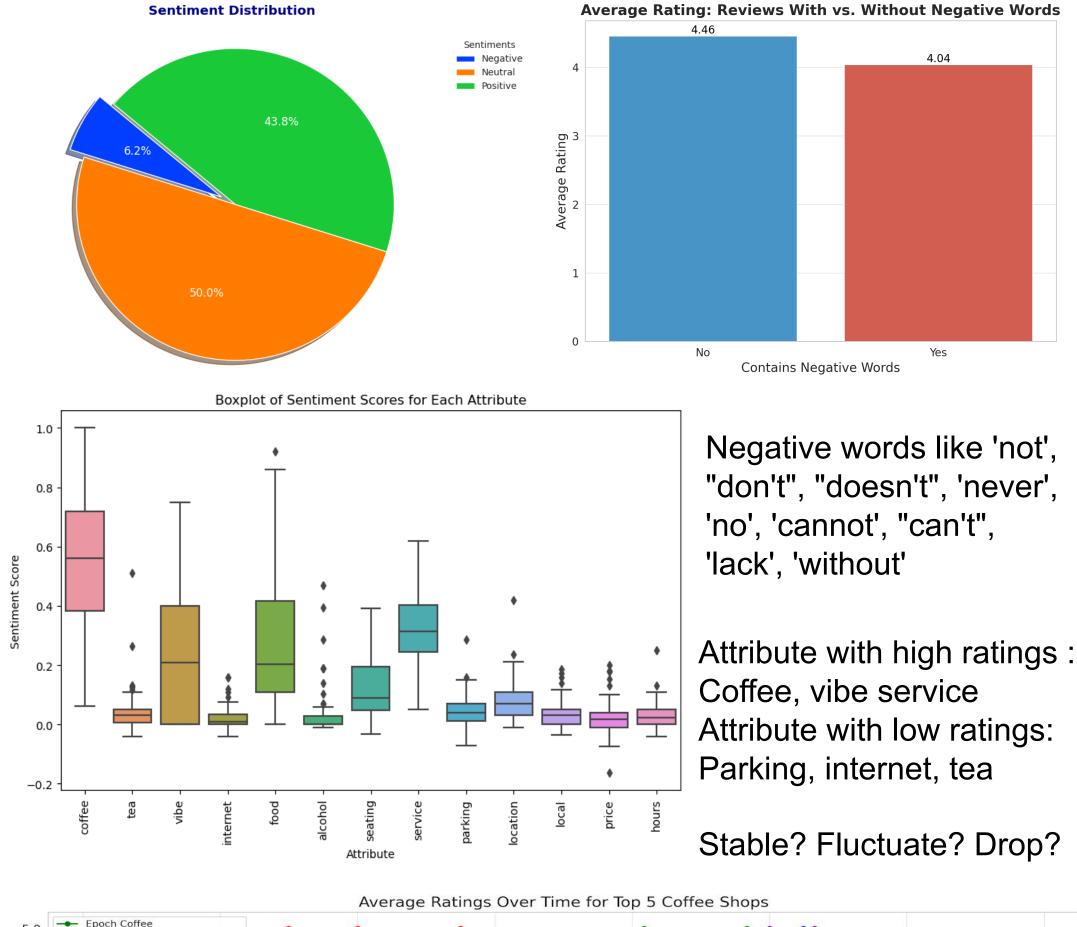
Top 10 Most Important Features:

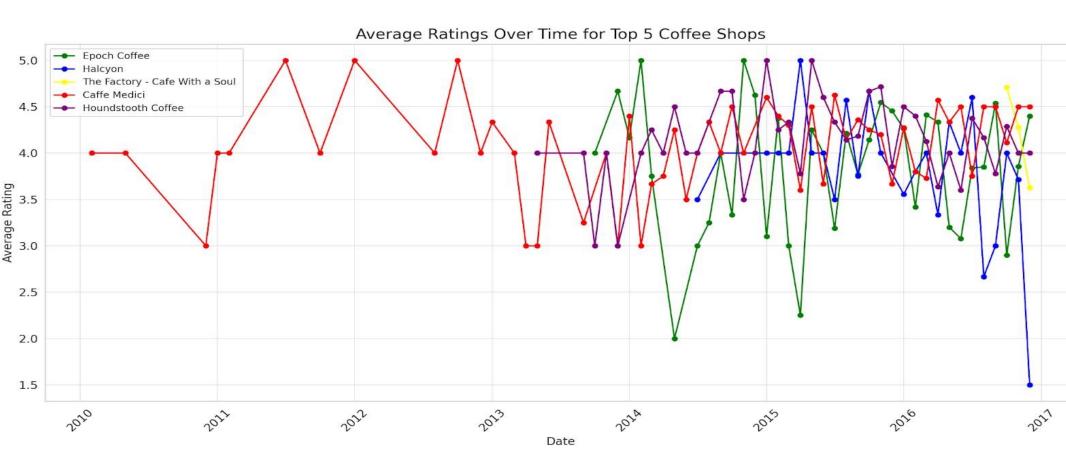
Importance

p	recision	recall	f1-score	support
HIGH	0.89	0.99	0.93	1234
LOW	0.89	0.47	0.61	290
accuracy			0.89	1524
macro avg	0.89	0.73	0.77	1524
weighted avg	0.89	0.89	0.87	1524



SENTIMENT ANALYSIS





IMPLICATIONS

For stakeholders:

- Enhanced Customer Satisfaction: Understand factors for positive experiences, leading to happier customers.
- Improved Business Strategies: Informed decisions on offerings, pricing, and marketing for better outcomes.
- Targeted Marketing: Tailor messaging and promotions to resonate with the audience.
- Operational Efficiency: Identify areas for improvement, streamlining processes for cost savings.
- Competitive Advantage: Stand out in the market by adapting to customer preferences effectively.