Final Exam 21A on 12/13/02

Points: 200/

Name: ID#:

This exam contains 8 pages. Check this. You are not allowed to use a calculator.

- 1. **Problem 1, 30pts:** Calculate the derivatives of the following functions with respect to x:
 - (a) **[6pts]** $\sin^{-1}(\frac{1}{x});$

(b) $[\mathbf{6pts}] \frac{1}{\cos(\frac{1}{x})};$

(c) **[6pts]** $\ln(\frac{x}{x^2+1});$

(d) [6pts] $e^{-\cos^2 x}$;

(e) [6pts] $(\sqrt{x})^x$. (Hint: use logarithmic representation).

2. **Problem 2, 30pts:** Compute the following limits if they exist. (In case, explain why a limit does not exist).

(a) **[6pts]**
$$\lim_{x\to\infty} (x - \sqrt{1+x^2});$$

(b) **[6pts]**
$$\lim_{x\to\infty} xe^{-x}$$
;

(c)
$$[\mathbf{6pts}] \lim_{x\to 0} \frac{1}{\tan x};$$

(d)
$$[\mathbf{6pts}] \lim_{x\to 0} \frac{1-\cos x}{x^2}$$

(e) **[6pts]** $\lim_{x\to\pi/2} \frac{1}{\tan x}$.

- 3. **Problem 3, 50pts:** Let $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{x}$.
 - (a) [10pts] Find the domain and range of f;

(b) [10pts] Find the region where f is increasing, respectively decreasing.

(c) [10pts] Compute the only local extremum, and decide whether it is a local maximum or minimum. Is that point a global extremum?

(d) [10pts] Find the region where f is concave upward, respectively concave downward.

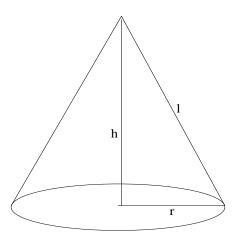
(e) [10pts] Plot the function qualitatively.

4. **Problem 4, 20pts:**

(a) [10pts] Show that there is a solution to the equation $x+0.5=2^{-x}$. Provide reasons.

(b) [10pts] Calculate implicitly the derivative of $x + \tan(xy) = 2$ at x = 1.

5. **Problem 5, 30pts:** The volume V of a right circular cone with radius r and height h (see Figure) is equal to $\pi/3$. Find the radius **and** height for which the surface of the curved surface S is minimal. (Hint: you may use that $V = \frac{1}{3}r^2\pi h$, $S = \pi rl$.)



6. Problem 6, 20pts: Calculate

(a)
$$[\mathbf{3pts}] \log_{10} 0.0001 =$$

(b)
$$[6pts] \log_2 3 - \log_2 6 =$$

(c) **[5pts]**
$$\ln \sqrt{e} =$$

(d) ${\bf [6pts]}$ Express $\log_4 10$ in terms of $\log_2 10.$

- 7. **Problem 7, 20pts:** Calculate and plot the inverse function, f^{-1} , when
 - (a) **[10pts]** $f(x) = x^3 + 1$;

(b) [10pts] $f(x) = 3 \sin x$.