

Name: Solutions

Math 21C Section B05

Thursday 4-5pm

4/17/2008

QUIZ #2

Problem 1 (5 points): Does the series

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{n}}}$$

converge or diverge? Give reasons for your answer.

$$\text{let } a_n = \frac{1}{n^{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{n}}} = \frac{1}{n^{1 + \frac{1}{n}}}$$

$$\text{and let } b_n = \frac{1}{n}.$$

we know the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n}$ diverges.

Now

$$\frac{a_n}{b_n} = \frac{\frac{1}{n^{1 + \frac{1}{n}}}}{\frac{1}{n}} = \frac{n}{n^{1 + \frac{1}{n}}} = \frac{1}{n^{\frac{1}{n}}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt[n]{n}}$$

$$\text{and we have that } \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{a_n}{b_n} = \frac{\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} 1}{\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{n}} = \frac{1}{1} = 1$$

So by limit comparison test, since $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n$ diverges,

we have that

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{n}}} \text{ diverges}$$

Problem 2 (5 points): Does the series

$$\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{n}{(\ln n)^n}$$

converge or diverge? Give reasons for your answer.

let $a_n = \frac{n}{(\ln n)^n}$.

lets apply the ratio test which says that for $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} a_n$, we have converges if $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{|a_n|} < 1$,
diverges if $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{|a_n|} > 1$,

and inconclusive results if $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{|a_n|} = 1$.

$$\text{So } \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{|a_n|} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{\frac{n}{(\ln n)^n}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt[n]{n}}{\ln n}$$

$$= \left(\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{\ln n} \right) \cdot \left(\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{n} \right) = 0 \cdot 1 = 0,$$

So by ratio test

$$\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} a_n = \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{n}{(\ln n)^n} \text{ converges}$$