

- ① How close is the approximation $\sin x = x$ when $|x| < 10^{-3}$?
- ② Describe the sets of points in the space whose coordinates satisfy the given inequalities (or combination of equations and inequalities)

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \leq 1$$

Solutions

- ① The series of $\sin x$ can be written

$$\sin x = x - \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} - \frac{x^7}{7!} + \dots$$

This series is an alternating series for every nonzero value of x . According to the alternating series estimation theorem the error in truncating

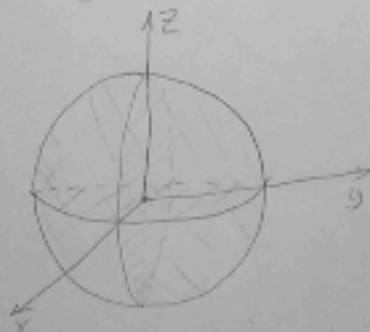
$$\sin x = x - \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} - \frac{x^7}{7!} + \dots$$

after x is not greater than $|\frac{-x^3}{3!}| = \frac{|x|^3}{3!} = \frac{|x|^3}{6}$

Thus, since $|x| < 10^{-3}$, we have $\frac{|x|^3}{6} < \frac{(10^{-3})^3}{6} = \frac{10^{-9}}{6} = \frac{1}{60}$

meaning that the approximation when $|x| < 10^{-3}$ has error less than $\frac{1}{60}$.

- ② $A = \{(x, y, z) \mid x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \leq 1\}$ is the solid ball with center $(0, 0, 0)$ and radius 1.



$A_1 = \{(x, y, z) \mid x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1\}$
is the sphere of radius 1 and center $(0, 0, 0)$.

$A_2 = \{(x, y, z) \mid x^2 + y^2 + z^2 < 1\}$
is the ball with radius strictly less than 1 and center $(0, 0, 0)$.

$$A = A_1 \cup A_2$$