

Name: Key

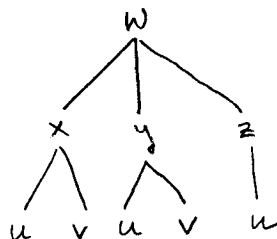
Student ID: \_\_\_\_\_

Show all work and justifications to receive full credit.  
No Calculators.

1. (5 pts)

Let

$$w = \frac{y}{x} + \ln(z), \quad x = u - 2v + 1, \quad y = 2u + v, \quad z = \cos(u).$$

Find  $\frac{\partial w}{\partial v}$  using Chain Rule.

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial v} = \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial v} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial v} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} \frac{\partial z}{\partial v}$$

$$= \frac{-y}{x^2} (-2) + \frac{1}{x} (1) + \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} \cdot 0$$

$$= \frac{2y}{x^2} + \frac{1}{x} = \frac{4u+2v}{(u-2v+1)^2} + \frac{1}{u-2v+1}$$

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2. (5 pts)

Find the derivative of the function  $f(x, y) = x^3 + y^2$  at the point  $(-1, 1)$  in the direction  $\mathbf{A} = 3\mathbf{i} - 4\mathbf{j}$ .

$$D_{\mathbf{u}} f(-1, 1)$$

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$$\text{where } \mathbf{u} = \frac{\mathbf{A}}{|\mathbf{A}|} = \frac{3\mathbf{i} - 4\mathbf{j}}{\sqrt{3^2 + (-4)^2}} = \frac{3\mathbf{i} - 4\mathbf{j}}{5}$$

$$\nabla f \Big|_{(-1, 1)} \cdot \mathbf{u} = \langle 3x^2, 2y \rangle \Big|_{(-1, 1)} \cdot \mathbf{u} = \frac{\langle 3, 2 \rangle \cdot \langle 3, -4 \rangle}{5}$$

$$= \frac{1}{5}$$

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