

# Big Data for Public Policy

## Introduction

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23/02/2023

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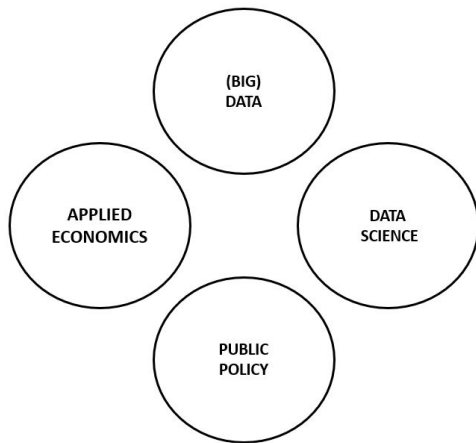
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- ▶ **Causal inference methods** from applied economics and **machine learning techniques** are perfect to evaluate and support better policies

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- ▶ Data Science:

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- ▶ Data Science:
  - ▶ ML/AI optimal methods to make predictions
  - ▶ Perfect for generating risk assessment and tailoring actions

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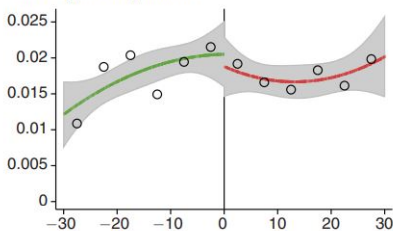


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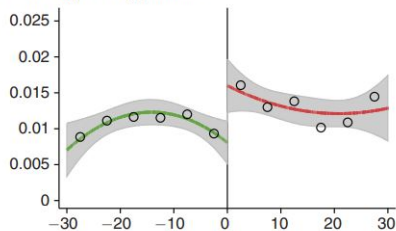
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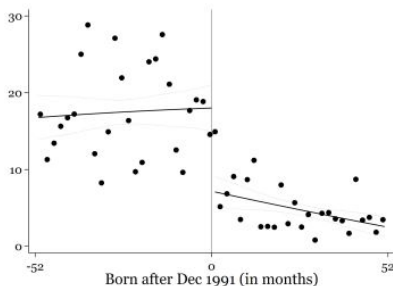
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(A) SIDS mortality

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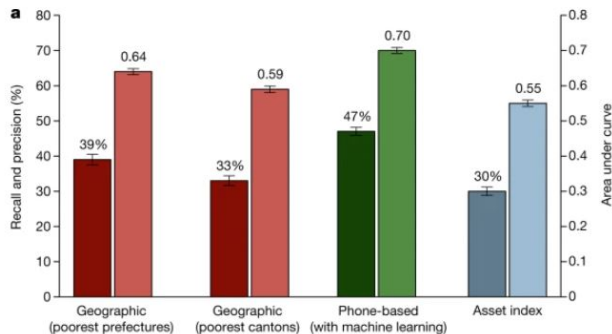


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**Fig. 1: Comparing Novissi targeting to alternatives.**



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Table 4: Performance Metrics for Targeted Auditing Policies

Evaluation Sample	Status Quo (Lottery)		Targeted Audits		Fair Targeting
	(1a) All (Sim)	(1b) Audited	(2a) All (Sim)	(2b) Audited	(3) Audited
Corruption Rate, if Audited	0.5123	0.4664	0.9186	0.8563	0.789
↔ Ratio over Random Audits			1.7869	1.836	1.693
Audit Rate, if Corrupt	0.036	0.036	0.0653	0.0671	0.0618

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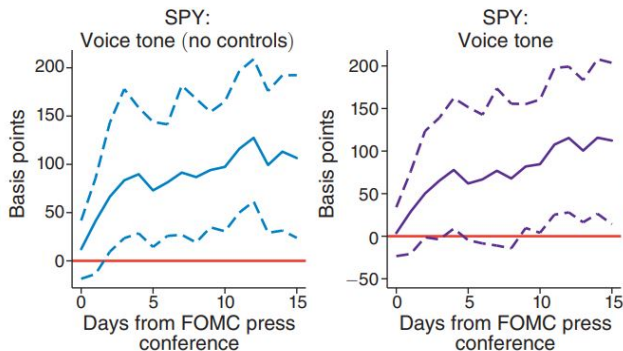
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# Practical Information

- ▶ Instructors: Sergio Galletta ([sergio.galletta@gess.ethz.ch](mailto:sergio.galletta@gess.ethz.ch)) & Elliott Ash ([ashe@ethz.ch](mailto:ashe@ethz.ch)) & Christoph Gössmann ([christoph.goessmann@gess.ethz.ch](mailto:christoph.goessmann@gess.ethz.ch))
- ▶ Lecture Time: Thursdays 12:15-14:00 (13 lectures)
- ▶ Location: In person LFW B 1
- ▶ Office hours: By appointment via email
- ▶ Most of the important information are in the [syllabus](#) and we update the course material on [github](#)