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♦ Ensuring code quality in Java Q&As

# ♦ Ensuring code quality in Java Q&As

Posted on September 27, 2014 by Arulkumaran Kumaraswamipillai — No Comments ↓



Q1. How do you ensure code quality in your application?
A1. Code quality means writing **readable**, **maintainable** and robust code, that conforms as much as possible to the style-guideline that is used, and that has as little as possible defects. It also means writing maintainable code with proper automated and manual tests.

#### 1. Write a number of automated tests

Unit tests using JUnit or TestNG. For unit tests
use mock objects to ensure that your tests don't
fail due to volatility of the data changes. There
are mocking frameworks like EasyMock,
Mockito, and PowerMock.

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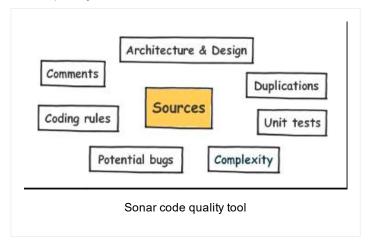
- Integration testing of your services with JUnit or TestNG. Your integration tests are only as good as the quality of the data. You could either use dedicated test databases or use frameworks like DBUnit to manage extraction and insertion of data.
- Web testing using Selenium + WebDriver. Selenium + WebDriver ( Selenium interview questions and answers) allows you to reenact web user experience and run it as an automated unit test using JUnit or TestNG. Your tests are only as good as the quality of the data. You could either use dedicated system test databases or use frameworks like DBUnit. DBUnit allows you to extract the data from databases into flat XML files, and then refresh (i.e. insert or update) the data into the database during setup phase of running the unit tests. There are handy proxy JDBC driver tool called **P6SPY**, which logs the SQL queries that are executed against the database by the **DBUnit**. This P6SPY also very handy in debugging Hibernate's generated SQL by acting as a proxy driver between JDBC and the real driver so that all generated SQL will be logged. There are other Web testing tools like Badboy.
- Load testing your application with tools like
   JMeter, OpenSTA, etc. The Badboy
   compliments JMeter by allowing you to record
   scripts and then exporting the scripts as a JMeter
   file to be used in JMeter.JMeter Interview
   Questions and Answers
- 2. Have regular code reviews. There are tools like **Crucible** from Atlassian that gives your team an efficient way to benefit from the power of constant code review with features like inline commenting, simple workflow, asynchronous reviews, email and RSS notifications, JIRA integration and much more.
- 3. Using a number of code quality tools.
  - Checkstyle ensures the style of your Java code is standardized and "nice". It checks white spaces, new lines, formatting, etc. (i.e. it looks on the code line by line). This only ensure style of your code.

```
□ Spring (18)
    ⊕ Spring boot (4)
    ⊕ Spring IO (1)
    Spring JavaConf
      01: ♥♦ 13 Spring
     -01b: ♦ 13 Spring
      02: ► Spring DII
      03: ♥♦ Spring DI
      04 ♦ 17 Spring b
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     Spring loading p
  ⊟ Hibernate (13)
      01: ♥♦ 15+ Hiber
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      -06: Hibernate Fire
      07: Hibernate mi
      08: Hibernate au
     --09: Hibernate en
     -10: Spring, Java
     -11: Hibernate de
     12: Hibernate cu
  ∃ JSF (2)
  Testing & Profiling/Sa
  Automation Testing

    □ Code Coverage (2)

  □ Code Quality (2)
     ▼ 30+ Java Code
     ► • Ensuring code
  ivisualym profiling (
  Performance Testir
  ■ Unit Testing Q&A (2)
```

- On the other hand there is PMD which not necessarily checks the style of your code but it checks the structure of the whole code. PMD scans Java source code and looks for potential problems like possible bugs, dead code, suboptimal code, overcomplicated expressions, duplicate code, etc.
- FindBugs is a static analysis tool to look for bugs in Java code. It discovers possible NullPointerExceptions and a lot more bugs.
- Sonar is a very powerful tool covering 7 axes of code quality as shown below.



- Using continuous integration servers (on a clean separate machine) like Bamboo, Hudson,
   CruiseControl, etc to continuously integrate and test your code.
- 5. Not stopping to code once the code works. Too many developers feel their job stops at making something happen. It is a best practice to constantly **refactor code** with proper unit tests in place.
- Q2. Do you use test driven development? Why / Why not? A2. [Hint] Yes.
  - Gives you a better understanding of what you're going to write. Gets you to clearly think what the inputs are and what the output is. Helps you separate the concerns by getting you to think about the single responsibility principle (SRP).
  - Enforces a better test coverage. This gives you the confidence to refactor your code in the future, since you have a good coverage.

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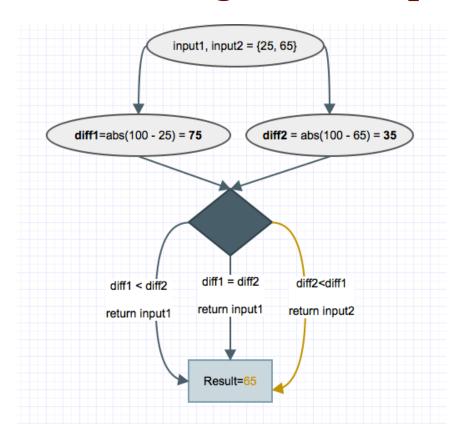
• You won't waste time writing features you don't need.

Q3. Write a program that will return whichever value is nearest to the value of 100 from two given int numbers. A3.

# 1. Write pseudo code first:

- Compute the difference to 100.
- Find out the absolute difference as negative numbers are valid.
- Compare the differences to find out the nearest number to 100.

## 2. Draw a diagram if it helps



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- **⊕** ◆ Complete the given
- **⊕** Designing your classe
- **⊟** Java Data Structures
- Passing the unit tests
- Writing Code Home A
- Written Test Core Jav

# How good are your ....?

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# 3. Consider the edge cases and write unit tests

Write test cases for +ve, -ve, equal to, > than and < than values. For example, {25, 65}, {-25, -65}, {30, 30}, {65, 25}, {110, 145}, etc.

```
import org.junit.Assert;
   import org.junit.Test;
3
   //{25, 65}, {-25, -65}, {30, 30}, {65, 25}, {110}
5
   public class CloseTo100Test {
6
          @Test
8
          public void testPositiveNumbers(){
9
               Assert.assertEquals(65,CloseTo100.cal
10
11
12
          @Test
13
          public void testNegativeNumbers(){
14
               Assert.assertEquals(-25,CloseTo100.ca
15
16
17
          @Test
18
          public void testEqualNumbers(){
19
               Assert.assertEquals(30,CloseTo100.cal
20
21
22
          @Test
23
          public void testLessThan100Numbers(){
24
               Assert.assertEquals(65,CloseTo100.cal
25
26
27
          @Test
28
          public void testGreaterThan100Numbers(){
29
               Assert.assertEquals(110,CloseTo100.ca
30
31
32
          @Test
33
          public void testNegativeNumbers2(){
34
               Assert.assertEquals(-110,CloseTo100.c
35
          }
36 }
```

junit-xxx.jar and hamcrest0core-xxx.jar files need to be in the classpath.

## 4. Write code

```
public class CloseTo100 {
3
       public static int calculate(int input1, int
4
5
           //compute the difference. Negative values
6
            int iput1Diff = Math.abs(100 - input1);
7
            int iput2Diff = Math.abs(100 - input2);
8
9
            //compare the difference
10
            if (iput1Diff < iput2Diff) {</pre>
               return input1;
11
12
13
            else if (iput2Diff < iput1Diff) {</pre>
14
                   return input2;
15
            else{
16
17
                  return input1;
```

```
18 }
19 }
20 |
```

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