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Java 8: Different ways to sort a collection of objects in pre and post Java 8

Java 8: Different ways to sort a collection of objects in pre and post Java 8

Posted on November 8, 2014 by Arulkumaran Kumaraswamipillai — No Comments L

The object we are going to sort is a *Person*.

```
public class Person {
2
3
4
5
6
    public enum Gender {FEMALE, MALE};
    private String name;
    private Integer age;
    private Gender gender;
9
    public Person(String name, Integer age, Gender
10
     this.name = name;
11
     this.age = age;
12
     this.gender = gender;
13
14
    //getter, setter, equals(...), and hashCode() m
```

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- ⊕ GC (2)
- ⊕ Generics (5)
- ⊕ FP (8)
- **⊞**-IO (7)

- Annotations (2)
- **□** Collection and Data
 - → Find the first no
- → Java Collection
 - Java Iterable \
 - ---**♥♦** HashMap & F

```
16
17 @Override
18 public String toString() {
19 return "Person [name=" + name + ", age=" + age
20 }
21 }
22
```

Option 1: Writing your own **Comparator** implementation. This can be done as an anonymous inner class instead of a separate class.

```
import java.util.Comparator;
   public class PersonComparator implements Compara
3
4
5
    @Override
6
    public int compare(Person o1, Person o2) {
8
     //by gender first
9
     int i1 = o1.getGender().compareTo(o2.getGender
10
     if (i1 != 0) return i1;
11
12
     //by name next
13
     int i2 = o1.getName().compareTo(o2.getName())
14
     if (i2 != 0) return i2;
15
16
     //by age
17
     return o1.getAge().compareTo(o2.getAge());
18
19 }
20
```

The test class

```
import java.util.ArrayList;
     import java.util.List;
    public class PersonTest {
6
      public static void main(String[] args) {
       List<Person> people = new ArrayList<>();
people.add(new Person("John", 35, Person.Gende
people.add(new Person("John", 32, Person.Gende
people.add(new Person("Simone", 30, Person.Gen
people.add(new Person("Shawn", 30, Person.Gend
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
        System.out.println("before sorting = "
15
        people.sort(new PersonComparator());
        System.out.println("after sorting = "
16
                                                                       + peopl
17
18
19
20
```

```
Sorting objects
      02: ♦ Java 8 Stre
      04: Understandir
     4 Java Collection
      If Java did not ha
     --Java 8: Different
    Part-3: Java Tree
      Sorting a Map by
    When to use whi
  □ Differences Betwee
  Event Driven Progr
  ∃ Java 7 (2)
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```

16 Technical Key Areas

```
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⊞ Best Practice (6)

⊞ Coding (26)

⊞ Concurrency (6)

⊞ Design Concepts (7)

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⊞ Exception Handling (3)

⊞ Java Debugging (21)

⊞ Judging Experience In
```

Option 2: The Option 1 is not bad, but the the moment you need to handle null element values, the *PersonComparator* will have more code. One of the best practices in Java is "Don't reinvent the wheel". So, let's use the *BeanComparator*, *NullComparator*, and *ComparatorChain* from the **Apache commons library** commons-beanutils -> commons-beanutils-bean-collections that uses <u>reflection</u>. The example below also handles null values.

```
import java.util.ArrayList;
    import java.util.List;
    import org.apache.commons.beanutils.BeanComparat
    import org.apache.commons.collections.comparator
    import org.apache.commons.collections.comparator
    public class PersonTest {
     public static void main(String[] args) {
10
11
12
      List<Person> people = new ArrayList<>();
      people.add(new Person("John", 35, Person.Gende people.add(new Person("John", 32, Person.Gende people.add(new Person("Simone", 30, Person.Gende people.add(new Person("Shawn", 30, Person.Gend people.add(new Person("Shawn", 30, null));
13
14
15
16
17
18
      System.out.println("before sorting = " + peop
19
20
21
      //Apache commons-beanutils.commons-beanutils-b
22
      ComparatorChain comparatorChain = new Comparat
23
      //null is compared s lower
24
      comparatorChain.addComparator(new BeanComparat
25
      //null is compared as higher
26
      comparatorChain.addComparator(new BeanComparat
27
      comparatorChain.addComparator(new BeanComparat
28
      people.sort(comparatorChain);
29
30
      System.out.println("after sorting = " + peopl
31
32 }
33 }
34
```

Option 3: Using the **Google Gauva library** to sort the collection in <u>functional programming style</u>.

```
1 import java.util.ArrayList;
```

- ⊞ Performance (13)
- **⊞** QoS (8)
- ⊕ Scalability (4)
- **⊞** SDLC (6)
- ⊞ Security (13)

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```
import java.util.Comparator;
3
    import java.util.List;
    import com.google.common.collect.ComparisonChain
    import com.google.common.collect.Ordering;
    public class PersonTest {
9
     public static void main(String□ args) {
10
11
12
      List<Person> people = new ArrayList<>();
      people.add(new Person("John", 35, Person.Gende people.add(new Person("John", 32, Person.Gende people.add(new Person("Simone", 30, Person.Gende people.add(new Person("Shawn", 30, Person.Gend people.add(new Person("Shawn", 30, null));
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
       System.out.println("before sorting = " + peop
20
21
       //anonymous inner class using the Google Gauva
22
      people.sort(new Comparator<Person>() {
23
24
        @Override
25
        public int compare(Person o1, Person o2) {
26
         return ComparisonChain.start()
                 .compare(o1.getGender(), o2.getGender(
.compare(o1.getName(), o2.getName(), 0
27
28
29
                  .compare(o1.getAge(), o2.getAge(), Ord
30
                  .result();
31
        }
32
33
34
      });
35
      System.out.println("after sorting = " + peopl
36
37
38
39 }
40
```


How good are your?

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Option 4: If you are using **Java 8**, using the **functional programming** approach.

```
import java.util.ArrayList;
     import java.util.Comparator;
3
     import java.util.List;
     public class PersonTest {
6
       public static void main(String[] args) {
8
        List<Person> people = new ArrayList<>();
people.add(new Person("John", 35, Person.Gende
people.add(new Person("John", 32, Person.Gende
people.add(new Person("Simone", 30, Person.Gen
people.add(new Person("Shawn", 30, Person.Gend
people.add(new Person("Shawn", 30, null));
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
        System.out.println("before sorting = " + peop"
17
18
         //java 8 approach fro multi-fields
19
        Comparator<Person> multiFieldComparator =
```

Option 5: If you are using **Java 8**, using **parallel processing**. Very similar to option 4, but processed in parallel with minor changes.

```
import java.util.ArrayList;
    import java.util.Comparator;
3
    import java.util.List;
   import java.util.stream.Collectors;
5
6
   public class PersonTest {
8
     public static void main(String□ args) {
9
10
      List<Person> people = new ArrayList<>();
      people.add(new Person("John", 35, Person.Gende people.add(new Person("John", 32, Person.Gende people.add(new Person("Simone", 30, Person.Gende people.add(new Person("Shawn", 30, Person.Gend people.add(new Person("Shawn", 30, null));
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
      System.out.println("before sorting = " + peop
18
19
      Comparator<Person> multiFieldComparator =
20
                 Comparator.comparing(Person::getGender
21
                               .thenComparing(Person::getNa
22
                               .thenComparing(Person::getAg
23
24
          //parallel() processing using Fork/Join
25
      List<Object> sortedPeople = people.stream()
26
                                                            .paral
27
                                                            .sorte
28
                                                            .colle
29
30
      System.out.println("after sorting = " + sorte
31
32
33 }
34
```

Output:

```
before sorting = [Person [name=John, age=35, gender=MALE], Person [name=John, age=32, gender=MALE], Person [name=Simone, age=30, gender=FEMALE], Person [name=Shawn, age=30,
```

gender=MALE], Person [name=Shawn, age=30, gender=null]]

after sorting = [Person [name=Shawn, age=30, gender=null], Person [name=Simone, age=30, gender=FEMALE], Person [name=John, age=32, gender=MALE], Person [name=John, age=35, gender=MALE], Person [name=Shawn, age=30, gender=MALE]]

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