

XOR Neural Net Demo

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Wednesday, February 10, 2016

This is an example of how to create a simple neural network that will learn to compute XOR using the neuralnet package.

First, lets get the library.

```
library(neuralnet)
```

```
## Loading required package: grid
```

```
## Loading required package: MASS
```

Next, lets create all the pattern for XOR.

```
input_a <- c(0, 1, 0, 1)
input_b <- c(0, 0, 1, 1)
XORoutput <- c(0, 1, 1, 0)
XORdata <- data.frame(input_a, input_b, XORoutput)
```

```
XORdata
```

```
##   input_a input_b XORoutput
## 1      0      0          0
## 2      1      0          1
## 3      0      1          1
## 4      1      1          0
```

We then must then get the names of the input and output values from the dataframe

```
n <- names(XORdata)
n
```

```
## [1] "input_a" "input_b" "XORoutput"
```

Create, and train the neural network. Uses backpropagation. Arguments: - hidden = a vector of integers, each element gives the number of nodes in a hidden layer. - linear.output = If TRUE, regression. If FALSE, classification. - act.fct = Transfer function. - stepmax = Max number of epochs to train.

```
nn <- neuralnet(XORoutput~input_a+input_b, data=XORdata, hidden=c(3), linear.output=FALSE, act.fct="tanh", stepmax=1000)
```

The neuralnet package lets us make a plot of the network. It shows the topology, bias and even weights!

```
plot(nn)
```

Lets check each XOR pattern's output!

```
compute(nn,XORdata[1:2])
```

```
## $neurons
## $neurons[[1]]
##      1 input_a input_b
## [1,] 1      0      0
## [2,] 1      1      0
## [3,] 1      0      1
## [4,] 1      1      1
##
## $neurons[[2]]
##      [,1]      [,2]      [,3]      [,4]
## [1,] 1 0.1163759430 0.5375942386 -0.4555091348
## [2,] 1 0.9999991743 0.9994267541 0.5192690506
## [3,] 1 0.9999985746 -0.9329177733 -0.9643909540
## [4,] 1 1.0000000000 0.9465287029 -0.7343944032
##
##
## $net.result
##      [,1]
## [1,] -0.001072231431
## [2,] 0.957216173607
## [3,] 0.945155692417
## [4,] 0.003859315460
```