Chapter 2: What's the story we're going to build?

Learning Bluemix & Blockchain

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The Plan: 30 minute Chapters with an hour or two of practice

Chapter 1: What is Blockchain? Concept and Architecture overview

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Dispute Resolution for a Finance Organization

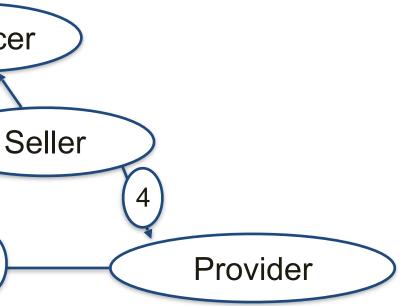
- Dispute resolution requires gathering and correlating facts from multiple parties. This is a slow and labor intensive effort, which ties up over \$100M at any point in time.
- In this example, those parties are:
 - The Finance Organization
 - The Buyer
 - The Seller
 - The Provider
 - The Shipper

Buyer

Shipper

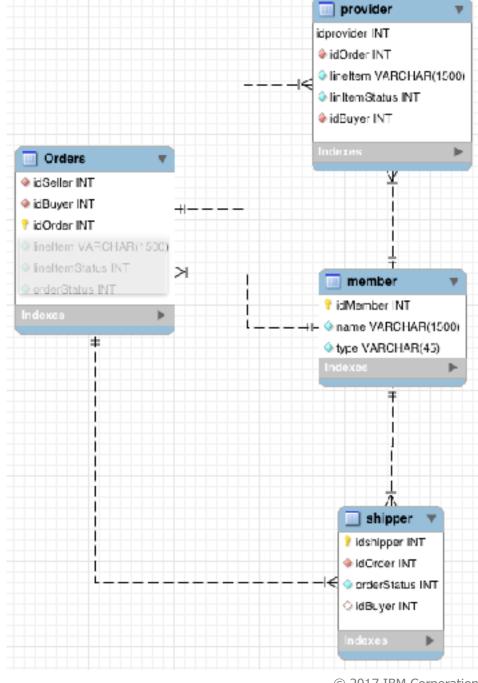
- 1. Request Product
- 2. Request Payment
- 3. Debit Account
- 4. Request drop ship from Provider
- 5. Request Shipment
- 6. Deliver product

Financer



Data Model

- An order has a status of:
 - 1. Ordered
 - toProvider
 - toShipper
 - Shipping
 - Delivered
 - 6. Paid
 - inDispute
- An item has a status of:
 - 1. Ordered
 - toProvider
 - toShipper
 - Shipping
 - Delivered
 - Backordered

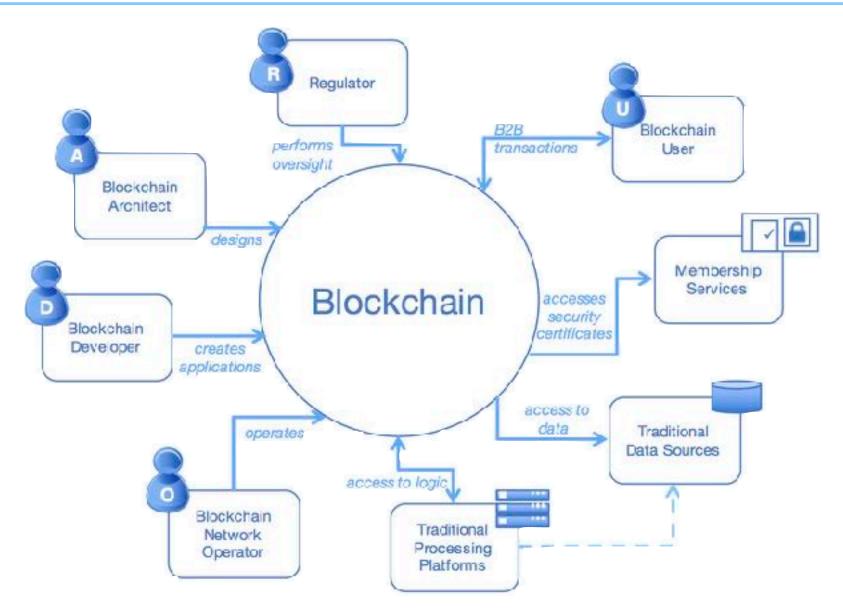




The basic stories

- As a Finance Organization, I want to see the finance related status of every order executed by my clients when they are using my credit services instantly and in real-time
 - This will allow me to manage dispute resolution over the phone immediately rather than taking multiple weeks to resolve a dispute.
- As a seller, I want to see the order, shipping and finance status of every sale in the system.
- As a buyer, I want to see the real-time status of every order.
- As a buyer, I want to be able to initiate a dispute with the click of a single button and provide all required data automatically to my finance organization
- As a manufacturer, I want to be able to see all open orders and the shipment status on all orders.
- As a shipper, I want to be able to interact with this system with as little change as possible on my end.

Actors in a blockchain solution



Actors in a blockchain solution

Sources

Blockchain Responsible for the architecture and design of the blockchain solution Architect The business user, operating in a business network. This role interacts with the Blockchain Blockchain using an application. They are not aware of the Blockchain. User The overall authority in a business network. Specifically, regulators may require Blockchain broad access to the ledger's contents. Regulator The developer of applications and smart contracts that interact with the Blockchain Blockchain and are used by Blockchain users. Developer Manages and monitors the Blockchain network. Each business in the network has Blockchain a Blockchain Network operator. Operator Membership Manages the different types of certificates required to run a permissioned Services Blockchain. **Traditional** An existing computer system which may be used by the Blockchain to augment Processing processing. This system may also need to initiate requests into the Blockchain. Platform **Traditional** Data An existing data system which may provide data to influence the behavior of smart

contracts.

Chapter 1 & 2.1

Financing Co, Buyer, Seller, Shipper, Provider

Finance Co.

Chapters 3-12

Chapters 4 & 5

Chapters 4 & 5

Outside the Tutorial

Supplied in Tutorial

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Blockchain in a Nutshell



Append-only distributed system of record shared across business network





Business terms
embedded in
transaction database
& executed with
transactions

Ensuring appropriate visibility; transactions are secure, authenticated & verifiable





Transactions are endorsed by relevant participants

Broader participation, lower cost, increased efficiency

Industrial Blockchain – IBM's Perspective



Private & Permissioned (not public)

- Private = known set of participants in a business network, known identity
- Permissioned = members need to fulfill criteria to = join
- (Public = open set of participants, anonymitiy)

Appropriate Consensus

- Mechanism by which participants agree on state of shared ledger.
- Public needs heavyweight consensus for anonymous participants
- Known participants opens up other forms (e.g. participant bonds)

Privacy through Cryptography

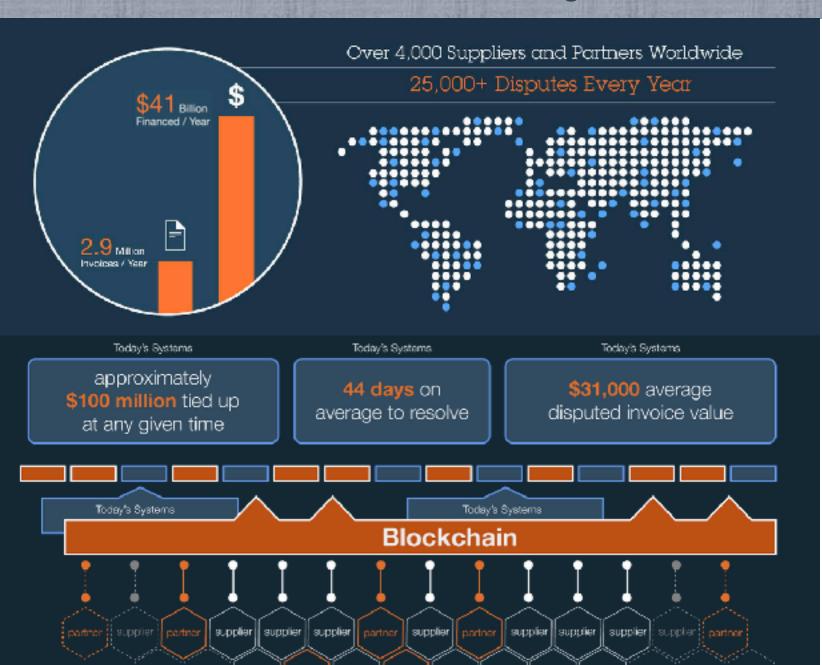
- Transaction privacy
- Participant identity & trading privacy

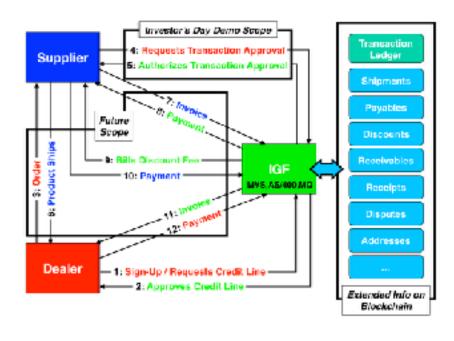
Compliance & Audit

- Current spend can be vastly reduced
- Automated processes possible

Blockchain for IBM Global Financing





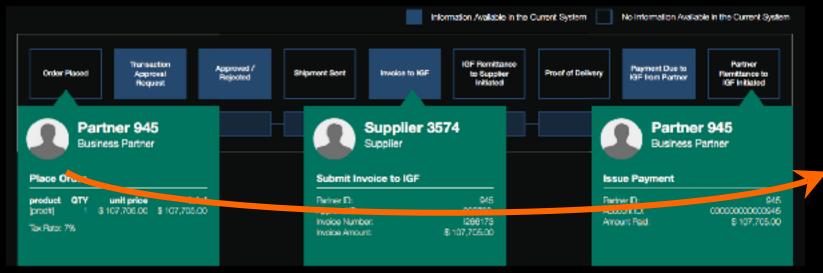


- Immutability / Non-repudiability of blockchain ledger Comprehensive view of all operational data
- ❖ Less disputes, faster settlement Free flow of capital between parties
- ❖ Distributed & Replicated → Less Outages, Highly extensible

Blockchain for IBM Global Financing

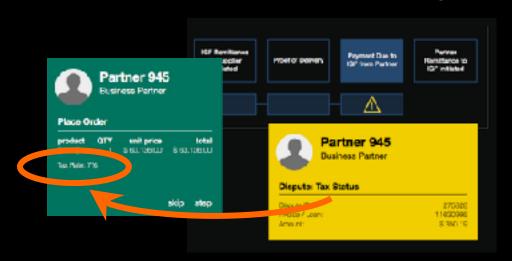


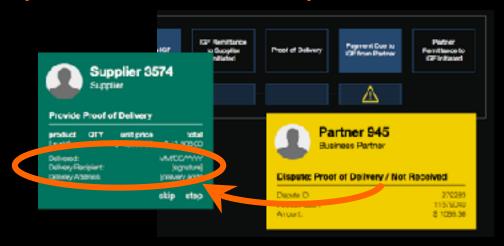
An immutable, non-repudiable record of events, shared between Partners, Suppliers and IGF...



...enabling a comprehensive view across the entire transaction lifecycle....

...with enhanced visibility to prevent or speed the resolution of disputes...

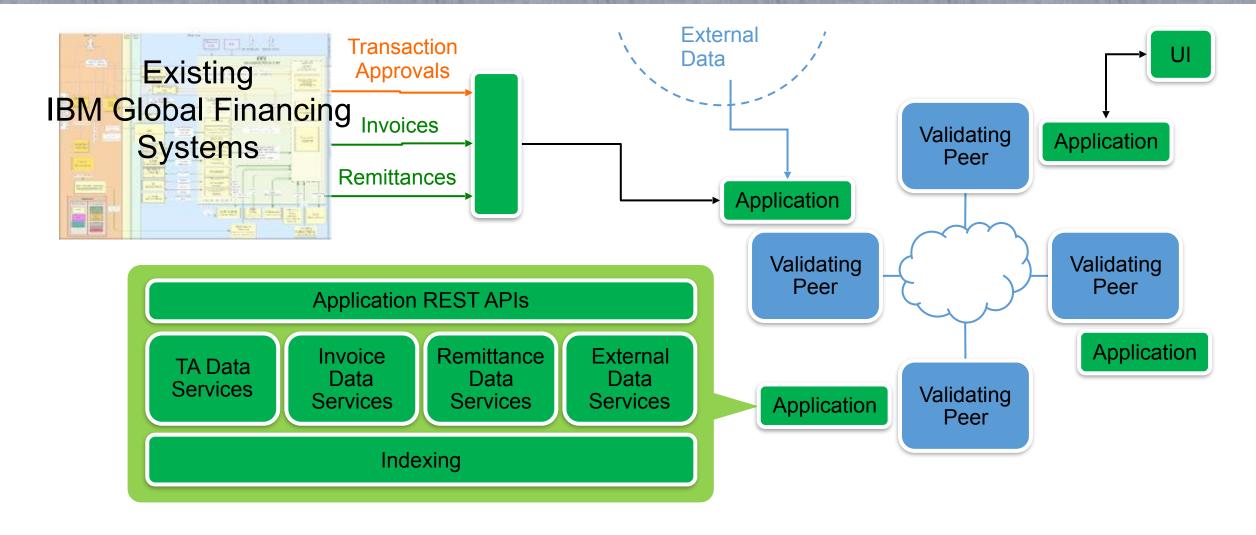




Demo Video: https://youtu.be/F0P7NM7d-ps

Blockchain for IBM Global Financing







Data recorded in the Blockchain can improve resolution time for common disputes

Dispute Reason	Data Recorded in Blockchain			
	PO	Shipment	Proof of Delivery	Invoice
Shortshipped Order by Part Quantity or by Box	Line item and quantity info	Shipment line items and quantities		
Proof of Delivery			Proof of Delivery	



Potential Benefits

Reduction in Disputes and Dispute Resolution Cycle Time (initial estimates of 10%), leading to:

- better customer satisfaction
- differentiation from your competitors
- reduced costs associated with dispute resolution

What Can I Do to Get Ready?

Prepare for Availability of Data to be shared on the Blockchain:

- order information
- shipping information
- receipt of shipment
- additional information that would benefit your partners



Order Placed Transaction Approved/ Approved Rejected Shipment Sent Invoice to IGF IGF Remittance to Supplier Initiated Proof of Delivery Payment Due to IGF Initiated Proof of Delivery Initiated Initiated

LEDGER

Seller

Buyer







Provider



Order Placed

Transaction Approval Rejected

Approval Request

Approved/ Shipment Sent Invoice to IGF

Invoice



LEDGER



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