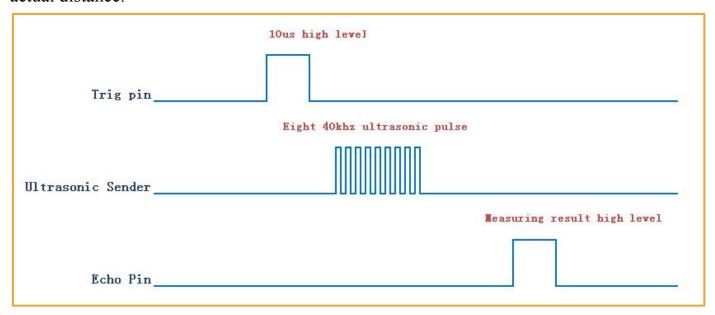


Ultrasonic Experiment

Introduce to Ultrasonic ranging

Ultrasonic transmitter launches ultrasonic to a certain direction and we start timing at the same time. When the ultrasonic in the air runs into obstacles, it will return immediately, ultrasonic receiver receives the reflected wave, then we stop timing. Sound waves in the air are at the rate of 340 m/s, according to the recorded time t, the distance s between launch spot and the obstacles can be calculated, that is: s = 340 m/s * t/2. So we can get the distance.

Ultrasonic ranging module has four pins, they are Vcc, Trig, Echo, GND, among the Trig is distance measuring trigger pin, as long as the Trig pin are at least 10µs high level, ultrasonic sending module will automatically send eight 40KHZ ultrasonic pulse, and automatically detect whether there is a returned signal . This step will be done automatically by the inside module. If there is any returned signal, the Echo pin will output high level, the duration of the high level is the time of ultrasonic wave from launch to return. At this point, we can use pulseIn () function to obtain the result of distance measuring, and calculate the actual distance.



Experiment Purpose

The purpose is to type ultrasonic ranging module distance through a serial port.

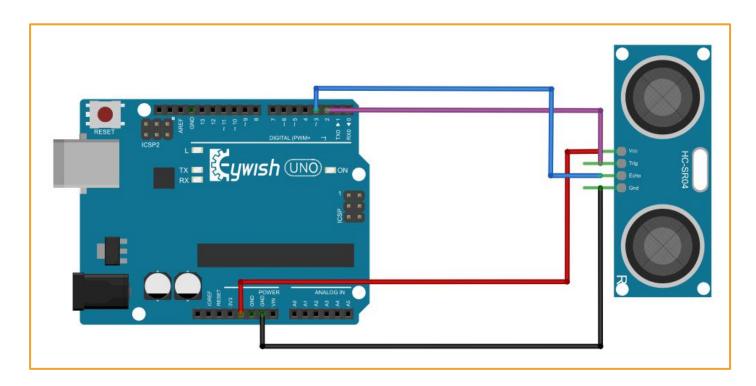


Component List

- Keywish Arduino UNO R3 mainboard
- Breadboard
- USB cable
- Ultrasonic module* 1
- Several jumper wires

Wiring of Circuit

| Arduino Uno | Ultrasonic |
|-------------|------------|
| VCC | 1Vcc) |
| 2 | 2 (Trig) |
| 3 | 3(Echo) |
| GND | 4 (Gnd) |



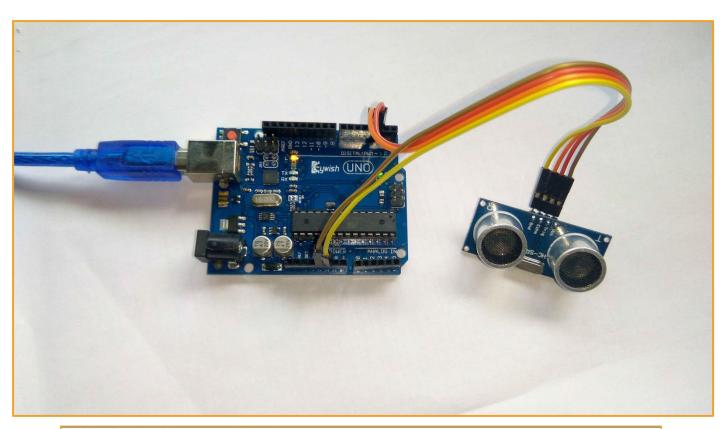


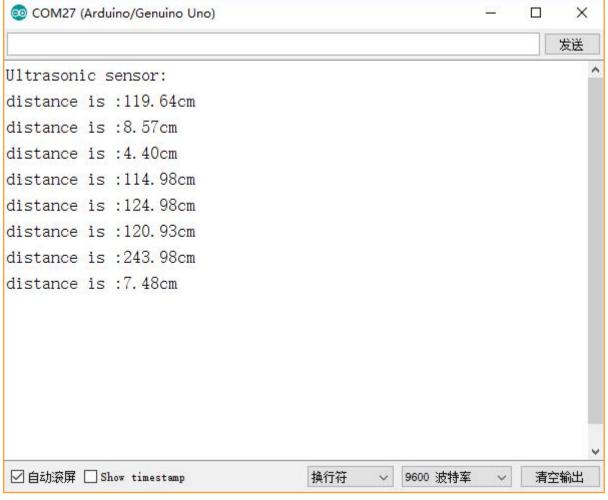
Code

```
const int TrigPin = 2;
const int EchoPin = 3;
float distance;
void setup() {
   Serial.begin (9600);
   pinMode(TrigPin, OUTPUT);
   pinMode(EchoPin, INPUT);
   Serial.println("Ultrasonic sensor:");
void loop() {
   digitalWrite(TrigPin, LOW);
   delayMicroseconds(2);
   digitalWrite(TrigPin, HIGH);
   delayMicroseconds(10);
   digitalWrite(TrigPin, LOW);
   distance = pulseIn(EchoPin, HIGH) / 58.00;
   Serial.print("distance is :");
   Serial.print(distance);
   Serial.print("cm");
   Serial.println();
   delay(1000);
}
```

Experiment Result









Mblock programming program

The program prepared by mBlock is shown in the figure below:

Set Baud Rate 9600 -- Set baud rate

• set digital pin 2 output as LOW -- Control digital pin output to high or low level

```
sensor Program

Set Baud Rate 9600'

forever

set digital pin 2 output as LOW'

wait 0.002 secs

set digital pin 2 output as HIGH'

wait 0.01 secs

set digital pin 2 output as LOW'

Serial Print Number read pulse pin 3 / 58
```