# Estimating Medicare Costs for CABG

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```
#-#-# Predicting Medicare for CABG #-#-#
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```

# Step 0: Basic Setup - Install Packages / Load Libraries

```
#install.packages("tree")

library(dplyr)
library(dplyr)
library(ggplot2)
library(maps)
library(caret)
```

```
library(rpart)
library(rpart.plot)
library(rattle)
library(neuralnet)
```

### Step 1: Collecting Data part a) Import Datasets

Initial look at the Structure of the Datasets

```
## Structure of the dataset
str(hospital_data)
```

```
4793 obs. of 13 variables:
## 'data.frame':
## $ Provider_ID
                                             : int 10001 10005 10006 10007 10008 10011 10012 10016 1
                                                    "SOUTHEAST ALABAMA MEDICAL CENTER" "MARSHALL MEDI
## $ Hospital.Name
                                              : chr
## $ Address
                                             : chr
                                                    "1108 ROSS CLARK CIRCLE" "2505 U S HIGHWAY 431 NO
                                             : chr "DOTHAN" "BOAZ" "FLORENCE" "OPP" ...
## $ City
                                             : chr "AL" "AL" "AL" "AL" ...
## $ State
                                                    36301 35957 35631 36467 36049 35235 35968 35007 3
## $ ZIP_Code
                                             : int
## $ County.Name
                                             : chr "HOUSTON" "MARSHALL" "LAUDERDALE" "COVINGTON" ...
## $ Phone.Number
                                             : num 3.35e+09 2.57e+09 2.57e+09 3.34e+09 3.34e+09 ...
                                                    "Acute Care Hospitals" "Acute Care Hospitals" "Ac
## $ Hospital.Type
                                             : chr
## $ Hospital.Ownership
                                             : chr
                                                    "Government - Hospital District or Authority" "Go
                                             : chr "Yes" "Yes" "Yes" "Yes" ...
## $ Emergency.Services
## $ Meets.criteria.for.meaningful.use.of.EHRs: chr "Y" "Y" "Y" "Y" ...
                                            : chr "3" "2" "2" "2" ...
## $ Hospital.overall.rating
str(medicare_data)
```

```
## 'data.frame':
                  193003 obs. of 15 variables:
                      : int 10001 10001 10001 10001 10001 10001 10001 10001 10001 ...
## $ Provider_ID
## $ provider_name
                          : chr "Southeast Alabama Medical Center" "Southeast Alabama Medical Cen
                          : chr "1108 Ross Clark Circle" "1108 Ross Clark Circle" "1108 Ross Clark
## $ street_address
                        : chr "Dothan" "Dothan" "Dothan" ...
## $ Rndrng_Prvdr_City
## $ Rndrng_Prvdr_State_Abrvtn: chr "AL" "AL" "AL" "AL" ...
## $ Rndrng_Prvdr_State_FIPS : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ ZIP_Code
                          : int 36301 36301 36301 36301 36301 36301 36301 36301 36301 ...
## $ Rndrng_Prvdr_RUCA
                        : num 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Rndrng_Prvdr_RUCA_Desc : chr "Metropolitan area core: primary flow within an urbanized area of
```

```
$ DRG Cd
                                     3 23 25 38 39 57 64 65 66 69 ...
##
                              : int
## $ DRG
                                     "\"ECMO OR TRACH W MV >96 HRS OR PDX EXC FACE, MOUTH & NECK W MAJ
                              : chr
##
  $ Total discharges
                              : int 13 33 26 11 64 30 115 107 17 53 ...
  $ Ave_covered_charges
                              : num 368434 148677 118718 74449 46628 ...
   $ Ave_total_payment
                              : num 81541 29062 22442 9546 6468 ...
  $ Ave medical payment
                              : num 80435 27997 19592 7562 5073 ...
str(census_data)
                   33120 obs. of 2 variables:
## 'data.frame':
   $ ZIP Code: chr
                    "8600000US00601" "8600000US00602" "8600000US00603" "8600000US00606" ...
                     "ZCTA5 00601" "ZCTA5 00602" "ZCTA5 00603" "ZCTA5 00606" ...
             : chr
```

### Step 1: Collecting Data part b) Joining the Datasets

\_\_\_\_

Used the dplyr package in R to join multiple datasets based on a common variable. We Joined the medicare and hospital data by Provider ID and by Zip code

```
final_data <- inner_join(medicare_data, hospital_data, by = c("Provider_ID","ZIP_Code"))</pre>
```

# Step 2: Explore / Prepare Data part a) Remove, Code, and/or Impute Data

Data cleaning: Before analyzing the data, we need to clean it by removing missing values, fixing formatting issues, and dealing with outliers

```
# Remove rows with missing values
final_data <- final_data[complete.cases(final_data), ]
head(final_data)</pre>
```

```
##
     Provider_ID
                                    provider_name
                                                           street_address
## 1
           10001 Southeast Alabama Medical Center 1108 Ross Clark Circle
## 2
           10001 Southeast Alabama Medical Center 1108 Ross Clark Circle
## 3
           10001 Southeast Alabama Medical Center 1108 Ross Clark Circle
## 4
           10001 Southeast Alabama Medical Center 1108 Ross Clark Circle
           10001 Southeast Alabama Medical Center 1108 Ross Clark Circle
## 5
           10001 Southeast Alabama Medical Center 1108 Ross Clark Circle
    Rndrng_Prvdr_City Rndrng_Prvdr_State_Abrvtn Rndrng_Prvdr_State_FIPS ZIP_Code
##
## 1
                Dothan
                                                                              36301
## 2
                Dothan
                                               AL
                                                                         1
                                                                              36301
## 3
                Dothan
                                               ΑL
                                                                         1
                                                                              36301
## 4
                Dothan
                                               AL
                                                                              36301
                                                                         1
```

```
## 5
                Dothan
                                               AL
                                                                         1
                                                                              36301
## 6
                                               AT.
                                                                              36301
                Dothan
                                                                         1
     Rndrng_Prvdr_RUCA
## 1
## 2
                     1
## 3
                     1
## 4
                     1
## 5
                     1
## 6
                     1
##
                                                                    Rndrng_Prvdr_RUCA_Desc
## 1 Metropolitan area core: primary flow within an urbanized area of 50,000 and greater
## 2 Metropolitan area core: primary flow within an urbanized area of 50,000 and greater
## 3 Metropolitan area core: primary flow within an urbanized area of 50,000 and greater
## 4 Metropolitan area core: primary flow within an urbanized area of 50,000 and greater
## 5 Metropolitan area core: primary flow within an urbanized area of 50,000 and greater
## 6 Metropolitan area core: primary flow within an urbanized area of 50,000 and greater
     DRG_Cd
## 1
          3 "ECMO OR TRACH W MV >96 HRS OR PDX EXC FACE, MOUTH & NECK W MAJ O.R.
## 2
            CRANIOTOMY W MAJOR DEVICE IMPLANT OR ACUTE COMPLEX CNS PDX W MCC OR
## 3
                         CRANIOTOMY & ENDOVASCULAR INTRACRANIAL PROCEDURES W MCC
                                                     EXTRACRANIAL PROCEDURES W CC
## 4
         38
## 5
         39
                                               EXTRACRANIAL PROCEDURES W/O CC/MCC
                                    DEGENERATIVE NERVOUS SYSTEM DISORDERS W/O MCC
## 6
         57
     Total discharges Ave covered charges Ave total payment Ave medical payment
## 1
                   13
                                368434.00
                                                   81540.923
                                                                        80434.923
## 2
                   33
                                 148677.12
                                                   29061.515
                                                                        27996.576
## 3
                   26
                                                   22441.769
                                                                        19591.808
                                 118718.35
## 4
                   11
                                 74449.18
                                                    9546.000
                                                                         7561.818
## 5
                   64
                                  46627.78
                                                    6468.297
                                                                         5073.297
## 6
                   30
                                  27139.97
                                                    6204.733
                                                                         5178.900
##
                        Hospital.Name
                                                      Address
                                                                 City State
## 1 SOUTHEAST ALABAMA MEDICAL CENTER 1108 ROSS CLARK CIRCLE DOTHAN
## 2 SOUTHEAST ALABAMA MEDICAL CENTER 1108 ROSS CLARK CIRCLE DOTHAN
                                                                         AL
## 3 SOUTHEAST ALABAMA MEDICAL CENTER 1108 ROSS CLARK CIRCLE DOTHAN
                                                                         AL
## 4 SOUTHEAST ALABAMA MEDICAL CENTER 1108 ROSS CLARK CIRCLE DOTHAN
## 5 SOUTHEAST ALABAMA MEDICAL CENTER 1108 ROSS CLARK CIRCLE DOTHAN
                                                                         AT.
## 6 SOUTHEAST ALABAMA MEDICAL CENTER 1108 ROSS CLARK CIRCLE DOTHAN
     County.Name Phone.Number
##
                                      Hospital.Type
## 1
         HOUSTON
                   3347938701 Acute Care Hospitals
## 2
         HOUSTON
                   3347938701 Acute Care Hospitals
## 3
         HOUSTON
                   3347938701 Acute Care Hospitals
## 4
         HOUSTON
                   3347938701 Acute Care Hospitals
## 5
         HOUSTON
                   3347938701 Acute Care Hospitals
## 6
         HOUSTON
                   3347938701 Acute Care Hospitals
                              Hospital.Ownership Emergency.Services
## 1 Government - Hospital District or Authority
                                                                  Yes
## 2 Government - Hospital District or Authority
                                                                  Yes
## 3 Government - Hospital District or Authority
                                                                  Yes
## 4 Government - Hospital District or Authority
                                                                  Yes
## 5 Government - Hospital District or Authority
                                                                  Yes
## 6 Government - Hospital District or Authority
     Meets.criteria.for.meaningful.use.of.EHRs Hospital.overall.rating
## 1
                                              γ
                                                                       3
## 2
                                                                       3
                                              Y
```

##	3	Y	3
##	4	Y	3
##	5	Y	3
##	6	Y	3

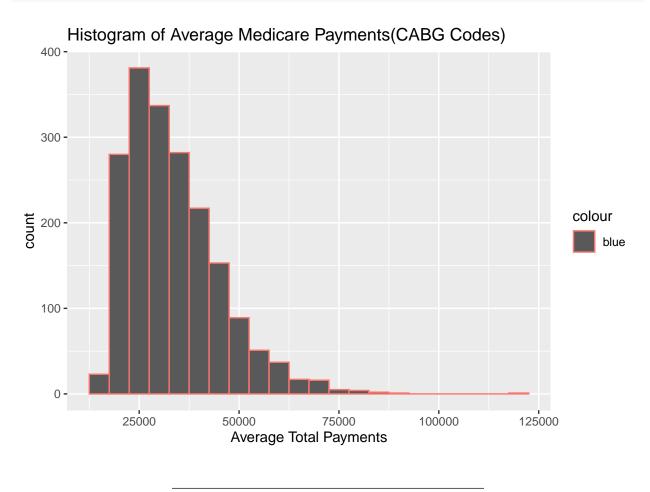
Step 2: Explore / Prepare Data part b) Variable Selection

Data wrangling and variable selection: We use the tidy verse package in R to manipulate and select variables from our dataset.

# Step 2: Explore / Prepare Data part c) Group by State/Summarize Data

```
# Calculate the average costs per state
Avg_Mdcr_Pymt_Amt <- selected_data %>%
   group_by(State) %>%
   summarise(Avg_Mdcr_Pymt = Ave_medical_payment)
Avg_Mdcr_Pymt_Amt <- Avg_Mdcr_Pymt_Amt[1:15537, ]</pre>
```

Step 3: Visualization of Data part a) Histogram



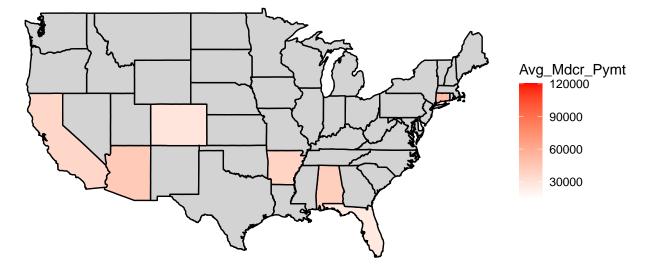
Step 3: Visualization of Data part b) United States Heat Map

```
# Create a US density map of average costs per state
us_map <- map_data("state")
usmap <- cbind(us_map,Avg_Mdcr_Pymt_Amt)
head(usmap)</pre>
```

```
lat group order region subregion State Avg_Mdcr_Pymt
         long
## 1 -87.46201 30.38968
                           1
                                 1 alabama
                                               <NA>
                                                       AK
                                                               41256.44
## 2 -87.48493 30.37249
                          1
                                 2 alabama
                                               <NA>
                                                       AK
                                                               31047.67
## 3 -87.52503 30.37249
                               3 alabama
                                               <NA>
                                                      AL
                                                               34166.46
                                               <NA>
## 4 -87.53076 30.33239
                          1
                                 4 alabama
                                                       AL
                                                               22517.23
```

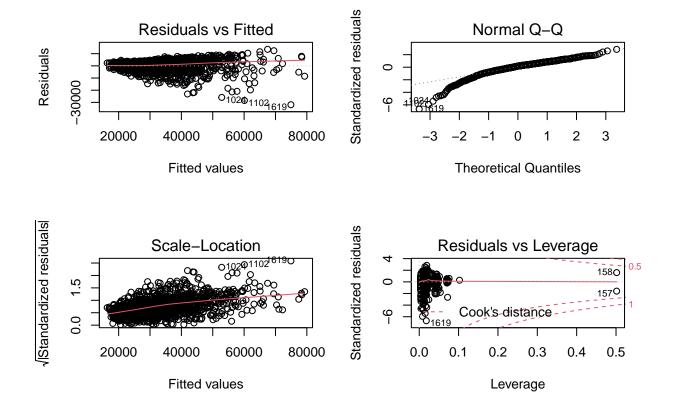
```
## 5 -87.57087 30.32665
                                 5 alabama
                                                 <NA>
                                                        AL
                                                                 16742.61
## 6 -87.58806 30.32665
                                 6 alabama
                                                 <NA>
                                                        AT.
                                                                 30565.75
tail(usmap)
                       lat group order region subregion State Avg_Mdcr_Pymt
             long
## 15594 -106.3295 41.00659
                              63 15594 wyoming
                                                    <NA>
                                                          <NA>
## 15595 -106.8566 41.01232
                              63 15595 wyoming
                                                    <NA> <NA>
                                                                          NA
## 15596 -107.3093 41.01805
                              63 15596 wyoming
                                                    <NA> <NA>
                                                                          NA
                              63 15597 wyoming
## 15597 -107.9223 41.01805
                                                    <NA>
                                                          <NA>
                                                                          NA
## 15598 -109.0568 40.98940
                              63 15598 wyoming
                                                    <NA> <NA>
                                                                          NA
## 15599 -109.0511 40.99513
                              63 15599 wyoming
                                                    <NA> <NA>
                                                                          NA
ggplot(usmap, aes(x = long, y = lat, group = group, fill = Avg_Mdcr_Pymt)) +
  geom_polygon(color = "black") +
  scale_fill_gradient(low = "white", high = "red", na.value = "lightgrey") +
  theme_void() + coord_map() +
  labs(title = "Average Medicare Payments by State (CABG Codes)")
```

# Average Medicare Payments by State (CABG Codes)



Step 4: Creating Training and Test Datasets

## Step 5: Build and Evaluate Linear Regression Model



Evaluate the performance of the model

```
#model 1

RMSE(predictions, test$Ave_medical_payment)

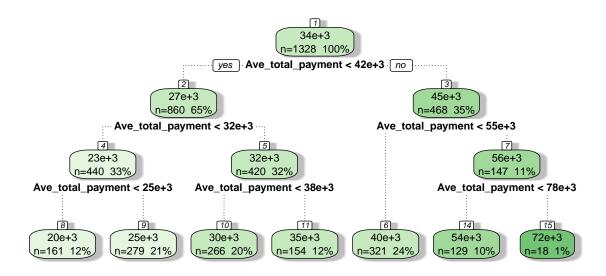
## [1] 5745.87

R2(predictions, test$Ave_medical_payment)
```

## [1] 0.7858504

Step 6 Build and Evaluate CART Model (Regression Tree)

```
#Plot
#install.packages("RGtk2")
# Plot the tree
fancyRpartPlot(model2)
```



## Rattle 2023-Apr-21 22:00:17 richardbudden

```
# Predict on the testing set
predictions <- predict(model2, newdata = test)

#Model 2
RMSE(predictions, test$Ave_medical_payment)

## [1] 6529.994

R2(predictions, test$Ave_medical_payment)

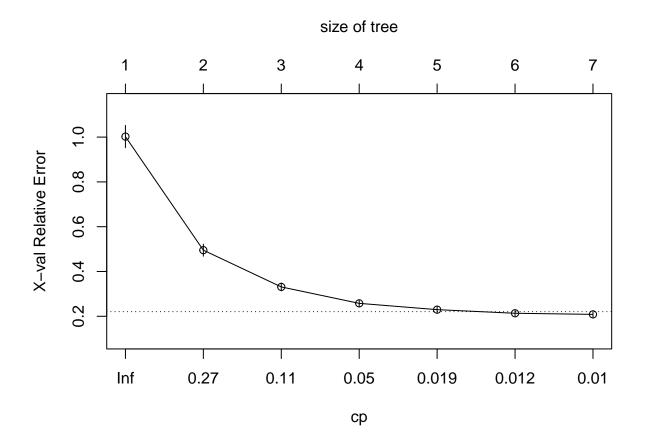
## [1] 0.7192857

printcp(model2)

##
## Regression tree:
## rpart(formula = Ave_medical_payment ~ Total_discharges + Ave_covered_charges +</pre>
```

```
Ave_total_payment + Hospital.overall.rating + Hospital.Ownership,
##
       data = train, method = "anova")
##
##
## Variables actually used in tree construction:
##
  [1] Ave_total_payment
##
## Root node error: 1.8023e+11/1328 = 135716909
##
## n= 1328
##
##
           CP nsplit rel error xerror
## 1 0.535920
                   0
                       1.00000 1.00230 0.049836
## 2 0.136810
                       0.46408 0.49518 0.026869
                   1
## 3 0.086869
                       0.32727 0.33109 0.017302
## 4 0.028946
                   3
                       0.24040 0.25770 0.015272
## 5 0.012343
                   4
                       0.21146 0.22960 0.012269
## 6 0.010978
                   5
                       0.19911 0.21342 0.012137
## 7 0.010000
                       0.18813 0.20849 0.012087
```

#### plotcp(model2)



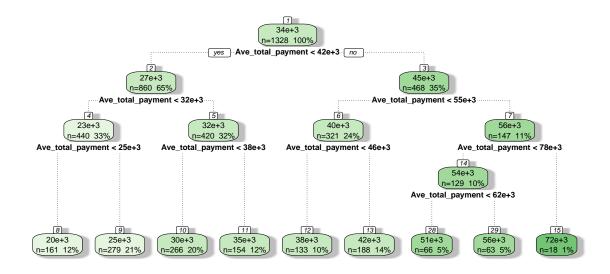
```
pfit = prune(model2, cp=model2$ptable[which.min(model2$cptable[,"xerror"]), "CP"])
pfit
```

## n= 1328

```
##
## node), split, n, deviance, yval
         * denotes terminal node
##
##
   1) root 1328 180232100000 33656.77
##
##
      2) Ave_total_payment< 42235.25 860 30725350000 27365.47
##
        4) Ave_total_payment< 31745.13 440
                                             5046471000 23196.80
##
          8) Ave_total_payment< 25271.56 161
                                                577310800 20405.22 *
##
          9) Ave_total_payment>=25271.56 279
                                               2490490000 24807.71 *
##
        5) Ave_total_payment>=31745.13 420 10022310000 31732.64
##
         10) Ave_total_payment< 38441.03 266
                                               4419047000 29981.52 *
##
         11) Ave_total_payment>=38441.03 154
                                               3378694000 34757.32 *
##
      3) Ave_total_payment>=42235.25 468 52916800000 45217.71
##
        6) Ave_total_payment< 55096.88 321 13173290000 40305.71 *
##
        7) Ave_total_payment>=55096.88 147 15086000000 55943.90
##
         14) Ave_total_payment< 77639.31 129
                                               8187488000 53718.59 *
##
         15) Ave_total_payment>=77639.31 18
                                              1681600000 71891.92 *
# Build the regression tree model
control_setting <- rpart.control(minsplit = 2, cp = .005, xval = 10)</pre>
model2 <- rpart(Ave_medical_payment ~ Total_discharges + Ave_covered_charges +</pre>
→ Ave_total_payment+ Hospital.overall.rating+Hospital.Ownership, data = train, method =

¬ "anova", control = control_setting)

# Plot
#install.packages("RGtk2")
fancyRpartPlot(model2)
```



#### Rattle 2023-Apr-21 22:00:17 richardbudden

# Predict on the testing set

```
predictions <- predict(model2, newdata = test)

RMSE(predictions, test$Ave_medical_payment)

## [1] 6293.253

R2(predictions, test$Ave_medical_payment)

## [1] 0.7377339

Evaluate the performance of the CART model

#Model 2

RMSE(predictions, test$Ave_medical_payment)

## [1] 6293.253

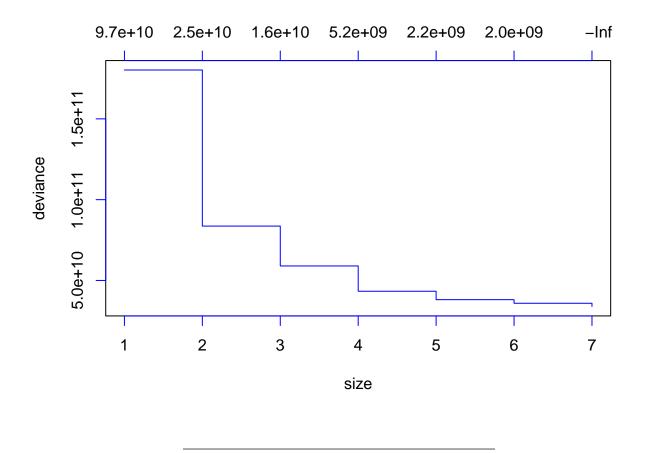
R2(predictions, test$Ave_medical_payment)

## [1] 0.7377339</pre>
```

```
# Prune the tree, display pruned tree
library(tree)

tree.model <- tree(Ave_medical_payment ~ Total_discharges + Ave_covered_charges +

Ave_total_payment+ Hospital.overall.rating+Hospital.Ownership, data = train)
prune.data <- prune.tree(tree.model)
plot(prune.data, col = "blue")
```



## Step 7 : Build and Evaluate Artifical Neural Network Model (Feedforward ANN)

\_\_\_\_\_

Feedforward ANN

```
trainIndex2 <- createDataPartition(scale_data$Ave_medical_payment, p = 0.7, list = FALSE)
train2 <- scale_data[trainIndex2, ]</pre>
test2 <- scale_data[-trainIndex2, ]</pre>
```

Min-Max Normalization and Scaling the input variable

```
#transform your factor to numeric.
#tranform it to a factor and the to numeric
selected_data$Hospital.Ownership <- as.numeric(as.factor(Hospital.Ownership))</pre>
selected_data$Hospital.overall.rating <- as.numeric(as.factor(Hospital.overall.rating))</pre>
selected_data$Ave_medical_payment <- (selected_data$Ave_medical_payment -</pre>
→ min(selected_data$Ave_medical_payment)) / (max(selected_data$Ave_medical_payment) -

→ min(selected_data$Ave_medical_payment))
selected_data$Total_discharges <- (selected_data$Total_discharges -</pre>
→ min(selected_data$Total_discharges)) / (max(selected_data$Total_discharges) -
   min(selected_data$Total_discharges))
selected_data$Ave_covered_charges <- (selected_data$Ave_covered_charges -</pre>
\rightarrow min(selected_data$Ave_covered_charges)) / (max(selected_data$Ave_covered_charges) -
→ min(selected_data$Ave_covered_charges))
selected_data$Ave_total_payment <- (selected_data$Ave_total_payment -</pre>
→ min(selected_data$Ave_total_payment)) / (max(selected_data$Ave_total_payment) -

    min(selected_data$Ave_total_payment))
selected_data$Hospital.overall.rating <- (selected_data$Hospital.overall.rating --</pre>

→ min(selected_data$Hospital.overall.rating)) /
selected_data$Hospital.Ownership <- (selected_data$Hospital.Ownership -</pre>
→ min(selected_data$Hospital.Ownership)) / (max(selected_data$Hospital.Ownership) -

→ min(selected_data$Hospital.Ownership))
set.seed(123)
inp <- sample(2, nrow(selected_data), replace = TRUE, prob = c(0.7, 0.3))
training_data <- selected_data[inp==1, ]</pre>
test_data <- selected_data[inp==2, ]</pre>
#from RBloggers "Selecting the number of neurons in the hidden layer of a neural network"
#A Variation of this rule suggests to choose a number of hidden neurons between one and
→ the number of Inputs minus the number of outputs
#Upon our Model with 5 Inputs and 1 Output we set Hidden Levels at 4 (5-1=4)
set.seed(333)
model3 <- neuralnet(Ave_medical_payment ~ Total_discharges + Ave_covered_charges +
→ Ave_total_payment+Hospital.Ownership+ Hospital.overall.rating,
```

```
data = training_data,
    hidden = 4,
    linear.output = FALSE)

# Predict on the testing set
predictions <- predict(model3, test_data)

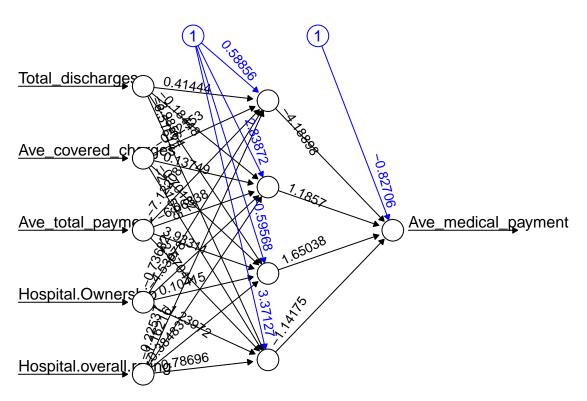
# Evaluate the performance of the model
RMSE(predictions, test_data$Ave_medical_payment)

## [1] 0.04787453

R2(predictions, test_data$Ave_medical_payment)

## [,1]
## [1,] 0.8242429

# plot neural network
plot(model3, rep = "best")</pre>
```



Error: 1.552818 Steps: 1630