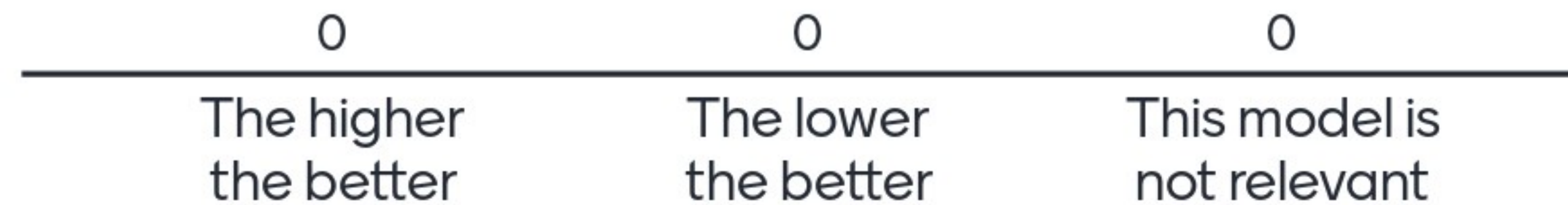


Recap from yesterday's session

Antimalarial compounds in ChEMBL and COCONUT



The output of the MMV antimalarial model eos2rta...

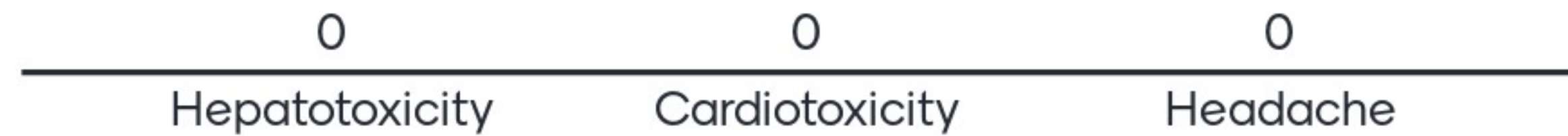


The antimalarial model eos7yti, built with Open Source Malaria series 4 data, is likely to

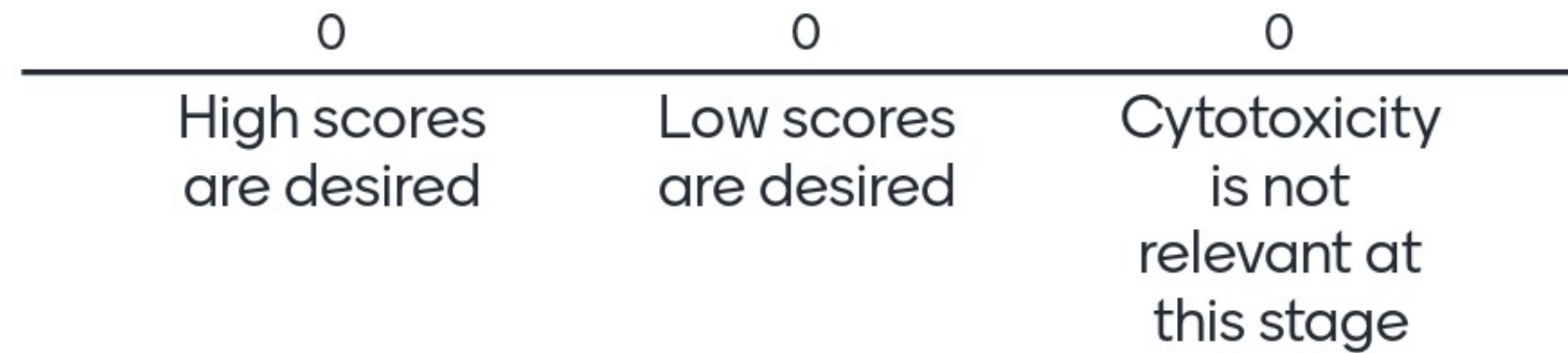
0	0	0
Be applicable to a broad chemical space	Be accurate only with molecules series 4 molecules	Be most useful in a lead optimization stage



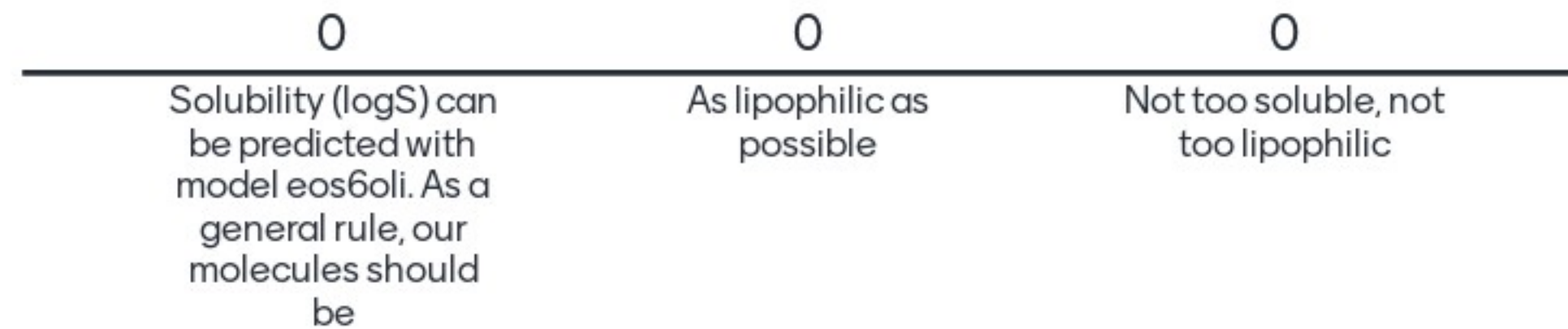
Interaction with the hERG ion channel, as predicted with model eos4tcc, can cause



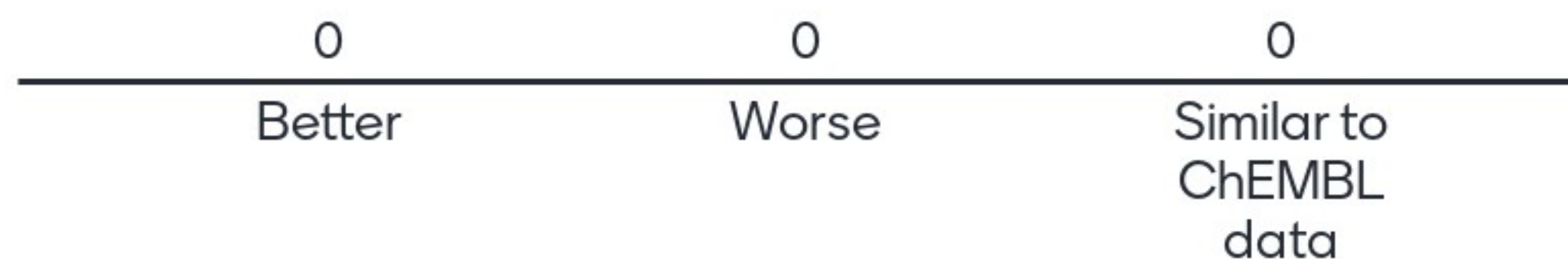
The model eos3le9 predicts liver cytotoxicity and it is a classification, therefore



Solubility (logS) can be predicted with model eos6oli. As a general rule, our molecules should be



Synthetic accessibility (SA) of a compound can be quantified with model eos9ei3. In COCONUT, we expect SA to be



The NP-likeness score (eos9yui) is

0	0	0
A very important indicator of bioactivity	Not relevant to our case study	High only if our molecule is found in nature

Rank the models by importance (ranking quiz question)

- 1st | eos4rta (MMV)
- 2nd | eos7yti (OSM)
- 3rd | eos6oli (solubility)
- 4th | eos4tcc (cardiotoxicity)
- 5th | eos3le9 (cytotoxicity)
- 6th | eos9ei3 (synthetic accessibility)
- 7th | eos9yui (natural product)

