# Introducing LATEX and Sweave

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## 1 What is LATEX?

LATEX is an open source word processor that produces high quality documents. In addition, R commands can be integrated into text to 'weave' data analysis, graphics, and text into a professional finished product.

## 1.1 Why use LATEX?

**TBD** 

## 2 Using R Studio

Before using IATEX, we need to define how files are 'knited' to create pdf files. After starting R studio, choose the 'Tools' menu item and select global options. On the left, select the 'Sweave' option and make sure the default values match Figure 1.

## 3 Creating LaTeX Documents

#### 3.1 Document Structure: Preamble

We usually declare the type of document on the first line of the text file, using the command \documentclass{}. Inside the curly brackets we specify the type of document that you want, e.g. article, letter, book, minimal, or memoir. In general, I recommend you begin with article.

#### 3.2 Title and Author

The author and title are specified in the preamble with the following commands:

\title{This is my title}
\author{This is the author or list of authors}

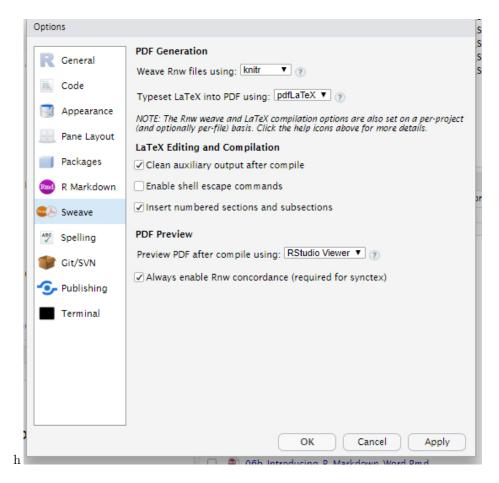


Figure 1: Sweave setup screen shot

## 3.3 Begin and End

Special blocks are developed within \begin{} and \end{} commands. For every block, both the begin and end must be present or you will generate errors.

In fact, after the preamble, the documents text is initiated by the \begin{document} and ends at \end{document}.

### 3.4 Printing the Title and Author

After the \begin{document} is a good time to print the title, author and date of the pdf, which is all done with a \maketitle command.

#### 3.5 Sections and Subsections

Each section and subsection (and subsubsection) heading are hierarchically defined and specified with the following commands:

```
\section{This is a section heading}
\subsection{This is a subsection heading}
\subsection{This is a subsubsection heading}
```

Please note, if you define a section, there must be more than one. Similary, if you create a subsection, be sure that it's not alone in the section – otherwise, why have the break at all!

Finally, try to avoid putting text between dropping down into categories. In other words, don't insert a paragraph between a section and a subsection. Define the subsection so that the paragraph is applicable to the subsection and the section.

### 3.6 Special Characters that Cause Problems

Most special characters are reserved for IATEX type setting – see table for some important ones. These often create errors for beginners and experienced users a like, but for beginners the frustration generated by these errors can be overwhelming!

Review Table 1 to appreciate some of these characters (Table 1).

If you are trying to use the characters in the text, then put a backslash in front of them. If you are using them in a type-setting capacity, you should look up how to use them online.

## 4 Integrating R Commands with Sweave

### 4.1 Compile PDF workflow

Now the best part of using LATEX and retudio is that you can create text that runs the R code as you compile and even use the results in the text.

Table 1: Write a Caption here.

Character	Type Setting Function	Associated Error
%	Percent symbols used to make comment	If you want to print the percent symbol,
	lines and are not printed when com-	use <b>\%</b>
	piled.	
&	Ambersands are used for tab in tables	When used outside the table environment, you'll get errors, use \& if you want to use the symbol in writing.
\$	Dollar symbols are use to create 'math' mode blocks, for example if you want to use the Greek letter $\alpha$ , $\alpha$	If you really want a dollar sign, then you'll want to use \\$.

We begin with an Rnw File. When we 'Compile PDF', Rstudio routes the file through a Sweave processe to create a TEXfile. The TEXfile is then compiled into a pdf.

$$Rnw - > TeX - > PDF$$

## 4.2 R Chunks

R chunks or blocks are delineate with the following code:

```
<<>>= ... R code stuff
```

Within the less than and greater than sybols, one can customize how the R block is processed. For more information, one should see other more detailed resources.

## 4.3 Creating Figures

We intiate figures with \begin{figure} and ends with \end{figure}. For more information, the reader is directed to one of several online resources on R and LATEX.

## 4.4 Creating Bibliography

TBD

## 5 Minium Working Document

I have created a minimum working document and sample bib file that you can upload to R studio server, save with a new name and compile. If it compiles correctly, you are on your way.

Here are the URLs:

 $\verb|https://github.com/marclos/Climate_Change_Narratives/blob/master/Communication_Resources/bibexample.bib|$ 

Be sure to upload both files.