COMP 416: COMPUTER NETWORKS PROJECT 1 PART 1 REPORT

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OVERVIEW

This overview will include snapshot of the app and explaining the processes with these snapshots step-by-step.

```
efe@Efes-MacBook-Pro server-src % java EchoServer.java

Please enter timeout time:

100

Please enter port number:
9999

Waiting for client
```

- Step 1: Run the program with \$java EchoServer.java
- Step 2: Enter a value for duration before timeout (in seconds)
- Step 3: Enter a value for port number (integer)
- Step 4: Waits for the client socket

With these inputs the program takes the values creates a server socket as seen in the snapshot below.

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
       DataInputStream din;
       ServerSocket serverSocket;
       DataOutputStream dout;
       BufferedReader br;
            System.out.println("Please enter timeout time:");
            BufferedReader time = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
            sec = (Long.parseLong(time.readLine()) * 1000);
            //setting the port number
            System.out.println("Please enter port number:");
            BufferedReader port = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
            serverSocket = new ServerSocket(Integer.parseInt(port.readLine()));
            if (sec != 0) serverSocket.setSoTimeout((int) sec);
           System.out.println("Waiting for client");
efe@Efes-MacBook-Pro server-src % java EchoServer.java
Please enter timeout time:
lease enter port number:
                                                          Please enter port number:
aiting for client
ocal port: 9999
                                                          Client says:
```

- Step 4: Do steps 1-3 for client file (using \$java EchoClient.java to run the program)
- Step 5: Once the connection is established, local ports are shown on the console.
- Step 6: The app waits for the client to start messaging.

```
efe@Efes-MacBook-Pro server-src % java EchoServer.java efe@Efes-MacBook-Pro client-src % java EchoClient.java
Please enter timeout time:
108
Please enter port number:
9999
999
Waiting for client
Connected
Local port: 51277
Local port: 9999
Client says: hello
Server says: hey
Client says: 1
Server says: 2
Client says: 1
Server says: 2
```

Step 7: The messages are sent one-by-one as seen on the figure above.

Step 8: Chat ends with the message "goodby"

**Timeout cases are shown below

```
efe@Efes-MacBook-Pro client-src %
Waiting for client
 ava.net.SocketTimeoutException: Accept timed out
            at java.base/sun.nio.ch.NioSocketImpl.accept(NioSocketImpl.java:752) at java.base/java.net.ServerSocket.implAccept(ServerSocket.java:675)
            at java.base/java.net.ServerSocket.implAccept(ServerSocket.java:617)
            at java.base/jdk.internal.reflect.NativeMethodAccessorImpl.invoke0(Native Met
            at jdk.compiler/com.sun.tools.javac.launcher.Main.execute(\frac{Main.java:419}{Main.java:192}) at jdk.compiler/com.sun.tools.javac.launcher.Main.run(\frac{Main.java:192}{Main.java:192})
at jdk.compiler/com.sun.tools.javac.launcher.Main.main(<u>Main.java:132</u>)
efe@Efes-MacBook-Pro server-src %
efe@Efes-MacBook-Pro server-src % java EchoServer.java
Please enter timeout time:
                                                                                                                                             Please enter port number:
Connected
Local port: 9999
                                                                                                                                             Client says:
                                                                                                                                             chat ended
                                                                                                                                             java.net.SocketTimeoutException: Read timed out
Server says:
                                                                                                                                                         at java.base/sun.nio.ch.NioSocketImpl.implRead(NioSocketImpl.java.269) at java.base/sun.nio.ch.NioSocketImpl.java.369) at java.base/sun.nio.ch.NioSocketImpl.pead(NioSocketImpl.java.356) at java.base/sun.nio.ch.NioSocketImpl$1.read(NioSocketImpl.java.383) at java.base/java.net.Socket$SocketImpl$1.read(SocketImpl.java.966)
           at java.base/java.io.DataInputStream.readUTF(\underline{DataInputStream.java:578}) at EchoServer.main(\underline{EchoServer.java:59})
                                                                                                                                                          at java.base/java.net.Socket$SocketInputStream.read(Socket.java:961)
            at java.base/jdk.internal.reflect.NativeMethodAccessorImpl.invoke(NativeMetho
                                                                                                                                                          at java.base/jdk.internal.reflect.NativeMethodAccessorImpl.invoke0(Native Met
           at jdk.compiler/com.sun.tools.javac.launcher.Main.execute(\underline{\text{Main.java:419}}) at jdk.compiler/com.sun.tools.javac.launcher.Main.run(\underline{\text{Main.java:192}})
```

- -standard implementation for socket timeout.
- -works well for server socket
- -does not work for the client socket

```
//setting the duration for timeout

System.out.println(!Please.enter.timeout.time:");

BufferedReader time = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));

milisec = (Long.parseLong(time.readLine()) * 1808);

//setting the port number

System.out.println("Please enter port number:");

BufferedReader port = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));

BufferedReader port = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));

//creating the client socket

clientSocket = new Socket( nost: "localhost", Integer.parseInt(port.readLine()));

clientSocket.setSoTimeout((int) milisec);

//waits for a client
```

-In the case below, the client socket had trouble with timeout so I implemented a different kind of solution for this. After the timeout duration is exceeded, when you try to send a message it fails and the app closes.

```
Please enter timeout time:

Please enter port number:

Please enter port nu
```

-snapshot of the implementation is below

```
//Chat continues until someone sends "goodby" or time exceeds
while (!strFromServer.equals("goodby")) {
    //Client initiates the chat
    System.out.print("Client says: ");
    strFromServer = br.readLine();

    //checks for the timeout, breaks or adds time
    if (System.currentTimeHillis() > timeoutTime) {
        System.out.println("message failed - chat timed out");
        break;
    } else timeoutTime = System.currentTimeHillis() + milisec;

    //sends client's message
    dout.writeUTF(strFromServer);
    dout.flush();

    //receives the server's message
    strToClient = din.readUTF();
    System.out.println("Server says: " + strToClient);

    //ends if server says goodby
    if (strToClient.equals("goodby")) break;
}

//closes the chat and socket
System.out.println("Chat ended");
br.close();
din.close();
din.close();
clientSocket.close();

clientSocket.close();
```