

zalando

# NOSQL FOR POSTGRESQL

**BEST PRACTICES** 

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→ Jsonb internals and performance-related factors



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- → Tricky queries



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- → Tricky queries
- → Benchmarks



- → Jsonb internals and performance-related factors
- → Tricky queries
- → Benchmarks
- → How to shoot yourself in the foot



# Internals





→ On-disk representation

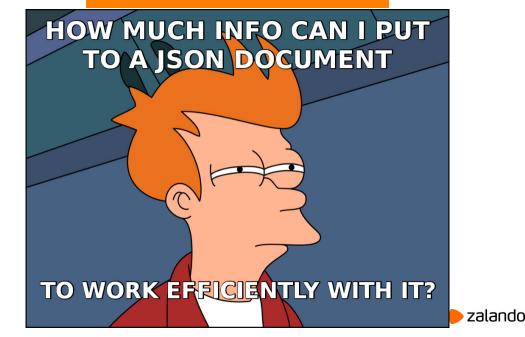


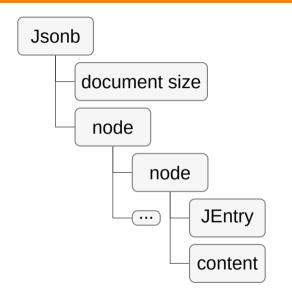
- → On-disk representation
- → In-memory representation



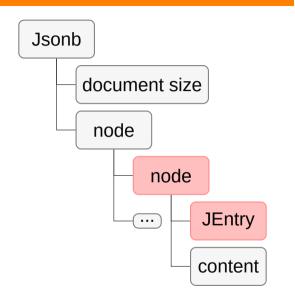
- → On-disk representation
- → In-memory representation
- → Indexing support

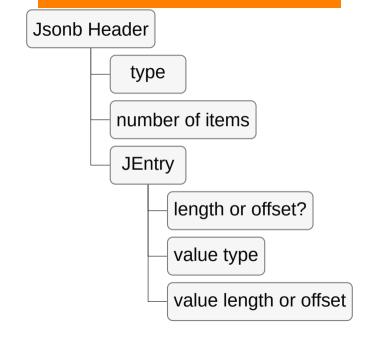








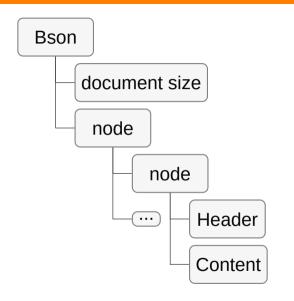




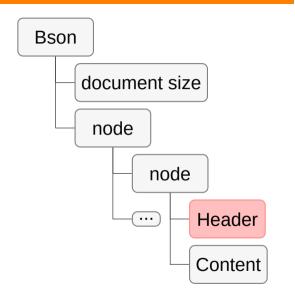
### JB\_OFFSET\_STRIDE

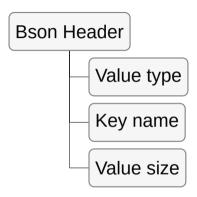
- → JEntry may contains a value length or offset
- → Offset = access speed
- → Length = compressibility
- → Every **JB\_OFFSET\_STRIDE**'th JEntry contains an offset
- → Rest of them contain length



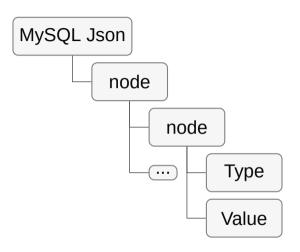


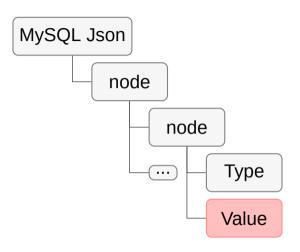


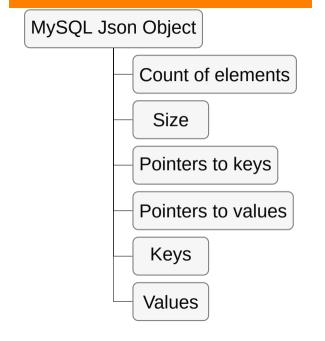


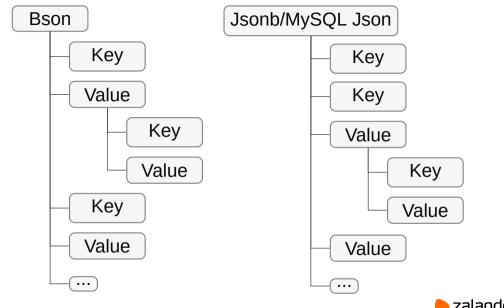












```
{"a": 3, "b": "xyz"}
```



```
select pg relation filepath(oid),
relpages from pg class
where relname = 'table name':
 pg relation filepath | relpages
 base/40960/325477
(1 \text{ row})
```

```
bson.dumps({"a": 3, "b": u"xyz"})
```



\$ hexdump -C database/table.ibd

\x00\x02\x00\x18\x00\x12\x00\x01\x00\x13\x00\x01\x00\x05\x03\x00\x0c\x14\x00ab\x03xyz\x00



#### **TOAST**



- → TOAST\_TUPLE\_THRESHOLD bytes (normally 2 kB)
- → PostgreSQL and MySQL use LZ variation
- → MongoDB uses snappy block compression



## **Alignment**

Variable-length portion is aligned to a 4-byte

```
insert into test
values('{"a": "aa". "b": 1}');
abaa\x20\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00
insert into test
values('{"a": 1, "b": "aa"}');
```



# **In-memory representation**

- → Tree-like representation (JsonbValue, Document, Json\_dom)
- → Little bit more expensive but more convenient to work with
- → Mostly in use to modify data (except MySQL)
- → Most of the read operations use on-disk representation



# **Indexing support**

- → Postgresql single path, multiple paths, entire document
- → MongoDB single path, multiple paths
- → MySQL virtual columns, single path, multiple paths



# **PG** indexing details

- → jsonb\_path
- → jsonb\_path\_ops



# Queries

## **Pitfalls**

- → No Json path out of the box (jsquery, SQL/JSON)
- → Queries with an array somewhere in the middle
- → Iterating through document
- → Update inside document



```
"items": [
    {"id": 1, "value": "aaa"},
    {"id": 2. "value": "bbb"}
"items": [
    {"id": 3, "value": "aaa"},
    {"id": 4, "value": "bbb"}
```

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```
WITH items AS (
    SELECT jsonb array elements(data→'items')
    AS item FROM test
SELECT * FROM items
WHERE item-»'value' = 'aaa';
item
 {"id": 1, "value": "aaa"}
 {"id": 3, "value": "aaa"}
(2 rows)
```

```
"items": {
    "item1": {"status": true},
    "item2": {"status": true},
    "item3": {"status": false}
```

```
WITH items AS (
    SELECT jsonb each(data→'items')
    AS item FROM test
SELECT (item).key FROM items
WHERE (item).value-»'status' = 'true':
key
item1
item2
(2 rows)
```

# **Benchmarks**





#### **AWS EC2**

m4.xlarge instance separate instance (database and generator) 16GB memory, 4 core 2.3GHz Ubuntu 16.04 Same VPC and placement group AMI that supports HVM virtualization type at least 4 rounds of benchmark



PostgreSQL 9.6.3

MySQL 5.7.9/8.0

MongoDB 3.4.4

YCSB 0.13

 $10^6$  rows and operations

AWS EC2



#### Configuration

```
shared buffers
effective cache size
max wal size
innodb buffer pool size
innodb log file_size
write concern level (journaled or transaction sync)
checkpoint
eviction
```



#### **Document types**

"simple" document 10 key/value pairs (100 characters)

"large" document 100 key/value pairs (200 characters)

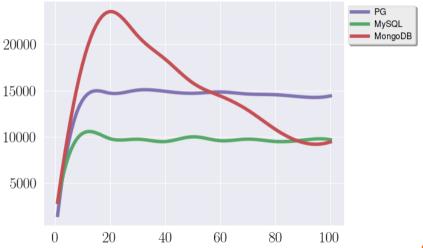
"complex" document 100 keys, 3 nesting levels (100 characters)



#### Select, GIN

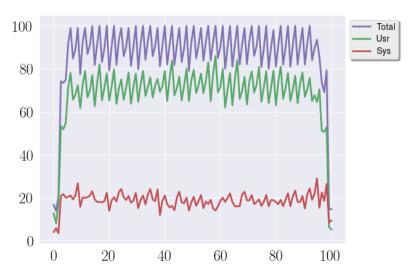
"simple" document jsonb\_path\_ops where data @> '{"key": "value"}'::jsonb





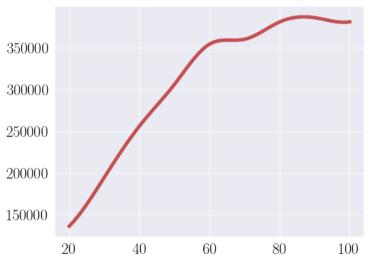


## CPU%



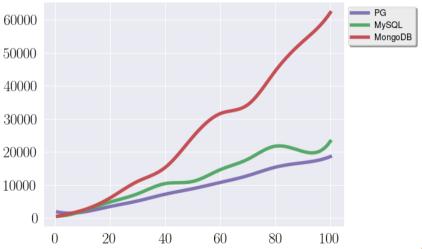


# CPU migrations (MongoDB)





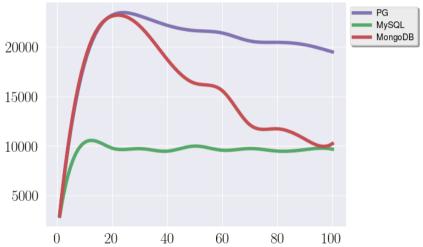
## Latency 99% ( $\mu s$ )



#### Select, BTree

"simple" document btree



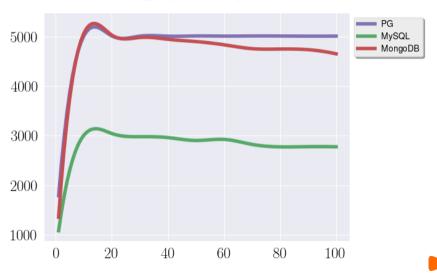




#### Select, BTree

"complex" document btree

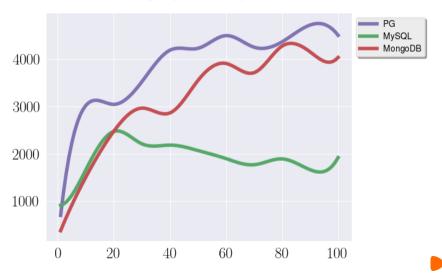




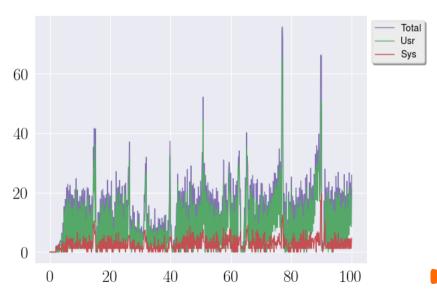
#### Insert

"simple" document journaled

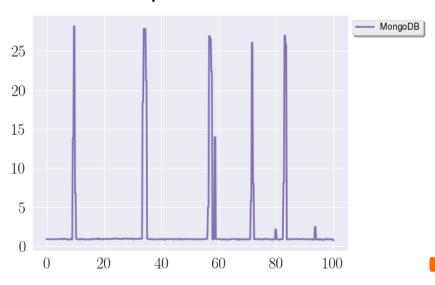


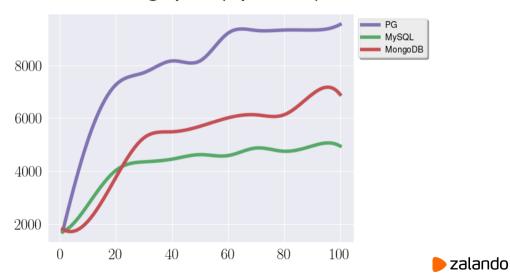


# CPU%



# IO queue size

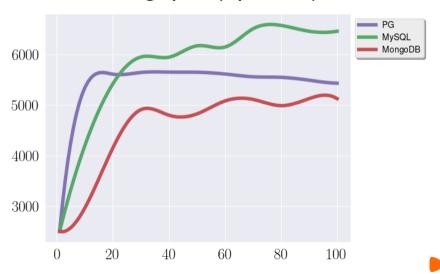




#### Update 50%, Select 50%

"simple" document
Update one field
journaled
max wal size 1GB

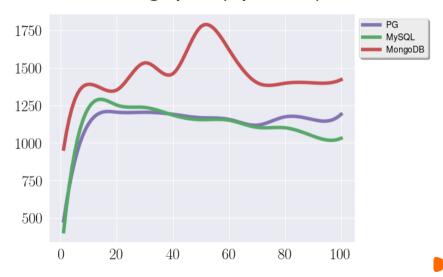




#### Update 50%, Select 50%

"large" document Update one field

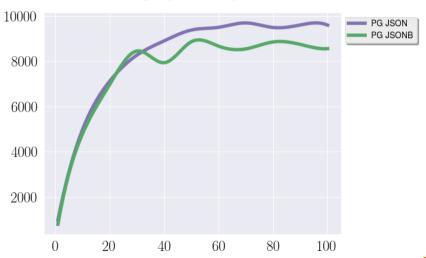




#### **JSON vs JSONB**

"simple" document btree insert

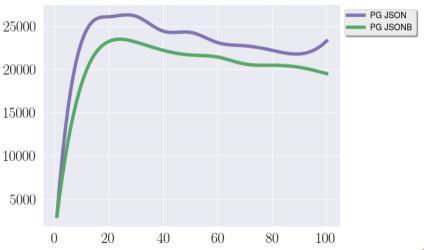




#### **JSON vs JSONB**

"simple" document btree select



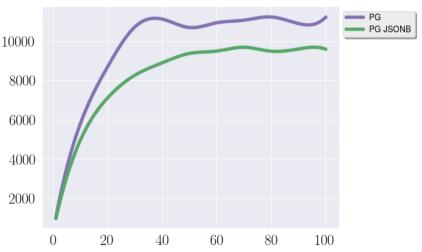




#### **SQL vs JSONB**

"simple" document btree insert



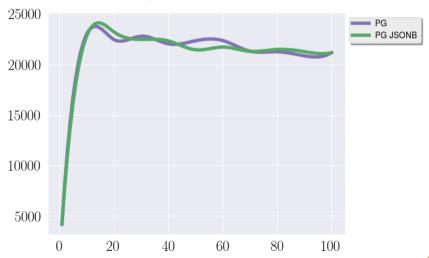




#### **SQL vs JSONB**

"simple" document btree select







# How to bring it down accidentally?



- → Update one field of a document
- → DETOAST of a document (select, constraints, procedures etc.)
- → Reindex of an entire document



### **Document slice**

"large" document

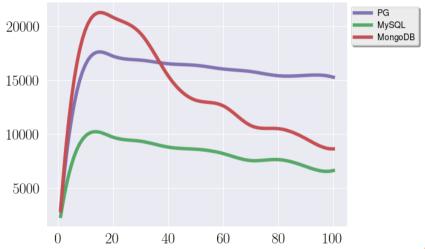
One field from a document



```
select data→'key1'→'key2' from table;
select data→'key1', data→'key2' from table;
```



# Throughput (ops/sec)

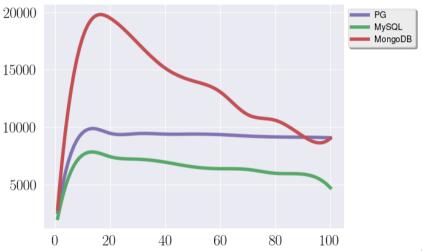


### **Document slice**

"large" document 10 fields from a document



# Throughput (ops/sec)



#### **Document slice**

```
create type test as ("a" text, "b" text);
insert into test isonb
values('{"a": 1, "b": 2, "c": 3}');
select q.* from test jsonb,
jsonb populate record(NULL::test, data) as q;
a b
1 2
(1 row)
```

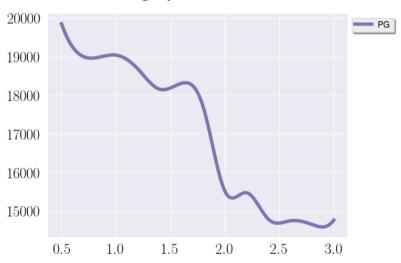


### TOAST\_TUPLE\_THRESHOLD

"simple" document 40 threads different document size select



## Throughput, 40 clients



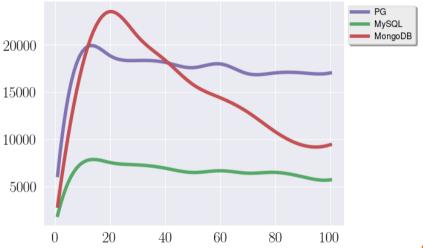


### Select, GIN

```
"simple" document
jsonb_path_ops
where data @> jsonb_build_object('key', 'value')
where data @> '{"key": "value"}'::jsonb
```



# Throughput (ops/sec)





→ Jsonb is more that good for many use cases



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- → Benchmarks above are only "hints"

- → Jsonb is more that good for many use cases
- → Benchmarks above are only "hints"
- → You need your own tests



### Questions?

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