



NOSQL FOR POSTGRESQL

BEST PRACTICES

DMITRY DOLGOV

08-17-2017







→ Jsonb internals and performance-related factors



- → Jsonb internals and performance-related factors
- → Benchmarks



- → Jsonb internals and performance-related factors
- → Benchmarks
- → How to shoot yourself in the foot



Internals





→ On-disk representation

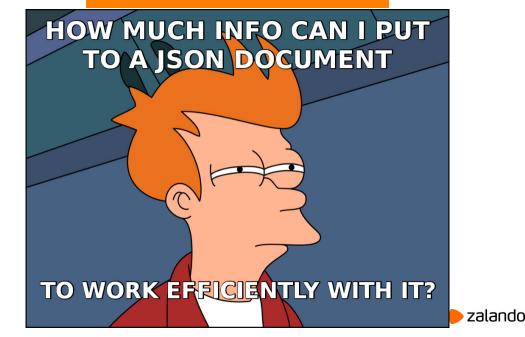


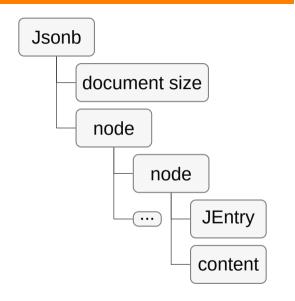
- → On-disk representation
- → In-memory representation

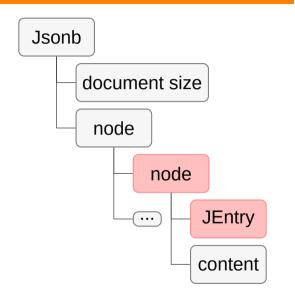


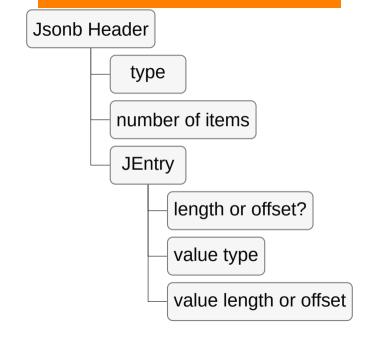
- → On-disk representation
- → In-memory representation
- → Indexing support







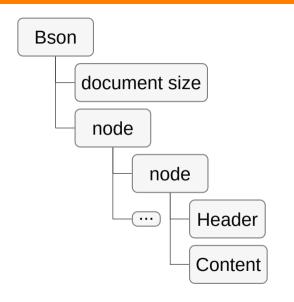




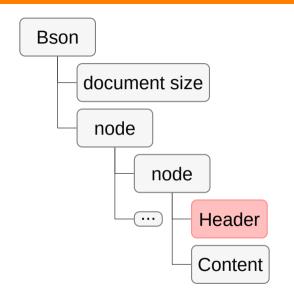
JB_OFFSET_STRIDE

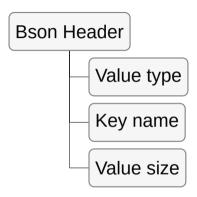
- → JEntry may contains a value length or offset
- → Offset = access speed
- → Length = compressibility
- → Every **JB_OFFSET_STRIDE**'th JEntry contains an offset
- → Rest of them contain length



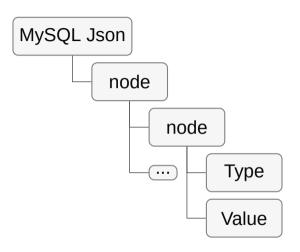


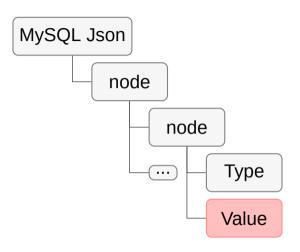


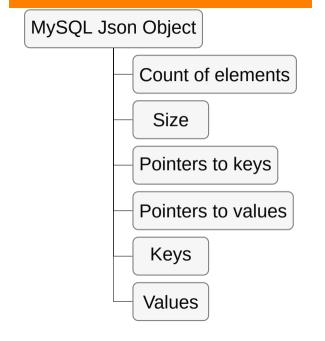


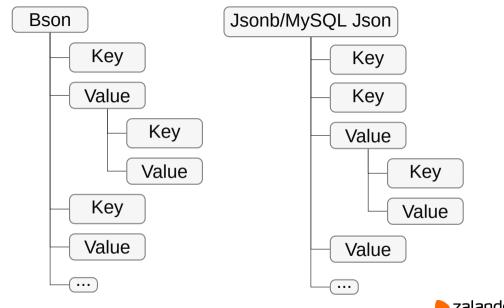












```
{"a": 3, "b": "xyz"}
```



```
select pg relation filepath(oid),
relpages from pg class
where relname = 'table name':
 pg relation filepath | relpages
 base/40960/325477
(1 \text{ row})
```

```
bson.dumps({"a": 3, "b": u"xyz"})
```



\$ hexdump -C database/table.ibd

\x00\x02\x00\x18\x00\x12\x00\x01\x00\x13\x00\x01\x00\x05\x03\x00\x0c\x14\x00ab\x03xyz\x00



TOAST



- → TOAST_TUPLE_THRESHOLD bytes (normally 2 kB)
- → PostgreSQL and MySQL use LZ variation
- → MongoDB uses snappy block compression



Alignment

Variable-length portion is aligned to a 4-byte

```
insert into test
values('{"a": "aa". "b": 1}');
abaa\x20\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00
insert into test
values('{"a": 1, "b": "aa"}');
```



In-memory representation

- → Tree-like representation (JsonbValue, Document, Json_dom)
- → Little bit more expensive but more convenient to work with
- → Mostly in use to modify data (except MySQL)
- → Most of the read operations use on-disk representation



Indexing support

- → Postgresql single field, multiple fields, entire document
- → MongoDB single field, multiple fields
- → MySQL virtual columns, single field, multiple fields



PG indexing details

- → JGIN MAXLENGTH
- → jsonb_path
- → jsonb_path_ops



Queries

Pitfalls

- → Queries with an array somewhere in the middle
- → Iterating through document
- → Update inside document



```
"items": □
    {"id": 1, "value": "aaa"},
    {"id": 2, "value": "bbb"}
"items": [
    {"id": 3, "value": "aaa"},
    {"id": 4. "value": "bbb"}
```

```
WITH items AS (
    SELECT jsonb array elements(data→'items')
    AS item FROM test
SELECT * FROM items
WHERE item-»'value' = 'aaa';
item
 {"id": 1, "value": "aaa"}
 {"id": 3, "value": "aaa"}
(2 rows)
```

```
"items": {
    "item1": {"status": true},
    "item2": {"status": true},
    "item3": {"status": false}
```

```
WITH items AS (
    SELECT jsonb each(data→'items')
    AS item FROM test
SELECT (item).key FROM items
WHERE (item).value-»'status' = 'true':
key
item1
item2
(2 rows)
```

```
"items": □
    {"id": 3, "value": "ccc"},
    {"id": 4. "value": "ddd"}
"items": [
    {"id": 1, "value": "aaa"},
    {"id": 2, "value": "bbb"}
```

```
UPDATE test
SET data = jsonb set(data, '{items}',
(SELECT
    isonb agg(
        CASE WHEN item->'value' = 'aaa'
        THEN jsonb set(item, '{value}', '"NEW"')
        FISE item FND
    FROM (SELECT
        jsonb array elements(data→'items')
        AS item) q));
                                             zalando
```

```
UPDATE test
SET data = jsonb set(data, '{items}',
(SELECT
    isonb agg(
        CASE WHEN item->'value' = 'aaa'
        THEN jsonb set(item, '{value}', '"NEW"')
        FISE item FND
    FROM (SELECT
        jsonb array elements(data→'items')
        AS item) q));
                                             zalando
```

Benchmarks





AWS EC2

m4.xlarge instance separate instance (database and generator) 16GB memory, 4 core 2.3GHz Ubuntu 16.04 Same VPC and placement group AMI that supports HVM virtualization type at least 4 rounds of benchmark



PostgreSQL 9.6.3

MySQL 5.7.9

MongoDB 3.4.4

YCSB 0.9

 10^6 rows and operations

AWS EC2



Configuration

```
shared_buffers
effective_cache_size
max_wal_size
innodb_buffer_pool_size
write concern level (journaled or transaction_sync)
```



Document types

"simple" document 10 key/value pairs (100 characters)

"large" document 100 key/value pairs (200 characters)

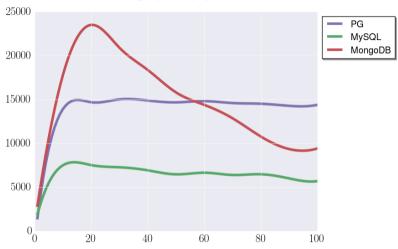
"complex" document 100 keys, 3 nesting levels (100 characters)

zalando

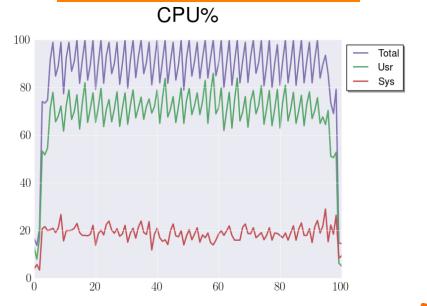
Select, GIN

"simple" document jsonb_path_ops where data @> '{"key": "value"}'::jsonb







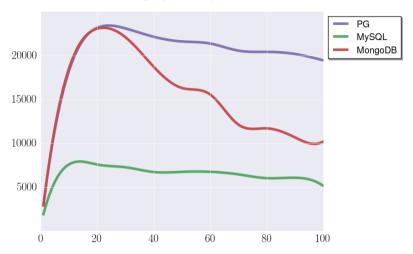




Select, BTree

"simple" document btree



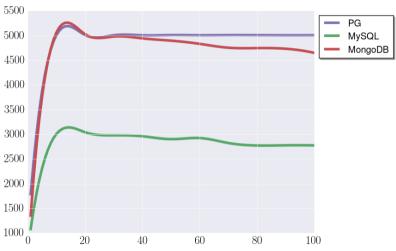




Select, BTree

"complex" document btree



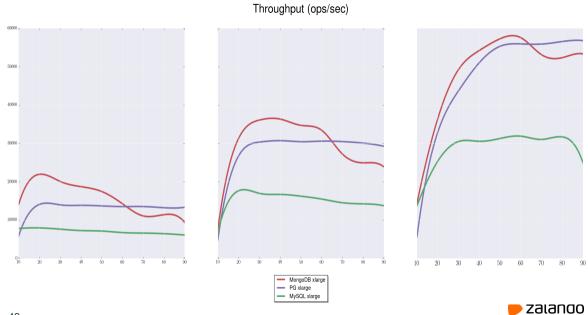




Scalability

"simple" document m4.large m4.xlarge m4.2xlarge

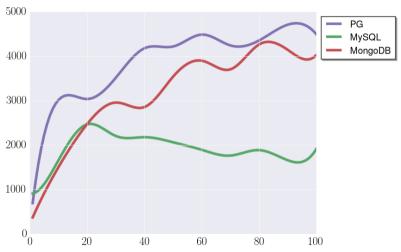




Insert

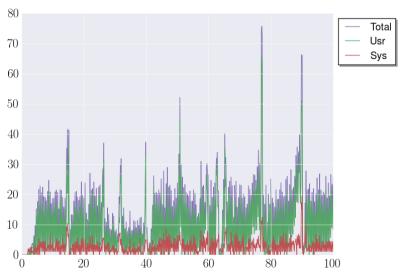
"simple" document journaled





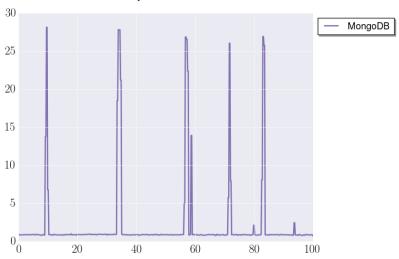


CPU%





IO queue size

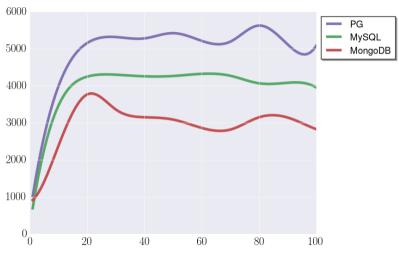




Update 50%, Select 50%

"simple" document Update one field transaction sync



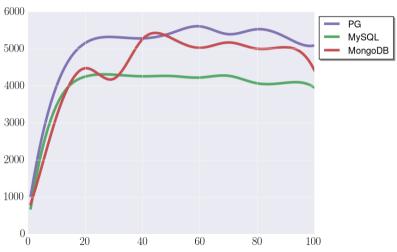




Update 50%, Select 50%

"simple" document Update one field journaled



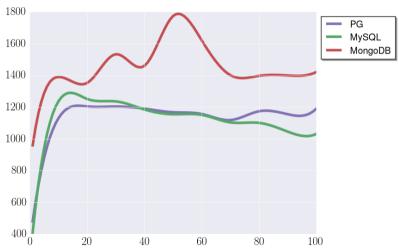




Update 50%, Select 50%

"large" document Update one field



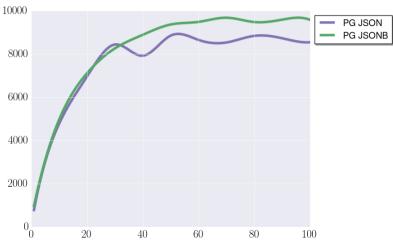




JSON vs JSONB

"simple" document btree insert



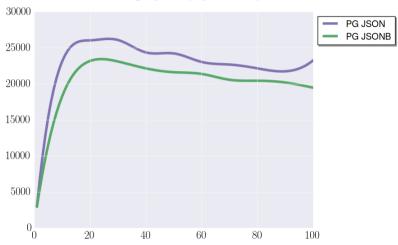




JSON vs JSONB

"simple" document btree select



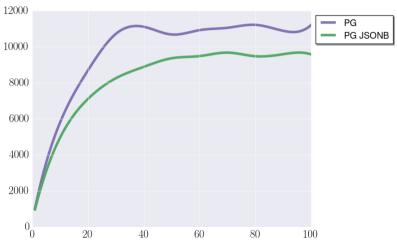




SQL vs JSONB

"simple" document btree insert



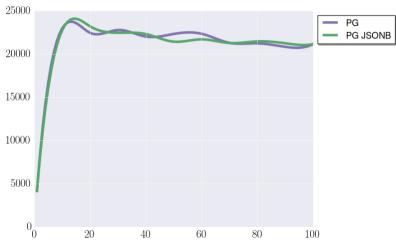




SQL vs JSONB

"simple" document btree select







How to bring it down accidentally?



- → Update one field of a document
- → DETOAST of a document (select, constraints, procedures etc.)
- → Reindex of an entire document

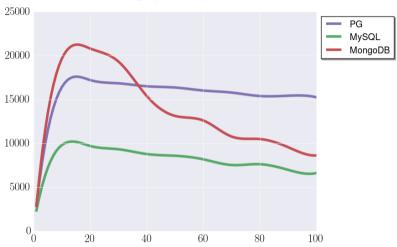


Document slice

"large" document
One field from a document



```
select data→'key1'→'key2' from table;
select data→'key1', data→'key2' from table;
```

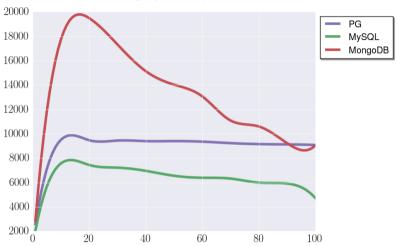




Document slice

"large" document 10 fields from a document







Document slice

```
create type test as ("a" text, "b" text);
insert into test isonb
values('{"a": 1, "b": 2, "c": 3}');
select q.* from test jsonb,
jsonb populate record(NULL::test, data) as q;
a b
1 2
(1 row)
```

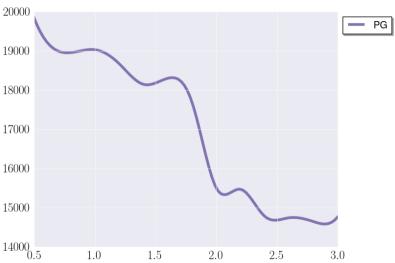


TOAST_TUPLE_THRESHOLD

"simple" document 40 threads different document size select



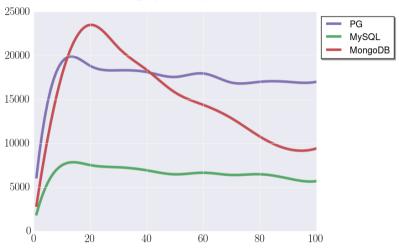
Throughput, 40 clients



Select, GIN

"simple" document jsonb_path_ops where data @> jsonb_build_object('key', 'value')







→ Jsonb is more that good for many use cases



- → Jsonb is more that good for many use cases
- → Benchmarks above are only "hints"



- → Jsonb is more that good for many use cases
- → Benchmarks above are only "hints"
- → You need your own tests



Questions?

- **O** github.com/erthalion
- ≥ 9erthalion6 at gmail dot com

