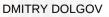


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## NOSQL BEST PRACTICES

FOR POSTGRESQL



29-03-2018



#### Introduction

Less benchmarks
More opinionated best practices



#### Introduction

Application developers

**DBAs** 

Extension developers



# **Application developers**





→ You have a distinct flexible model



- → You have a distinct flexible model
- → You need to work with data provided in document oriented format



- → You have a distinct flexible model
- → You need to work with data provided in document oriented format
- → Workaround for technical issues (large number of tables or expensive alignment)





→ Flexibility "just in case"



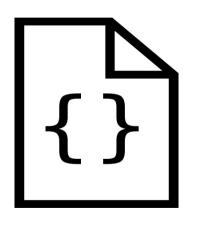
- → Flexibility "just in case"
- → Reluctance to create a migration

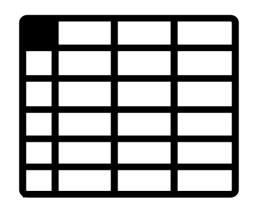


- → Flexibility "just in case"
- → Reluctance to create a migration
- → Use jsonb column as a "garbage can"



#### Jsonb -> Relation









→ Queries rely significantly in information about internal structure of documents



- → Queries rely significantly in information about internal structure of documents
- → There are too many constraints for documents



- → Queries rely significantly in information about internal structure of documents
- → There are too many constraints for documents
- → Some parts of document are used much more frequently than other



```
SELECT id, created FROM some table
WHERE
(data->>'name' = :a
AND (data @> ('{"items":[{"id":"'||:b||'"}]}'))
AND (data @> ('{"items":[{"elems":[{"name":"'||:c||'"}]}}}'))
AND (data @> ('{"items":[{"elems":[{"id":"'||:d||'"}]}}}'))
AND (data a) ('{"items":[{"name":"'||:e||'"}]}'))
ORDER BY created ASC, id ASC;
```



## **Complicated conditions**

- → jsquery
- → SQL/JSON



#### **Complicated conditions**

SELECT id, created FROM some\_table
WHERE

```
data 00 'items.#(id = '||:a||')'
AND data 00 'items.#.elems.#(name = '||:b||')'
AND data 00 'items.#.elems.#(id = '||:c||')'
AND data 00 'items.#(name = '||:d||')'
```

ORDER BY created ASC, id ASC;



#### **Complicated conditions**

SELECT id, created FROM some\_table
WHERE

```
data 0~ '$.items[*] ? (@id = '||:a||')'
AND data 0~ '$.items[*].elems[*] ? (@name = '||:b||')'
AND data 0~ '$.items[*].elems[*] ? (@id = '||:c||')'
AND data 0~ '$.items[*](@name = '||:d||')'
```

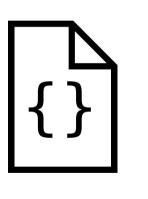
ORDER BY created ASC, id ASC;

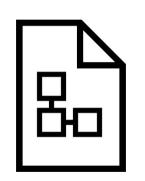


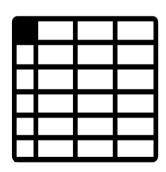
#### **Complicated select**

```
SELECT
    st.data #>> '{item_a, another item}' AS item a.
    st.data #>> '{item c}'
                                          AS item c.
    jsonb array elements(
        data #> '{item b, subitem a, subitem b}'
    ) ->> 'some kev'
                                          AS item e
    FROM some table st LEFT JOIN another table at
    ON (st.data #> '{item b, kev a, kev b}') a>
        jsonb build array(jsonb build object(
            'kev'. 'some kev name'.
            'value'. at.data #>> '{item b, another item}'
        )):
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```

#### Jsonb -> Relation









#### **Constraints**

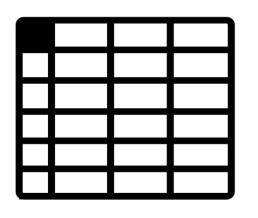
- → Simple checks for value, type or size
- → More convenient checks with jsquery
- → Json schema

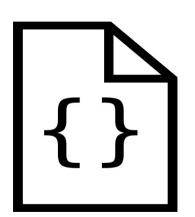


#### **Constraints**

```
CREATE TABLE test (
    data jsonb,
    CHECK (jsonb typeof(data->'key') = 'array')
);
CREATE TABLE test (
    data jsonb,
    CHECK (data @@ 'key IS ARRAY OR key IS OBJECT')
):
CREATE TABLE test (
    data jsonb,
    CHECK (validate_json_schema('{"key": "array"}', data))
);
```

#### **Relation -> Jsonb**







```
SELECT jsonb_agg(query) FROM (
    SELECT id, data
    FROM jsonb_table
) query;
```



Seamless interaction between json and relation

```
[{
    "items": [
        {"id": 1, "value": "aaa"},
        {"id": 2, "value": "bbb"}
    "items": [
        {"id": 3, "value": "aaa"},
        {"id": 4. "value": "bbb"}
}]
```

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```
WITH items AS (
    SELECT jsonb_array elements(data->'items')
    AS item FROM test
SELECT * FROM items
WHERE item->>'value' = 'aaa':
item
 {"id": 1, "value": "aaa"}
 {"id": 3, "value": "aaa"}
(2 rows)
```

```
WITH items AS (
    SELECT jsonb_array_elements (data->'items')
    AS item FROM test
SELECT * FROM items
WHERE item->>'value' = 'aaa':
item
 {"id": 1, "value": "aaa"}
 {"id": 3, "value": "aaa"}
(2 rows)
```

```
"items": {
    "item1": {"status": true},
    "item2": {"status": true},
    "item3": {"status": false}
```

```
WITH items AS (
    SELECT jsonb each(data->'items')
    AS item FROM test
SELECT (item).key FROM items
WHERE (item).value->>'status' = 'true';
kev
item1
item2
(2 rows)
```

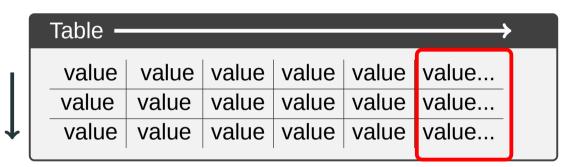
```
WITH items AS (
    SELECT jsonb_each (data->'items')
    AS item FROM test
SELECT (item).key FROM items
WHERE (item).value->>'status' = 'true':
kev
item1
item2
(2 rows)
```

### Multiple jsonb columns

- → Keep at the end for readability
- → tuple\_deform (PG11, JIT compilation)

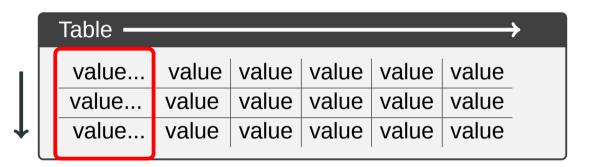


#### Multiple jsonb columns





### Multiple jsonb columns



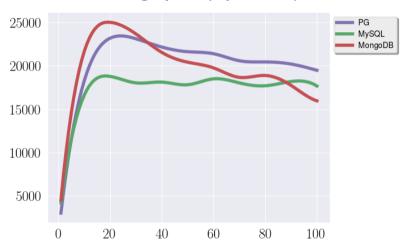


### Document slice: in the DB or on the app?

- → Amount of data passed from DB to application
- → Performance hit in some cases (multiple detoasting)

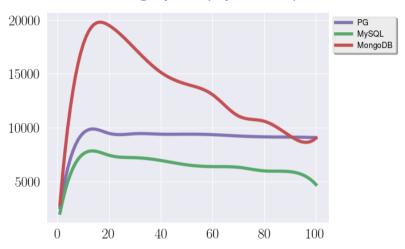


### Throughput (ops/sec)





### Throughput (ops/sec)





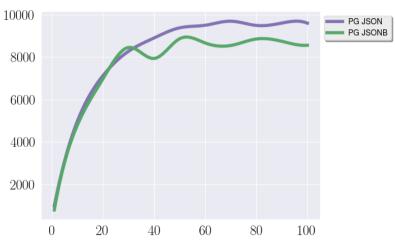
- → Plain Json
- → Binary Jsonb
- → Relation



# **Insert workload**

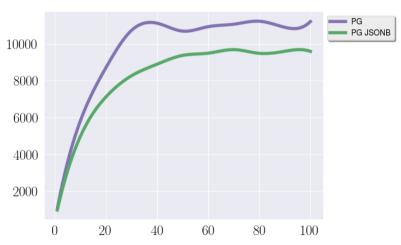


### Throughput (ops/sec)





### Throughput (ops/sec)

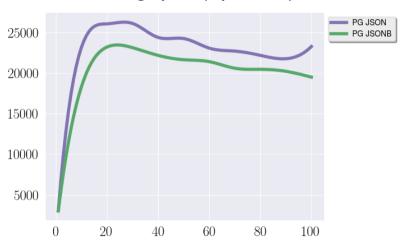




# **Read workload**

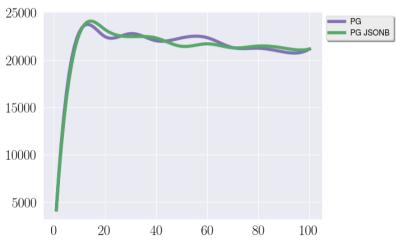


### Throughput (ops/sec)





### Throughput (ops/sec)





### Jsonb array vs regular array

- → Store elements of different type? Not really a "single model" idea.
- → Syntax is less natural (this may change)
- → Updates are slower
- → Arrays are 1-based, Jsonb 0-based



```
SELECT array[0] FROM some table:
SELECT jsonb->0 FROM some table:
-- WTP
SELECT jsonb[0] FROM some table;
UPDATE some table SET array[0] = 'new value':
UPDATE some table
SET isonb = isonb set(isonb. '{0}'. 'new value'):
-- WTP
UPDATE some table SET jsonb[0] 'new value':
```

### Jsonb NULL != SQL NULL

```
SELECT jsonb set(data, '{key}', NULL);
 isonb set
 NULL
(1 row)
SELECT jsonb_set(data, '{key}', 'null');
 jsonb set
 {"key": null}
(1 row)
```

#### Some useful extensions

- → jsquery
- → postgres-json-schema
- → is\_jsonb\_valid
- → zson (jsonbc, custom compression methods WIP)
- → jsonb\_explorer



### Types, please







# **DBAs**



#### **Limitations**

Size 256 MB

Depth - max\_stack\_depth

Stack depth is different for create & update





### **Indexing support**

- → GIN index (jsonb\_ops, jsonb\_path\_ops)
- → Functional BTree index
- → jsquery strategies for GIN
- → Partial indexes WIP

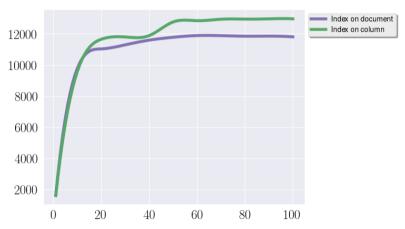


#### Place for ID

- → Inside a document
- → As as separate column



### PG, Throughput (ops/sec)





#### Place for ID

PostgreSQL 11 have HOT updates for some expression indexes, which will eliminate this problem.



#### **Statistics**

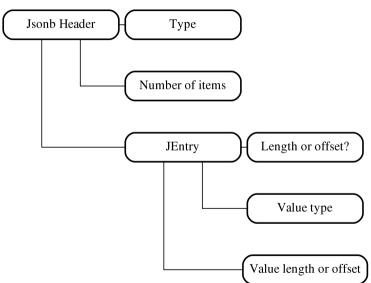
- → There is no proper selectivity estimation for jsonb
- → Optimizer can give wrong estimations for GIN and complex queries
- → Functional indexes



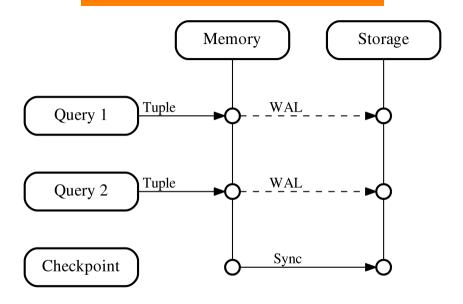
# How much to write?



#### **Jsonb vs Json**





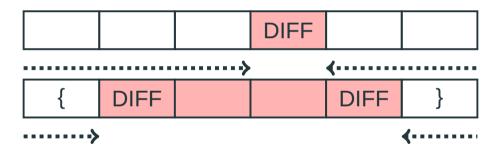


#### How much to write?

- → Every update leads to update of an entire document (but it's ok)
- → WAL can have a full document or just a diff
- → Old and new tuples fit into the same page diff
- → Old and new tuples fit into the same page full
- → If logical decoding is enabled full



#### How much to write?



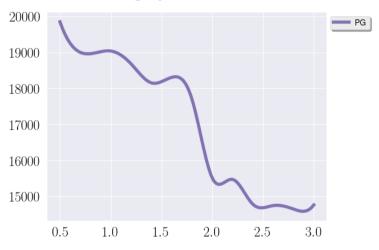


### **Huge documents**

- → TOAST has significant overhead (assemble, locks)
- → Other than that linear degradation



### Throughput, 40 clients





#### **Alignment**

Variable-length portion is aligned to a 4-byte

```
insert into test
values('{"a": "aa", "b": 1}');
abaa\x20\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00
insert into test
values('{"a": 1, "b": "aa"}');
```



# **Extensions**

### Why to write an extension?

- → Implement some convenient functionality (e.g. jsonb intersection)
- → Create function optimized for your domain model



### Why to write an extension?

findJsonbValueFromContainer -> binary search \_id in a fixed position?



- → Raw Jsonb container when search for an element
- → Iterate through JsonbValue when update



#### Reuse infrastructure

- → findJsonbValueFromContainer
- → Jsonblterator
- → addToParseState
- → worker functions



### **Random tips**

- → Clone iterator
- → String are not null-terminated



#### **Questions?**

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- 9erthalion6 at gmail dot com

