

UNIVERSITY OF MINHO

MSC. ENGINEERING OF COMPUTER NETWORKS AND
TELEMATIC SERVICES



ndnSIM 2.3 Installation Manual

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1 NS-3 Introduction

ns-3 is a discrete-event network simulator, targeted primarily for research and educational use. ns-3 is free software, licensed under the GNU GPLv2 license, and is publicly available for research, development, and use.

The goal of the ns-3 project is to develop a preferred, open simulation environment for networking research: it should be aligned with the simulation needs of modern networking research and should encourage community contribution, peer review, and validation of the software.

1.1 Simulating the Models

The ns-3 project is committed to building a solid simulation core that is well documented, easy to use and debug, and that caters to the needs of the entire simulation workflow, from simulation configuration to trace collection and analysis.

Furthermore, the ns-3 software infrastructure encourages the development of simulation models which are sufficiently realistic to allow ns-3 to be used as a realtime network emulator, interconnected with the real world and which allows many existing real-world protocol implementations to be reused within ns-3.

The ns-3 simulation core supports research on both IP and non-IP based networks. However, the large majority of its users focuses on wireless/IP simulations which involve models for Wi-Fi, WiMAX, or LTE for layers 1 and 2 and a variety of static or dynamic routing protocols such as OLSR and AODV for IP-based applications.

ns-3 also supports a real-time scheduler that facilitates a number of "simulation-in-the-loop" use cases for interacting with real systems. For instance, users can emit and receive ns-3-generated packets on real network devices, and ns-3 can serve as an interconnection framework to add link effects between virtual machines. Another emphasis of the simulator is on the reuse of real application and kernel code. Frameworks for running unmodified applications or the entire Linux kernel networking stack within ns-3 are presently being tested and evaluated.

2 Ubuntu Installation

You have two different options to install ubuntu on you machine; using virtual drive and dual-boot. The dual-boot option is preferable to have good performance on your machines but before doing that, backup all your files in case.

2.1 VMware-Virtual Machine

You may prefer to use virtual machine which you can run it on your current operating system(such as Win 10, Macintosh). To install and run Linux or any others, you need to have VMware software. The VMware is a free software and you may get it from [VMware Player](#) download page. Once you get it and installed to your system, you are able to do installation of Linux machine.

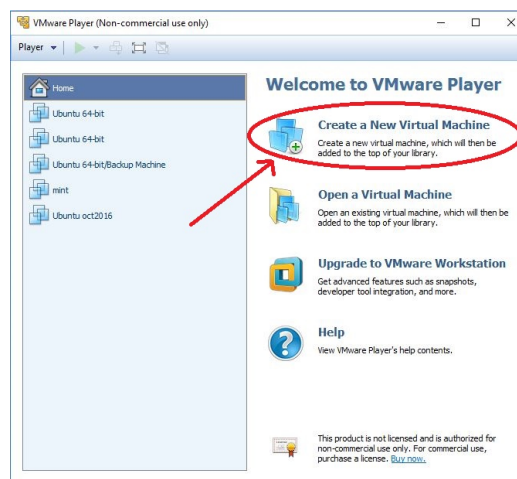


Figure 1: Create a new virtual Machine

2.2 Dual-Boot Windows 10 and Ubuntu

If you prefer to install/run Linux system physically, you need to do “create partition” from your current OS disk. To download and install Ubuntu Linux alongside windows 8&10, you need to follow the procedures from this web

page [Install Ubuntu Alongside Windows 10](#). Important: Before doing this steps, please **backup** your files.

3 Eclipse Installation

To edit and modify any scenario you need Eclipse editor on your ubuntu. The `java` is required to install Eclipse.

First of all you need to download/install a `java` by following;

```
sudo apt-get install python-software-properties
sudo add-apt-repository ppa:webupd8team/java
sudo apt-get update
java-version
sudo apt install default-jre
sudo apt-get update
```

Then, you need to download/run the eclipse installer from this [eclipse installer tool](#).

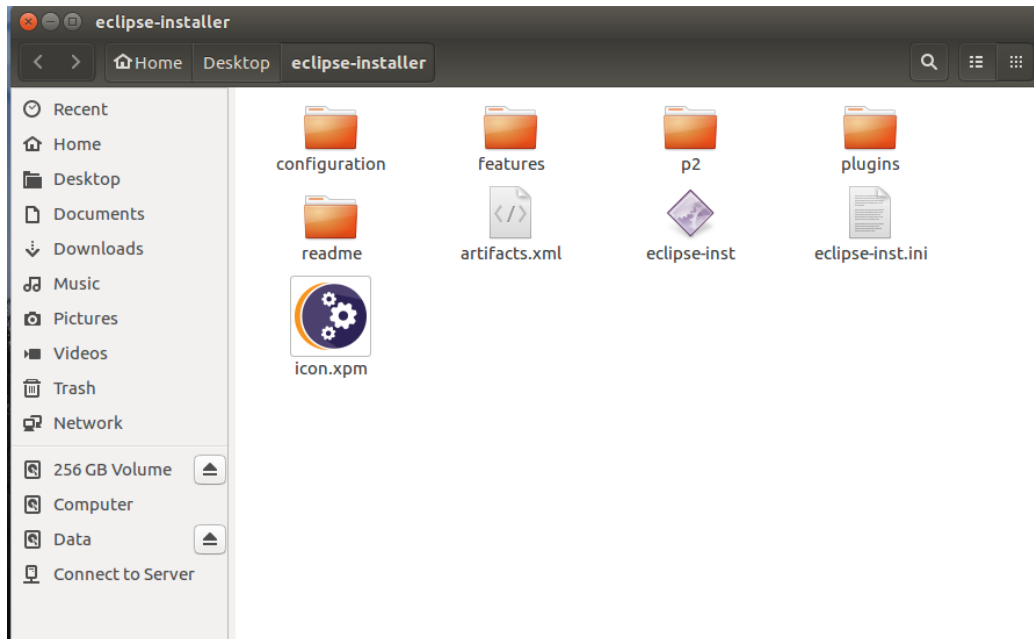


Figure 2: eclipse installation

On installer page, you need to select Eclipse IDE for C/C++ Developers to edit ndnsim or ns-3 files.



Figure 3: eclipse installation

4 Compiling ndnSIM

To do compiling the latest version of ndnSIM, please follow the steps from this [ndnSIM 2.3 Getting Started](#) on your **Ubuntu 16.04, Mac and Fedora**. Remind that; the less problematic system is Ubuntu, so prefer to do compiling on Ubuntu 16.04. The location of ndnSIM folder can be anywhere you want. I'm personally, create my ndnSIM or ns-3 directories on my Desktop. The full compiling could take between 1-2.5 hours (depends).

5 Pulling ndnSIM directory into Eclipse

Firstly, click the new on left corner. Then the eclipse will ask you what type of project you like to create. You need to select **C++ project** under the C/C++ section.

Once you complete this process, the Eclipse will start to Indexing the project that will appear on right bottom of window. This will take some time.

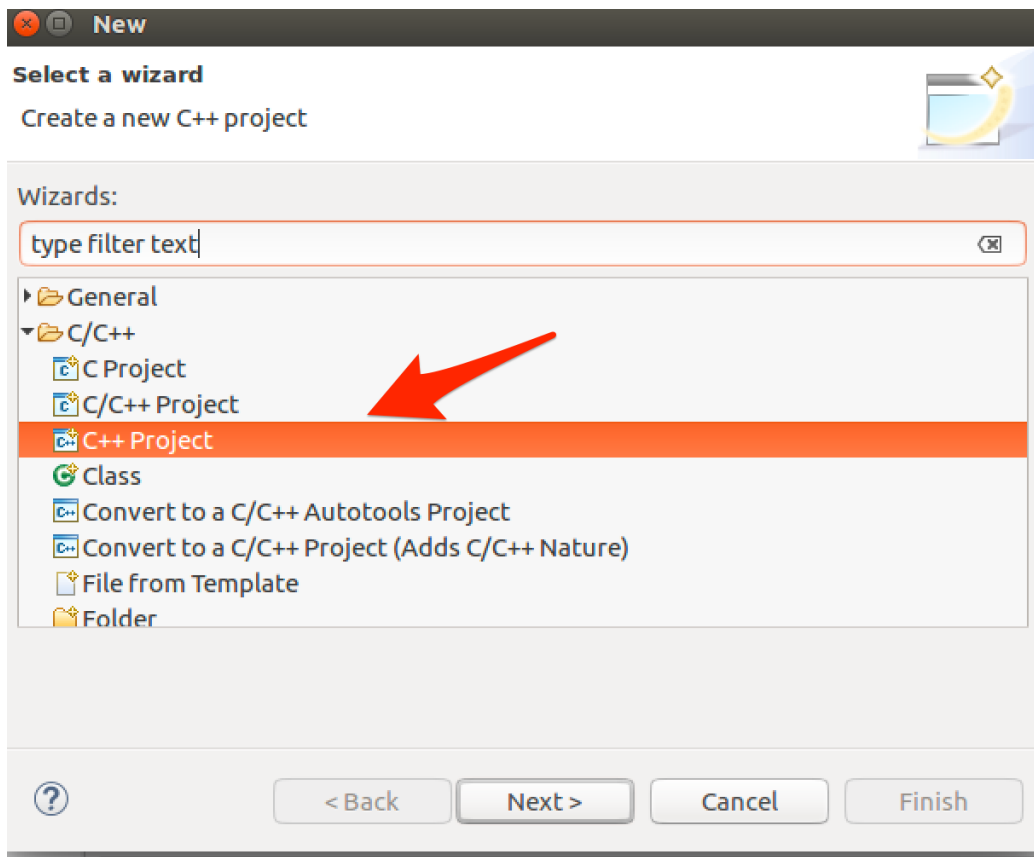


Figure 4: Define ndnSIM Directory in Eclipse

You need to carefully define the project name, location and executable Linux GCC. After that you can finalize the steps with;

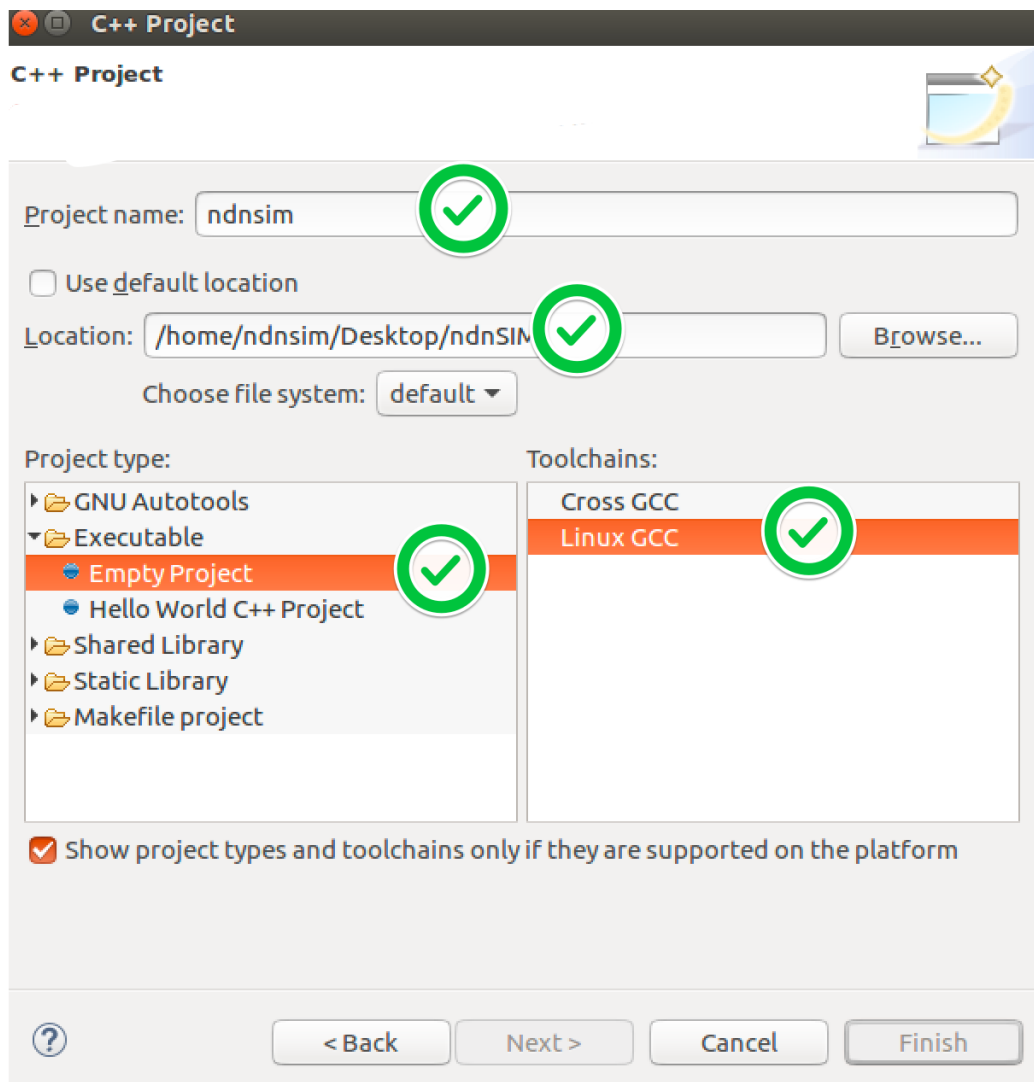


Figure 5: Extract ndnsim to Eclipse

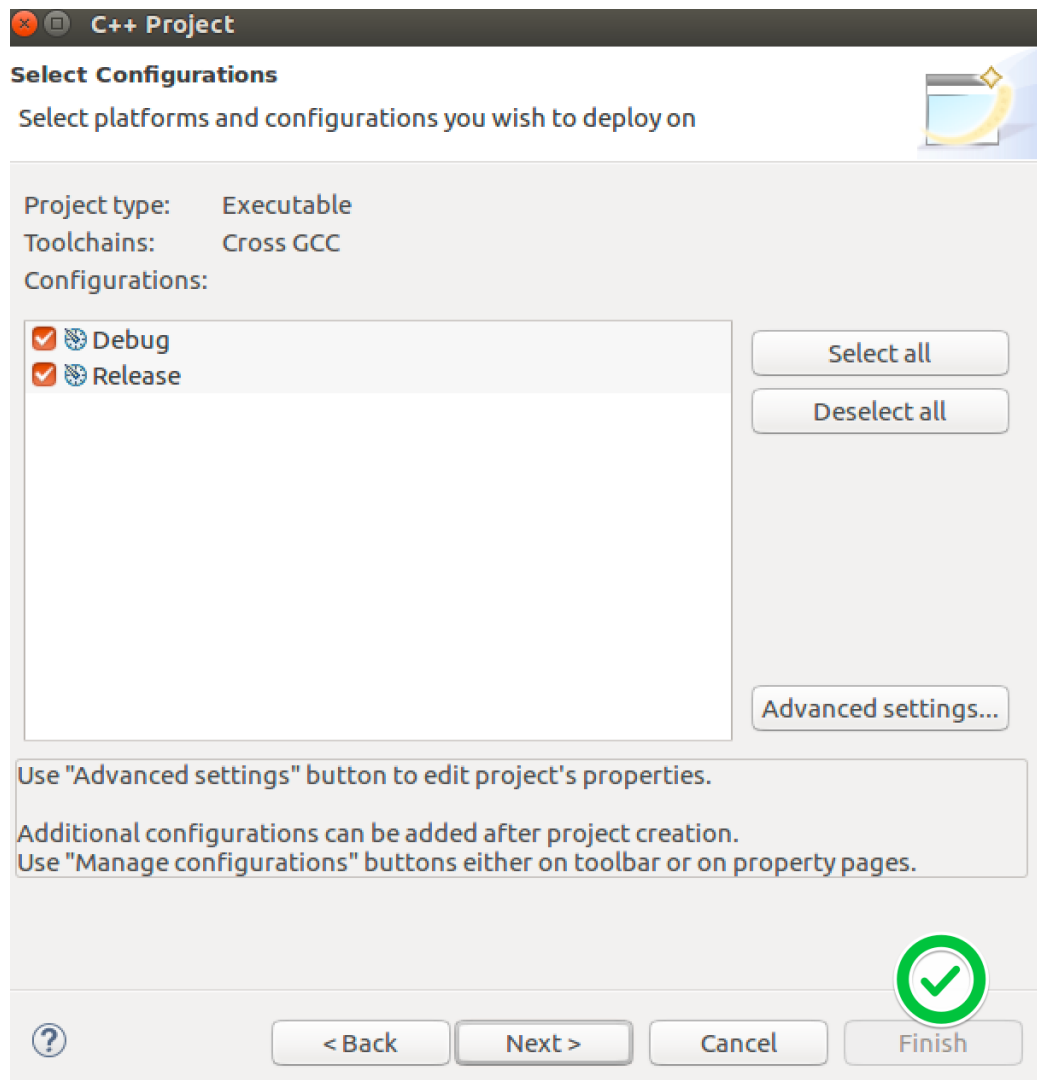


Figure 6: Extract ndnsim to Eclipse

5.1 Mercurial Setup

The Eclipse requires Mercurial installation if you going to work on ndnSIM or ns-3. Firstly, you need to add a plug-in from **Help>Install New Software**. After that, you need add a link

`http://cbes.javaforge.com/update`

After that, it will ask you to install mercurialeclipse plug-ins. Something like this;

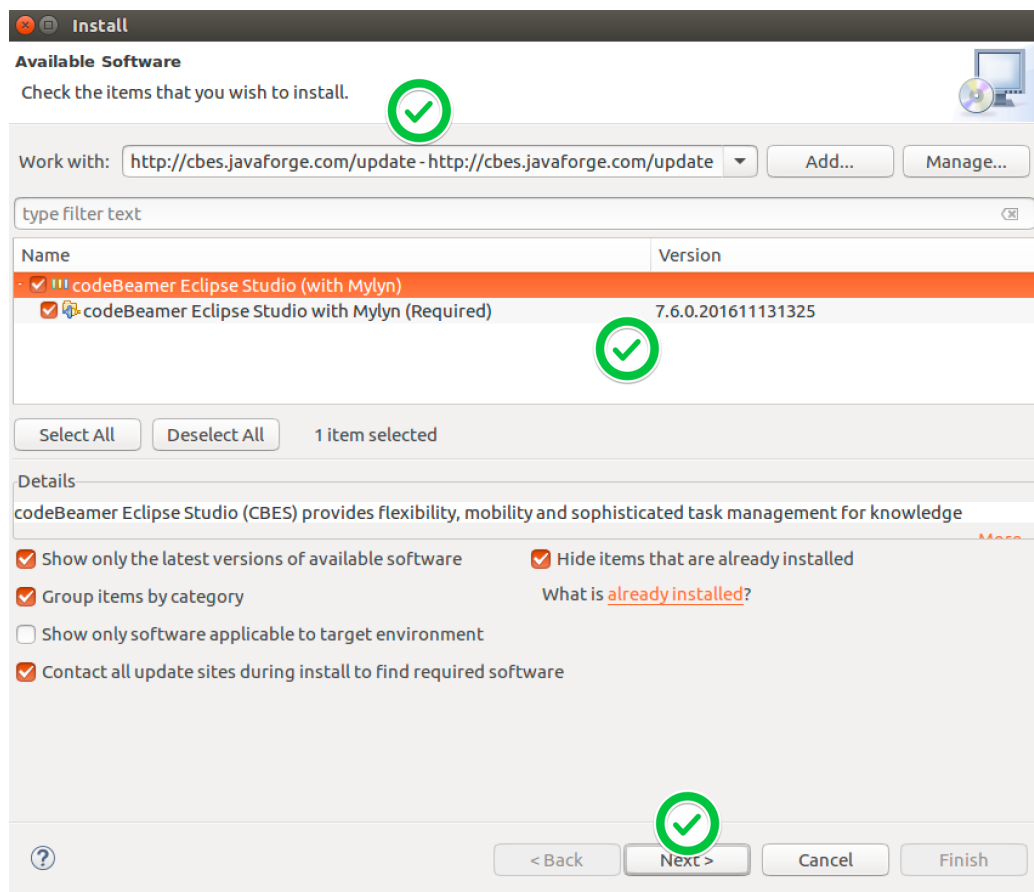


Figure 7: Mercurial Set-up

If the beamers will not show you the Mercurial, you can go to **Help>Eclipse Market Place** then type Mercurial and follow the instructions.

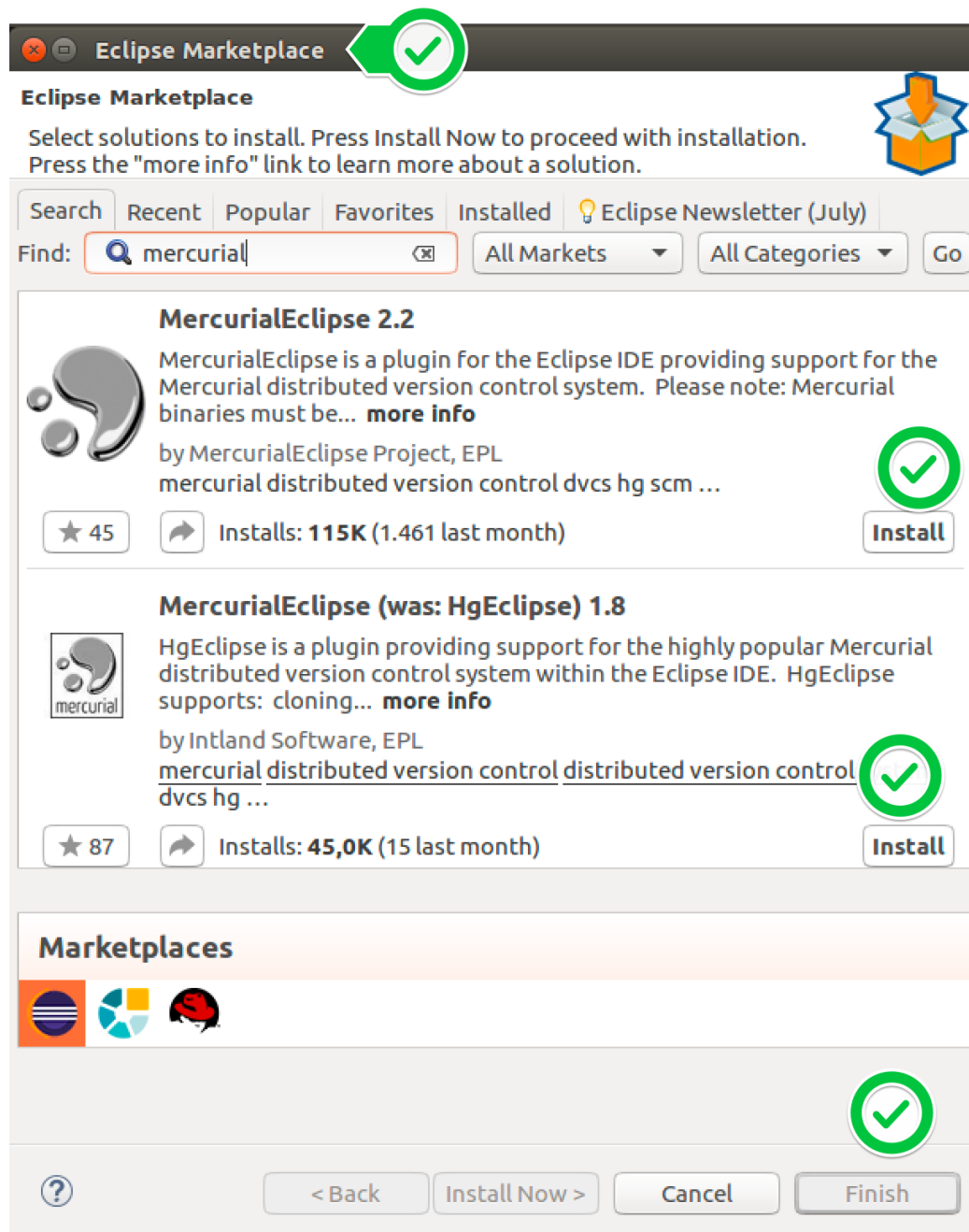


Figure 8: Mercurial Set-up

5.2 Boost C++

When you follow the instructions for installation ndnsim, you also install C++ Boost libraries as well. However, some projects/examples may require extra boost libraries that you have to define manually. You don't need to get the all related libs. but I'm going to define all of them to make the things easy and less problematic in your future work.

```
sudo apt-get install gcc g++ python python-dev mercurial bzip2 gdb
valgrind gsl-bin libgsl0-dev libgsl0ldbl flex bison tcpdump sqlite
sqlite3 libsqlite3-dev libxml2 libxml2-dev libgtk2.0-0 libgtk2.0-dev
uncrustify doxygen graphviz imagemagick texlive texlive-latex-extra
texlive-generic-extra texlive-generic-recommended texinfo dia texlive
texlive-latex-extra texlive-extra-utils texlive-generic-recommended
texi2html python-pygraphviz python-kiwi python-pygoocanvas libgoocanvas-dev
python-pygccxm
```

5.3 Boost Libs Definition on Eclipse

The eclipse can be not found Boost C++ libraries. To make this definition manually, you can follow these instructions. Right click to the project and go to properties and then manually add to the libraries;

```
boost_filesystem
boost_system
```

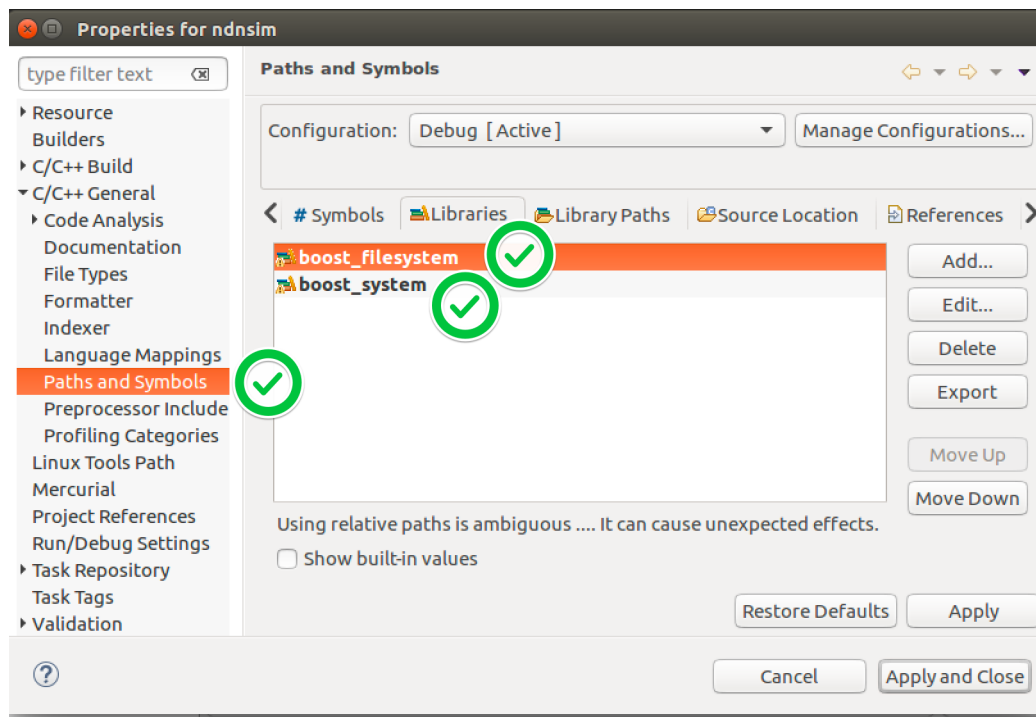


Figure 9: Boost Definition on Eclipse

After these definition, you need to define Boost libs path. In my system, the Boost libs located on `/usr/include`

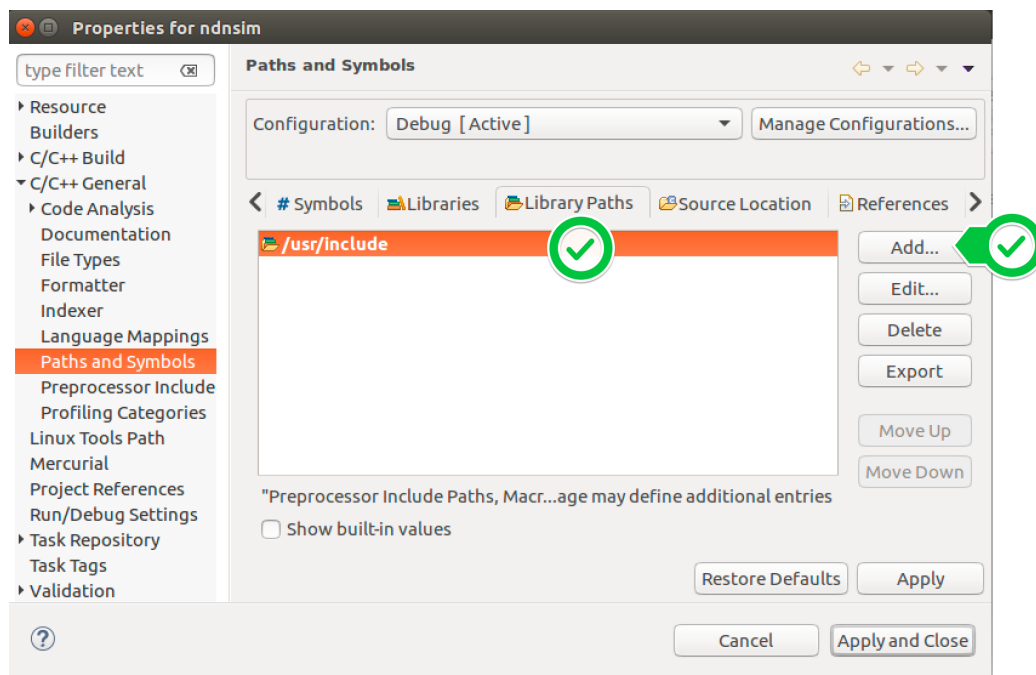


Figure 10: Boost Definition on Eclipse

5.4 Share Project

When the ndnsim directory has been indexed, you can define the mercurial for the ndnsim directory. You need to right click on project directory and then you need to select **Team>Share Project>Mercurial**. Finally, click on next and click on use local hg and finish.

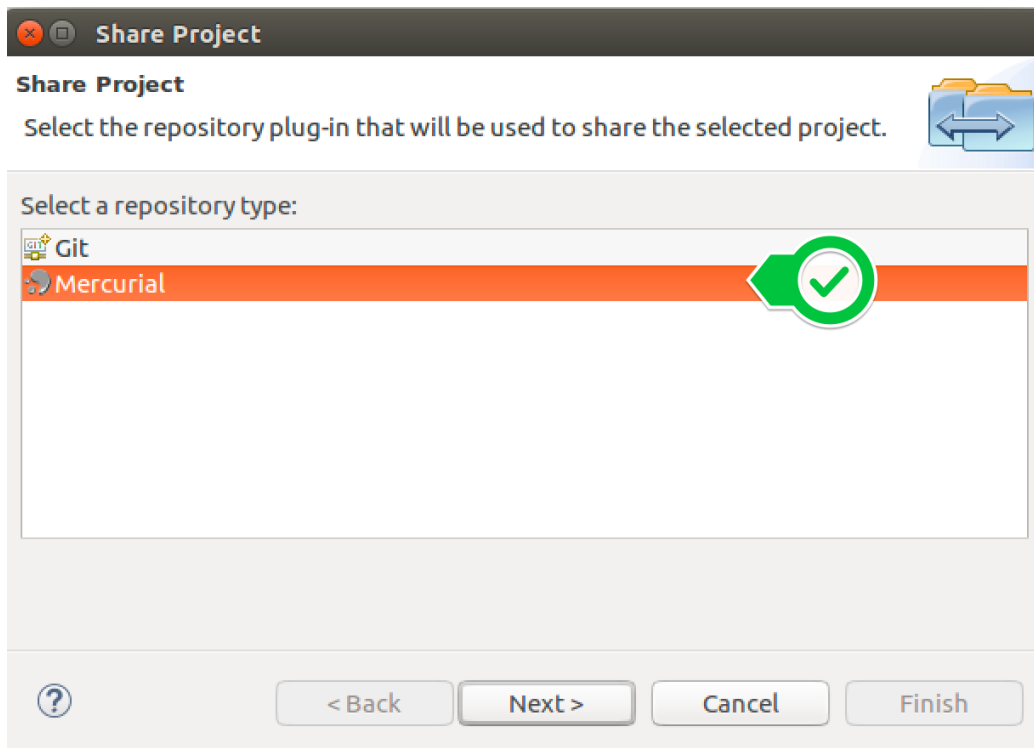


Figure 11: Share Project

5.5 C++ Builder Setting

In this step, you need to define the builder wherever your ndnSIM directory. Here in this example, it defined at `/home/ertugrul/Desktop/ndnSIM/ns-3`. Do not forget to add `/waf` at build command with no `“.”`.

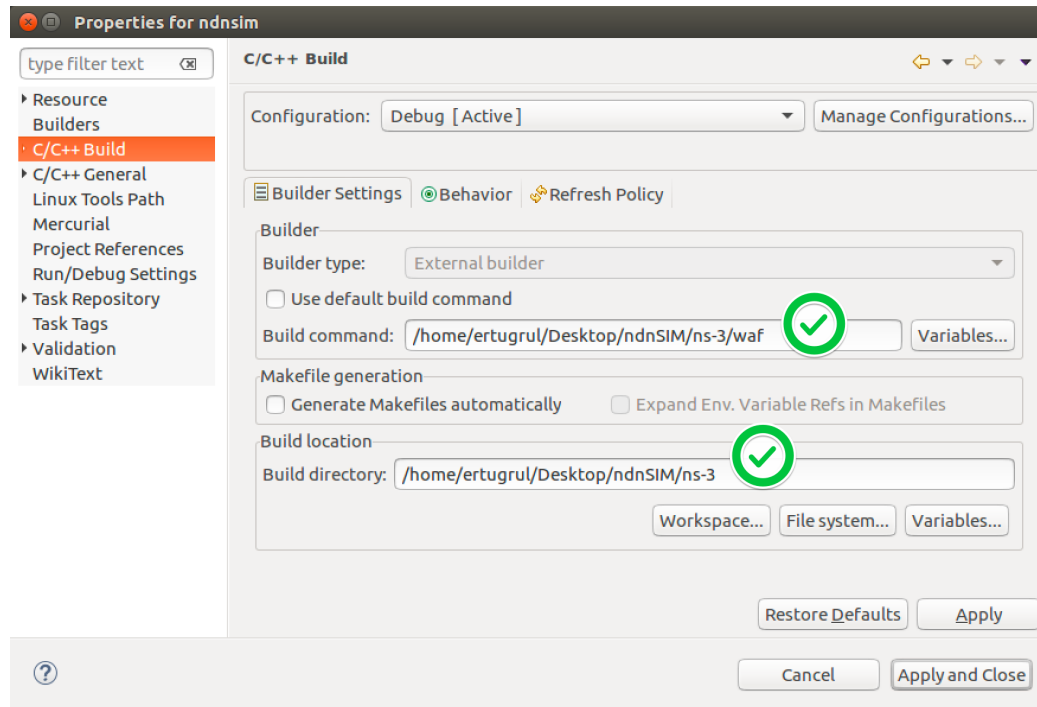


Figure 12: Builder Setting

You also need to do the behaviour setting by followings ;

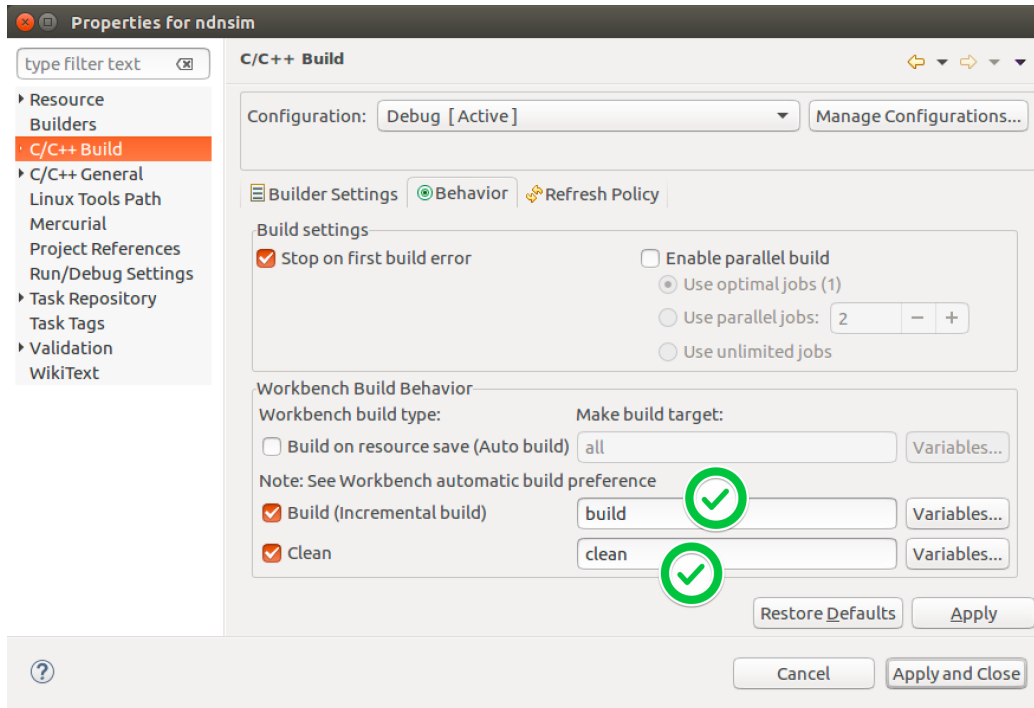


Figure 13: Behaviour Setting

5.6 Debug Configuration

You can also do debug by defining the ndnSIM application. Here in this example I defined scratch simulator.

Type under the Name field "LD_LIBRARY_PATH" (or "DYLD_LIBRARY_PATH" if you are on a MacOSX). Be sure the "Append environment to native environment" is selected.

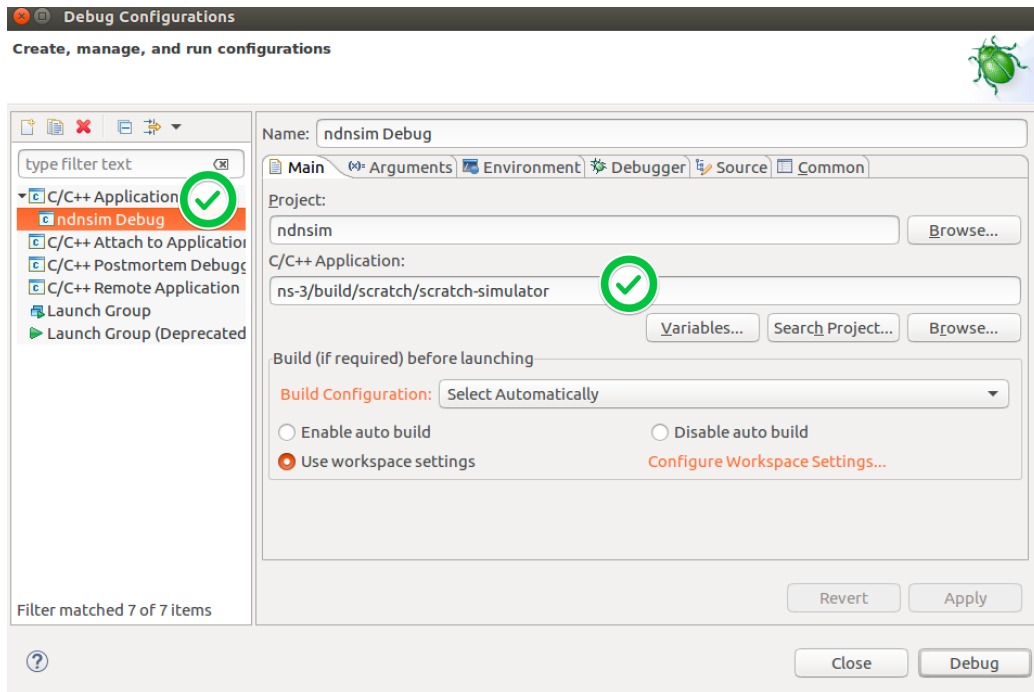


Figure 14: Debug Setting

5.7 Make Targets

Before being able to run `waf` for ndnSIM scenarios, we have to run `./waf configure`. This can also be done within Eclipse. The way I have found to do this is we right click on the project and search for Make targets->Create:

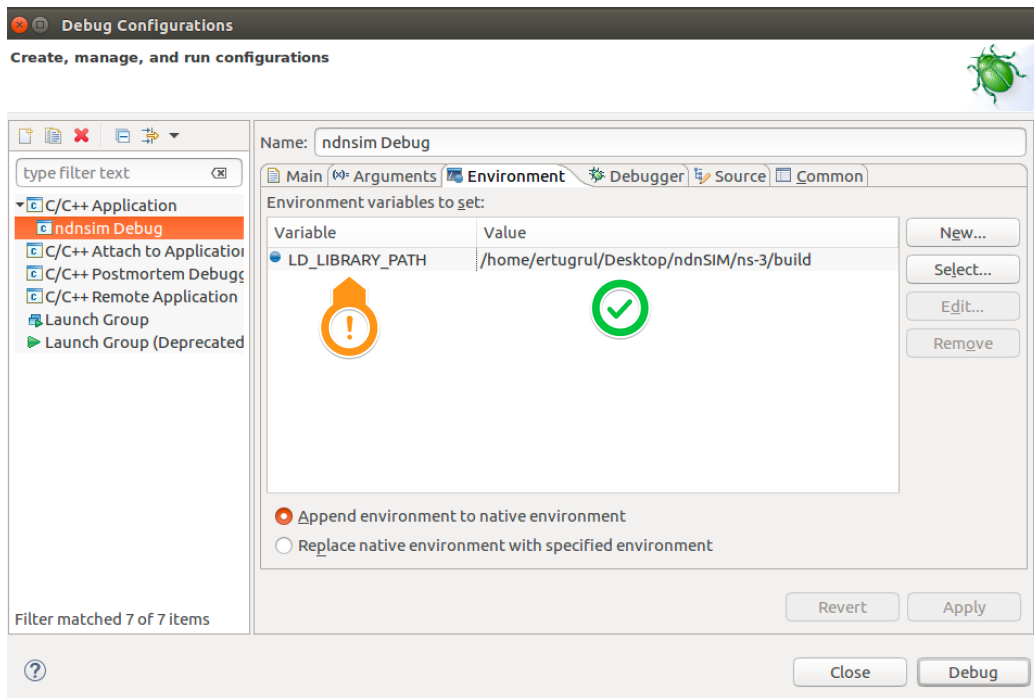


Figure 15: Debug Setting

6 CDT Build Console

Finally, when you can Build Project by right clicking. When you succeeded all steps so far, you need see something like this output on Eclipse's console.

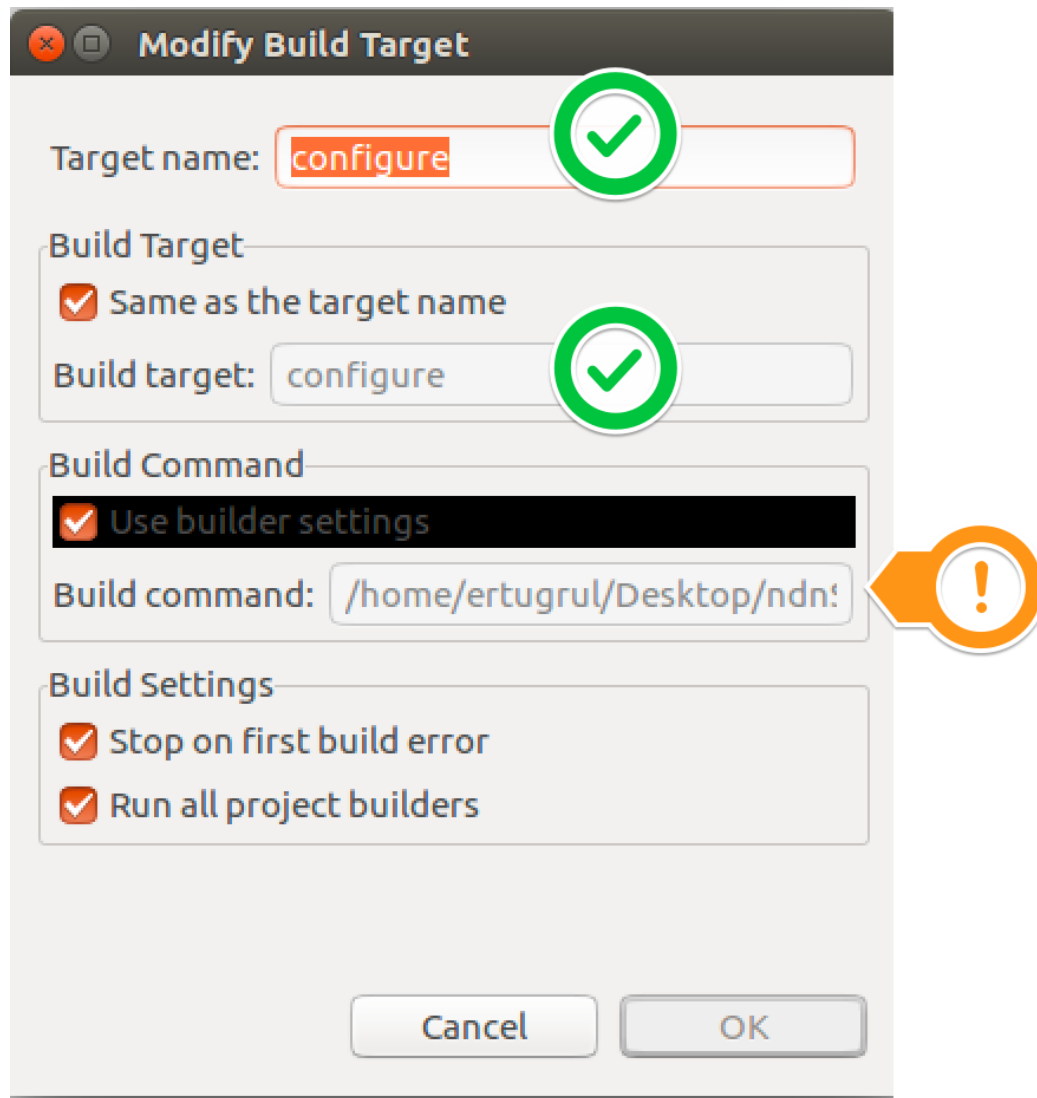


Figure 16: Make Targets

7 Location of your Own Scenario

Simulation scenarios can be written directly inside NS-3 in `scratch/` or `src/ndnSIM/examples` folder.

Alternative and a recommended way is to write simulation scenarios in a separate repository, not related to either NS-3 or ndnSIM. For example, you

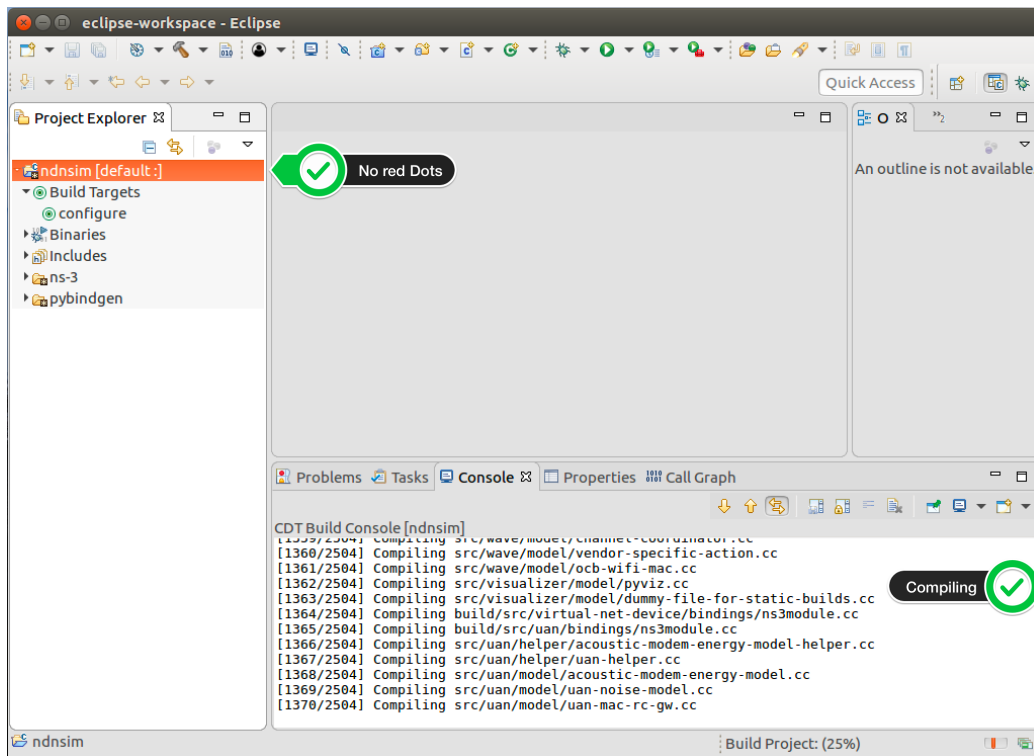


Figure 17: Console Output

can use the following template to write your extensions, simulation scenarios, and metric processing scripts: [ndnSIM scenario Template](#).

8 Indexer and C/C++ Settings

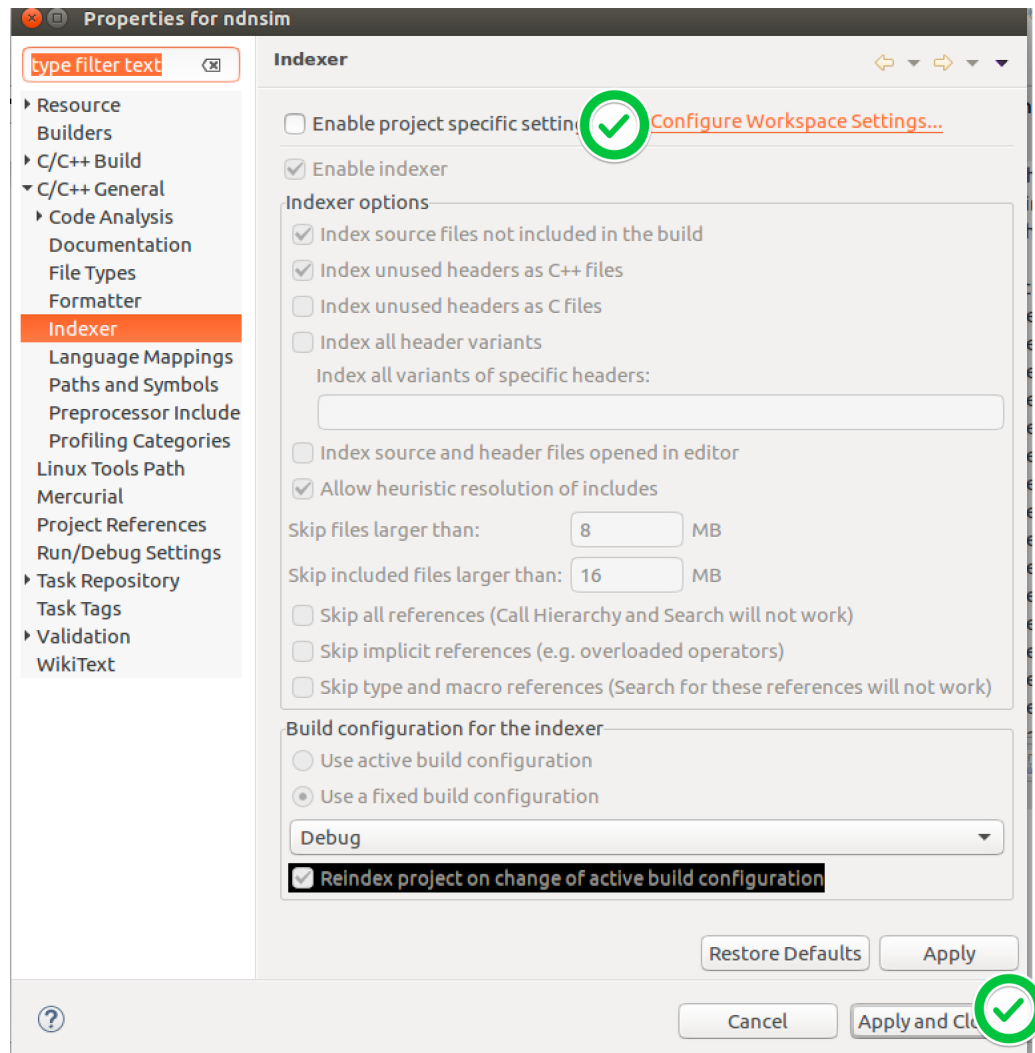


Figure 18: Indexer Setting

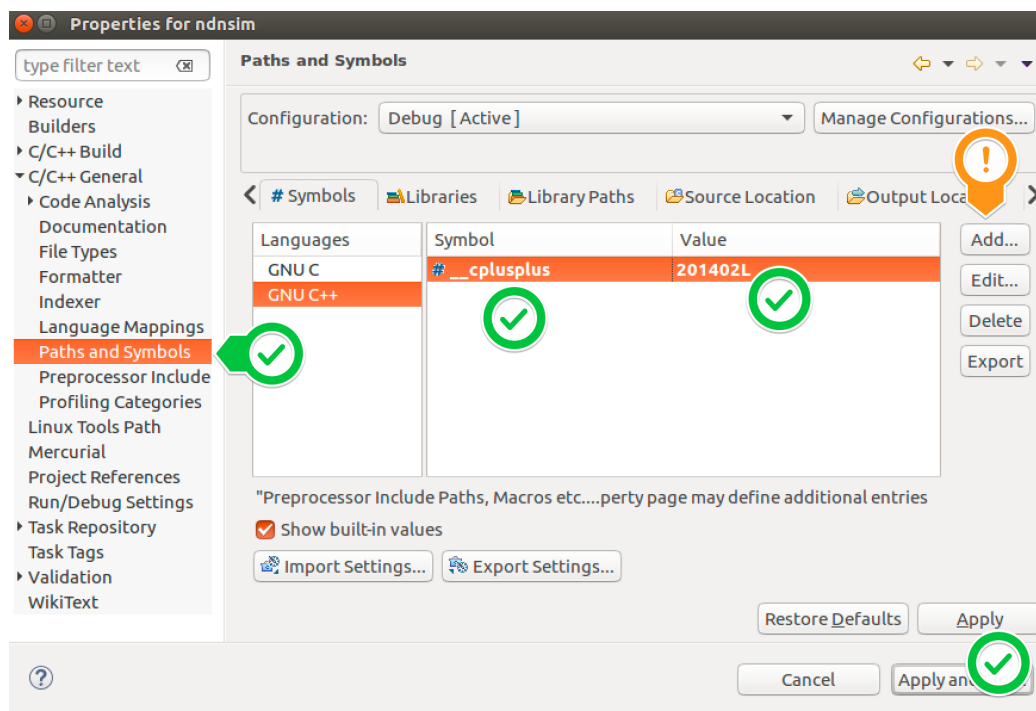


Figure 19: Path Setting