



GoDroid

Developer Guide

v1.0



Copyright Statement

Copyright in this document is owned by GoWarrior Community. Any person is hereby authorized to view, copy, print and distribute this document subject to the following conditions:

- The document may be used for informational purposes only
- The document may be used for non-commercial purposes only
- Any copy of this document or portion thereof must include this copyright notice

This document is provided "as is" without any warranty of any kind, either express or implied, statutory or otherwise; without limiting the foregoing, the warranties of satisfactory quality, fitness for a particular purpose or non-infringement are expressly excluded and under no circumstances will GoWarrior Community be liable for direct or indirect loss or damage of any kind, including loss of profit, revenue, goodwill or anticipated savings.

This document is intended only to assist the reader in the use of the product. GoWarrior Community makes no representations or warranties with respect to the accuracy or completeness of the contents of this document, which is used at your own risk and should not be relied upon. The information could include technical inaccuracies or typographical errors. No license, whether express, implied, arising by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property right is granted by this document.

The product described in this document is subject to continuous development and improvements. GoWarrior Community also reserves the right to make changes to the specifications and product description at any time without notice.

Third-party brands and names mentioned in this publication are for identification purpose only and may be the property of their respective owners.

Android™ is a registered trademark of Google Inc. Linux® is a registered trademark of Linus Torvalds. Microsoft® and Windows® are registered trademarks of Microsoft Corporation. Supply of this product does not convey a license nor imply a right under any patent, or any other industrial or intellectual property right of Google Inc., Linus Torvalds, and Microsoft Corporation to use this implementation in any finished end-user or ready-to-use final product. It is hereby notified that a license for such use is required from Google Inc., Linus Torvalds and Microsoft Corporation.

For the latest version of this document refer to:

www.gowarriorosh.com

Copyright © 2015 GoWarrior Community All Rights Reserved.

Table of Contents

Preface	1
Overview	1
Audience	1
Applicable Products.....	1
Reference Documents.....	2
Conventions.....	3
How to Contact Us.....	4
 1 Introduction	 5
1.1 Introduction	5
1.2 Preparation for Installation	5
1.2.1 Hardware Requirements.....	6
1.2.2 Host (PC) Requirement	6
1.3 Getting Source Codes and Toolchains	6
1.3.1 Getting Pre-packaged Source Code	6
1.4 Installing Toolchains	7
1.4.1 Installing Kernel Toolchains	7
1.4.2 Installing AOSP Toolchains.....	7
 2 Compilation.....	 8
2.1 Compiling Bootloader (U-Boot)	8
2.2 Compiling Android Linux Kernel.....	9
2.3 Compiling Android File System.....	11
2.3.1 GoDroid Configuration	11
2.3.2 Compiling GoDroid	13
2.3.3 Compiling GoDroid Recovery.....	15
2.4 Generating Image Files.....	16

2.4.1	Generating Images	16
2.4.2	Merging Kernel Images.....	18
2.4.3	Splitting Kernel Images.....	18
2.4.4	Merging Recovery Images	18
2.4.5	Splitting Recovery Images	19
2.5	Burning GoDroid Image Files	19
3	Starting up GoDroid	20
3.1	Starting up GoDroid	20
3.2	Serial Console.....	22
4	Application Development and Debugging	25
4.1	Using ADB Debugger	25
4.1.1	ADB over Ethernet	25
4.1.2	ADB over USB	26
4.2	Operations over ADB.....	26
4.2.1	Installing Application (.apk files)	26
4.2.2	Uninstalling Application (.apk) Using ADB	27
4.2.3	Copying Files From and To the Board over ADB	27
4.3	Bootloader Development	27
4.4	Using Flash Partition.....	28
4.5	Recovery Development	28
4.6	Customization of Android Boot Logo and Animation.....	28
4.7	Using GoDroid SDK's Android Java Library in Android Studio	28
5	FAQ.....	30
	Appendix: Glossary	31
	Revision History	32
	Document Change History.....	32

Software Changes.....	32
-----------------------	----

List of Tables

Table 1. Typographical Conventions.....	3
Table 2. Symbol Conventions	3
Table 3. Hardware Requirements	6
Table 4. GoDroid Configuration File	12
Table 5. FAQ List	30
Table 6. List of Abbreviations.....	31
Table 7. Document Change History	32
Table 8. Software Change History.....	32

List of Figures

Figure 1. Connecting Serial Port.....	20
Figure 2. Serial Port Setup.....	21
Figure 3. USB Port0	22
Figure 4. USB Port1/Port2	22
Figure 5. SDK Manager.....	29

Preface

Overview

This manual aims to provide detailed guidance to developers on how to perform software development by using GoDroid v1.0 package. It describes how to configure and compile each component of GoDroid, how to develop and debug applications, and so on. It is comprised of the following chapters:

- **Chapter 1: Installation**

This chapter mainly introduces how to access the source codes and toolchains, the software and hardware requirements, and how to install the toolchains.

- **Chapter 2: Compilation**

This chapter introduces how to compile each components of the GoDroid to generate the image files for burn purpose.

- **Chapter 3: Starting up GoDroid**

This chapter provides information on starting up GoDroid and how to get serial console via serial tools for control over the TIGER Board.

- **Chapter 4: Application Development and Debugging**

This chapter introduces commonly used functions of Android Debug Bridge (abbreviated to ADB).

- **Chapter 5: FAQ**

This chapter lists frequently asked questions and answers.

Audience

This manual is primarily written to provide complete guidance for those who wants to exploit the GoWarrior platform, such as makers, tinkers, innovators, students, etc.

Applicable Products

This manual is applicable for the GoWarrior TIGER Board.

Reference Documents

- [GoWarrior_GoDroid_Programming Guide_Ext-Recovery](#)
- [GoWarrior_GoDroid_ Programming Guide _Ext-Uboot](#)
- [GoWarrior_GoDroid_Application Notes_Flash Partition](#)
- [GoWarrior_GoDroid_Application Notes_How to Build Customized Projects](#)
- [GoWarrior_GoDroid_Application Notes_Customization of Boot Logo and Animation](#)
- [GoWarrior_GoDroid_Application Notes_Recovery Upgrade Package Making](#)
- [GoWarrior_GoDroid_Application Notes_Compiling Server Installation and Configuration Guide](#)
- [GoWarrior_GoDroid_Release Notes](#)
- [GoWarrior FTool_User Manual](#)

Conventions

Typographical Conventions

Item	Format
codes, keyboard input commands, file names, equations, and math	Courier New, Size 10.5
Variables, code variables, and code comments	<i>Courier New, Size, Italic</i>
Menu item, buttons, tool names	Ebrima, Size 10.5, Bold e.g. Select USB Debugging
Screens, windows, dialog boxes, and tabs	Ebrima, Size 10.5, Bold Enclosed in double quotation marks e.g. Open the “Debug Configuration” dialog box

Table 1. Typographical Conventions

Symbol Conventions




Item	Description
 Caution	Indicates a potential hazard or unsafe practice that, if not avoided, could result in data loss, device performance degradation, or other unpredictable results.
 Note	Indicates additional and supplemental information for the main contents.
 Tip	Indicates a suggestion that may help you solve a problem or save your time.

Table 2. Symbol Conventions

How to Contact Us

Submit all your comments and error reports to the author at:

info@gowarriorosh.com

Tel: +886-2-8752-2000

Fax: +886-2-8751-1001

For questions regarding GoWarrior, contact our support team at the email listed below:

support@gowarriorosh.com

1 Introduction

This chapter focuses on requirements of the host PC and the TIGER Board, for development based on GoDroid v1.0, also how to obtain GoDroid package, and how to install toolchains.

1.1 Introduction

GoDroid is an Android development kit of the GoWarrior platform, which is based on AOSP (Android Open Source Project). It is mainly applicable for Android and Linux developers. GoWarrior is a compact, open-source, community-supported embedded Android/Linux computing platform geared toward maker/hacker/entrepreneur/dreamer/artist/student/inventor/hobbyist/tinker. It brings together a rich feature set of innovative building blocks with cloud-driven back-end service deployment. It can be used to build complex applications that interact high-level software and low-level electronic circuits, helping you from idea through prototype to commercial mass production delivery.

GoDroid Development Kit includes some important components, such as U-Boot, Embedded Media Engine, Androidized Linux Kernel and GoWarrior-customized AOSP source codes. It also contains burning tool GoWarrior FTool for burning NAND Flash Image.

1.2 Preparation for Installation

GoDroid can only run on TIGER Board with ALi M3733 chipset.

Essential software needs to be installed on the host PC for operations such as development, compilation, and debugging based on GoDroid.

1.2.1 Hardware Requirements

The table below lists the device where GoDroid can run.

Device	Chipset	Components
TIGER Board	M3733-AFAAA	5V/2A stabilized power adapter, Micro USB cable, HDMI cable or 3.5mm to RCA composite video and stereo audio cable, USB keyboard, USB mouse, Remote controller, USB flash disk, Ethernet cable if need wired network, USB to TTL Serial cable

Table 3. Hardware Requirements

1.2.2 Host (PC) Requirement

For development and compilation environment of GoDroid, please refer to *["GoWarrior_GoDroid_Application_Notes_Compiling_Server_Installation_and_Configuration_Guide"](#)*.

The host development environment of GoDroid is based on 64-bit Ubuntu, for instance Ubuntu 12.04 (<http://www.ubuntu.com/desktop/get-ubuntu/download>) and Oracle JDK 6 tool.

For GoWarrior FTool burn tool, it is recommended to run on Windows 7 system.

1.3 Getting Source Codes and Toolchains

1.3.1 Getting Pre-packaged Source Code

You can use the pre-packaged Android sources in GoDroid package. Download the pre-packaged GoDroid sources from Github, then extract to

the work directory in Linux server.

```
$ mkdir WORKING_DIRECTORY
$ cd WORKING_DIRECTORY
$ tar xzvf SDK6.0ha.2.0_AAND_20150127.tar.gz
```

1.4 Installing Toolchains

1.4.1 Installing Kernel Toolchains

1.4.1.1 Installing ARM Toolchain on GNU/Linux Hosts

You may install kernel toolchain using any user account and any directory to which you have write access. For example, \$HOME/toolchain, the toolchain on Linux host is arm-linux-gnueabi-gcc.

Procedure:

1. Get ARM cross compiling toolchain package.

Get the zipped package from github: source code package directory:

```
git clone git@github.com:GoWarrior/tools_arm-linux-gnueabi.git
/tools_arm-linux-gnueabi/
gcc-linaro-arm-linux-gnueabi-2012.01-20120125_linux.tar.gz
```

2. Create installation directory for compiling toolchain on GNU/Linux host: Mkdir arm_toolchain, then decompress the installation package to the newly created arm_toolchain directory.
3. Configure the environment variable PATH.

```
PATH=$HOME/arm_toolchain/bin:$PATH
Export PATH
```

1.4.2 Installing AOSP Toolchains

Please refer to "[GoWarrior_GoDroid_Compiling Server Installation and Configuration Guide](#)".

2 Compilation

The sections below describe how to compile each component.

2.1 Compiling Bootloader (U-Boot)

Follow the steps below to compile U-Boot.

Procedure:

1. Access the U-Boot directory.

```
$ cd uboot
```

2. Configure U-Boot version

The U-Boot version number needs to be updated if there is any update in U-Boot. In this case, `include/configs/ali_3921_cbu.h` needs to be modified.

```
$ vim include/configs/ali_3921_cbu.h  
#define BOOTLOADER_VERSION "ALiBoot1.2.0"
```



Note

The naming rule of U-Boot version is customizable according to actual requirements.

3. Compile

```
$ make rebuild_3921_release
```

4. Output

Upon completion of compilation, the following four files will be generated in the directory `/uboot`.

```
u-boot.bin,
u-boot.dis,
u-boot.map,
u-boot.out
```

5. View output files

All the u-boot file versions will be generated in the directory :
uboot/uboot_merger/uboot_output.

```
$cd uboot/uboot_merger/uboot_output
$ls
uboot_unify_1GB_training.abs...
```

2.2 Compiling Android Linux Kernel

Procedure:

1. Kernel configuration

For information on configuring Android Linux kernel, please refer to
["GoWarrior_GoDroid_Application_Notes_How to Build Customized Projects"](#).

This step is performed only when necessary. As Android has made some expansion and customization of Linux kernel, refer to
<http://source.android.com/devices/tech/kernel.html> for kernel configuration items recommended by Android.

If you want to add or delete a configuration item, please modify the file
linux/kernel/boards/TIGER_BOARD/defkernelconfig_linux-l
inaro-3.4-rc3.

Or execute the following command:

```
$ cd /linux
$ make BOARD=TIGER_BOARD linux-config
```

2. Pre-copy

Run cp_bootabs.sh in Linux compilation root directory to copy the file
(uboot_*.abs, ae_bin.abs, see_bin.abs) required by Kernel
compilation.

```
$ cd /linux  
$ ./cp_bootabs.sh TIGER_BOARD
```

3. Compile

As Kernel source codes are contained in GoDroid package, execute the commands below and you can compile Android kernel.

```
$ cd /linux  
$ make BOARD= TIGER_BOARD BOOTMEDIUM=NAND MEM=1G
```

Upon completion of compilation, the output files will be generated in the directory: `/linux/install/bin`. The files required by generating Flash burning files are listed below. They need to be copied to different directories according to the Flash type.

4. Copy and Rename.

```
ae_bin.abs  
main_bin.abs  
see_bin.abs  
uboot_unify_1GB_training.abs
```

Copy and Rename

Access `/linux/install/bin`, and **copy** `see_bin.abs`, `ae_bin.abs` to `device/gowarrior/tigerboard/image/bin/`. **Copy** `main_bin.abs`, `uboot_unify*_training.abs` to `device/gowarrior/tigerboard/image/fs_ubi/`.


```
$
cp /linux/install/bin/see_bin.abs AOSP/device/gowarrior/tigerboard
/image/bin/

cp /linux/install/bin/ae_bin.abs AOSP/device/gowarrior/tigerboard
/image/bin/

cp /linux/install/bin/main_bin.abs AOSP/device/gowarrior/tigerboard
/image/fs_ubi/main_bin.abs

cp /linux/install/bin/ uboot_unify_1GB_training.abs
AOSP/device/gowarrior/tigerboard/image/fs_ubi/
```

2.3 Compiling Android File System

2.3.1 GoDroid Configuration

For GoDroid configuration, please refer to "[GoWarrior_GoDroid_Application_Notes_How to Build Customized Projects](#)". The configuration files are located in the directory `device/gowarrior/tigerboard`, and include several main configuration files listed in the table below.

File	Description
<code>shell/tigerboard_init.sh</code>	The GoDroid custom configuration script after Android is started.
<code>input/tigerboard_ir.conf</code> , <code>input/tigerboard_panel.kl</code> , <code>input/tigerboard_remote.idc</code> , <code>input/tigerboard_remote.kl</code>	They are the key configuration files of remote controller and front panel. For more information, visit the official website at: http://source.android.com/devices/tech/input/index.html tigerboard_ir.conf is the mapping table between the physical key values and key codes of the remote controller and front panel. It can be modified according to the TIGER Board and remote controller.

File	Description
BoardConfig.mk	It is one of the main configuration files. It defines the arguments related to Board during compilation, such as IC type, instruction sets supported, and some Board definitions.
device.mk	It is very important, because the variables in it define lots of information related to Board, and almost all the project settings are included in this file. For variables in this file, please refer to <code>build/core/product.mk</code> .
fstab.tigerboard.ubifs	<p>The mount argument list of file system. It includes some partitions' mount arguments of NAND Flash UBIFS file system type and mount arguments of USB external USB flash disk or mobile hard disk.</p> <p>For more information , please refer to the introduction in the official website: http://source.android.com/devices/tech/storage/index.html</p>
fstab.tigerboard.recovery	The mount argument list used by Recovery.
init.tigerboard.rc	It is a very important Android start script.
init.tigerboard.recovery.rc	It is the start script of Recovery system.
init.tigerboard.rtl8723.rc	This is the script to enable Wi-Fi.
system.prop	System attributes configurations, such as time zone.
version.mk	It is the version configuration file used to set the version number for bootloader, recovery, and system.

Table 4. GoDroid Configuration File

2.3.2 Compiling GoDroid

GoDroid compilation mode is very similar with the native Android compilation mode. The only difference is that GoDroid compilation mode requires selection of `aosp_tigerboard-eng` during lunch, as shown in Compilation Step 2.

Preparation:

If you need to modify SDK configurations after compiling, you need to make clean first.

```
$ make clean
```

Compiling Procedure:

1. Execute `$. build/envsetup.sh` in the directory where AOSP is located.

```
$ . build/envsetup.sh

including device/generic/armv7-a-neon/vendorsetup.sh
including device/gowarrior/tigerboard/vendorsetup.sh
including sdk/bash_completion/adb.bash
```

2. Execute `$ lunch`

```
$ lunch

You're building on Linux

Lunch menu... pick a combo:

  1. aosp_arm-eng
  2. aosp_x86-eng
  3. aosp_mips-eng
  4. vbox_x86-eng
  5. mini_armv7a_neon-userdebug
```

```

6. aosp_tigerboard-eng
7. aosp_tigerboard-userdebug
8. aosp_tigerboard-user
Which would you like? [aosp_arm-eng]

```

3. Select `aosp_tigerboard-eng` as shown the figure above.

```

Which would you like? [aosp_arm-eng] 6

=====

PLATFORM_VERSION_CODENAME=REL
PLATFORM_VERSION= 4.4.4
TARGET_PRODUCT= aosp_tigerboard
TARGET_BUILD_VARIANT=eng
TARGET_BUILD_TYPE=release
TARGET_BUILD_APPS=
TARGET_ARCH=arm
TARGET_ARCH_VARIANT=armv7-a-neon
TARGET_CPU_VARIANT=cortex-a9
HOST_ARCH=x86
HOST_OS=linux
HOST_OS_EXTRA=Linux-3.2.0-29-generic-x86_64-with-Ubuntu-12.04-precis
e
HOST_BUILD_TYPE=release
BUILD_ID= KTU84Q
OUT_DIR=out

=====

Source
/shsa022/usrhome/bobby.zhou/work/SDK6.0ha.1.3.4_AAND/device/gowarrio
r/tigerboard/shell/build_slot.sh...

Run
/shsa022/usrhome/bobby.zhou/work/SDK6.0ha.1.3.4_AAND/device/gowarrio

```

```
r/tigerboard/shell/build_pre.sh...

python
/shsa022/usrhome/bobby.zhou/work/SDK6.0ha.1.3.4_AAND/build/tools/hos
ttools/python/genpartsize.mk.py
/shsa022/usrhome/bobby.zhou/work/SDK6.0ha.1.3.4_AAND/image/Ali_nand_
desc.xml
/shsa022/usrhome/bobby.zhou/work/SDK6.0ha.1.3.4_AAND/device/gowarroi
r/tigerboard/image/fs_ubi/partsize.mk
```

4. Compile make

```
$ make -j8
```

-j8 in the make parameter indicates that eight threads are used to compile AOSP. The make -j I usually gotten by `cat /proc/cpuinfo |grep -c 'processor'`. AOSP compilation may takes some time. It usually takes about 40 to 50 minutes in case of quad-core and eight threads, and takes about ten minutes in case of 48 cores and 48 threads.

5. Output

The output of AOSP compilation is located in the directory

`/out/target/product/tigerboard/` which mainly includes the following three directories.

```
data/

root/

system/
```

2.3.3 Compiling GoDroid Recovery

You can compile recovery after compiling GoDroid.

Compiling command:

```
$ make recoveryimage
```

Compiled Recovery is outputted in this directory: `out/target/product/tigerboard/`. It mainly includes:

```
recovery/
```

```
recovery_system/
```

2.4 Generating Image Files

After completing the compilation steps above, you need to generate other files like `cache.img` and `ALI.ini` before you can use the burn tool GoWarrior FTool to burn files like `bin`, `ubo`, `img` generated by compilation to the NAND Flash.

2.4.1 Generating Images

A complete burn package can be generated by just running the build image command from the root directory of Android compilation. The burn package directory is located in the image directory of the root directory.

```
$ build image
$cd image/
$ls
$
cache.img                                nand_updater_loader.axf.bin
ALI.ini
deviceinfo.abs
recovery.ubo
Ali_nand_desc.xml
FTool.exe                                sdram_C3921_BGA462_1GB_1600Mbps.abs
backup.abs
GoWarrior_FTool_User_Manual_v1.0.docx
baseparams.abs
kernel.ubo
system.img
bootargs.abs
uboot_unify_1GB_training.abs
bootmedia.ubo
```

```
NandList_v2.ran
userdata.img
```

Ali_nand_desc.xml description

ALI.ini and files like cache.img, system.img, ramdisk.img, as well as userdata.img are all generated depending on Ali_nand_desc.xml.

The <part_loop> field of Ali_nand_desc.xml describes the entire NAND flash partition status, including system type, partition size, partition image files, and so on.

If you want to add, delete, or modify a partition, please modify Ali_nand_desc.xml to regenerate information like ALI.ini and cache.img.

The <part_loop> field is described as below:

```
<part_loop    flash_type="nand"    flash_size="4G"    page_size="8K"
block_size="2M">

    <part        name="boot"        file="uboot_unify_1GB_training.abs"
local="fixed" package="bootloader.img">

        <size>0x800000</size>

        <version>ALI_BOOTLOADER_VERSION</version>

    </part>

    <part        name="bootbak"    file="uboot_unify_1GB_training.abs"
level="protected" local="fixed">

        <size>0x800000</size>

    </part>

    <part        name="bootargs"    file="bootargs.abs"    local="fixed"
package="bootargs.img">

        <size>0x800000</size>

    </part>

    <part name="deviceinfo" file="deviceinfo.abs" level="protected"
local="fixed">

        <size>0x800000</size>

    </part>

    <part name="baseparams" file="baseparams.abs" level="protected"
```

```
local="fixed">
    <size>0x800000</size>
</part>
<part name="DTB" file="ali_3921a.dtb" level="protected"
local="fixed">
    <size>0x800000</size>
</part>
<part name="misc" file="" level="protected" local="fixed">
    <size>0x800000</size>
</part>
<part name="recovery" file="recovery.ubo" local="fixed"
```

2.4.2 Merging Kernel Images

The kernel partition image "kernel.ubo" is merged by main_bin.abs, see_bin.abs, ae_bin.abs, and ramdisk. This command will merge some files into kernel.ubo:

```
$ build kernel
```

2.4.3 Splitting Kernel Images

In contrast with image merging, this command is used to split the file of image/kernel.ubo into these files: main_bin.abs, see_bin.abs, ae_bin.abs, and ramdisk.

```
$ build kernel split
```

2.4.4 Merging Recovery Images

Recovery partition image "recovery.ubo" is merged by main_bin.abs, see_bin.abs, and recovery_ramdisk.

```
$ build recovery
```


2.4.5 Splitting Recovery Images

In contrast with recovery image merging, this command is used to split the file of AOSP/image/recovery.ubo into these files: main_bin.abs, recovery_ramdisk.cpio.gz, and see_bin.abs..

```
$ build recovery split
```

Files after splitting are located in AOSP root directory.

2.5 Burning GoDroid Image Files

After compiling all the components of GoDroid and generating corresponding image files, you can burn all the image files to the TIGER Board by using the burn tool GoWarrior FTool in Windows (burning to NAND Flash). For detailed burn method, please refer to "[GoWarrior_Getting Started with GoDroid](#)".

3 Starting up GoDroid

3.1 Starting up GoDroid

You can start up GoDroid after burning image files via GoWarrior FTool. Connect the TIGER Board and Monitor by the following steps.

Procedure:

1. Connect a HDMI cable to the HDMI interface of the TIGER Board and to HDMI input port on Monitor; or connect the CVBS video cable to CVBS output port and video input port on Monitor. Besides, ensure that the correct Monitor video input port is selected.

Turn on the Monitor and ensure that correct Monitor input port (HDMI or video) is selected.

2. Connect the Ethernet cable (optional).
3. Connect one end of the serial debugging daughter board to TTL serial port of the TIGER Board and the other end to the host, the connection is shown in Figure 1. Run a serial console on the host and set information like serial port and baud rate (115200) as shown in the figure below.



Figure 1. Connecting Serial Port

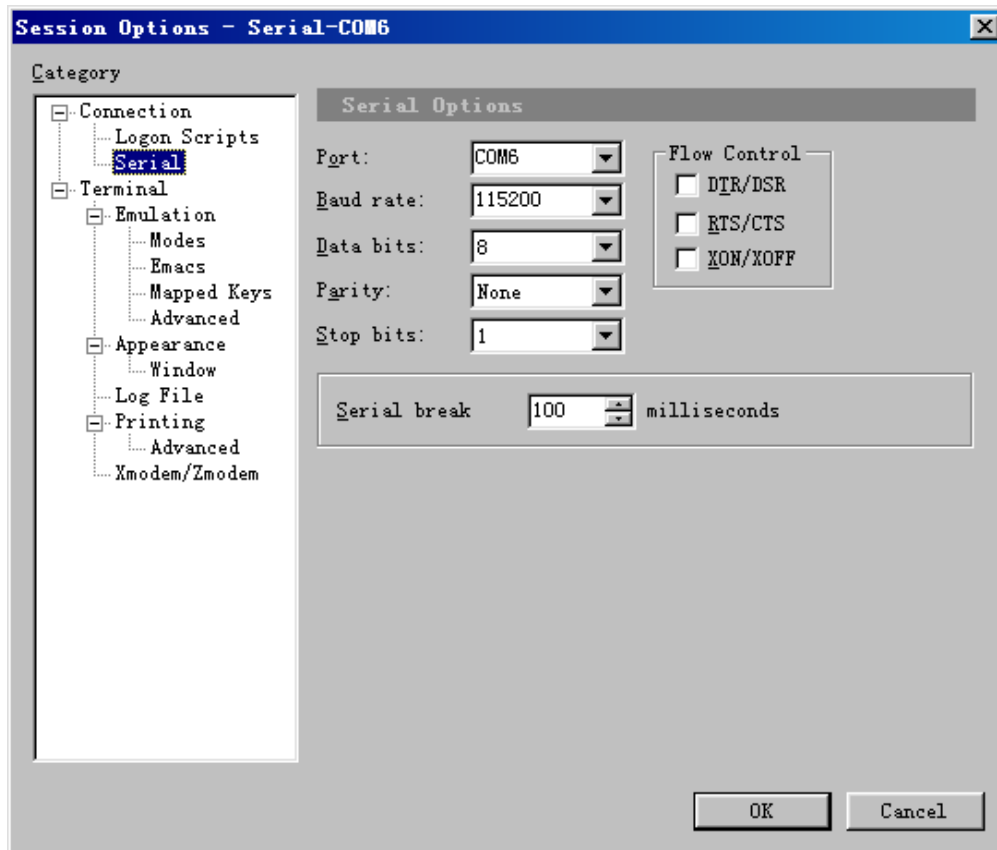


Figure 2. Serial Port Setup



Note:

“Parity” needs to be set according to the actual situation, like the status of board and serial port daughter board.

4. Insert a USB flash disk or portable HDD to USB Port1 or Port2 (optional).
5. Connect the USB keyboard or USB mouse to USB Port1 or Port2 (optional).
6. Connect the USB cable to USB port0.

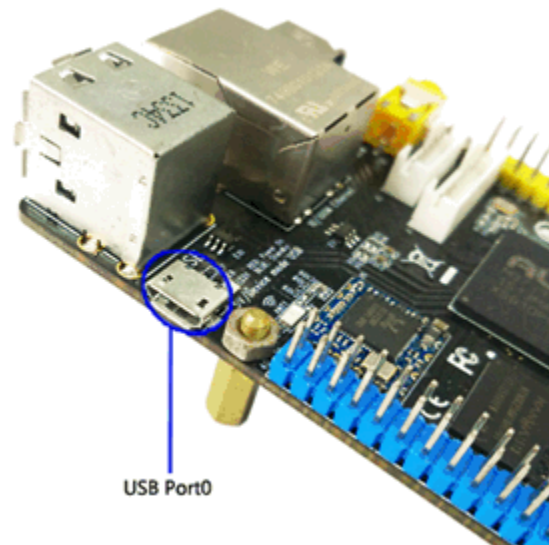


Figure 3. USB Port0

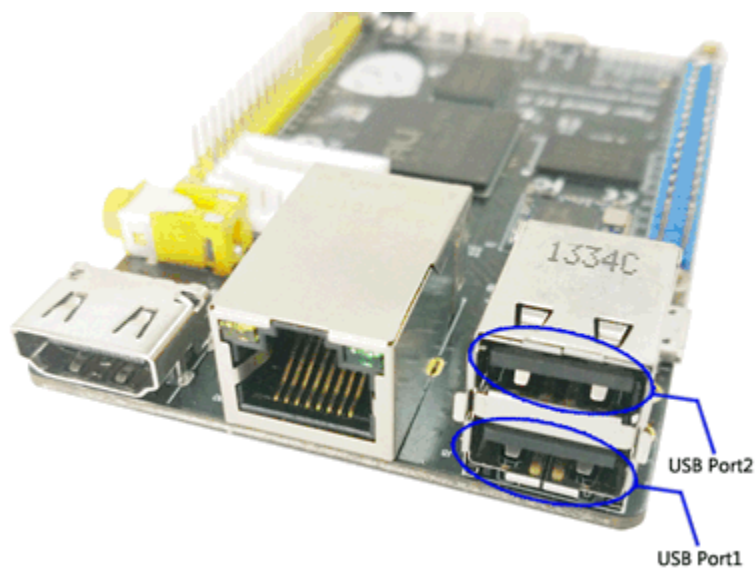


Figure 4. USB Port1/Port2

3.2 Serial Console

After the TIGER Board is powered on and GoDroid starts up, the serial console will print the GoDroid boot processes. The printed information is as shown below:

```
U-Boot 2012.04.01 (Dec 12 2014 - 10:20:39)

CPU : ALi M3921 BGA package
Board: S3921 SB/DB
Top of RAM usable for U-Boot at: 8bff0000
Reserving 780k for U-Boot at: 8bf2c000
Reserving 12288k for malloc() at: 8b32c000
Reserving 36 Bytes for Board Info at: 8b32bfdc
Reserving 120 Bytes for Global Data at: 8b32bf64
New Stack Pointer is: 8b32bf58
DRAM: 192 MiB
Now running in RAM - U-Boot at: 8bf2c000
```

Until the GoDroid startup is completed, after TV displays the home screen, you can enter control commands on serial console to display system information or to control system operation. For example, you can use some commonly-used commands such as `cd`, `ls`, and `logcat`.

"`ls`" command is running as below:

```
~# ls
acct
tigerboard_init.sh
tigerboard_ir.conf
cache
config
d
data
default.prop
dev
etc
file_contexts
```

```
fstab. tigerboard
init
init. tigerboard.rc
init. tigerboard.usb.rc
init. tigerboard.rc
init. tigerboard.usb.rc
init.rc
init.trace.rc
init.usb.rc
initlogo.rle
logo.m2v
maccfg.sh
mnt
proc
property_contexts
sbin
sdcard
seapp_contexts
selinux
sepolicy
storage
sys
system
ueventd.rc
usbdrive
vendor
~#
```

4 Application Development and Debugging

4.1 Using ADB Debugger

ADB is a versatile tool that lets you manage the state of the Android-powered device. For more information about what is possible with ADB, see Android Debug Bridge page at <http://developer.android.com/tools/help/adb.html>.

The ADB tool can be used to

- Download an application from a host machine, install and run it on the target board.
- Start a remote shell in the target instance.
- Debug applications running on the device using the debugging tool DDMS (Dalvik Debug Monitor Server) which runs on top of ADB connection.
- Copy files from and to the board.

4.1.1 ADB over Ethernet

Procedure:

1. Select **"USB debugging"** from **"Developer options"** in the system settings menu.
2. Type the `"start adbd"` command in the serial output of the target table.
3. Make sure that the host PC and the TIGER Board is properly connected via a network cable and can be pinged mutually.
4. Type the `"netcfg"` command in the serial output of the target table,

the IP address: 192.168.1.100 is the IP address of the TIGER Board.

```
~ # netcfg

lo          UP                               127.0.0.1/8    0x00000049
00:00:00:00:00:00

p2p0        DOWN                           0.0.0.0/0     0x00001002
5a:63:56:10:d6:e2

eth0        UP                               192.168.1.100/24 0x00001043
00:41:4c:69:a0:27

wlan0       DOWN                           0.0.0.0/0     0x00001002
58:63:56:10:d6:e2
```

5. On the host PC, use the following commands to establish ADB connection.

```
$ adb connect <target_ip_address>
```

6. Verify device connectivity by executing the command "\$ adb devices". If connected, you can find the device name list.
7. If the device isn't displayed, please restart ADB server to reconnect the TIGER Board.

```
$ adb kill-server

$ adb start-server

$ adb connect <target_ip_address>
```

4.1.2 ADB over USB

For Detail Information of ADB over USB, please refer to
["GoWarrior_GoDroid_Application_Notes_USB ADB Debugging"](#).

4.2 Operations over ADB

Once after ADB on host PC has been connected to the TIGER Board, ADB tool can be used to do some operations as follows.

4.2.1 Installing Application (.apk files)

You can use ADB tool for package installation from the host PC.


```
$ adb install <package.apk>
```

4.2.2 Uninstalling Application (.apk) Using ADB

To uninstall an application (.apk), firstly execute the following command on the host machine.

```
$ adb shell pm list packages
```

Then view what packages (application) there are, and execute the following command to uninstall the package (application) what you want.

```
$ adb uninstall <package name>
```

4.2.3 Copying Files From and To the Board over ADB

Use the ADB commands "push" and "pull" to copy files from and to the board.

To copy a file or directory (recursively) from the board, use

```
$ adb pull <remote> <local>
```

To copy a file or directory (recursively) to the board, use

```
$ adb push <local> <remote>
```

In the above commands, for <local> and <remote>, please refer to the paths of the file or directory on your development host (local) and on the target instance (remote).

Here's an example:

```
$ adb push Antutu_4.1.5.apk /data/app/Antutu_4.1.5.apk
```

It means that Antutu_4.1.5.apk under the local directory will be copied to the /data/app/ directory on the target board.

4.3 Bootloader Development

GoDroid bootloader uses open source project of U-Boot. For more information on modification in U-Boot, please refer to

"GoWarrior_GoDroid_Programming_Guide_Ext-Uboot".

4.4 Using Flash Partition

GoDroid enhances and expands the functionalities of the Recovery upgrade module.

For information on designing and using the Flash partition of GoDroid, please refer to *"GoWarrior_GoDroid_Application_Notes_Flash_Partition"*.

4.5 Recovery Development

GoDroid provides a complete recovery (system upgrade) solution that supports OTA/IP/USB. This recovery module possesses enhanced functionalities based on Android native Recovery module. For detailed information, please refer to *"GoWarrior_GoDroid_Programming_Guide_Exit-Recovery"*.

For information on making a recovery upgrade package, please refer to *"GoWarrior_GoDroid_Application_Notes_Recovery_Package_Making"*.

4.6 Customization of Android Boot Logo and Animation

For details, please refer to *"GoWarrior_GoDroid_Application_Notes_Customization_of_Boot_Logo_and_Animation"*.

4.7 Using GoDroid SDK's Android Java Library in Android Studio

Android Studio can use different versions of SDK that can be downloaded from Google website by SDK Manager. APP developers can use the downloaded SDK to develop APP to run on GoDroid. But if you want to use the extra features which are provided by GoDroid, you need to use the GoDroid SDK's Android Java library instead of the standard one from Google.

To use the GoDroid SDK's Android Java library, it's only requires to replace the Android Java library file in Android Studio SDK with the GoDroid. The location of Android SDK in Android Studio is displayed in the dialog of SDK manager.

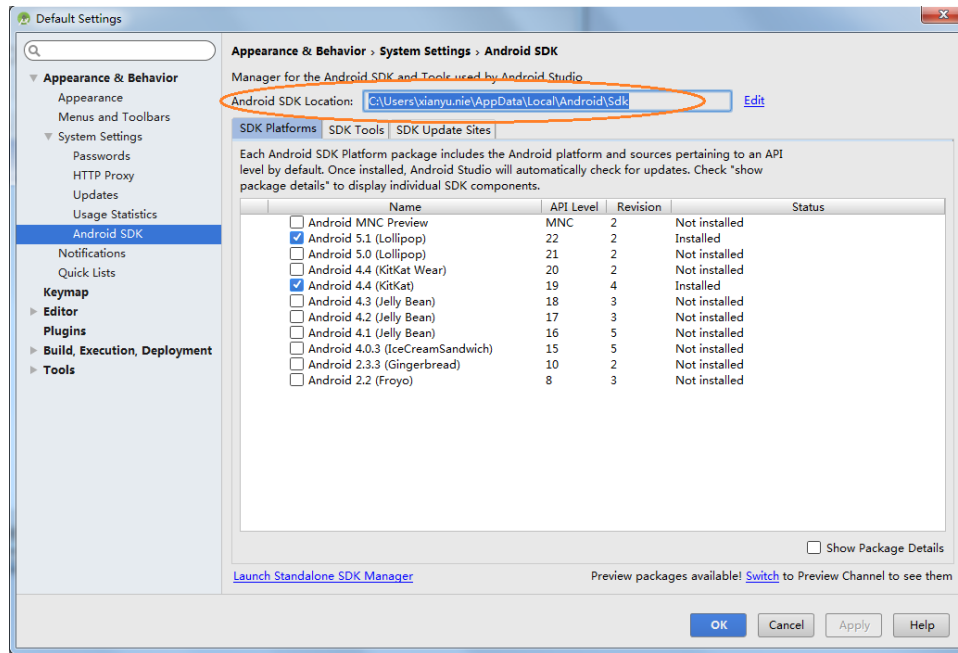


Figure 5. SDK Manager

As GoDroid 1.0 is based on Android 4.4 (KitKat), so you only need to replace the `android.jar` for API level 19. Which is to replace the Android SDK's following path `platforms\android-19\android.jar` with the `android.jar` from GoDroid SDK.

In the example of Figure 5, the file needs to be replaced with `C:\Users\xianyu.nie\AppData\Local\Android\Sdk\platforms\android-19\android.jar`.

5 FAQ

No.	Problem Description	Solution
1	Cannot compile <code>\$ make BOARD=TIGER_BOARD</code> when building Kernel	<p>Check if the compiler path of <code>/linux/kernel/boards/TIGER_BOARD variables.mak</code> file is the compiler path of your compiling server. If it is not the following default path, please change it to the compiler path of your compiling server.</p> <pre>export DEV_CROSS_COMPILE_PATH = /opt/arm-linux-gnueabi</pre>
2	No printout for TTL serial of board	<p>Please confirm your serial board and check out whether your serial line is a parallel or crossover cable. Besides, please make sure that the serial console configuration items like Baud rate and Parity are set correctly.</p>
3	No response for ADB commands	<p>First check if the ADB tool has been connected to the TIGER Board using the <code>Ebrima\$ adb devices</code> command. If not connected, please use the <code>"\$ ADB connect"</code> command, or re-plug the USB cable to confirm whether connection has been established.</p> <p>ADB may be unstable sometimes. Use the following commands to restart ADB.</p> <pre>\$ adb kill-server \$ adb start-server</pre>

Table 5. FAQ List

Appendix: Glossary

Abbr.	Full Name
ADB	Android Debug Bridge
AE	Audio Engine
AOSP	Android Open Source Project
GoDroid	GoWarrior Android Development Kit

Table 6. List of Abbreviations

Revision History

Document Change History

Revision	Changes	Date
v1.0	Initial Release	September 07, 2015

Table 7. Document Change History

Software Changes

Revision	Changes	Date
v1.0	Initial Release	September 07, 2015

Table 8. Software Change History



www.gowarriorosh.com

Headquarters

Tel: +886-2-8752-2000

Fax: +886-2-8751-1001

