

Fix errors with a crashing script

1 hour 30 minutes Free ★★★★☆



Introduction

You're an IT professional who's in charge of the deployment and maintenance of software in your company's fleet. A piece of software that's deployed on all machines in your fleet is throwing an error on a number of these machines. You haven't written the software and don't have access to the source code. You'll need to examine the environment where the software is running in and try to work out what's going on.

What you'll do

- · Understand the error messages
- · Track down the root cause and work to fix it
- · Understand what to do when you can't modify the program that's throwing errors

You'll have 90 minutes to complete this lab.

Start the lab

You'll need to start the lab before you can access the materials in the virtual machine OS. To do this, click the green "Start Lab" button at the top of the screen.

Note: For this lab you are going to access the Linux VM through your local SSH Client, and not use the Google Console (Open GCP Console button is not available for this lab).



After you click the "Start Lab" button, you will see all the SSH connection details on the left-hand side of your screen. You should have a screen that looks like this:



Accessing the virtual machine

system.



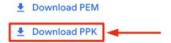
Note: Working with Qwiklabs may be similar to the work you'd perform as an IT Support Specialist; you'll be interfacing with a cutting-edge technology that requires multiple steps to access, and perhaps healthy doses of patience and persistence(!). You'll also be using SSH to enter the labs – a critical skill in IT Support that you'll be able to practice through the labs.

Option 1: Windows Users: Connecting to your VM

In this section, you will use the PuTTY Secure Shell (SSH) client and your VM's External IP address to connect.

Download your PPK key file

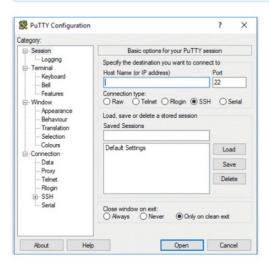
You can download the VM's private key file in the PuTTY-compatible **PPK** format from the Qwiklabs Start Lab page. Click on **Download PPK**.



Connect to your VM using SSH and PuTTY

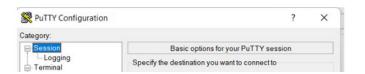
- 1. You can download Putty from here
- 2. In the Host Name (or IP address) box, enter username@external_ip_address.

Note: Replace username and external_ip_address with values provided in the lab.



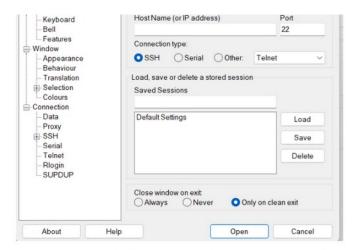
- 3. In the Connection list, expand SSH.
- 4. Then expand Auth by clicking on + icon.
- 5. Now, select the Credentials from the Auth list.
- In the Private key file for authentication box, browse to the PPK file that you downloaded and double-click it.
- 7. Click on the Open button.

Note: PPK file is to be imported into PuTTY tool using the Browse option available in it. It should not be opened directly but only to be used in PuTTY.









Click Yes when prompted to allow a first connection to this remote SSH server.
 Because you are using a key pair for authentication, you will not be prompted for a password.

Common issues

If PuTTY fails to connect to your Linux VM, verify that:

- · You entered <username>@<external ip address> in PuTTY.
- · You downloaded the fresh new PPK file for this lab from Qwiklabs.
- · You are using the downloaded PPK file in PuTTY.

Option 2: OSX and Linux users: Connecting to your VM via SSH

Download your VM's private key file.

You can download the private key file in PEM format from the Qwiklabs Start Lab page.

Click on **Download PEM**.



Connect to the VM using the local Terminal application

A **terminal** is a program which provides a **text-based interface for typing commands**. Here you will use your terminal as an SSH client to connect with lab provided Linux VM.

- 1. Open the Terminal application.
 - · To open the terminal in Linux use the shortcut key Ctrl+Alt+t.
 - · To open terminal in Mac (OSX) enter cmd + space and search for terminal.
- 2. Enter the following commands.

Note: Substitute the path/filename for the PEM file you downloaded, username and External IP Address.

You will most likely find the PEM file in **Downloads**. If you have not changed the download settings of your system, then the path of the PEM key will be ~/**Downloads/qwikLABS-XXXXX.pem**







Option 3: Chrome OS users: Connecting to your VM via SSH

Note: Make sure you are not in **Incognito/Private mode** while launching the application.

Download your VM's private key file.

You can download the private key file in PEM format from the Qwiklabs Start Lab page. Click on **Download PEM**.



Connect to your VM

- 1. Add Secure Shell from here to your Chrome browser.
- 2. Open the Secure Shell app and click on [New Connection].



3. In the username section, enter the username given in the Connection Details Panel of the lab. And for the hostname section, enter the external IP of your VM instance that is mentioned in the Connection Details Panel of the lab.



 In the Identity section, import the downloaded PEM key by clicking on the Import... button beside the field. Choose your PEM key and click on the OPEN button.

Note: If the key is still not available after importing it, refresh the application, and select it from the **Identity** drop-down menu.

5. Once your key is uploaded, click on the **[ENTER] Connect** button below.







6. For any prompts, type yes to continue.

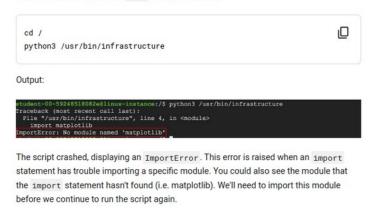
7. You have now successfully connected to your Linux VM.

You're now ready to continue with the lab!

ImportError

Since you haven't written the software and don't have access to the source code, you'll need to examine the environment where the software is running and try to work out what's going on. There's a python script named infrastructure in /usr/bin directory that reads data from a CSV file and prints them to the terminal in a nicely formatted manner. Let's run this script and see whether it generates any errors.

Now change the directory to root, and run the script.



Fix:

In order to fix this error, you first need to install **pip3** which is a Python package installer. This downloads and configures new python modules with single-line commands.

sudo apt install python3-pip -y

Now, install the matplotlib python library using pip3:

pip3 install matplotlib

Matplotlib is a plotting library for the Python programming language and its numerical mathematics extension **NumPy**(installed upon installing matplotlib). It provides an object-oriented API for embedding plots into applications using general-purpose GUI toolkits. Even simpler, it's a visualization library in Python for 2D plots of arrays.

Click Check my progress to verify the objective.







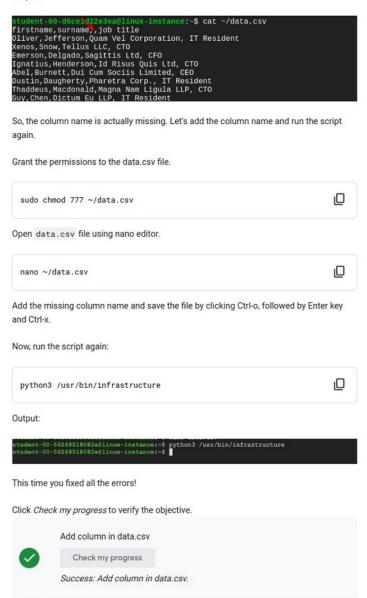
After installing the necessary modules, run the script again. python3 /usr/bin/infrastructure Output: 248518082e@linux-instance:/\$ python3 /usr/bin/infrastructure Could not find data.csv in the working directory This time it returns a NoFileError with a message that it could not find data.csv file in the working directory. Try debugging this issue. Fix: Let's navigate to the working directory and see if the data.csv file exists. cd ~ Output: As you can see, the file data has the extension .bak. As we mentioned earlier, the script infrastructure works on CSV files. Interpret the error message, which also says that it didn't find a data.csv file. We've now found the root cause of the issue. Let's move forward by renaming the file data.bak to data.csv. mv data.bak data.csv Click Check my progress to verify the objective. Rename data.csv file Check my progress Success: Rename data.csv file. Now, navigate back to the root directory and run the script again. cd / python3 /usr/bin/infrastructure Output: MissingColumnError: Could not find column This now gives a MissingColumnError. It says that it couldn't find a column named "company" within the data.csv file.

MissingColumnError

Let's check the data.csv file for the missing column name.

cat ~/data.csv

Output:



Congratulations!

Congrats! You've correctly understood the error messages and fixed them by tracking down the root cause. This will help you as an IT professional who's in charge of the deployment and maintenance of software in your company's fleet.

End your lab

When you have completed your lab, click **End Lab**. Qwiklabs removes the resources you've used and cleans the account for you.

You will be given an opportunity to rate the lab experience. Select the applicable number of stars, type a comment, and then click **Submit**.

The number of stars indicates the following:



- 1 star = Very dissatisfied
- 2 stars = Dissatisfied
- 3 stars = Neutral
- 4 stars = Satisfied
- 5 stars = Very satisfied

You can close the dialog box if you don't want to provide feedback.

For feedback, suggestions, or corrections, please use the **Support** tab.

