Assignment #5: Greedy穷举 Implementation

Updated 1939 GMT+8 Oct 21, 2024

2024 fall, Complied by <mark>万馨雅 城环</mark>

说明:

- 1)请把每个题目解题思路(可选),源码Python,或者C++(已经在Codeforces/Openjudge上AC),截图(包含Accepted),填写到下面作业模版中(推荐使用 typora https://typoraio.cn,或者用word)。AC或者没有AC,都请标上每个题目大致花费时间。
- 3) 提交时候先提交pdf文件,再把md或者doc文件上传到右侧"作业评论"。Canvas需要有同学清晰头像、提交文件有pdf、"作业评论"区有上传的md或者doc附件。
- 4) 如果不能在截止前提交作业,请写明原因。

1. 题目

04148: 生理周期

brute force, http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/04148

思路:

```
num = 1
while True:
    p,e,i,d = map(int,input().split())
    if p+e+d+i==-4:
        break
    p=p%23
    e=e%28
    i=i%33
    s=d+1
    while (s-p)%23!=0 or (s-e)%28!=0 or (s-i)%33!=0:
        s+=1

s-=d
    print(f'Case {num}: the next triple peak occurs in {s} days.')
    num+=1
```

犬态: Accepted

原代码

```
num = 1
while True:
    p,e,i,d = map(int,input().split())
    if p+e+d+i==-4:
        break
p=p%23
    e=e%28
    i=i%33
    s=d+1
    while (s-p)%23!=0 or (s-e)%28!=0 or (s-i)%33!=0:
        s+=1

s-=d
print(f'Case {num}: the next triple peak occurs in {s} days.')
num+=1
```

18211: 军备竞赛

greedy, two pointers, http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/18211

思路:

```
p = int(input())
n = [int(x) for x in input().split()]
n.sort()
cnt=0
i=0
j=len(n)-1
while i<=j:</pre>
    if p>=n[i]:
        p-=n[i]
        cnt+=1
        i+=1
    else:
        if j == i:
             break
        if cnt>0:
             p+=n[j]
             cnt-=1
             j-=1
        else:
```

```
break
print(cnt)
```

代码运行截图 == (至少包含有"Accepted") ==

状态: Accepted

源代码

```
p = int(input())
n = [int(x) for x in input().split()]
cnt=0
i=0
j=len(n)-1
while i<=j:</pre>
    if p>=n[i]:
       p-=n[i]
        cnt+=1
        i+=1
    else:
        if j == i:
            break
        if cnt>0:
            p+=n[j]
            cnt-=1
            j-=1
        else:
            break
print(cnt)
```

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21554: 排队做实验

greedy, http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/21554

思路: 从后往前加

```
for j in c:
    d.append(j[1])
while k<n:
    num+=c[1][0]*k
    k+=1
    1-=1
num=num/n
print(" ".join(map(str,d)))
print(format(num,".2f"))
```

状态: Accepted

```
源代码
```

```
n = int(input())
t = list(map(int,input().split()))
c=[]
d=[]
num=0
k=1
1=n-2
for i in range(1,n+1):
    c.append((t[i-1],i))
c.sort(key = lambda x:(x[0],x[1]))
for j in c:
    d.append(j[1])
while k<n:
   num+=c[1][0]*k
   k+=1
    1-=1
num=num/n
print(" ".join(map(str,d)))
print(format(num, ". 2f"))
```

01008: Maya Calendar

implementation, http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/01008/

思路:

```
n=int(input())
print(n)
dic1={"pop":0, 'no': 20,'zip':40, 'zotz':60, 'tzec':80, 'xul':100,
'yoxkin':120, 'mol':140, 'chen':160, 'yax':180, 'zac':200, 'ceh':220, 'mac':240,
'kankin':260, 'muan':280, 'pax':300, 'koyab':320, 'cumhu':340, 'uayet':360}
```

```
dic2={1:'imix',2: 'ik',3: 'akbal',4: 'kan',5: 'chicchan', 6:'cimi',
7:'manik',8:'lamat', 9:'muluk', 10:'ok',11:'chuen', 12:'eb',13:'ben',
14:'ix',15:'mem', 16:'cib', 17:'caban', 18:'eznab', 19:'canac',0: 'ahau'}
for _ in range(n):
    d,MY = input().split(". ")
    m,y = MY.split(" ")
    num=int(y)*365+dic1[m]+int(d)+1
    Y=num//260
    if num%260==0:
        Y-=1
    D=num%13
    if D==0:
        D=13
    name = dic2[num%20]
    print(D,name,Y)
```

#TU/Tエリリリ]定义(八心

状态: Accepted

源代码

```
n=int(input())
print(n)
dic1={"pop":0, 'no': 20,'zip':40, 'zotz':60, 'tzec':80, 'xul':100, 'yoxkin':12
dic2={1:'imix',2: 'ik',3: 'akbal',4: 'kan',5: 'chicchan', 6:'cimi', 7:'manik',8
for _ in range(n):
    d,MY = input().split(".")
    m,y = MY.split("")
    num=int(y)*365+dic1[m]+int(d)+1
    Y=num//260
    if num%260==0:
        Y-=1
    D=num%13
    if D==0:
        D=13
    name = dic2[num%20]
    print(D,name,Y)
```

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545C. Woodcutters

dp, greedy, 1500, https://codeforces.com/problemset/problem/545/C

思路:

```
n = int(input())
```

```
c=[]
for _ in range(n):
    c.append(tuple(map(int,input().split())))
i=1
if n>1:
    num=2
else:
    num=1
k = [0] *n
for i in range(1, n-1):
    if c[i][0]-c[i][1]>c[i-1][0]+k[i-1]:
        num+=1
    else:
        if c[i][0]+c[i][1]<c[i+1][0]:</pre>
             num+=1
            k[i]=c[i][1]
print(num)
```

	<u>288143261</u>	Oct/26/2024 23:26 ^{UTC+8}	xiaomowomenxihuanni	<u>545C -</u> <u>Woodcutters</u>	Python 3	Accepted	327 ms	15100 KB	
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01328: Radar Installation

greedy, http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/01328/

思路:

```
import math
num = 0
while True:
    n, d = map(int, input().split())
   if n == 0 and d == 0:
       break
    num += 1
    islands = []
    possible = True
    for _ in range(n):
       x, y = map(int, input().split())
        if y > d:
            possible = False
        else:
            distance = math.sqrt(d * d - y * y)
            1 = x - distance
            r = x + distance
            islands.append((1, r))
    input()
    if not possible:
```

```
print(f'Case {num}: -1')
    continue

islands.sort(key=lambda x: x[1])

cnt = 0
i = 0
while i < n:
    cnt += 1
    current_radar = islands[i][1]
    while i < len(islands) and islands[i][0] <= current_radar:
        i += 1

print(f'Case {num}: {cnt}')</pre>
```

#46783768提交状态

状态: Accepted

源代码

```
import math
num = 0
while True:
   n, d = map(int, input().split())
   if n == 0 and d == 0:
       break
   num += 1
   islands = []
   possible = True
    for _ in range(n):
        x, y = map(int, input().split())
        if y > d:
            possible = False
        else:
            distance = math.sqrt(d * d - y * y)
            l = x - distance
            r = x + distance
            islands.append((l, r))
    input()
    if not possible:
        print(f'Case {num}: -1')
        continue
    islands.sort(key=lambda x: x[1])
    cnt = 0
    i = 0
    while i < n:
        cnt += 1
        current radar = islands[i][1]
        while i < len(islands) and islands[i][0] <= current radar:</pre>
    print(f'Case {num}: {cnt}')
```

2. 学习总结和收获

前两题之前每日选做写到了,后面四道严格来说只有排队做实验是完全自己独立做出来的,其余都看了测试数据或者询问他人or ai(不敢想woodcutters那题要是没有数据会卡多久,完全忘记了n=1的情况,玛雅日历也没有考虑到是260整数的情况。)感觉难,需要花很多时间,但是现在每题都能有一点点思路能自己写一下(虽然写不对),感觉已经有一点点进步了。

每日选做还是没有跟上啊啊觉得每天写一题都好费劲。感觉完蛋了但还是加油一下吧哈哈

学到了很多包括双指针前缀和等等等等,但还没有能看到题目就能意识到用该方法的敏感度,以及准确编写的能力。