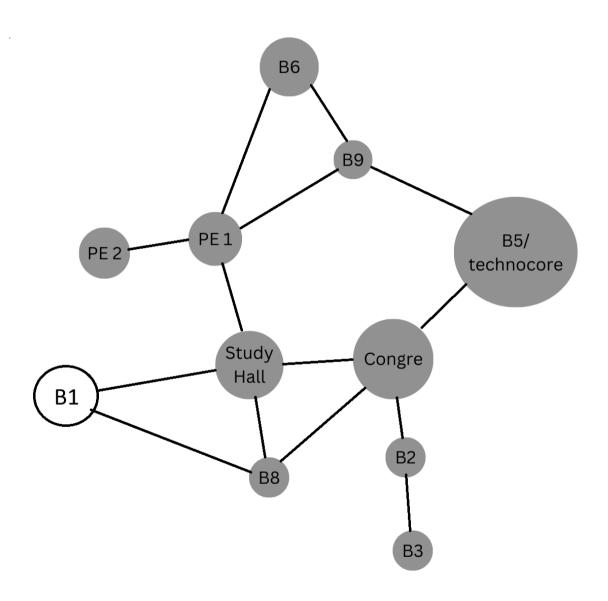
Graph Visual Representation



Create a class Node

```
class Node:
    def __init__(self,name,BDict):
        """assume name is a string, and BDict is a dictionary with
        keys corresponds to the floors and the value is a list of offices per floor"""
        self.name = name
        self.BDict = BDict
    def getName(self):
        return self.name
    def getBDict(self):
        return self.BDict
```

Create a class edge for connecting the buildings

```
class Edge:
    def __init__(self,src,dest):
        """src and dest are nodes that we'll be connecting"""
        self.src = src
        self.dest = dest

def getSource(self):
        return self.src

def getDestination(self):
        return self.dest

def __str__(self):
        return self.src.getName() + '->' + self.dest.getName()
```

Create a class for making the graph of tip

```
class Graph:
   """edges is a dict mapping each node to a list of
   its children"""
   def init__(self):
       self.edges = {}
   def addNode(self, node):
       if node in self.edges:
            raise ValueError('Duplicate node')
       else:
            self.edges[node] = []
   def addEdge(self, edge):
       src = edge.getSource()
       dest = edge.getDestination()
       if not (src in self.edges and dest in self.edges):
            raise ValueError('Node not in graph')
        self.edges[src].append(dest)
       self.edges[dest].append(src) # connection of a bidirected graph
   def childrenOf(self, node):
       return self.edges[node]
   def hasNode(self, node):
       return node in self.edges
   def getNode(self, name):
       for n in self.edges:
            if n.getName() == name:
                return n
       raise NameError(name)
   def getDictionary(self,name):
       for n in self.edges:
           if n.getName() == name:
               return n.getBDict()
   def str (self):
       result = ''
       for src in self.edges:
           for dest in self.edges[src]:
                result = result + src.getName() + '->'\
                        + dest.getName() + '\n'
       return result[:-1]
```

Create a function in building the TIP QC campus in a graph

```
def buildTIPGraph():
   g = Graph()
   # Create nodes for each building with its corresponding floors and offices
   buildings info = {
        'PE 1': {'1st Floor': ['PE FACULTY']},
        'PE 2': {'1st Floor': ['PARKING']},
        'B6': {'1st Floor': [], '2nd Floor': [], '3rd Floor': [],
               '4th Floor':[],'5th Floor':[],'6th Floor':['OSA','GUIDANCE']},
        'B9': {'1st Floor':['SHS FACULTY','COA FACULTY']},
        'B5/TECHNOCORE': {1:[],2:[],3:[],4:['CpE FACULTY']},
        'CONGRE': {'1st Floor':['SAC']},
        'B2': {'1st Floor':['ME FACULTY'],2:['CE FACULTY']},
        'B3': {'3rd Floor':['ARCHI FACULTY']},
        'B8': {'2nd Floor':['ENG LIBRARY']},
        'STUDY HALL': {}, # Assuming no specific floors/offices are given
        'B1': {'1st Floor':['REGISTRAR','CAREER CENTER','TELLERING'],'2ND Floor':['MAIN LIBRARY']}
   for name, BDict in buildings info.items():
        g.addNode(Node(name, BDict))
   # This part needs to reflect the actual connections between buildings
   g.addEdge(Edge(g.getNode('PE 1'), g.getNode('PE 2')))
   g.addEdge(Edge(g.getNode('PE 1'), g.getNode('B9')))
   g.addEdge(Edge(g.getNode('PE 1'), g.getNode('B6')))
   g.addEdge(Edge(g.getNode('B6'), g.getNode('B9')))
   g.addEdge(Edge(g.getNode('B9'), g.getNode('B5/TECHNOCORE')))
   g.addEdge(Edge(g.getNode('B5/TECHNOCORE'), g.getNode('CONGRE')))
   g.addEdge(Edge(g.getNode('CONGRE'), g.getNode('B2')))
   g.addEdge(Edge(g.getNode('B2'), g.getNode('B3')))
   g.addEdge(Edge(g.getNode('CONGRE'), g.getNode('B8')))
   g.addEdge(Edge(g.getNode('CONGRE'), g.getNode('STUDY HALL')))
   g.addEdge(Edge(g.getNode('PE 1'), g.getNode('STUDY HALL')))
   g.addEdge(Edge(g.getNode('B1'), g.getNode('STUDY HALL')))
   g.addEdge(Edge(g.getNode('B1'), g.getNode('B8')))
   return g
```

Function for Printing the current path traveled in the graph

```
def printPath(path):
    """Assumes path is a list of nodes"""
    result = ''
    for i in range(len(path)):
        result = result + str(path[i].getName())
        if i != len(path) - 1:
            result = result + '->'
    return result
```

Algo for the best path in the graph

```
def BFS(graph, start, end, toPrint = False):
    """Assumes graph is a Digraph; start and end are nodes
       Returns a shortest path from start to end in graph"""
   g = buildTIPGraph()
   initPath = [start]
   pathQueue = [initPath]
   while len(pathOueue) != 0:
       #Get and remove oldest element in pathOueue
       tmpPath = pathQueue.pop(0)
       if toPrint:
            print('Current BFS path:', printPath(tmpPath))
       lastNode = tmpPath[-1]
       buildDict = g.getDictionary(lastNode.getName())
        for i in buildDict:
            for j in buildDict[i]:
                if end == i:
                    finalPath = tmpPath.copy()
                    finalPath.append(i)
                    finalPath.append(j)
                    return finalPath
       for nextNode in graph.childrenOf(lastNode):
            if nextNode not in tmpPath:
                newPath = tmpPath + [nextNode]
                pathOueue.append(newPath)
    return None
```

Function for getting the shortest path/path from the user

```
def shortestPath(graph, start, end, toPrint = False):
    """Assumes graph is a Digraph; start and end are nodes
        Returns a shortest path from start to end in graph"""
    return BFS(graph, start, end, toPrint)
```

Function for printing the final path

```
def printSPath(path):
    result = ''
    for i in range(len(path)-2):
        result = result + str(path[i].getName())
        if i != len(path) - 1:
            result = result + '->'
    result = result + str(path[-2])
    result = result + '->'
    result = result + str(path[-1])
    return result
```

function for dynamic programming and shortest path in the graph

```
def testSP(source,destination,memory):
   if source in memory and destination in memory[source]:
       print('the path is stored in the memory and will not go over to the algo')
       return memory[source][destination]
   else:
       g = buildTIPGraph()
       sp = shortestPath(g, g.getNode(source), destination)
       if sp != None:
            print('Shortest path from', source, 'to',
                 destination, 'is', printSPath(sp))
           if not source in memory:
                memory[source] = {}
                memory[source][destination] = sp
            else:
                memory[source][destination] = sp
        else:
            print('There is no path from', source, 'to', destination)
```

Main Interface

```
memorv = \{\}
a = True
buildings = ['1 PE Center 1','2 PE Center 2','3 Building 6','4 Building 9','5 Building 2','6 Building 3','7 Building 8'
           '8 Building 5/Technocore', '9 Congregating Area', '10 Study Hall', '11 Building 1']
facOff = ['1 PE Faculty','2 PARKING','3 OSA','4 GUIDANCE OFFICE','5 SHS FACULTY','6 COA FACULTY'
        ,'7 CpE Faculty','8 SAC','9 ME FACULTY','10 CE FACULTY','11 ARCHI FACULTY','12 ENG LIBRARY',
         '13 REGISTRAR', '14 CAREER CENTER', '15 TELLERING', '16 MAIN LIBRARY']
while a:
   choice = int(input('========\n'
          '1 Find an Office\n'
         '0 Exit\n'
         '======\n'
         'input: '))
   match choice:
       case 1:
           print('=======\n')
           for i in buildings:
               print(i)
           print('=======\n')
           source = int(input('What Building are you on right now?\n'
                             'input the number: '))
           print('=======\n')
           match source:
               case 1:
                   source = 'PE 1'
               case 2:
                   source = 'PE 2'
               case 3:
                   source = 'B6'
               case 4:
                   source = 'B9'
               case 5:
                   source = 'B2'
               case 6:
                   source = 'B3'
               case 7:
```

source = 'B8'
case 8:
 source = 'B5/TECHNOCORE'
case 9:
 source = 'CONGRE'
case 10:
 source = 'STUDY HALL'