

## Exercise 2.2

Linear Regression using sklearn

```
In [15]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
```

Drive already mounted at /content/drive; to attempt to forcibly remount, call drive.mount("/content/drive", force\_remount=True).

```
In [16]: datapath = '/content/drive/MyDrive/DATASETS/temppresdata.csv'

data = pd.read_csv(datapath)
data.drop(data.columns[2:11], axis=1, inplace=True)
data.drop(data.index[7:12], inplace = True)
data
```

Out[16]:

	Pressure	Temperature
0	40.55	271.8
1	36.19	264.0
2	37.31	238.8
3	32.52	230.7
4	33.71	251.6
5	34.14	257.9
6	34.85	263.9

```
In [17]: data.shape
```

Out[17]: (7, 2)

```
In [20]: X = data['Pressure']
y = data['Temperature']
```

```
In [21]: X
```

Out[21]:

Pressure	
0	40.55
1	36.19
2	37.31
3	32.52
4	33.71
5	34.14
6	34.85

**dtype:** float64In [22]: `y`

Out[22]:

Temperature	
0	271.8
1	264.0
2	238.8
3	230.7
4	251.6
5	257.9
6	263.9

**dtype:** float64In [23]: `# gets the correlation of the data set`  
`data.corr()`

Out[23]:

	Pressure	Temperature
Pressure	1.000000	0.549474
Temperature	0.549474	1.000000

In [45]: `y.values.reshape(-1, 1)`

```
Out[45]: array([[271.8],
               [264. ],
               [238.8],
               [230.7],
               [251.6],
               [257.9],
               [263.9]])
```

```
In [52]: #gets makes a linear regression model for my dataset
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
model = LinearRegression()
model.fit(X.values.reshape(-1, 1), y.values.reshape(-1, 1))
```

```
Out[52]: ▾ LinearRegression
LinearRegression()
```

```
In [56]: # get the a or the coefficient
```

```
a = model.coef_[0][0]
print(a)
```

```
3.0140649625746136
```

```
In [57]: b = model.intercept_[0]
print(b)
```

```
146.76914668271797
```

```
In [28]: # getting the r squared of the pearson r
rsqrd = np.corrcoef(X, y)**2
rsqrd
```

```
Out[28]: array([[1.        , 0.301922],
               [0.301922, 1.        ]])
```

```
In [59]: # trying to predict the model using the data from dataset of the independent variab
y_pred = model.predict(X.values.reshape(-1, 1))
```

```
In [60]: # getting the mean squared error
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
mse = mean_squared_error(y, y_pred)
mse
```

```
Out[60]: 130.6083984899873
```

```
In [61]: # getting the root mean squared error
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
rmse = np.sqrt(mean_squared_error(y, y_pred))
rmse
```

```
Out[61]: 11.428403146983717
```