

# Computer Modeling HW1

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## 1. M/M/1 queueing system by simulation and analysis

### environment

- traffic intensity = 0.01, 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 0.95
  - $\mu = 1.0$ ,  $\lambda = 0.01, 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 0.95$
- simulation time [10000, 100000]
- simulated 10 times, averaged result

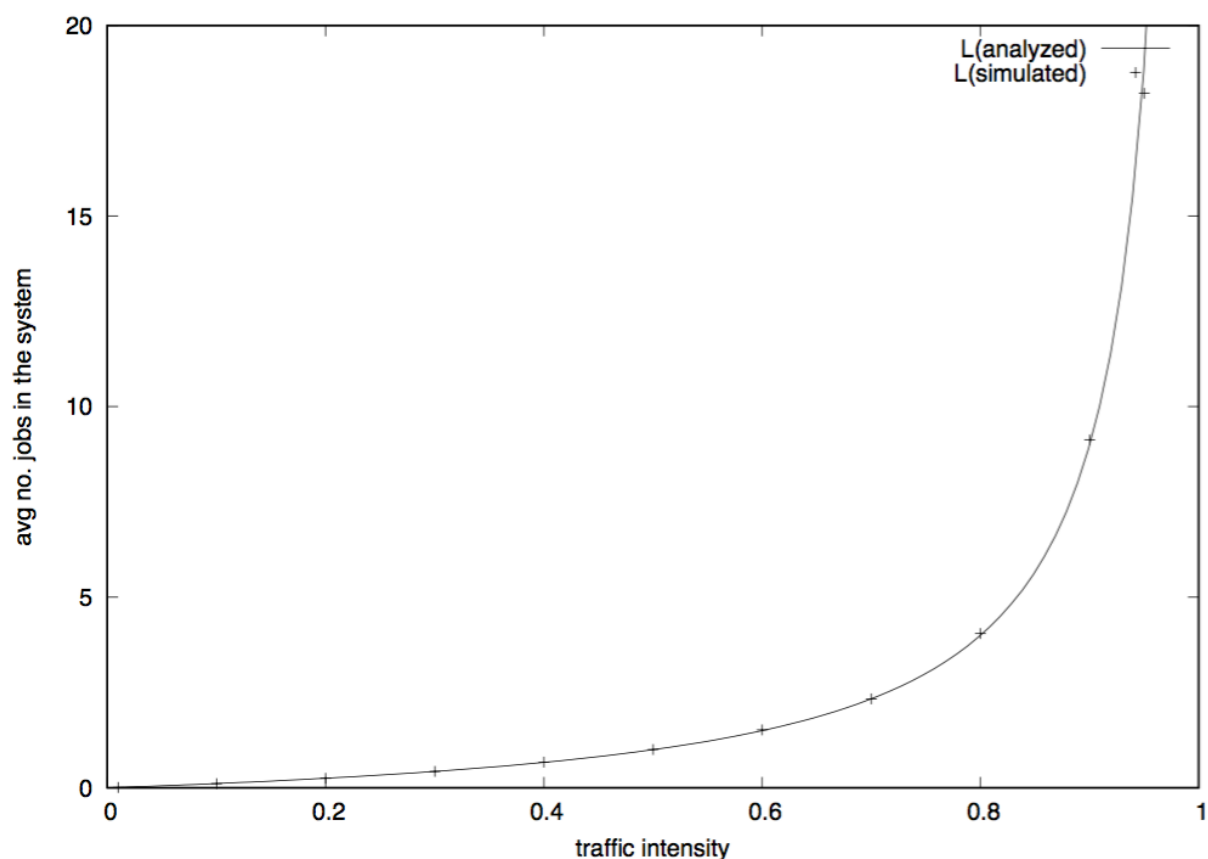
### 1.1 traffic load (0-0.95) vs average # of jobs in the system

#### Analysis

$$L = E(N) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} n(1-\rho)\rho^n = \frac{\rho}{1-\rho} \quad (\text{see geometric dist.})$$

#### Simulation & Analysis

Simulated values and analyzed result are as below. Simulated values correspond with analyzed result.



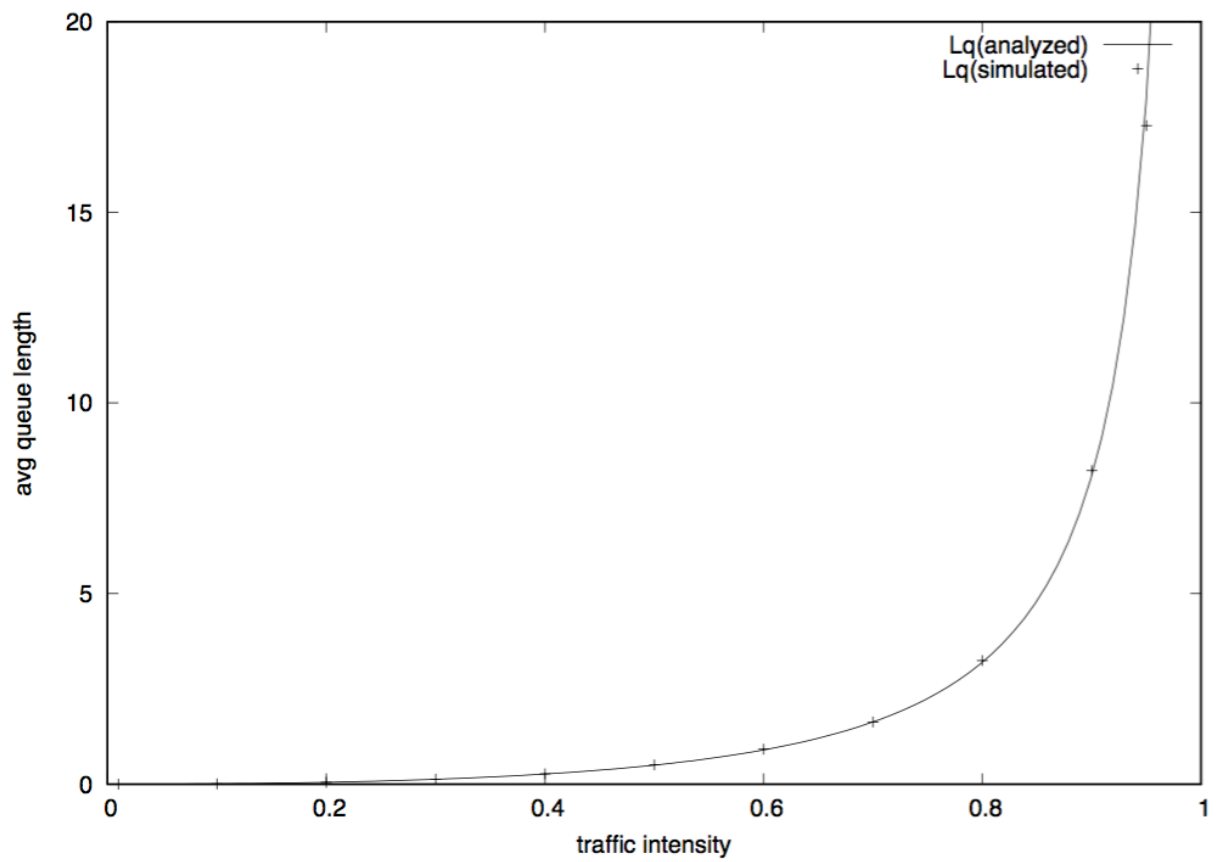
## 1.2 traffic load (0-0.95) vs average queue length

### Analysis

$$L_q = \lambda W_q = \lambda \frac{\rho W_s}{1-\rho} = \frac{\rho^2}{1-\rho}$$

### Simulation & Analysis

Simulated values and analyzed result are as below. Simulated values correspond with analyzed result.



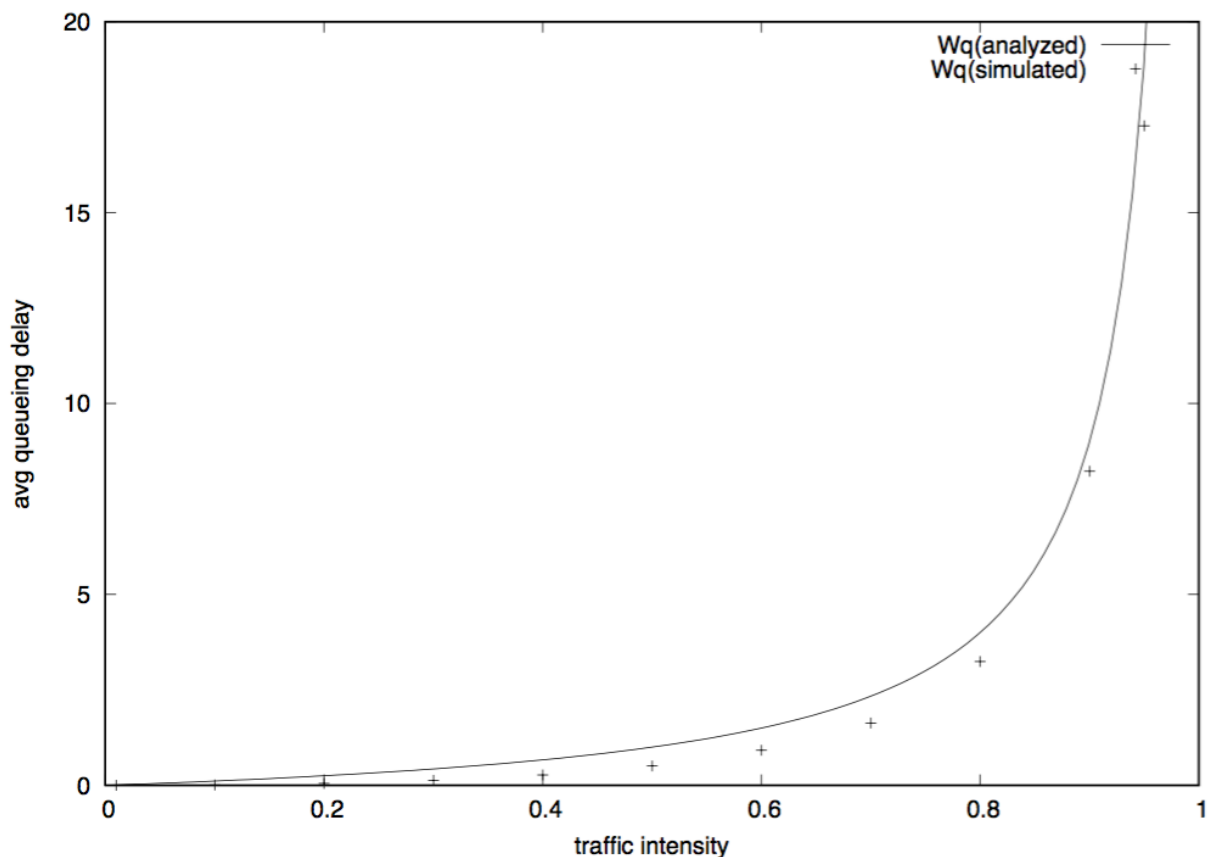
### 1.3 traffic load (0-0.95) vs average queueing delay for each job

#### Analysis

$$W_q = W - W_s = \frac{W_s}{1-\rho} - W_s = \frac{\rho W_s}{1-\rho}$$

#### Simulation & Analysis

Simulated result and analyzed result are as below. The shape of simulated values corresponds with analyzed result.



## 2. simulating the system with a traffic load 1.0 and 1.5

In simulation result with  $\rho=1.0$  and  $\rho=1.5$ ,  $L$  and  $W$  showed exponential growth as the time goes by. It means the system does not work. To make system work,  $\rho$  should be less than 1.0. Therefore,  $\lambda$  should be less than  $\mu$ .