

# 4190.310 Programming Language

## The K-- Language

### 1 Syntax

<i>Expression</i> $e$	$\rightarrow$	<b>unit</b>	unit
		$x := e$	assignment
		$e ; e$	sequence
		<b>if</b> $e$ <b>then</b> $e$ <b>else</b> $e$	branch
		<b>while</b> $e$ <b>do</b> $e$	while loop
		<b>for</b> $x := e$ <b>to</b> $e$ <b>do</b> $e$	for loop
		<b>read</b> $x$	input
		<b>write</b> $e$	output
		<b>let</b> $x := e$ <b>in</b> $e$	variable binding
		<b>let proc</b> $f(x) = e$ <b>in</b> $e$	procedure binding
		$f(e)$	call by value
		$f\langle x \rangle$	call by reference
		$n$	integer
		<b>true</b>   <b>false</b>	boolean
		$x$	identifier
		$e + e$   $e - e$   $e * e$   $e / e$	arithmetic operation
		$e < e$   $e = e$   <b>not</b> $e$	conditional operation

#### 1.1 Program

A program is an expression.

## 1.2 Identifiers

Alpha-numeric identifiers are `[a-zA-Z][a-zA-Z0-9_]*`. Identifiers are case sensitive: `z` and `Z` are different. The reserved words cannot be used as identifiers: `unit` `true` `false` `not` `if` `then` `else` `let` `in` `end` `proc` `while` `do` `for` `to` `read` `write`

## 1.3 Numbers/Comments

Numbers are integers, optionally prefixed with `-` (for negative integer): `-?[0-9]+`.

A comment is any character sequence within the comment block `(* *)`. The comment block can be nested.

## 1.4 Precedence/Associativity

In parsing K-- program text, the precedence of the K-- constructs in decreasing order is as follows. Symbols in the same set have identical precedence. Symbols with subscript *L* (respectively *R*) are left (respectively right) associative. Symbols without subscript are nonassociative.

`{not}`<sub>*R*</sub>,  
`{*,/}`<sub>*L*</sub>,  
`{+,-}`<sub>*L*</sub>,  
`{=,<}`<sub>*L*</sub>,  
`{write}`<sub>*R*</sub>,  
`{:=}`<sub>*R*</sub>,  
`{else}`,  
`{then}`,  
`{do}`,  
`{;}`<sub>*L*</sub>,  
`{in}`

For example, K-- program

<code>x := e1; e2</code>	$\Rightarrow$	<code>(x := e1) ; e2</code>
<code>while e do e1; e2</code>	$\Rightarrow$	<code>(while e do e1); e2</code>
<code>if e1 then e2 else e3; e4</code>	$\Rightarrow$	<code>(if e1 then e2 else e3); e4</code>

Rule of thumb: for your test programs, if your programs are hard to read (hence can be parsed not as you expected) then put parentheses around.

## 2 Domains

$n$	$\in$	$\mathbb{Z}$	integer
$b$	$\in$	$\mathbb{B}$	boolean
$v$	$\in$	$Val = \mathbb{Z} + \mathbb{B} + \{\cdot\}$	
$\sigma$	$\in$	$Env = Id \xrightarrow{fin} Addr + Procedure$	
$M$	$\in$	$Mem = Addr \xrightarrow{fin} Val$	
$x, y$	$\in$	$Id$	identifier
$l$	$\in$	$Addr$	an index set
		$Procedure = Id \times Expression \times Env$	

### 3 Semantics

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{TRUE} \frac{}{\sigma, M \vdash \mathbf{true} \Rightarrow \mathit{true}, M} \qquad \text{FALSE} \frac{}{\sigma, M \vdash \mathbf{false} \Rightarrow \mathit{false}, M} \\
\\
\text{NUM} \frac{}{\sigma, M \vdash \mathbf{n} \Rightarrow n, M} \qquad \text{UNIT} \frac{}{\sigma, M \vdash \mathbf{unit} \Rightarrow \cdot, M} \\
\\
\text{VAR} \frac{}{\sigma, M \vdash x \Rightarrow M(\sigma(x)), M} \\
\\
\text{ADD} \frac{\sigma, M \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1, M' \quad \sigma, M' \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow n_2, M''}{\sigma, M \vdash e_1 + e_2 \Rightarrow n_1 + n_2, M''} \\
\\
\text{SUB} \frac{\sigma, M \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1, M' \quad \sigma, M' \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow n_2, M''}{\sigma, M \vdash e_1 - e_2 \Rightarrow n_1 - n_2, M''} \\
\\
\text{MUL} \frac{\sigma, M \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1, M' \quad \sigma, M' \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow n_2, M''}{\sigma, M \vdash e_1 * e_2 \Rightarrow n_1 * n_2, M''} \\
\\
\text{DIV} \frac{\sigma, M \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1, M' \quad \sigma, M' \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow n_2, M''}{\sigma, M \vdash e_1 / e_2 \Rightarrow n_1/n_2, M''}
\end{array}$$

$$\text{EQUALT} \frac{\sigma, M \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow v_1, M' \quad \sigma, M' \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow v_2, M''}{\sigma, M \vdash e_1 = e_2 \Rightarrow \mathbf{true}, M''} \begin{array}{l} v_1 = v_2 = n \\ \vee v_1 = v_2 = b \\ \vee v_1 = v_2 = . \end{array}$$

$$\text{EQUALF} \frac{\sigma, M \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow v_1, M' \quad \sigma, M' \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow v_2, M''}{\sigma, M \vdash e_1 = e_2 \Rightarrow \mathbf{false}, M''} \text{otherwise}$$

$$\text{LESS} \frac{\sigma, M \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1, M' \quad \sigma, M' \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow n_2, M''}{\sigma, M \vdash e_1 < e_2 \Rightarrow n_1 < n_2, M''}$$

$$\text{NOT} \frac{\sigma, M \vdash e \Rightarrow b, M'}{\sigma, M \vdash \mathbf{not} \ e \Rightarrow \mathbf{not} \ b, M'}$$

$$\text{ASSIGN} \frac{\sigma, M \vdash e \Rightarrow v, M'}{\sigma, M \vdash x := e \Rightarrow v, M' \{ \sigma(x) \mapsto v \}}$$

$$\text{SEQ} \frac{\sigma, M \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow v_1, M' \quad \sigma, M' \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow v_2, M''}{\sigma, M \vdash e_1 ; e_2 \Rightarrow v_2, M''}$$

$$\text{IFT} \frac{\sigma, M \vdash e \Rightarrow \mathbf{true}, M' \quad \sigma, M' \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow v, M''}{\sigma, M \vdash \mathbf{if} \ e \ \mathbf{then} \ e_1 \ \mathbf{else} \ e_2 \Rightarrow v, M''}$$

$$\text{IFF} \frac{\sigma, M \vdash e \Rightarrow \mathbf{false}, M' \quad \sigma, M' \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow v, M''}{\sigma, M \vdash \mathbf{if} \ e \ \mathbf{then} \ e_1 \ \mathbf{else} \ e_2 \Rightarrow v, M''}$$

$$\text{WHILEF} \frac{\sigma, M \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow \mathbf{false}, M'}{\sigma, M \vdash \mathbf{while} \ e_1 \ \mathbf{do} \ e_2 \Rightarrow \cdot, M'}$$

$$\text{WHILET} \frac{\sigma, M \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow \mathbf{true}, M' \quad \sigma, M' \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow v_1, M_1 \quad \sigma, M_1 \vdash \mathbf{while} \ e_1 \ \mathbf{do} \ e_2 \Rightarrow v_2, M_2}{\sigma, M \vdash \mathbf{while} \ e_1 \ \mathbf{do} \ e_2 \Rightarrow v_2, M_2}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\sigma, M \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1, M' \quad \sigma, M' \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow n_2, M'' \\
\sigma, M'' \{\sigma(x) \mapsto n_1 + 0\} \vdash e_3 \Rightarrow v_0, M_0 \\
\vdots \\
\text{FORT} \frac{\sigma, M_{n_2-n_1-1} \{\sigma(x) \mapsto n_1 + (n_2 - n_1)\} \vdash e_3 \Rightarrow v_{n_2-n_1}, M_{n_2-n_1}}{\sigma, M \vdash \text{for } x := e_1 \text{ to } e_2 \text{ do } e_3 \Rightarrow \cdot, M_{n_2-n_1}} n_2 \geq n_1 \\
\\
\text{FORF} \frac{\sigma, M \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1, M' \quad \sigma, M' \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow n_2, M''}{\sigma, M \vdash \text{for } x := e_1 \text{ to } e_2 \text{ do } e_3 \Rightarrow \cdot, M''} n_2 < n_1 \\
\\
\text{LETV} \frac{\sigma, M \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow v, M' \quad \sigma \{x \mapsto l\}, M' \{l \mapsto v\} \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow v', M''}{\sigma, M \vdash \text{let } x := e_1 \text{ in } e_2 \Rightarrow v', M''} l \notin \text{Dom } M' \\
\\
\text{LETF} \frac{\sigma \{f \mapsto \langle x, e_1, \sigma \rangle\}, M \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow v, M'}{\sigma, M \vdash \text{let proc } f(x) = e_1 \text{ in } e_2 \Rightarrow v, M'} \\
\\
\text{CALLV} \frac{\sigma, M \vdash e \Rightarrow v, M' \quad \sigma' \{x \mapsto l\} \{f \mapsto \langle x, e', \sigma' \rangle\}, M' \{l \mapsto v\} \vdash e' \Rightarrow v', M''}{\sigma, M \vdash f(e) \Rightarrow v', M''} \sigma(f) = \langle x, e', \sigma' \rangle \\
l \notin \text{Dom } M' \\
\\
\text{CALLR} \frac{\sigma' \{x \mapsto \sigma(y)\} \{f \mapsto \langle x, e, \sigma' \rangle\}, M \vdash e \Rightarrow v, M'}{\sigma, M \vdash f \langle y \rangle \Rightarrow v, M'} \sigma(f) = \langle x, e, \sigma' \rangle \\
\\
\text{READ} \frac{}{\sigma, M \vdash \text{read } x \Rightarrow n, M \{\sigma(x) \mapsto n\}} \\
\\
\text{WRITE} \frac{\sigma, M \vdash e \Rightarrow n, M'}{\sigma, M \vdash \text{write } e \Rightarrow n, M'}
\end{array}$$