Server Interface

Install Putty

a. Download Putty here:

http://www.chiark.greenend.org.uk/~sgtatham/putty/download.html



Here are the PuTTY files themselves:

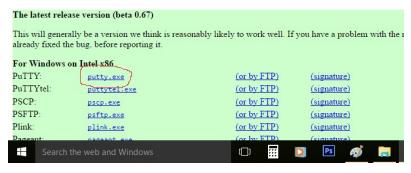
- PuTTY (the SSH and Telnet client itself)
- PSCP (an SCP client, i.e. command-line secure file copy)
- PSFTP (an SFTP client, i.e. general file transfer sessions much like FTP)
- · PuTTYtel (a Telnet-only client)
- . Plink (a command-line interface to the PuTTY back ends)
- Pageant (an SSH authentication agent for PuTTY, PSCP, PSFTP, and Plink)
- PuTTYgen (an RSA and DSA key generation utility).

LEGAL WARNING: Use of PuTTY, PSCP, PSFTP and Plink is illegal in countries where encryption is ou many other countries, but we are not lawyers, and so if in doubt you should seek legal advice before downk cryptography laws in many countries, but we can't vouch for its correctness.

Use of the Telnet-only binary (PuTTYtel) is unrestricted by any cryptography laws.

There are cryptographic signatures available for all the files we offer below. We also supply cryptographica policy, visit the <u>Keys page</u>. If you need a Windows program to compute MD5 checksums, you could try this

Binaries

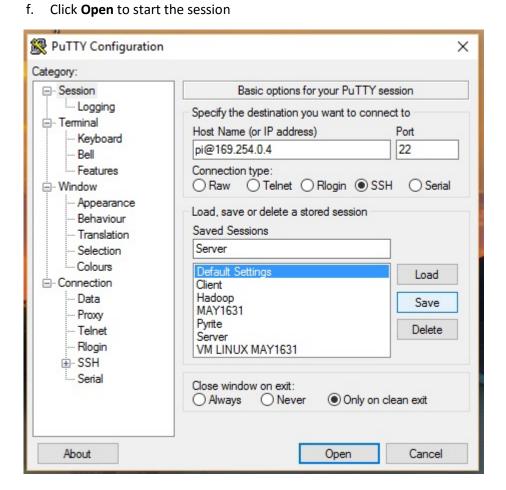


2. Setup a new session in Putty

a. Host Name: pi@169.254.0.4

b. Port: 22

c. Connection type: SSHd. Saved Session : Servere. Click **Save** to save the setup



- 3. Login into the Server
 - a. Password: raspberry
 - b. Press Enter to cancel the server execution
- 4. Check the Server Storage
 - a. Type in "df"
 - b. At the very bottom should has a storage for "western_digital" which is the hard disk.
 - c. If there is no western_digital, it means that the hard disk is not mounted properly
 - d. To mount the hard disk,
 - i. "cd bin/other"
 - ii. "sudo ./mount_wd.sh"
- 5. Get into Server interface mode
 - a. Type in "screen -raAd"
 - b. List of command in server interface
 - i. overview see overview of the system
 - ii. help see list of command
 - iii. node list see all the nodes connected
 - iv. node list v see the details of all the nodes connected
 - v. nodex see more details of node 'x'
 - eg: node0, node1
- 6. Check the battery level of every camera in the node
 - a. Go through all the nodes, node0, node1, node2.....
 - b. Identify the camera that has battery less than 65%
 - c. Charge the camera

Charging The Cameras

- 1. Can use digiCamControl software to identify the serial number and battery level of the camera connected to the laptop.
- 2. Through serial number, can find the **label number** of the camera through **Camera Serial.csv** file

DigiCamControl

Download DigiCamControl here

http://www.digicamcontrol.com/download

(download the stable version)

