

Project 3: Static Checker

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Type Checking

- Type checking is the processes of identifying errors in a program based on explicitly or implicitly stated type information.

Static Checker

- In the third project, you need to implement a static checker for your C subset.
- The checker needs to:
 - Create a symbol table
 - Insert the type of each variable into the symbol table.
 - Perform the type checking for each expression.

Type Checking Rules

- Each variable must be declared before it is used.
- Each identifier can be only declared once.
- The types of the operands of an operator must be the same.
- The types of the two sides of an assignment must be the same.
- ... **You can add your rules for your C subset.**

Type Checking (2)

- The type checker needs to report an error message for each type error detected.
- Each type error message should contain the line number where the error is detected and an explanation of the error.
- The format for printing a type error message is as follows:

“Type Error:” line number “:” the error message.

Example

```
1. void main()  
2. {  
3.     int num;  
4.     int s;  
5.     int index;  
6.     float s;  
7.  
8.     k = 0;  
9.     num = index + 3.21;  
10. }
```

Type Error: 6: Redeclared identifier.

Type Error: 8: Undeclared identifier.

Type Error: 9: Type mismatch for the operator + in an expression.

Type Error: 9: Type mismatch for the two sides of an assignment.

請繳交至ECOURSE

- A file describes your type checking rules and your C subset. (MS-WORD file)
- The source codes:
 - ANTLR grammar file, [myChecker.g](#).
 - A program to call your static checker, [myChecker_test.java](#).
 - Testing programs. (at least 3 programs)
- A readme file (pure text file) describes how to compile and execute your type checker.
- A “Makefile”.
- **Due Date: May 30 (Wednesday), 24:00pm, 2018.**

Example (1-1)

```
grammar myChecker;
```

```
options {  
    language = Java;  
}
```

```
@header {  
    // import packages here.  
    import java.util.HashMap;  
}
```

```
@members {  
    boolean TRACEON = false;  
    HashMap<String,Integer> symtab = new  
HashMap<String,Integer>();  
}
```

symtab

ID <String>	Data type <Integer>

Example (1-2)

```
type returns [int attr_type]
    : INT      { attr_type=1; }
    | FLOAT    { attr_type=2; }
    | VOID
    | CHAR
    ;
```

Example (1-3)

```
declarations: type Identifier ';' declarations
{
    if (syntab.containsKey($Identifier.text)) {
        System.out.println("Type Error: " +
                           $Identifier.getLine() +
                           ": Redeclared identifier.");
    } else {
        /* Add ID and its attr_type into the symbol table. */
        syntab.put($Identifier.text, $type.attr_type);
    }
};
```

Example (1-4)

```
statement returns [int attr_type]
    : Identifier '=' arith_expression ';'
{
    if (syntab.containsKey($Identifier.text)) {
        attr_type = syntab.get($Identifier.text);
    } else {
        /* Add codes to report your error and handle this error */
        attr_type = -2;
    }

    if (attr_type != $arith_expression.attr_type) {
        System.out.println("Type Error: " +
                           $arith_expression.start.getLine() +
                           ": Type mismatch for the two silde operands
in an assignment statement.");
        attr_type = -2;
    }
};
```

Generate Your Programs

- Generate a parser and lexer.

```
% java -cp antlr-3.4-complete.jar \  
org.antlr.Tool myChecker.g
```



Generate 3 files:

- myCheckerLexer.java
- myCheckerParser.java
- myChecker.tokens