



# **+5V-Powered, Multichannel RS-232 Drivers/Receivers**

## **General Description**

The MAX220–MAX249 family of line drivers/receivers is intended for all EIA/TIA-232E and V.28/V.24 communications interfaces, particularly applications where  $\pm 12\text{V}$  is not available.

These parts are especially useful in battery-powered systems, since their low-power shutdown mode reduces power dissipation to less than  $5\mu\text{W}$ . The MAX225, MAX233, MAX235, and MAX245/MAX246/MAX247 use no external components and are recommended for applications where printed circuit board space is critical.

## **Applications**

Portable Computers  
Low-Power Modems  
Interface Translation  
Battery-Powered RS-232 Systems  
Multidrop RS-232 Networks

## **Features**

### **Superior to Bipolar**

- ◆ Operate from Single +5V Power Supply (+5V and +12V—MAX231/MAX239)
- ◆ Low-Power Receive Mode in Shutdown (MAX223/MAX242)
- ◆ Meet All EIA/TIA-232E and V.28 Specifications
- ◆ Multiple Drivers and Receivers
- ◆ 3-State Driver and Receiver Outputs
- ◆ Open-Line Detection (MAX243)

## **Ordering Information**

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX220CPE	0°C to +70°C	16 Plastic DIP
MAX220CSE	0°C to +70°C	16 Narrow SO
MAX220CWE	0°C to +70°C	16 Wide SO
MAX220C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX220EPE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Plastic DIP
MAX220ESE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Narrow SO
MAX220EWE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Wide SO
MAX220EJE	-40°C to +85°C	16 CERDIP
MAX220MJE	-55°C to +125°C	16 CERDIP

Ordering Information continued at end of data sheet.

\*Contact factory for dice specifications.

## **Selection Table**

Part Number	Power Supply (V)	No. of RS-232 Drivers/Rx	No. of Ext. Caps	Nominal Cap. Value ( $\mu\text{F}$ )	SHDN & Three-State	Rx Active in SHDN	Data Rate (kbps)	Features
MAX220	+5	2/2	4	0.1	No	—	120	Ultra-low-power, industry-standard pinout
MAX222	+5	2/2	4	0.1	Yes	—	200	Low-power shutdown
MAX223 (MAX213)	+5	4/5	4	1.0 (0.1)	Yes	✓	120	MAX241 and receivers active in shutdown
MAX225	+5	5/5	0	—	Yes	✓	120	Available in SO
MAX230 (MAX200)	+5	5/0	4	1.0 (0.1)	Yes	—	120	5 drivers with shutdown
MAX231 (MAX201)	+5 and +7.5 to +13.2	2/2	2	1.0 (0.1)	No	—	120	Standard +5/+12V or battery supplies; same functions as MAX232
MAX232 (MAX202)	+5	2/2	4	1.0 (0.1)	No	—	120 (64)	Industry standard
MAX232A	+5	2/2	4	0.1	No	—	200	Higher slew rate, small caps
MAX233 (MAX203)	+5	2/2	0	—	No	—	120	No external caps
MAX233A	+5	2/2	0	—	No	—	200	No external caps, high slew rate
MAX234 (MAX204)	+5	4/0	4	1.0 (0.1)	No	—	120	Replaces 1488
MAX235 (MAX205)	+5	5/5	0	—	Yes	—	120	No external caps
MAX236 (MAX206)	+5	4/3	4	1.0 (0.1)	Yes	—	120	Shutdown, three state
MAX237 (MAX207)	+5	5/3	4	1.0 (0.1)	No	—	120	Complements IBM PC serial port
MAX238 (MAX208)	+5	4/4	4	1.0 (0.1)	No	—	120	Replaces 1488 and 1489
MAX239 (MAX209)	+5 and +7.5 to +13.2	3/5	2	1.0 (0.1)	No	—	120	Standard +5/+12V or battery supplies; single-package solution for IBM PC serial port
MAX240	+5	5/5	4	1.0	Yes	—	120	DIP or flatpack package
MAX241 (MAX211)	+5	4/5	4	1.0 (0.1)	Yes	—	120	Complete IBM PC serial port
MAX242	+5	2/2	4	0.1	Yes	✓	200	Separate shutdown and enable
MAX243	+5	2/2	4	0.1	No	—	200	Open-line detection simplifies cabling
MAX244	+5	8/10	4	1.0	No	—	120	High slew rate
MAX245	+5	8/10	0	—	Yes	✓	120	High slew rate, int. caps, two shutdown modes
MAX246	+5	8/10	0	—	Yes	✓	120	High slew rate, int. caps, three shutdown modes
MAX247	+5	8/9	0	—	Yes	✓	120	High slew rate, int. caps, nine operating modes
MAX248	+5	8/8	4	1.0	Yes	✓	120	High slew rate, selective half-chip enables
MAX249	+5	6/10	4	1.0	Yes	✓	120	Available in quad flatpack package



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# +5V-Powered, Multichannel RS-232 Drivers/Receivers

MAX220-MAX249

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS—MAX220/222/232A/233A/242/243

Supply Voltage ( $V_{CC}$ ) ..... -0.3V to +6V  
 Input Voltages  
 $T_{IN}$  ..... -0.3V to ( $V_{CC} - 0.3V$ )  
 $R_{IN}$  (Except MAX220) .....  $\pm 30V$   
 $R_{IN}$  (MAX220) .....  $\pm 25V$   
 $T_{OUT}$  (Except MAX220) (Note 1) .....  $\pm 15V$   
 $T_{OUT}$  (MAX220) .....  $\pm 13.2V$   
 Output Voltages  
 $T_{OUT}$  .....  $\pm 15V$   
 $R_{OUT}$  ..... -0.3V to ( $V_{CC} + 0.3V$ )  
 Driver/Receiver Output Short Circuited to GND ..... Continuous  
 Continuous Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +70^\circ C$ )  
 16-Pin Plastic DIP (derate 10.53mW/ $^\circ C$  above  $+70^\circ C$ ) ..... 842mW  
 18-Pin Plastic DIP (derate 11.11mW/ $^\circ C$  above  $+70^\circ C$ ) ..... 889mW

20-Pin Plastic DIP (derate 8.00mW/ $^\circ C$  above  $+70^\circ C$ ) ..... 440mW  
 16-Pin Narrow SO (derate 8.70mW/ $^\circ C$  above  $+70^\circ C$ ) ..... 696mW  
 16-Pin Wide SO (derate 9.52mW/ $^\circ C$  above  $+70^\circ C$ ) ..... 762mW  
 18-Pin Wide SO (derate 9.52mW/ $^\circ C$  above  $+70^\circ C$ ) ..... 762mW  
 20-Pin Wide SO (derate 10.00mW/ $^\circ C$  above  $+70^\circ C$ ) ..... 800mW  
 20-Pin SSOP (derate 8.00mW/ $^\circ C$  above  $+70^\circ C$ ) ..... 640mW  
 16-Pin CERDIP (derate 10.00mW/ $^\circ C$  above  $+70^\circ C$ ) ..... 800mW  
 18-Pin CERDIP (derate 10.53mW/ $^\circ C$  above  $+70^\circ C$ ) ..... 842mW  
 Operating Temperature Ranges  
 MAX2\_ \_AC\_ \_ , MAX2\_ \_C\_ \_ .....  $0^\circ C$  to  $+70^\circ C$   
 MAX2\_ \_AE\_ \_ , MAX2\_ \_E\_ \_ .....  $-40^\circ C$  to  $+85^\circ C$   
 MAX2\_ \_AM\_ \_ , MAX2\_ \_M\_ \_ .....  $-55^\circ C$  to  $+125^\circ C$   
 Storage Temperature Range .....  $-65^\circ C$  to  $+160^\circ C$   
 Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec) .....  $+300^\circ C$

**Note 1:** Input voltage measured with  $T_{OUT}$  in high-impedance state,  $\overline{SHDN}$  or  $V_{CC} = 0V$ .

**Note 2:** For the MAX220,  $V_+$  and  $V_-$  can have a maximum magnitude of 7V, but their absolute difference cannot exceed 13V.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX220/222/232A/233A/242/243

( $V_{CC} = +5V \pm 10\%$ ,  $C_1-C_4 = 0.1\mu F$ , MAX220,  $C_1 = 0.047\mu F$ ,  $C_2-C_4 = 0.33\mu F$ ,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
RS-232 TRANSMITTERS						
Output Voltage Swing	All transmitter outputs loaded with 3kΩ to GND		±5	±8		V
Input Logic Threshold Low				1.4	0.8	V
Input Logic Threshold High	All devices except MAX220		2	1.4		V
	MAX220: V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0V		2.4			
Logic Pull-Up/Input Current	All except MAX220, normal operation			5	40	μA
	SHDN = 0V, MAX222/242, shutdown, MAX220			±0.01	±1	
Output Leakage Current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V, SHDN = 0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = ±15V, MAX222/242			±0.01	±10	μA
	V <sub>CC</sub> = SHDN = 0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = ±15V			±0.01	±10	
Data Rate				200	116	kb/s
Transmitter Output Resistance	V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>+</sub> = V <sub>-</sub> = 0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = ±2V		300	10M		Ω
Output Short-Circuit Current	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V		±7	±22		mA
RS-232 RECEIVERS						
RS-232 Input Voltage Operating Range					±30	V
RS-232 Input Threshold Low	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V	All except MAX243 R <sub>2IN</sub>	0.8	1.3		V
		MAX243 R <sub>2IN</sub> (Note 2)	-3			
RS-232 Input Threshold High	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V	All except MAX243 R <sub>2IN</sub>		1.8	2.4	V
		MAX243 R <sub>2IN</sub> (Note 2)		-0.5	-0.1	
RS-232 Input Hysteresis	All except MAX243, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V, no hysteresis in shdn.		0.2	0.5	1	V
	MAX243			1		
RS-232 Input Resistance			3	5	7	kΩ
TTL/CMOS Output Voltage Low	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 3.2mA			0.2	0.4	V
TTL/CMOS Output Voltage High	I <sub>OUT</sub> = -1.0mA		3.5	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2		V
TTL/CMOS Output Short-Circuit Current	Sourcing V <sub>OUT</sub> = GND		-2	-10		mA
	Sinking V <sub>OUT</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub>		10	30		

# **+5V-Powered, Multichannel RS-232 Drivers/Receivers**

## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX220/222/232A/233A/242/243 (continued)**

(V<sub>CC</sub> = +5V ±10%, C1–C4 = 0.1μF, MAX220, C1 = 0.047μF, C2–C4 = 0.33μF, T<sub>A</sub> = T<sub>MIN</sub> to T<sub>MAX</sub>, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
TTL/CMOS Output Leakage Current	$\overline{\text{SHDN}} = V_{CC}$ or $\overline{\text{EN}} = V_{CC}$ ( $\overline{\text{SHDN}} = 0V$ for MAX222), $0V \leq V_{OUT} \leq V_{CC}$			±0.05	±10	μA
$\overline{\text{EN}}$ Input Threshold Low	MAX242			1.4	0.8	V
$\overline{\text{EN}}$ Input Threshold High	MAX242		2.0	1.4		V
Operating Supply Voltage			4.5		5.5	V
V <sub>CC</sub> Supply Current ( $\overline{\text{SHDN}} = V_{CC}$ ), Figures 5, 6, 11, 19	No load	MAX220		0.5	2	mA
		MAX222/232A/233A/242/243		4	10	
	3kΩ load both inputs	MAX220		12		
		MAX222/232A/233A/242/243		15		
Shutdown Supply Current	MAX222/242	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C		0.1	10	μA
		T <sub>A</sub> = 0°C to +70°C		2	50	
		T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +85°C		2	50	
		T <sub>A</sub> = -55°C to +125°C		35	100	
$\overline{\text{SHDN}}$ Input Leakage Current	MAX222/242				±1	μA
$\overline{\text{SHDN}}$ Threshold Low	MAX222/242			1.4	0.8	V
$\overline{\text{SHDN}}$ Threshold High	MAX222/242		2.0	1.4		V
Transition Slew Rate	C <sub>L</sub> = 50pF to 2500pF, R <sub>L</sub> = 3kΩ to 7kΩ, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V, T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C, measured from +3V to -3V or -3V to +3V	MAX222/232A/233A/242/243	6	12	30	V/μs
		MAX220	1.5	3	30	
Transmitter Propagation Delay TLL to RS-232 (normal operation), Figure 1	t <sub>PHLT</sub>	MAX222/232A/233A/242/243		1.3	3.5	μs
		MAX220		4	10	
	t <sub>PLHT</sub>	MAX222/232A/233A/242/243		1.5	3.5	
		MAX220		5	10	
Receiver Propagation Delay RS-232 to TLL (normal operation), Figure 2	t <sub>PHLR</sub>	MAX222/232A/233A/242/243		0.5	1	μs
		MAX220		0.6	3	
	t <sub>PLHR</sub>	MAX222/232A/233A/242/243		0.6	1	
		MAX220		0.8	3	
Receiver Propagation Delay RS-232 to TLL (shutdown), Figure 2	t <sub>PHLS</sub>	MAX242		0.5	10	μs
	t <sub>PLHS</sub>	MAX242		2.5	10	
Receiver-Output Enable Time, Figure 3	t <sub>ER</sub>	MAX242		125	500	ns
Receiver-Output Disable Time, Figure 3	t <sub>DR</sub>	MAX242		160	500	ns
Transmitter-Output Enable Time ( $\overline{\text{SHDN}}$ goes high), Figure 4	t <sub>ET</sub>	MAX222/242, 0.1μF caps (includes charge-pump start-up)		250		μs
Transmitter-Output Disable Time ( $\overline{\text{SHDN}}$ goes low), Figure 4	t <sub>DT</sub>	MAX222/242, 0.1μF caps		600		ns
Transmitter + to - Propagation Delay Difference (normal operation)	t <sub>PHLT</sub> - t <sub>PLHT</sub>	MAX222/232A/233A/242/243		300		ns
		MAX220		2000		
Receiver + to - Propagation Delay Difference (normal operation)	t <sub>PHLR</sub> - t <sub>PLHR</sub>	MAX222/232A/233A/242/243		100		ns
		MAX220		225		

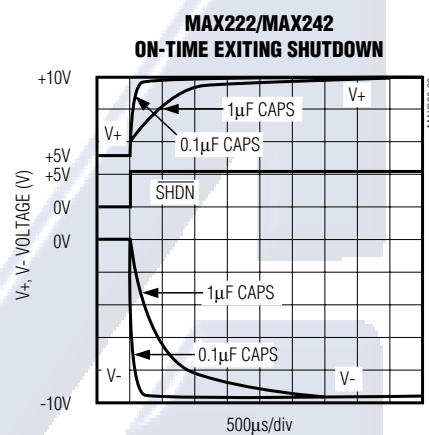
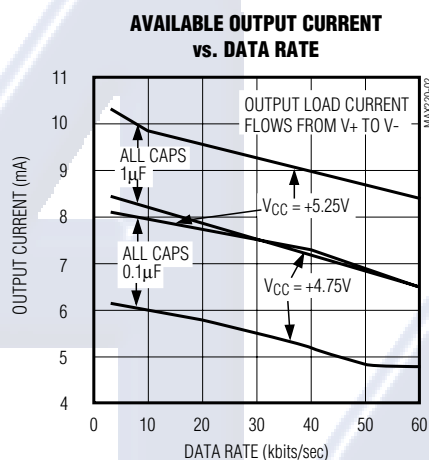
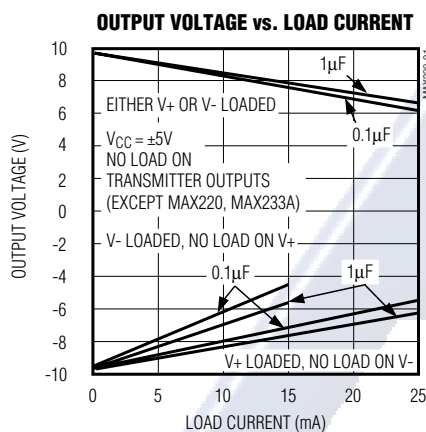
**Note 3:** MAX243 R<sub>2OUT</sub> is guaranteed to be low when R<sub>2IN</sub> is ≥ 0V or is floating.

# **+5V-Powered, Multichannel RS-232 Drivers/Receivers**

**MAX220-MAX249**

## **Typical Operating Characteristics**

### **MAX220/MAX222/MAX232A/MAX233A/MAX242/MAX243**



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# +5V-Powered, Multichannel RS-232 Drivers/Receivers

MAX220-MAX249

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS—MAX223/MAX230-MAX241

V <sub>CC</sub> .....	-0.3V to +6V
V <sub>+</sub> .....	(V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.3V) to +14V
V <sub>-</sub> .....	+0.3V to -14V
Input Voltages	
T <sub>IN</sub> .....	-0.3V to (V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3V)
R <sub>IN</sub> .....	±30V
Output Voltages	
T <sub>OUT</sub> .....	(V <sub>+</sub> + 0.3V) to (V <sub>-</sub> - 0.3V)
R <sub>OUT</sub> .....	-0.3V to (V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3V)
Short-Circuit Duration, T <sub>OUT</sub> .....	Continuous
Continuous Power Dissipation (T <sub>A</sub> = +70°C)	
14-Pin Plastic DIP (derate 10.00mW/°C above +70°C) .....	800mW
16-Pin Plastic DIP (derate 10.53mW/°C above +70°C) .....	842mW
20-Pin Plastic DIP (derate 11.11mW/°C above +70°C) .....	889mW
24-Pin Narrow Plastic DIP	
(derate 13.33mW/°C above +70°C) .....	1.07W
24-Pin Plastic DIP (derate 9.09mW/°C above +70°C) .....	500mW
16-Pin Wide SO (derate 9.52mW/°C above +70°C) .....	762mW

20-Pin Wide SO (derate 10.00mW/°C above +70°C) .....	800mW
24-Pin Wide SO (derate 11.76mW/°C above +70°C) .....	941mW
28-Pin Wide SO (derate 12.50mW/°C above +70°C) .....	1W
44-Pin Plastic FP (derate 11.11mW/°C above +70°C) .....	889mW
14-Pin Cerdip (derate 9.09mW/°C above +70°C) .....	727mW
16-Pin Cerdip (derate 10.00mW/°C above +70°C) .....	800mW
20-Pin Cerdip (derate 11.11mW/°C above +70°C) .....	889mW
24-Pin Narrow Cerdip	
(derate 12.50mW/°C above +70°C) .....	1W
24-Pin Sidebrazed (derate 20.0mW/°C above +70°C) .....	1.6W
28-Pin SSOP (derate 9.52mW/°C above +70°C) .....	762mW
Operating Temperature Ranges	
MAX2 __ C __ .....	0°C to +70°C
MAX2 __ E __ .....	-40°C to +85°C
MAX2 __ M __ .....	-55°C to +125°C
Storage Temperature Range .....	-65°C to +160°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec) .....	+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX223/MAX230-MAX241

(MAX223/230/232/234/236/237/238/240/241, V<sub>CC</sub> = +5V ±10%; MAX233/MAX235, V<sub>CC</sub> = 5V ±5%, C1-C4 = 1.0μF; MAX231/MAX239, V<sub>CC</sub> = 5V ±10%; V<sub>+</sub> = 7.5V to 13.2V; T<sub>A</sub> = T<sub>MIN</sub> to T<sub>MAX</sub>; unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Voltage Swing	All transmitter outputs loaded with 3kΩ to ground		±5.0	±7.3		V
V <sub>CC</sub> Power-Supply Current	No load, T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	MAX232/233		5	10	mA
		MAX223/230/234-238/240/241		7	15	
		MAX231/239		0.4	1	
V <sub>+</sub> Power-Supply Current		MAX231		1.8	5	mA
		MAX239		5	15	
Shutdown Supply Current	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	MAX223		15	50	μA
		MAX230/235/236/240/241		1	10	
Input Logic Threshold Low	T <sub>IN</sub> ; EN, SHDN (MAX233); EN, SHDN (MAX230/235-241)				0.8	V
Input Logic Threshold High	T <sub>IN</sub>		2.0			V
	EN, SHDN (MAX233); EN, SHDN (MAX230/235/236/240/241)		2.4			
Logic Pull-Up Current	T <sub>IN</sub> = 0V			1.5	200	μA
Receiver Input Voltage Operating Range			-30		30	V

# **+5V-Powered, Multichannel RS-232 Drivers/Receivers**

**MAX220-MAX249**

## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX223/MAX230–MAX241 (continued)**

(MAX223/230/232/234/236/237/238/240/241,  $V_{CC} = +5V \pm 10\%$ ; MAX233/MAX235,  $V_{CC} = 5V \pm 5\%$ ,  $C_1$ – $C_4 = 1.0\mu F$ ; MAX231/MAX239,  $V_{CC} = 5V \pm 10\%$ ;  $V_+ = 7.5V$  to  $13.2V$ ;  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ ; unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
RS-232 Input Threshold Low	$T_A = +25^\circ C$ , $V_{CC} = 5V$	Normal operation $\overline{SHDN} = 5V$ (MAX223) $SHDN = 0V$ (MAX235/236/240/241)	0.8	1.2		V
		Shutdown (MAX223) $\overline{SHDN} = 0V$ , $EN = 5V$ ( $R_{4IN}$ , $R_{5IN}$ )	0.6	1.5		
RS-232 Input Threshold High	$T_A = +25^\circ C$ , $V_{CC} = 5V$	Normal operation $\overline{SHDN} = 5V$ (MAX223) $SHDN = 0V$ (MAX235/236/240/241)		1.7	2.4	V
		Shutdown (MAX223) $\overline{SHDN} = 0V$ , $EN = 5V$ ( $R_{4IN}$ , $R_{5IN}$ )		1.5	2.4	
RS-232 Input Hysteresis	$V_{CC} = 5V$ , no hysteresis in shutdown		0.2	0.5	1.0	V
RS-232 Input Resistance	$T_A = +25^\circ C$ , $V_{CC} = 5V$		3	5	7	k $\Omega$
TTL/CMOS Output Voltage Low	$I_{OUT} = 1.6mA$ (MAX231/232/233, $I_{OUT} = 3.2mA$ )				0.4	V
TTL/CMOS Output Voltage High	$I_{OUT} = -1mA$		3.5	$V_{CC} - 0.4$		V
TTL/CMOS Output Leakage Current	$0V \leq R_{OUT} \leq V_{CC}$ ; $EN = 0V$ (MAX223); $\overline{EN} = V_{CC}$ (MAX235–241)			0.05	$\pm 10$	$\mu A$
Receiver Output Enable Time	Normal operation	MAX223		600		ns
		MAX235/236/239/240/241		400		
Receiver Output Disable Time	Normal operation	MAX223		900		ns
		MAX235/236/239/240/241		250		
Propagation Delay	RS-232 IN to TTL/CMOS OUT, $C_L = 150pF$	Normal operation		0.5	10	$\mu s$
		$\overline{SHDN} = 0V$ (MAX223)	$t_{PHLS}$	4	40	
			$t_{PLHS}$	6	40	
Transition Region Slew Rate	MAX223/MAX230/MAX234–241, $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , $V_{CC} = 5V$ , $R_L = 3k\Omega$ to $7k\Omega$ , $C_L = 50pF$ to $2500pF$ , measured from $+3V$ to $-3V$ or $-3V$ to $+3V$		3	5.1	30	V/ $\mu s$
	MAX231/MAX232/MAX233, $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , $V_{CC} = 5V$ , $R_L = 3k\Omega$ to $7k\Omega$ , $C_L = 50pF$ to $2500pF$ , measured from $+3V$ to $-3V$ or $-3V$ to $+3V$			4	30	
Transmitter Output Resistance	$V_{CC} = V_+ = V_- = 0V$ , $V_{OUT} = \pm 2V$		300			$\Omega$
Transmitter Output Short-Circuit Current				$\pm 10$		mA



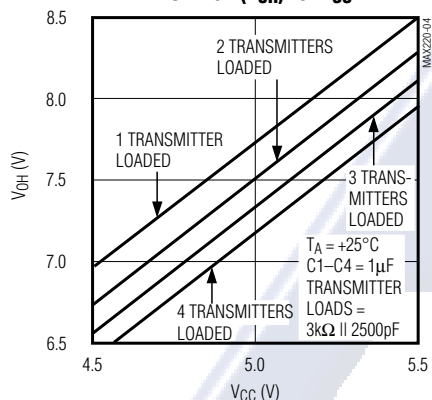
# **+5V-Powered, Multichannel RS-232 Drivers/Receivers**

## **Typical Operating Characteristics**

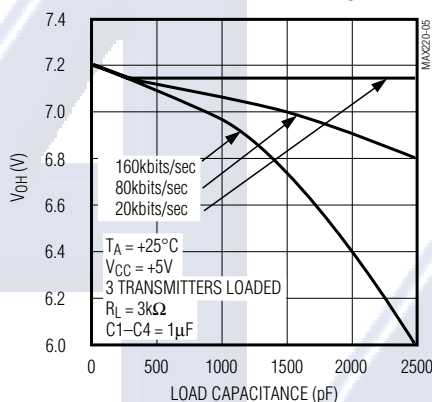
### **MAX223/MAX230-MAX241**

**MAX220-MAX249**

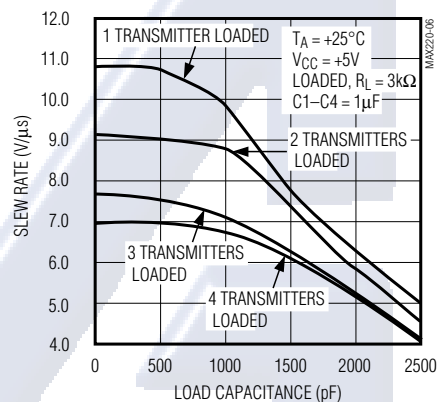
**TRANSMITTER OUTPUT VOLTAGE ( $V_{OH}$ ) vs.  $V_{CC}$**



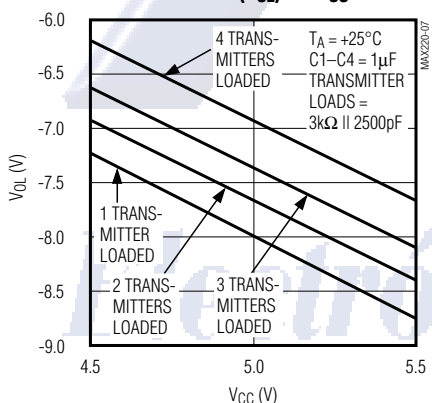
**TRANSMITTER OUTPUT VOLTAGE ( $V_{OH}$ ) vs. LOAD CAPACITANCE AT DIFFERENT DATA RATES**



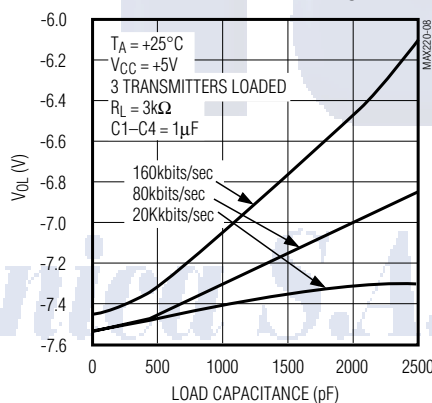
**TRANSMITTER SLEW RATE vs. LOAD CAPACITANCE**



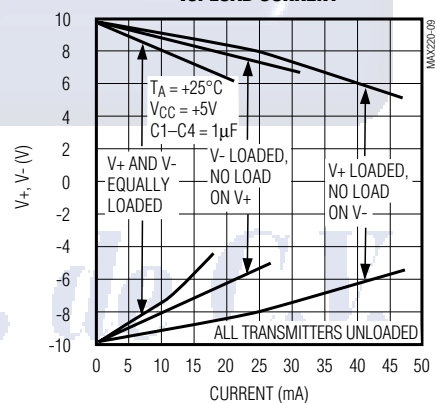
**TRANSMITTER OUTPUT VOLTAGE ( $V_{OL}$ ) vs.  $V_{CC}$**



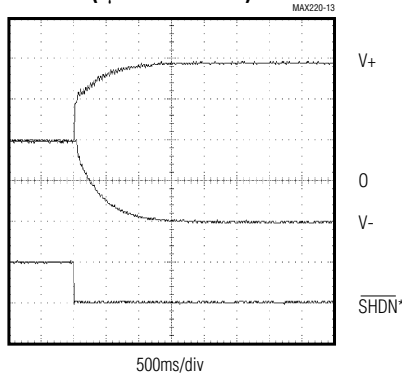
**TRANSMITTER OUTPUT VOLTAGE ( $V_{OL}$ ) vs. LOAD CAPACITANCE AT DIFFERENT DATA RATES**



**TRANSMITTER OUTPUT VOLTAGE ( $V_+$ ,  $V_-$ ) vs. LOAD CURRENT**



**$V_+$ ,  $V_-$  WHEN EXITING SHUTDOWN ( $1\mu\text{F}$  CAPACITORS)**



\*SHUTDOWN POLARITY IS REVERSED FOR NON MAX241 PARTS

# **+5V-Powered, Multichannel RS-232 Drivers/Receivers**

**MAX220-MAX249**

## **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS—MAX225/MAX244-MAX249**

Supply Voltage (V <sub>CC</sub> )	-0.3V to +6V	Continuous Power Dissipation (T <sub>A</sub> = +70°C)	
Input Voltages		28-Pin Wide SO (derate 12.50mW/°C above +70°C)	1W
T <sub>IN</sub> , ENA, ENB, ENR, ENT, ENRA, ENRB, ENTA, ENTB	-0.3V to (V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3V)	40-Pin Plastic DIP (derate 11.11mW/°C above +70°C)	611mW
R <sub>IN</sub>	±25V	44-Pin PLCC (derate 13.33mW/°C above +70°C)	1.07W
T <sub>OUT</sub> (Note 3)	±15V	Operating Temperature Ranges	
R <sub>OUT</sub>	-0.3V to (V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3V)	MAX225C__, MAX24_C__	0°C to +70°C
Short Circuit (one output at a time)		MAX225E__, MAX24_E__	-40°C to +85°C
T <sub>OUT</sub> to GND	Continuous	Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +160°C
R <sub>OUT</sub> to GND	Continuous	Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)	+300°C

**Note 4:** Input voltage measured with transmitter output in a high-impedance state, shutdown, or V<sub>CC</sub> = 0V.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX225/MAX244-MAX249**

(MAX225, V<sub>CC</sub> = 5.0V ±5%; MAX244-MAX249, V<sub>CC</sub> = +5.0V ±10%, external capacitors C1-C4 = 1μF; T<sub>A</sub> = T<sub>MIN</sub> to T<sub>MAX</sub>; unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
<b>RS-232 TRANSMITTERS</b>					
Input Logic Threshold Low			1.4	0.8	V
Input Logic Threshold High		2	1.4		V
Logic Pull-Up/Input Current	Tables 1a-1d	Normal operation		10	50
		Shutdown		±0.01	±1
Data Rate	Tables 1a-1d, normal operation		120	64	kbits/sec
Output Voltage Swing	All transmitter outputs loaded with 3kΩ to GND	±5	±7.5		V
Output Leakage Current (shutdown)	Tables 1a-1d	ENA, ENB, ENT, ENTA, ENTB = V <sub>CC</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> = ±15V		±0.01	±25
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = ±15V		±0.01	±25
Transmitter Output Resistance	V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>+</sub> = V <sub>-</sub> = 0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = ±2V (Note 4)	300	10M		Ω
Output Short-Circuit Current	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V	±7	±30		mA
<b>RS-232 RECEIVERS</b>					
RS-232 Input Voltage Operating Range				±25	V
RS-232 Input Threshold Low	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V	0.8	1.3		V
RS-232 Input Threshold High	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V		1.8	2.4	V
RS-232 Input Hysteresis	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V	0.2	0.5	1.0	V
RS-232 Input Resistance		3	5	7	kΩ
TTL/CMOS Output Voltage Low	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 3.2mA		0.2	0.4	V
TTL/CMOS Output Voltage High	I <sub>OUT</sub> = -1.0mA	3.5	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2		V
TTL/CMOS Output Short-Circuit Current	Sourcing V <sub>OUT</sub> = GND	-2	-10		mA
	Shrinking V <sub>OUT</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub>	10	30		
TTL/CMOS Output Leakage Current	Normal operation, outputs disabled, Tables 1a-1d, 0V ≤ V <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> , ENR <sub>L</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub>		±0.05	±0.10	μA



# **+5V-Powered, Multichannel RS-232 Drivers/Receivers**

## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX225/MAX244–MAX249 (continued)**

(MAX225,  $V_{CC} = 5.0V \pm 5\%$ ; MAX244–MAX249,  $V_{CC} = +5.0V \pm 10\%$ , external capacitors C1–C4 =  $1\mu F$ ;  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ ; unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
POWER SUPPLY AND CONTROL LOGIC						
Operating Supply Voltage		MAX225	4.75	5.25	V	
		MAX244–MAX249	4.5	5.5		
V <sub>CC</sub> Supply Current (normal operation)	No load	MAX225	10	20	mA	
		MAX244–MAX249	11	30		
	3kΩ loads on all outputs	MAX225	40			
		MAX244–MAX249	57			
Shutdown Supply Current	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C		8	25	μA	
	T <sub>A</sub> = T <sub>MIN</sub> to T <sub>MAX</sub>			50		
Control Input	Leakage current			±1	μA	
	Threshold low		1.4	0.8	V	
	Threshold high		2.4	1.4		
AC CHARACTERISTICS						
Transition Slew Rate	C <sub>L</sub> = 50pF to 2500pF, R <sub>L</sub> = 3kΩ to 7kΩ, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V, T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C, measured from +3V to -3V or -3V to +3V		5	10	30	V/μs
Transmitter Propagation Delay TLL to RS-232 (normal operation), Figure 1	t <sub>PHLT</sub>		1.3	3.5	μs	
	t <sub>PLHT</sub>		1.5	3.5		
Receiver Propagation Delay TLL to RS-232 (normal operation), Figure 2	t <sub>PHLR</sub>		0.6	1.5	μs	
	t <sub>PLHR</sub>		0.6	1.5		
Receiver Propagation Delay TLL to RS-232 (low-power mode), Figure 2	t <sub>PHLS</sub>		0.6	10	μs	
	t <sub>PLHS</sub>		3.0	10		
Transmitter + to - Propagation Delay Difference (normal operation)	t <sub>PHLT</sub> - t <sub>PLHT</sub>		350		ns	
Receiver + to - Propagation Delay Difference (normal operation)	t <sub>PHLR</sub> - t <sub>PLHR</sub>		350		ns	
Receiver-Output Enable Time, Figure 3	t <sub>ER</sub>		100	500	ns	
Receiver-Output Disable Time, Figure 3	t <sub>DR</sub>		100	500	ns	
Transmitter Enable Time	t <sub>ET</sub>	MAX246–MAX249 (excludes charge-pump start-up)	5		μs	
		MAX225/MAX245–MAX249 (includes charge-pump start-up)	10		ms	
Transmitter Disable Time, Figure 4	t <sub>DT</sub>		100		ns	

**Note 5:** The 300 $\Omega$  minimum specification complies with EIA/TIA-232E, but the actual resistance when in shutdown mode or  $V_{CC} = 0V$  is 10M $\Omega$  as is implied by the leakage specification.

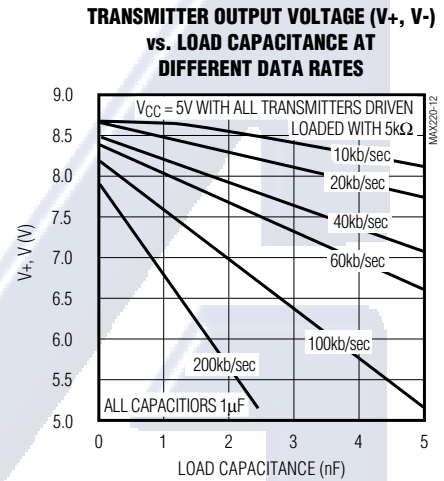
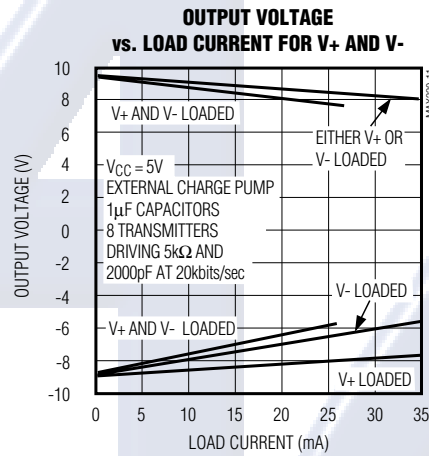
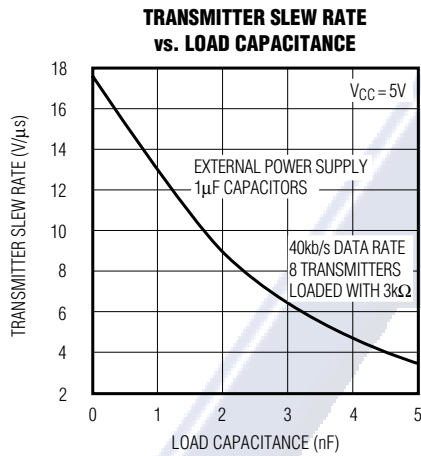
**MAX220–MAX249**

# **+5V-Powered, Multichannel RS-232 Drivers/Receivers**

**MAX220-MAX249**

## **Typical Operating Characteristics**

### **MAX225/MAX244-MAX249**



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## **+5V-Powered, Multichannel RS-232 Drivers/Receivers**

**MAX220-MAX249**

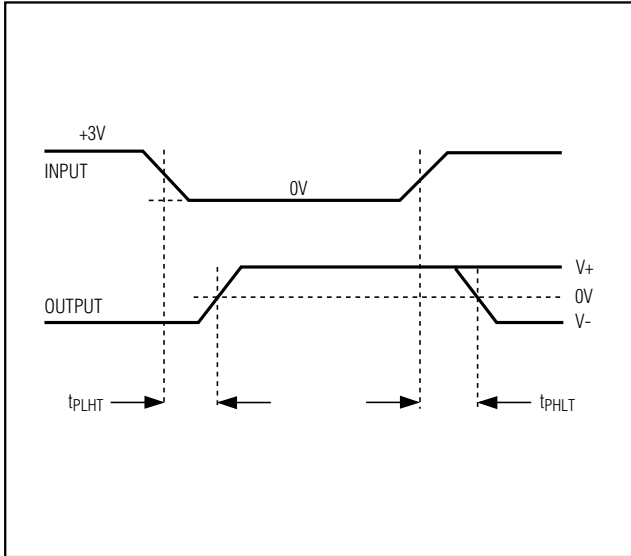


Figure 1. Transmitter Propagation-Delay Timing

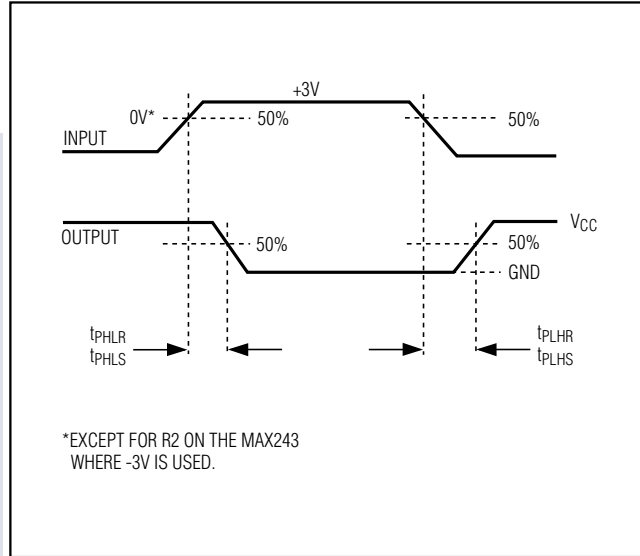


Figure 2. Receiver Propagation-Delay Timing

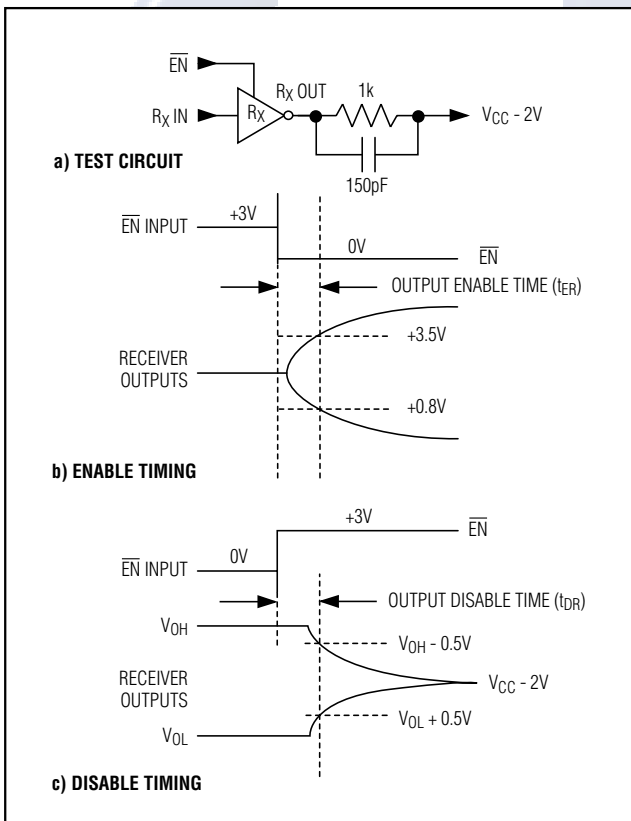


Figure 3. Receiver-Output Enable and Disable Timing

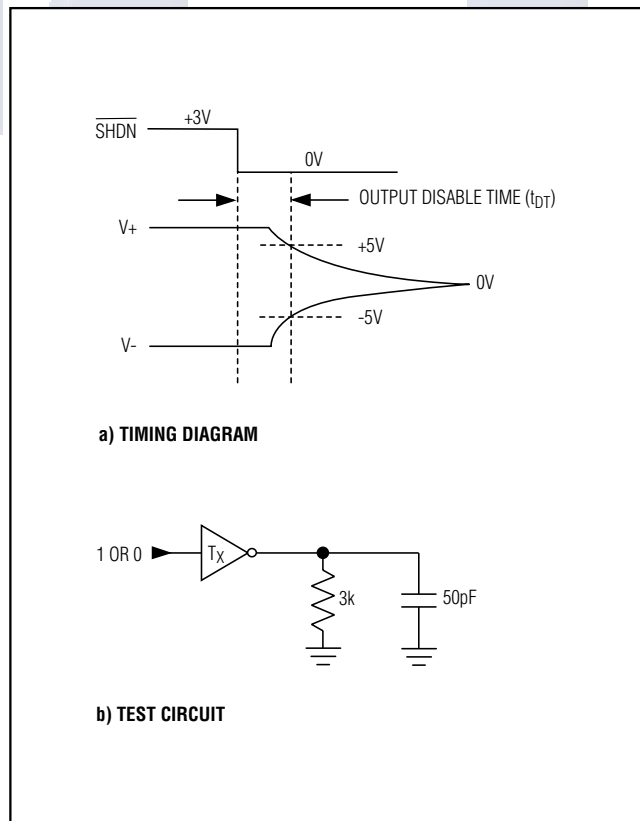


Figure 4. Transmitter-Output Disable Timing

## **+5V-Powered, Multichannel RS-232 Drivers/Receivers**

**MAX220-MAX249**

**Table 1a. MAX245 Control Pin Configurations**

$\overline{\text{ENT}}$	$\overline{\text{ENR}}$	OPERATION STATUS	TRANSMITTERS	RECEIVERS
0	0	Normal Operation	All Active	All Active
0	1	Normal Operation	All Active	All 3-State
1	0	Shutdown	All 3-State	All Low-Power Receive Mode
1	1	Shutdown	All 3-State	All 3-State

**Table 1b. MAX245 Control Pin Configurations**

$\overline{\text{ENT}}$	$\overline{\text{ENR}}$	OPERATION STATUS	TRANSMITTERS		RECEIVERS	
			TA1-TA4	TB1-TB4	RA1-RA5	RB1-RB5
0	0	Normal Operation	All Active	All Active	All Active	All Active
0	1	Normal Operation	All Active	All Active	RA1-RA4 3-State, RA5 Active	RB1-RB4 3-State, RB5 Active
1	0	Shutdown	All 3-State	All 3-State	All Low-Power Receive Mode	All Low-Power Receive Mode
1	1	Shutdown	All 3-State	All 3-State	RA1-RA4 3-State, RA5 Low-Power Receive Mode	RB1-RB4 3-State, RB5 Low-Power Receive Mode

**Table 1c. MAX246 Control Pin Configurations**

$\overline{\text{ENA}}$	$\overline{\text{ENB}}$	OPERATION STATUS	TRANSMITTERS		RECEIVERS	
			TA1-TA4	TB1-TB4	RA1-RA5	RB1-RB5
0	0	Normal Operation	All Active	All Active	All Active	All Active
0	1	Normal Operation	All Active	All 3-State	All Active	RB1-RB4 3-State, RB5 Active
1	0	Shutdown	All 3-State	All Active	RA1-RA4 3-State, RA5 Active	All Active
1	1	Shutdown	All 3-State	All 3-State	RA1-RA4 3-State, RA5 Low-Power Receive Mode	RB1-RB4 3-State, RA5 Low-Power Receive Mode

## +5V-Powered, Multichannel RS-232 Drivers/Receivers

**Table 1d. MAX247/MAX248/MAX249 Control Pin Configurations**

$\overline{\text{ENTA}}$	$\overline{\text{ENTB}}$	$\overline{\text{ENRA}}$	$\overline{\text{ENRB}}$	OPERATION STATUS	TRANSMITTERS			RECEIVERS	
					MAX247	TA1-TA4	TB1-TB4	RA1-RA4	RB1-RB5
					MAX248	TA1-TA4	TB1-TB4	RA1-RA4	RB1-RB4
					MAX249	TA1-TA3	TB1-TB3	RA1-RA5	RB1-RB5
0	0	0	0	Normal Operation		All Active	All Active	All Active	All Active
0	0	0	1	Normal Operation		All Active	All Active	All Active	All 3-State, except RB5 stays active on MAX247
0	0	1	0	Normal Operation		All Active	All Active	All 3-State	All Active
0	0	1	1	Normal Operation		All Active	All Active	All 3-State	All 3-State, except RB5 stays active on MAX247
0	1	0	0	Normal Operation		All Active	All 3-State	All Active	All Active
0	1	0	1	Normal Operation		All Active	All 3-State	All Active	All 3-State, except RB5 stays active on MAX247
0	1	1	0	Normal Operation		All Active	All 3-State	All 3-State	All Active
0	1	1	1	Normal Operation		All Active	All 3-State	All 3-State	All 3-State, except RB5 stays active on MAX247
1	0	0	0	Normal Operation		All 3-State	All Active	All Active	All Active
1	0	0	1	Normal Operation		All 3-State	All Active	All Active	All 3-State, except RB5 stays active on MAX247
1	0	1	0	Normal Operation		All 3-State	All Active	All 3-State	All Active
1	0	1	1	Normal Operation		All 3-State	All Active	All 3-State	All 3-State, except RB5 stays active on MAX247
1	1	0	0	Shutdown		All 3-State	All 3-State	Low-Power Receive Mode	Low-Power Receive Mode
1	1	0	1	Shutdown		All 3-State	All 3-State	Low-Power Receive Mode	All 3-State, except RB5 stays active on MAX247
1	1	1	0	Shutdown		All 3-State	All 3-State	All 3-State	Low-Power Receive Mode
1	1	1	1	Shutdown		All 3-State	All 3-State	All 3-State	All 3-State, except RB5 stays active on MAX247

**MAX220-MAX249**

# +5V-Powered, Multichannel RS-232 Drivers/Receivers

## Detailed Description

The MAX220–MAX249 contain four sections: dual charge-pump DC-DC voltage converters, RS-232 drivers, RS-232 receivers, and receiver and transmitter enable control inputs.

### Dual Charge-Pump Voltage Converter

The MAX220–MAX249 have two internal charge-pumps that convert +5V to  $\pm 10V$  (unloaded) for RS-232 driver operation. The first converter uses capacitor C1 to double the +5V input to +10V on C3 at the V+ output. The second converter uses capacitor C2 to invert +10V to -10V on C4 at the V- output.

A small amount of power may be drawn from the +10V (V+) and -10V (V-) outputs to power external circuitry (see the *Typical Operating Characteristics* section), except on the MAX225 and MAX245–MAX247, where these pins are not available. V+ and V- are not regulated, so the output voltage drops with increasing load current. Do not load V+ and V- to a point that violates the minimum  $\pm 5V$  EIA/TIA-232E driver output voltage when sourcing current from V+ and V- to external circuitry.

When using the shutdown feature in the MAX222, MAX225, MAX230, MAX235, MAX236, MAX240, MAX241, and MAX245–MAX249, avoid using V+ and V- to power external circuitry. When these parts are shut down, V- falls to 0V, and V+ falls to +5V. For applications where a +10V external supply is applied to the V+ pin (instead of using the internal charge pump to generate +10V), the C1 capacitor must not be installed and the SHDN pin must be tied to VCC. This is because V+ is internally connected to VCC in shutdown mode.

### RS-232 Drivers

The typical driver output voltage swing is  $\pm 8V$  when loaded with a nominal  $5k\Omega$  RS-232 receiver and  $V_{CC} = +5V$ . Output swing is guaranteed to meet the EIA/TIA-232E and V.28 specification, which calls for  $\pm 5V$  minimum driver output levels under worst-case conditions. These include a minimum  $3k\Omega$  load,  $V_{CC} = +4.5V$ , and maximum operating temperature. Unloaded driver output voltage ranges from (V+ -1.3V) to (V- +0.5V).

Input thresholds are both TTL and CMOS compatible. The inputs of unused drivers can be left unconnected since  $400k\Omega$  input pull-up resistors to VCC are built in (except for the MAX220). The pull-up resistors force the outputs of unused drivers low because all drivers invert. The internal input pull-up resistors typically source  $12\mu A$ , except in shutdown mode where the pull-ups are disabled. Driver outputs turn off and enter a high-impedance state—where leakage current is typically microamperes (maximum  $25\mu A$ )—when in shutdown

mode, in three-state mode, or when device power is removed. Outputs can be driven to  $\pm 15V$ . The power-supply current typically drops to  $8\mu A$  in shutdown mode. The MAX220 does not have pull-up resistors to force the outputs of the unused drivers low. Connect unused inputs to GND or VCC.

The MAX239 has a receiver three-state control line, and the MAX223, MAX225, MAX235, MAX236, MAX240, and MAX241 have both a receiver three-state control line and a low-power shutdown control. Table 2 shows the effects of the shutdown control and receiver three-state control on the receiver outputs.

The receiver TTL/CMOS outputs are in a high-impedance, three-state mode whenever the three-state enable line is high (for the MAX225/MAX235/MAX236/MAX239–MAX241), and are also high-impedance whenever the shutdown control line is high.

When in low-power shutdown mode, the driver outputs are turned off and their leakage current is less than  $1\mu A$  with the driver output pulled to ground. The driver output leakage remains less than  $1\mu A$ , even if the transmitter output is backdriven between 0V and ( $V_{CC} + 6V$ ). Below -0.5V, the transmitter is diode clamped to ground with  $1k\Omega$  series impedance. The transmitter is also zener clamped to approximately  $V_{CC} + 6V$ , with a series impedance of  $1k\Omega$ .

The driver output slew rate is limited to less than  $30V/\mu s$  as required by the EIA/TIA-232E and V.28 specifications. Typical slew rates are  $24V/\mu s$  unloaded and  $10V/\mu s$  loaded with  $3\Omega$  and  $2500pF$ .

### RS-232 Receivers

EIA/TIA-232E and V.28 specifications define a voltage level greater than 3V as a logic 0, so all receivers invert. Input thresholds are set at 0.8V and 2.4V, so receivers respond to TTL level inputs as well as EIA/TIA-232E and V.28 levels.

The receiver inputs withstand an input overvoltage up to  $\pm 25V$  and provide input terminating resistors with

**Table 2. Three-State Control of Receivers**

PART	SHDN	SHDN	EN	EN(R)	RECEIVERS
MAX223	—	Low High High	X Low High	—	High Impedance Active High Impedance
MAX225	—	—	—	Low High	High Impedance Active
MAX235 MAX236 MAX240	Low Low High	—	—	Low High X	High Impedance Active High Impedance



## **+5V-Powered, Multichannel RS-232 Drivers/Receivers**

nominal 5k $\Omega$  values. The receivers implement Type 1 interpretation of the fault conditions of V.28 and EIA/TIA-232E.

The receiver input hysteresis is typically 0.5V with a guaranteed minimum of 0.2V. This produces clear output transitions with slow-moving input signals, even with moderate amounts of noise and ringing. The receiver propagation delay is typically 600ns and is independent of input swing direction.

### **Low-Power Receive Mode**

The low-power receive-mode feature of the MAX223, MAX242, and MAX245-MAX249 puts the IC into shutdown mode but still allows it to receive information. This is important for applications where systems are periodically awakened to look for activity. Using low-power receive mode, the system can still receive a signal that will activate it on command and prepare it for communication at faster data rates. This operation conserves system power.

### **Negative Threshold—MAX243**

The MAX243 is pin compatible with the MAX232A, differing only in that RS-232 cable fault protection is removed on one of the two receiver inputs. This means that control lines such as CTS and RTS can either be driven or left floating without interrupting communication. Different cables are not needed to interface with different pieces of equipment.

The input threshold of the receiver without cable fault protection is -0.8V rather than +1.4V. Its output goes positive only if the input is connected to a control line that is actively driven negative. If not driven, it defaults to the 0 or "OK to send" state. Normally, the MAX243's other receiver (+1.4V threshold) is used for the data line (TD or RD), while the negative threshold receiver is connected to the control line (DTR, DTS, CTS, RTS, etc.).

Other members of the RS-232 family implement the optional cable fault protection as specified by EIA/TIA-232E specifications. This means a receiver output goes high whenever its input is driven negative, left floating, or shorted to ground. The high output tells the serial communications IC to stop sending data. To avoid this, the control lines must either be driven or connected with jumpers to an appropriate positive voltage level.

### **Shutdown—MAX222-MAX242**

On the MAX222, MAX235, MAX236, MAX240, and MAX241, all receivers are disabled during shutdown. On the MAX223 and MAX242, two receivers continue to operate in a reduced power mode when the chip is in shutdown. Under these conditions, the propagation delay increases to about 2.5 $\mu$ s for a high-to-low input transition. When in shutdown, the receiver acts as a CMOS inverter with no hysteresis. The MAX223 and MAX242 also have a receiver output enable input ( $\overline{\text{EN}}$  for the MAX242 and EN for the MAX223) that allows receiver output control independent of  $\overline{\text{SHDN}}$  ( $\overline{\text{SHDN}}$  for MAX241). With all other devices,  $\overline{\text{SHDN}}$  ( $\overline{\text{SHDN}}$  for MAX241) also disables the receiver outputs.

The MAX225 provides five transmitters and five receivers, while the MAX245 provides ten receivers and eight transmitters. Both devices have separate receiver and transmitter-enable controls. The charge pumps turn off and the devices shut down when a logic high is applied to the ENT input. In this state, the supply current drops to less than 25 $\mu$ A and the receivers continue to operate in a low-power receive mode. Driver outputs enter a high-impedance state (three-state mode). On the MAX225, all five receivers are controlled by the  $\overline{\text{ENR}}$  input. On the MAX245, eight of the receiver outputs are controlled by the  $\overline{\text{ENR}}$  input, while the remaining two receivers (RA5 and RB5) are always active. RA1-RA4 and RB1-RB4 are put in a three-state mode when ENR is a logic high.

### **Receiver and Transmitter Enable Control Inputs**

The MAX225 and MAX245-MAX249 feature transmitter and receiver enable controls.

The receivers have three modes of operation: full-speed receive (normal active), three-state (disabled), and low-power receive (enabled receivers continue to function at lower data rates). The receiver enable inputs control the full-speed receive and three-state modes. The transmitters have two modes of operation: full-speed transmit (normal active) and three-state (disabled). The transmitter enable inputs also control the shutdown mode. The device enters shutdown mode when all transmitters are disabled. Enabled receivers function in the low-power receive mode when in shutdown.

## **+5V-Powered, Multichannel RS-232 Drivers/Receivers**

Tables 1a–1d define the control states. The MAX244 has no control pins and is not included in these tables.

The MAX246 has ten receivers and eight drivers with two control pins, each controlling one side of the device. A logic high at the A-side control input ( $\overline{\text{ENA}}$ ) causes the four A-side receivers and drivers to go into a three-state mode. Similarly, the B-side control input ( $\overline{\text{ENB}}$ ) causes the four B-side drivers and receivers to go into a three-state mode. As in the MAX245, one A-side and one B-side receiver (RA5 and RB5) remain active at all times. The entire device is put into shutdown mode when both the A and B sides are disabled ( $\overline{\text{ENA}} = \overline{\text{ENB}} = +5\text{V}$ ).

The MAX247 provides nine receivers and eight drivers with four control pins. The  $\overline{\text{ENRA}}$  and  $\overline{\text{ENRB}}$  receiver enable inputs each control four receiver outputs. The  $\overline{\text{ENTA}}$  and  $\overline{\text{ENTB}}$  transmitter enable inputs each control four drivers. The ninth receiver (RB5) is always active. The device enters shutdown mode with a logic high on both  $\overline{\text{ENTA}}$  and  $\overline{\text{ENTB}}$ .

The MAX248 provides eight receivers and eight drivers with four control pins. The  $\overline{\text{ENRA}}$  and  $\overline{\text{ENRB}}$  receiver enable inputs each control four receiver outputs. The  $\overline{\text{ENTA}}$  and  $\overline{\text{ENTB}}$  transmitter enable inputs control four drivers each. This part does not have an always-active receiver. The device enters shutdown mode and transmitters go into a three-state mode with a logic high on both  $\overline{\text{ENTA}}$  and  $\overline{\text{ENTB}}$ .

The MAX249 provides ten receivers and six drivers with four control pins. The  $\overline{\text{ENRA}}$  and  $\overline{\text{ENRB}}$  receiver enable inputs each control five receiver outputs. The  $\overline{\text{ENTA}}$  and  $\overline{\text{ENTB}}$  transmitter enable inputs control three drivers each. There is no always-active receiver. The device enters shutdown mode and transmitters go into a three-state mode with a logic high on both  $\overline{\text{ENTA}}$  and  $\overline{\text{ENTB}}$ . In shutdown mode, active receivers operate in a low-power receive mode at data rates up to 20kbits/sec.

### **Applications Information**

Figures 5 through 25 show pin configurations and typical operating circuits. In applications that are sensitive to power-supply noise,  $V_{CC}$  should be decoupled to ground with a capacitor of the same value as C1 and C2 connected as close as possible to the device.

*Electrónica S.A. de C.V.*

## +5V-Powered, Multichannel RS-232 Drivers/Receivers

**MAX220-MAX249**

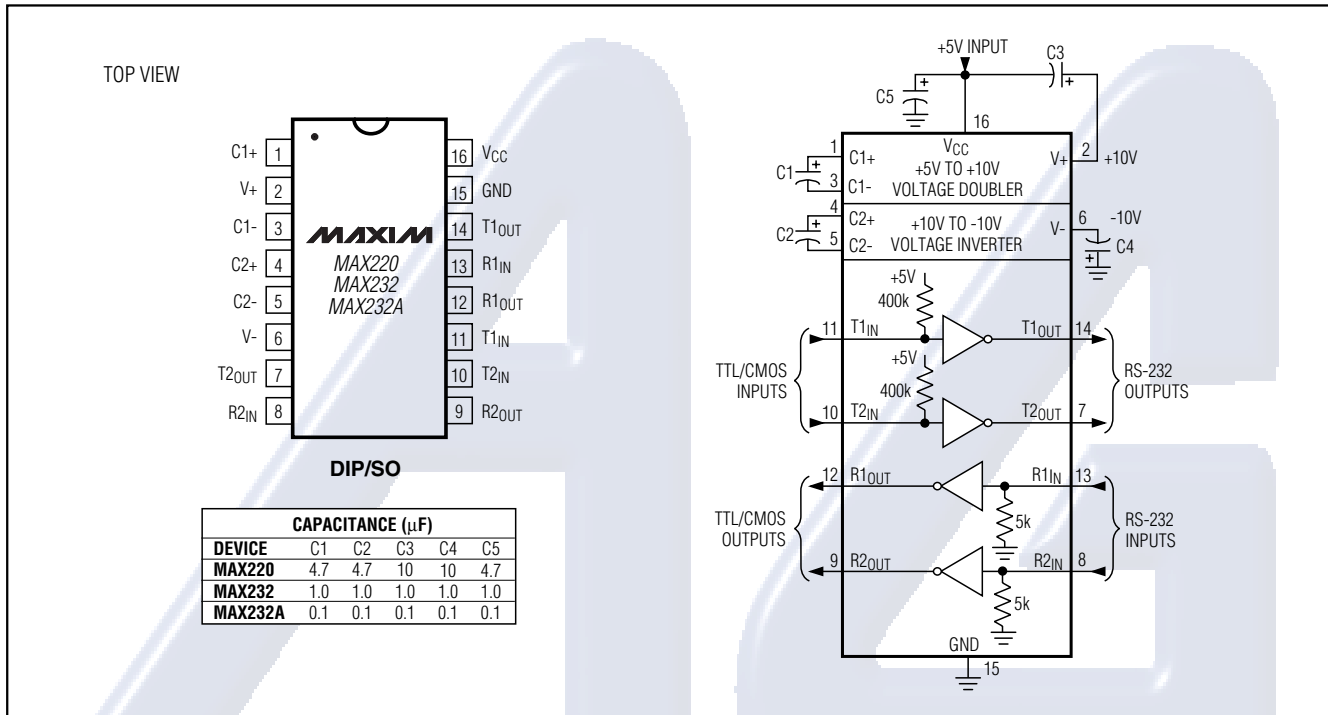


Figure 5. MAX220/MAX232/MAX232A Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit

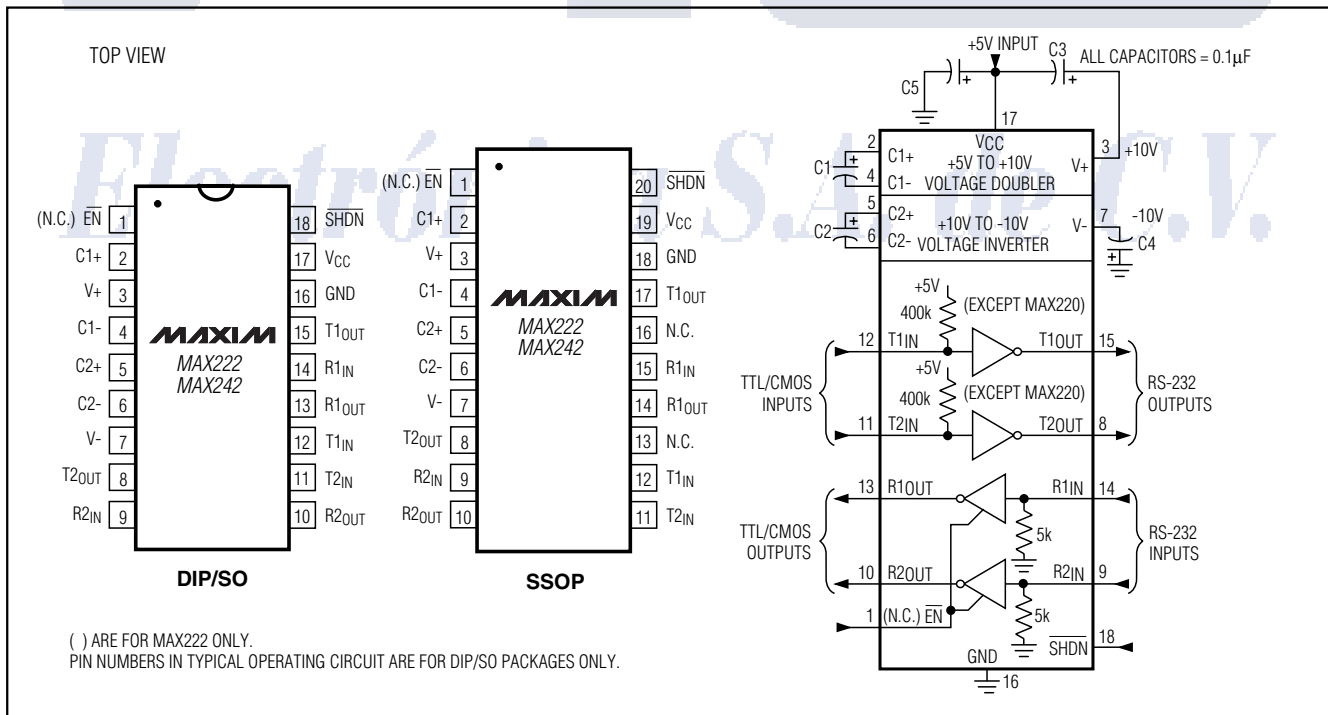
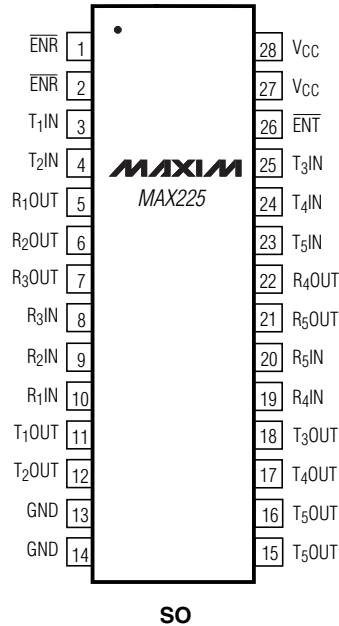


Figure 6. MAX222/MAX242 Pin Configurations and Typical Operating Circuit

# **+5V-Powered, Multichannel RS-232 Drivers/Receivers**

**MAX220-MAX249**

TOP VIEW



## **MAX225 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION**

5 RECEIVERS

5 TRANSMITTERS

2 CONTROL PINS

1 RECEIVER ENABLE ( $\overline{\text{ENR}}$ )

1 TRANSMITTER ENABLE ( $\overline{\text{ENT}}$ )

PINS ( $\overline{\text{ENR}}$ , GND, V<sub>CC</sub>, T<sub>5</sub>OUT) ARE INTERNALLY CONNECTED. CONNECT EITHER OR BOTH EXTERNALLY. T<sub>5</sub>OUT IS A SINGLE DRIVER.

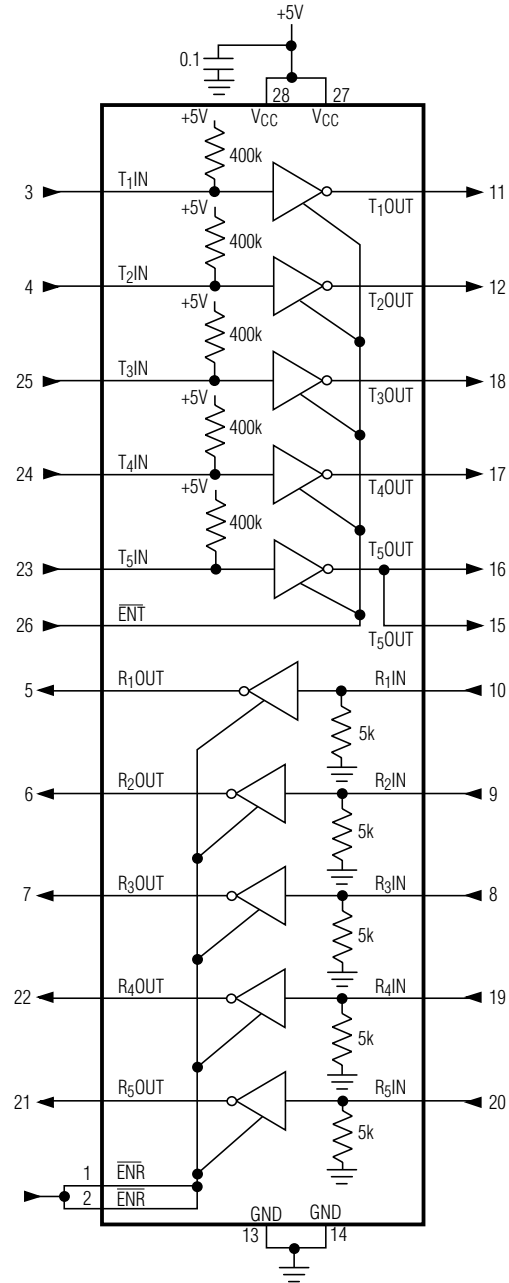


Figure 7. MAX225 Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit

## +5V-Powered, Multichannel RS-232 Drivers/Receivers

**MAX220-MAX249**

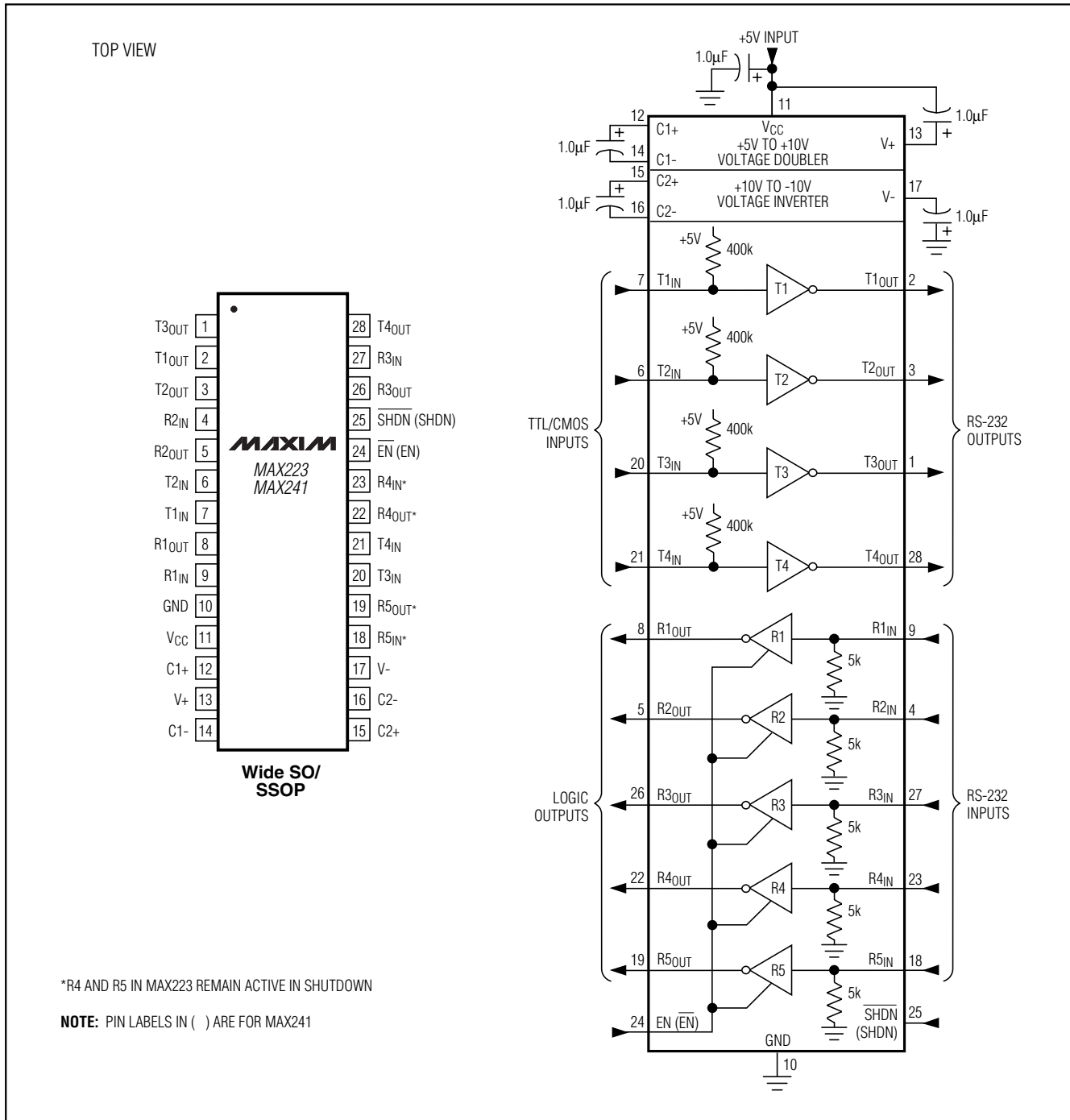


Figure 8. MAX223/MAX241 Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit

## +5V-Powered, Multichannel RS-232 Drivers/Receivers

MAX220-MAX249

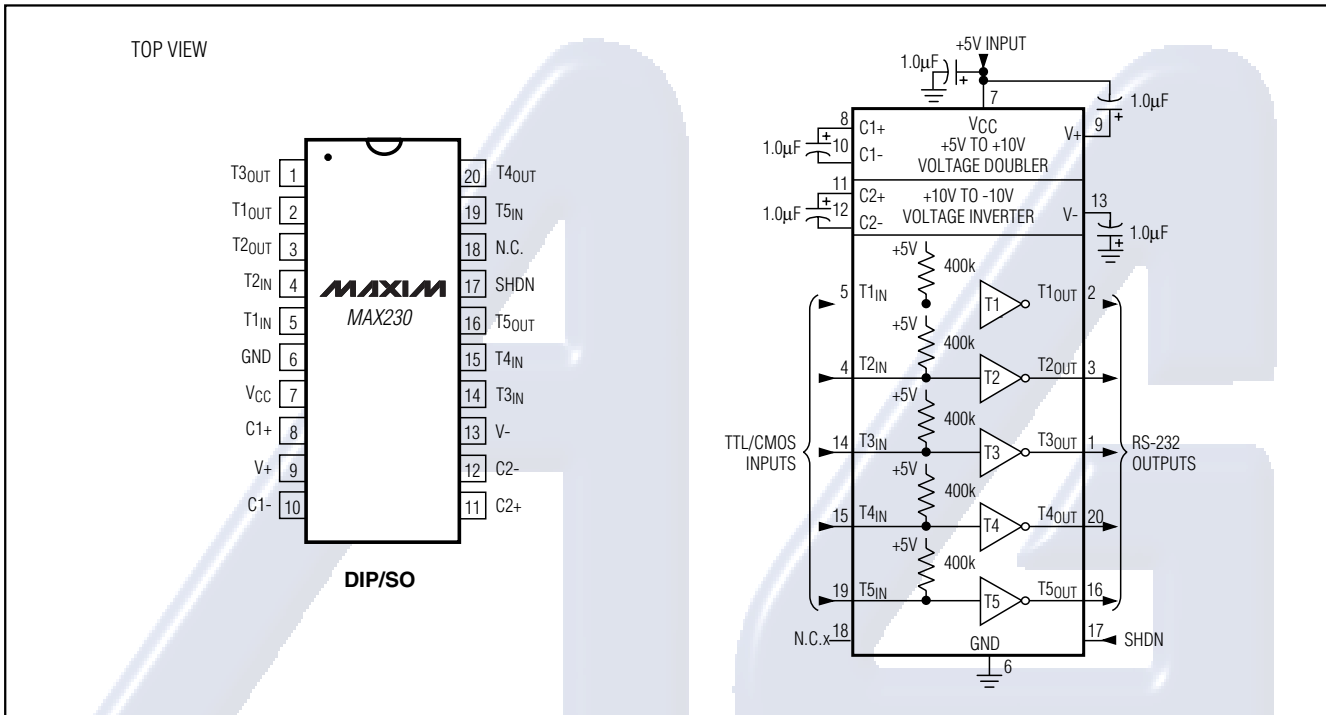


Figure 9. MAX230 Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit

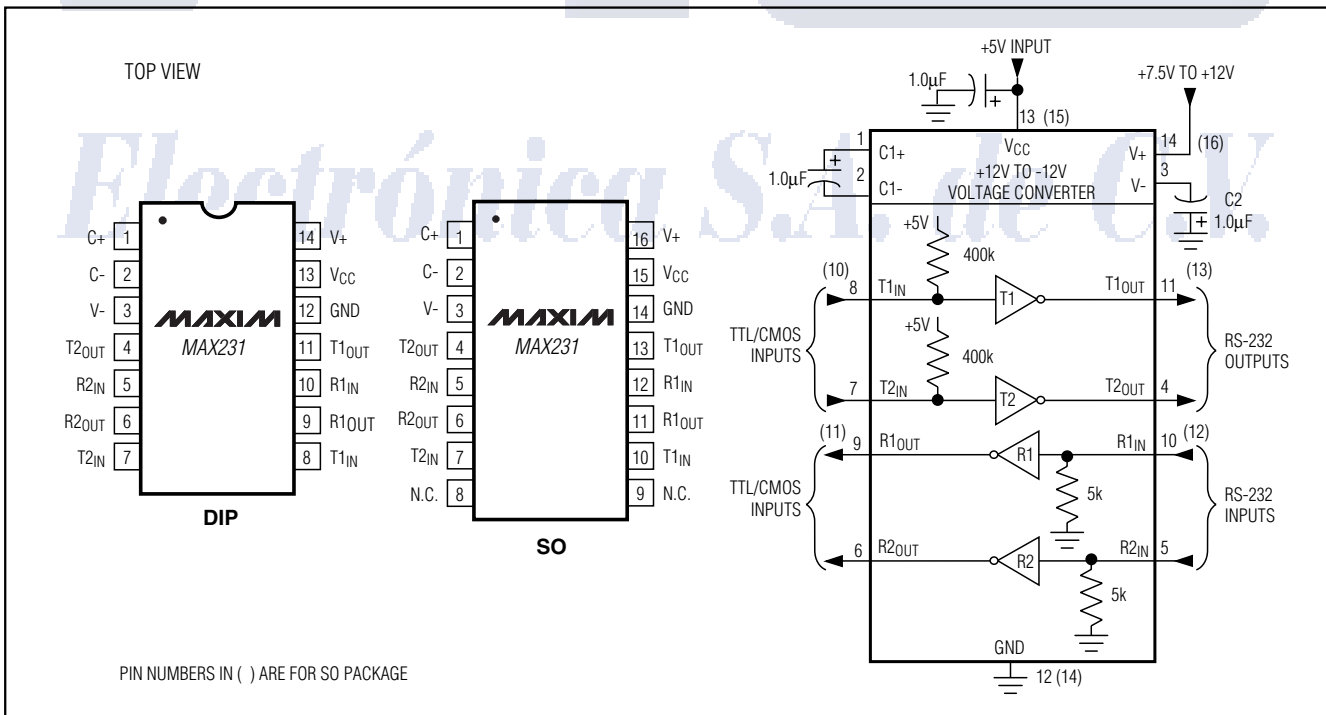


Figure 10. MAX231 Pin Configurations and Typical Operating Circuit



## +5V-Powered, Multichannel RS-232 Drivers/Receivers

**MAX220-MAX249**

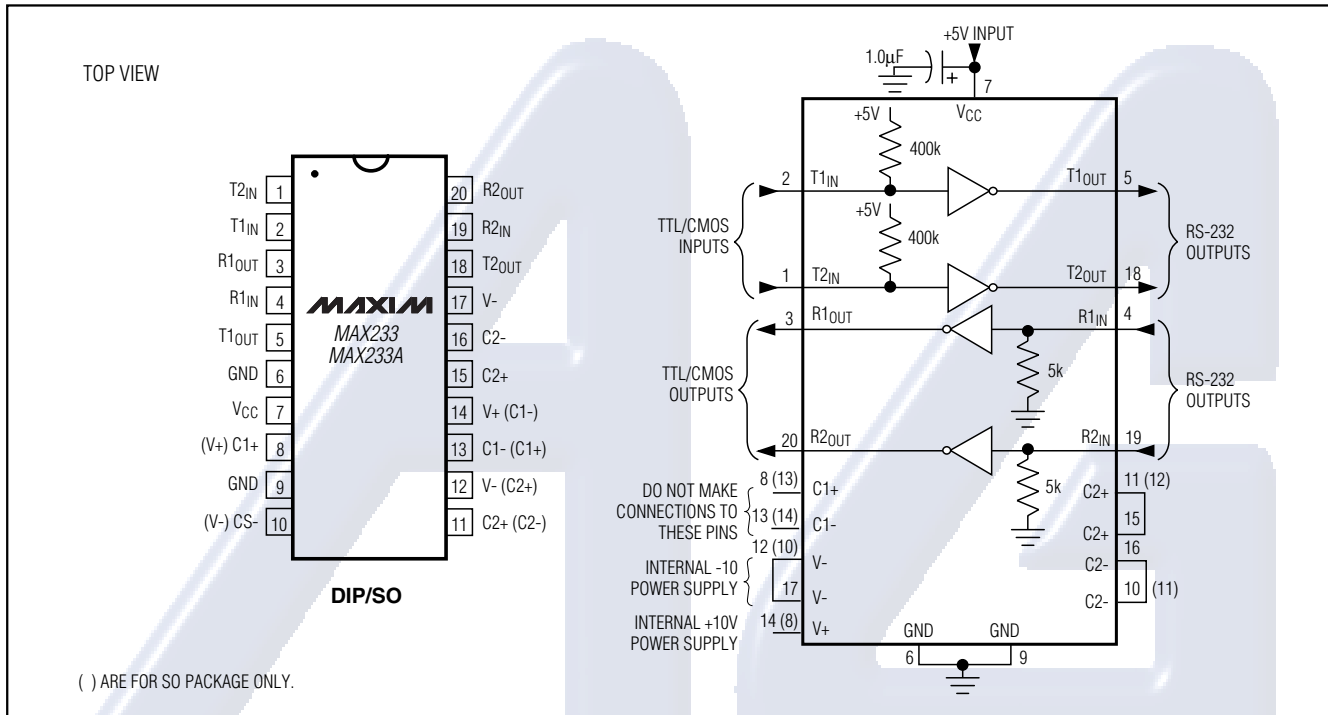


Figure 11. MAX233/MAX233A Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit

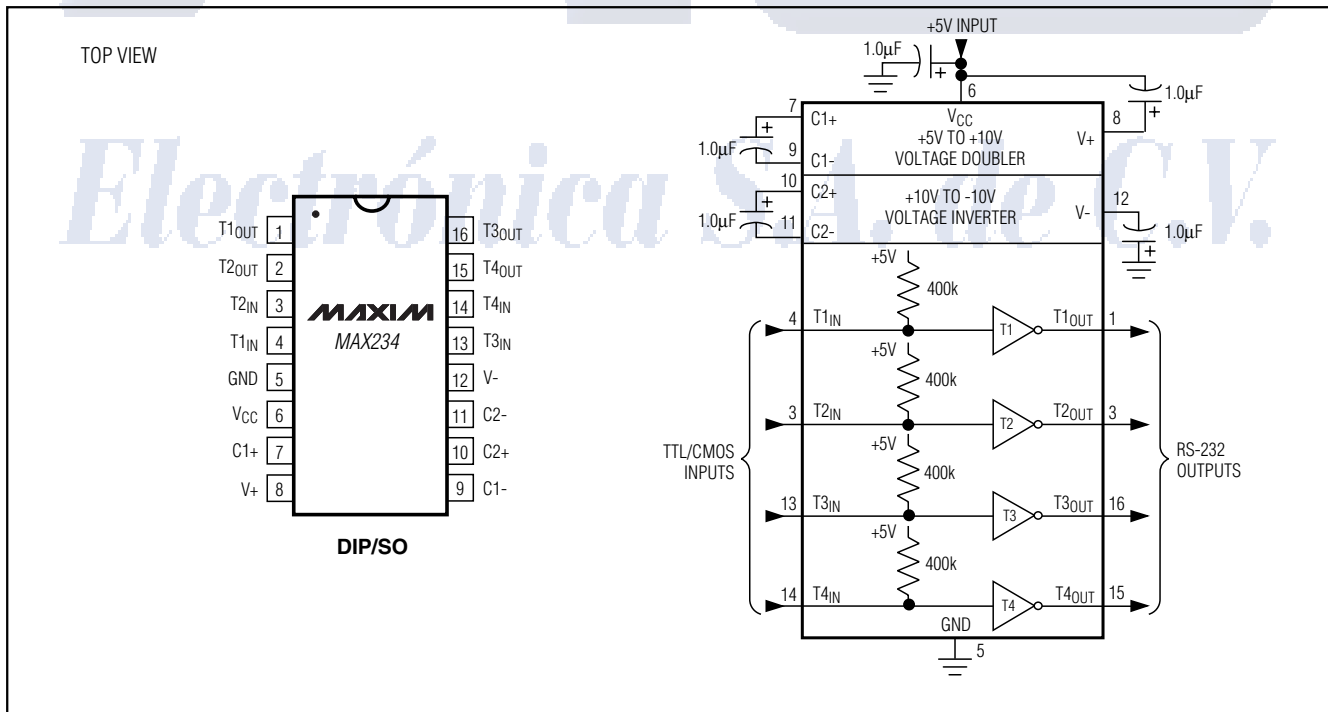


Figure 12. MAX234 Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit

# MAX220-MAX249

TOP VIEW

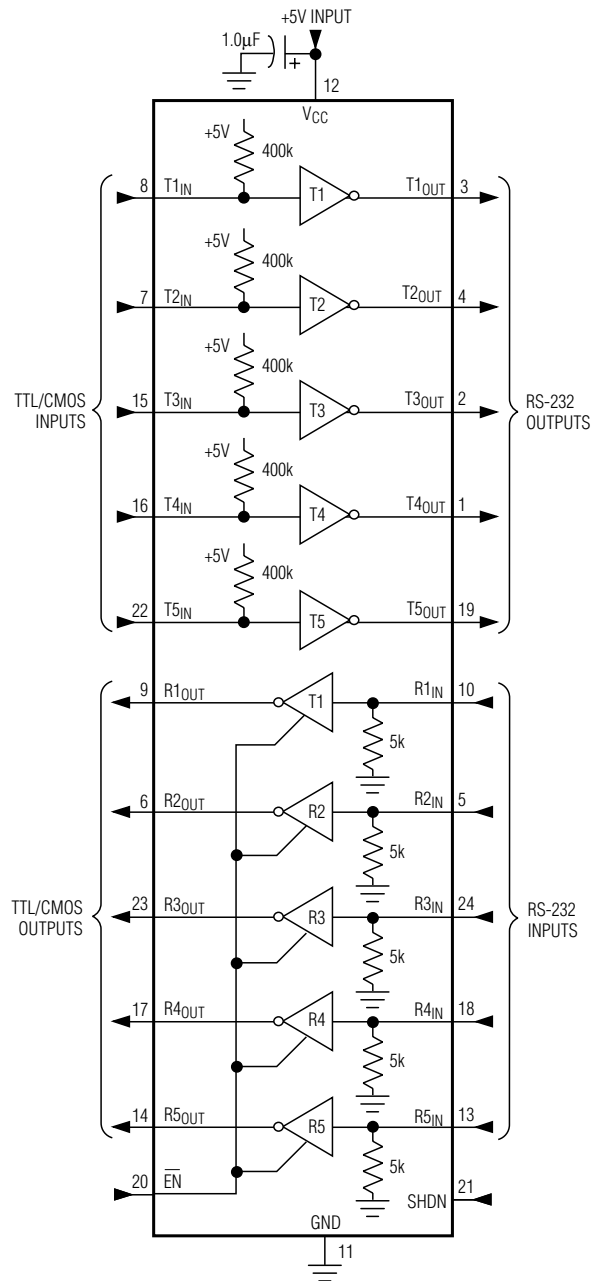


Figure 13. MAX235 Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit

## **+5V-Powered, Multichannel RS-232 Drivers/Receivers**

**MAX220-MAX249**

TOP VIEW

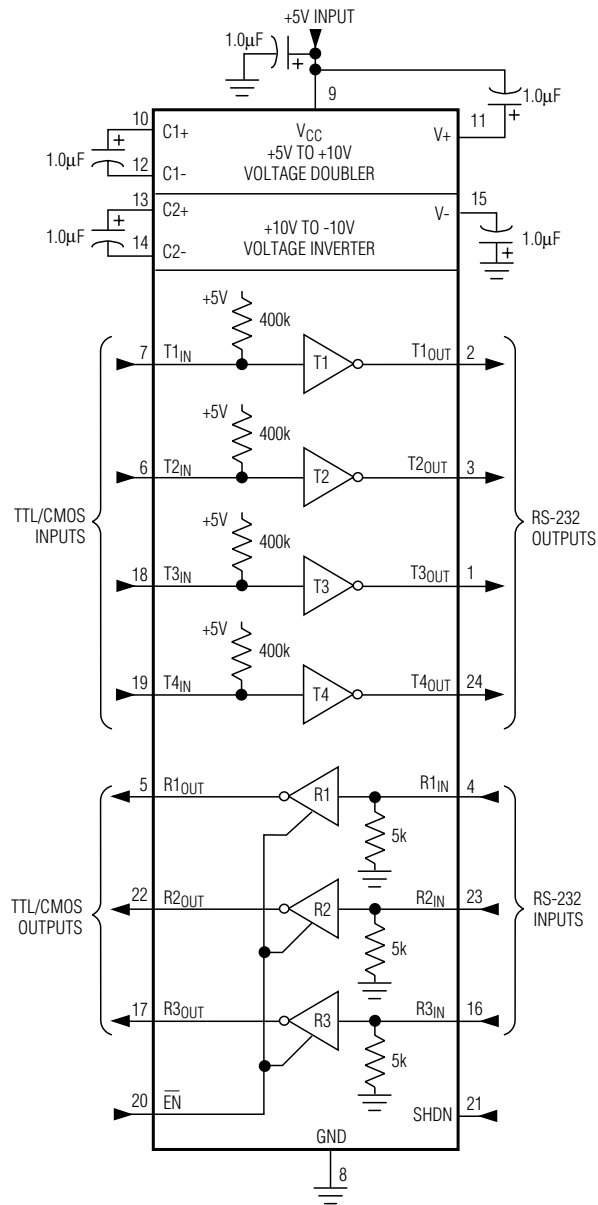
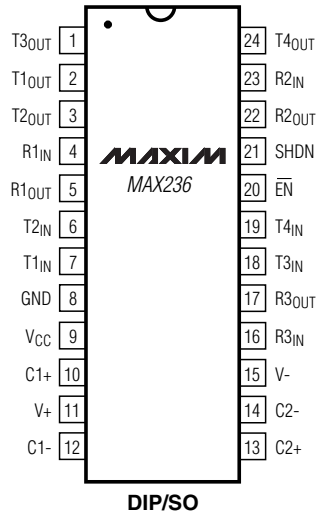


Figure 14. MAX236 Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit

# **+5V-Powered, Multichannel RS-232 Drivers/Receivers**

**MAX220-MAX249**

TOP VIEW

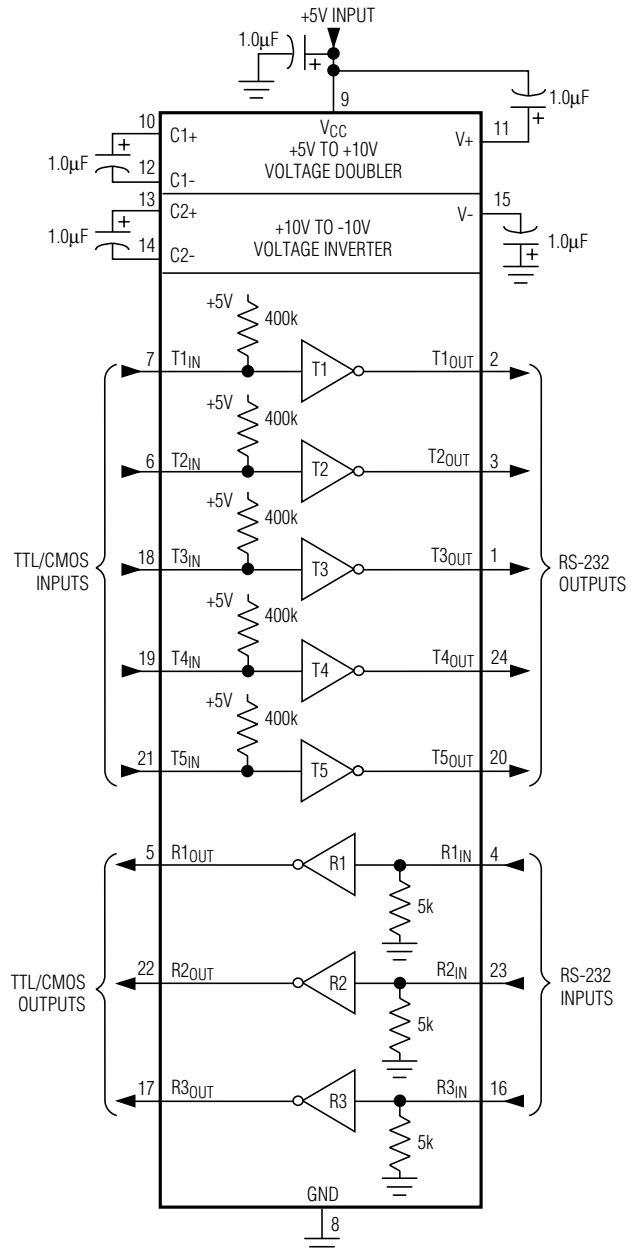
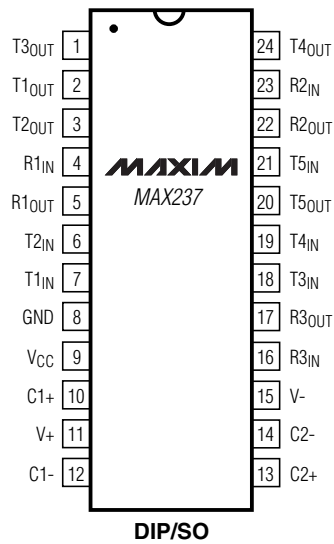


Figure 15. MAX237 Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit

## +5V-Powered, Multichannel RS-232 Drivers/Receivers

**MAX220-MAX249**

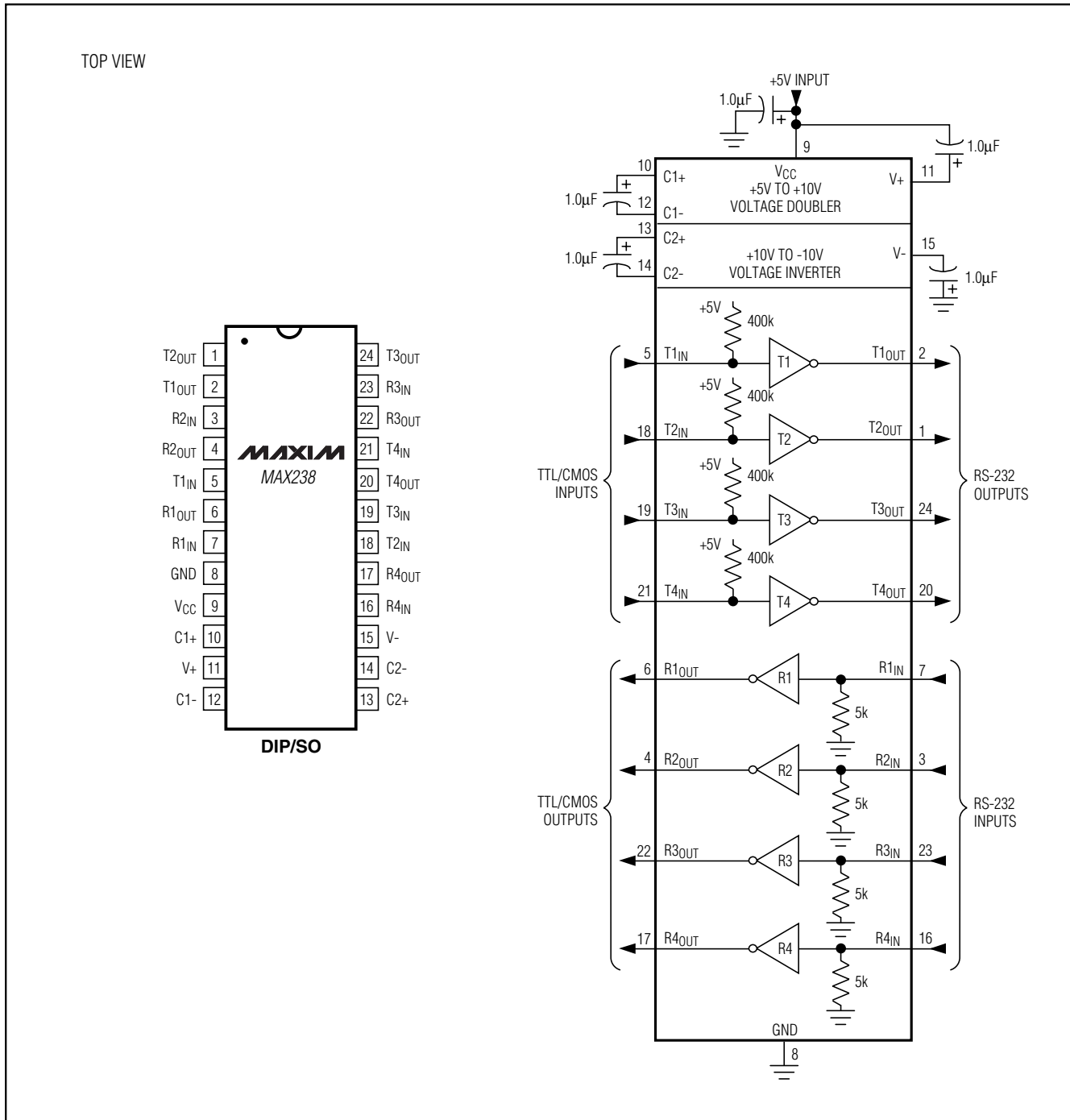


Figure 16. MAX238 Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit

## +5V-Powered, Multichannel RS-232 Drivers/Receivers

**MAX220-MAX249**

TOP VIEW

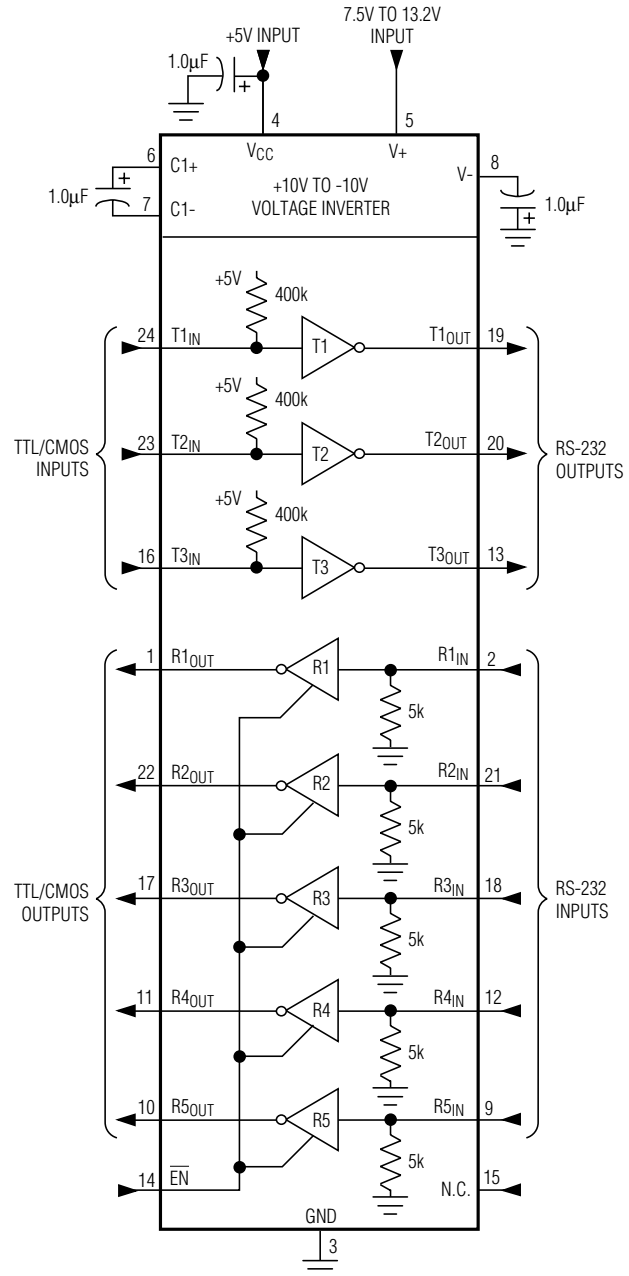
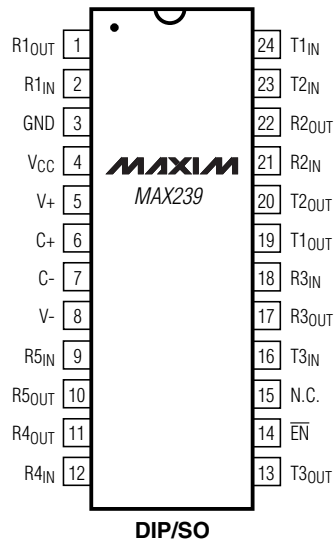


Figure 17. MAX239 Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit



## +5V-Powered, Multichannel RS-232 Drivers/Receivers

**MAX220-MAX249**

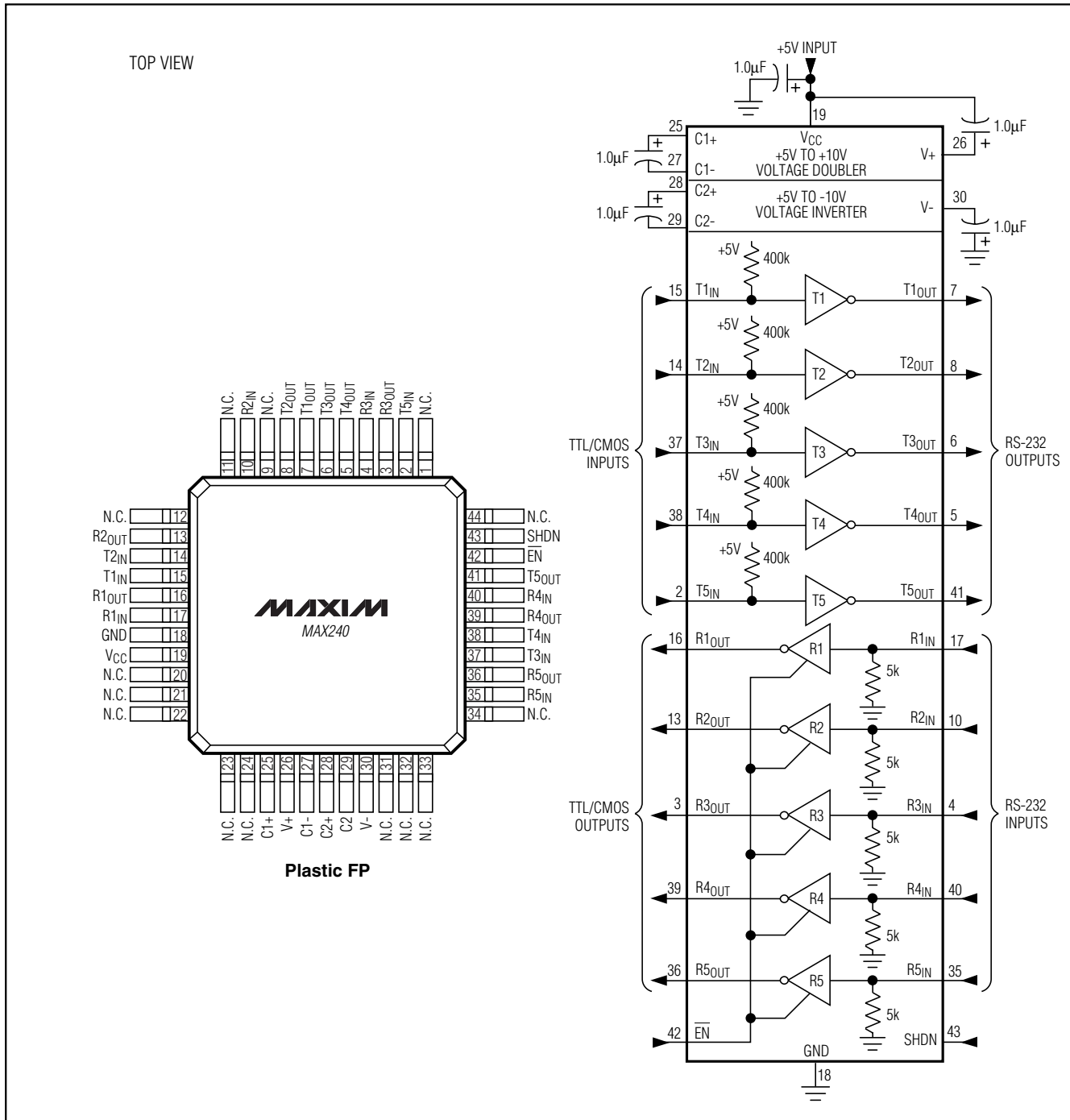


Figure 18. MAX240 Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit

## +5V-Powered, Multichannel RS-232 Drivers/Receivers

MAX220-MAX249

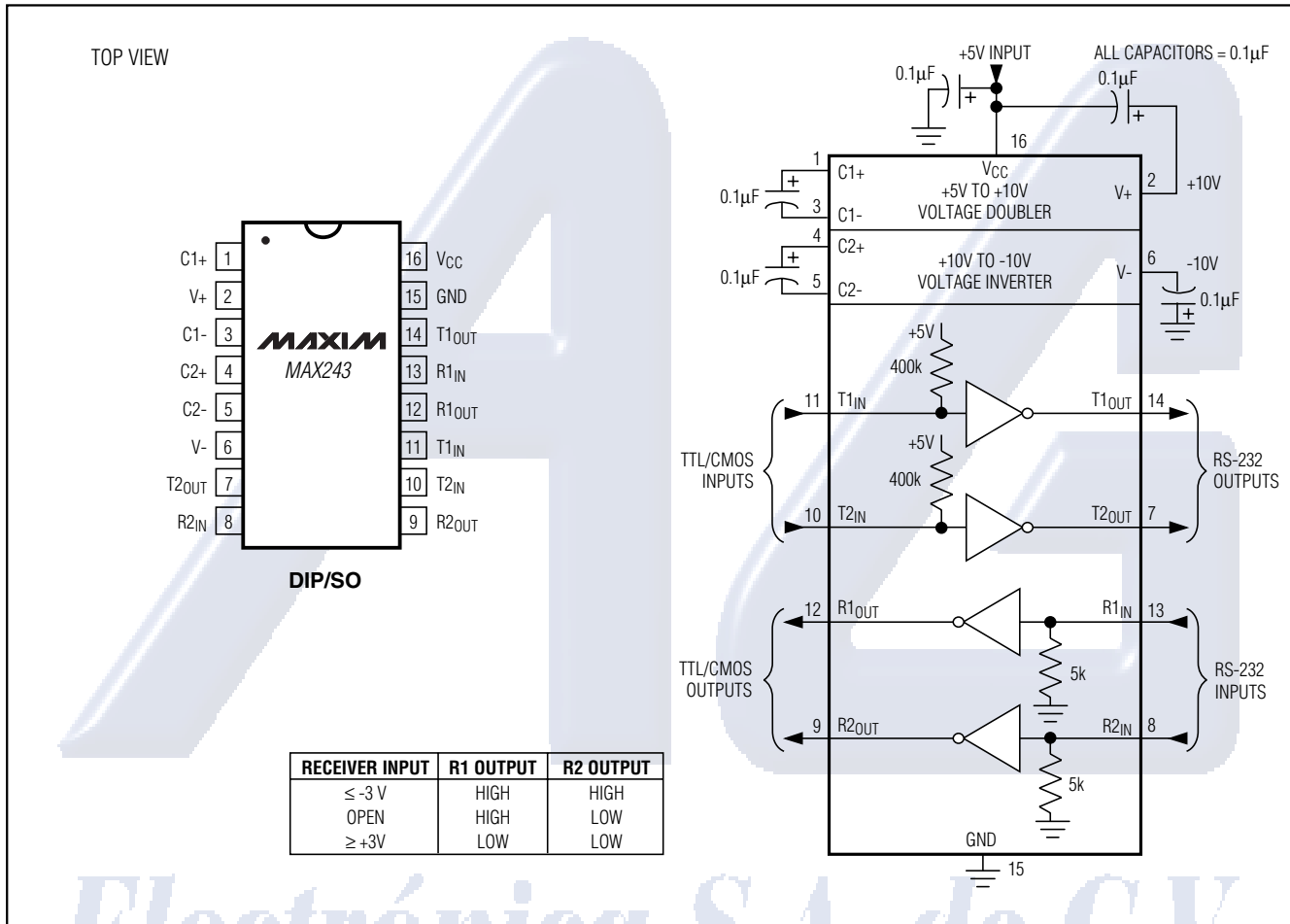


Figure 19. MAX243 Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit

## +5V-Powered, Multichannel RS-232 Drivers/Receivers

**MAX220-MAX249**

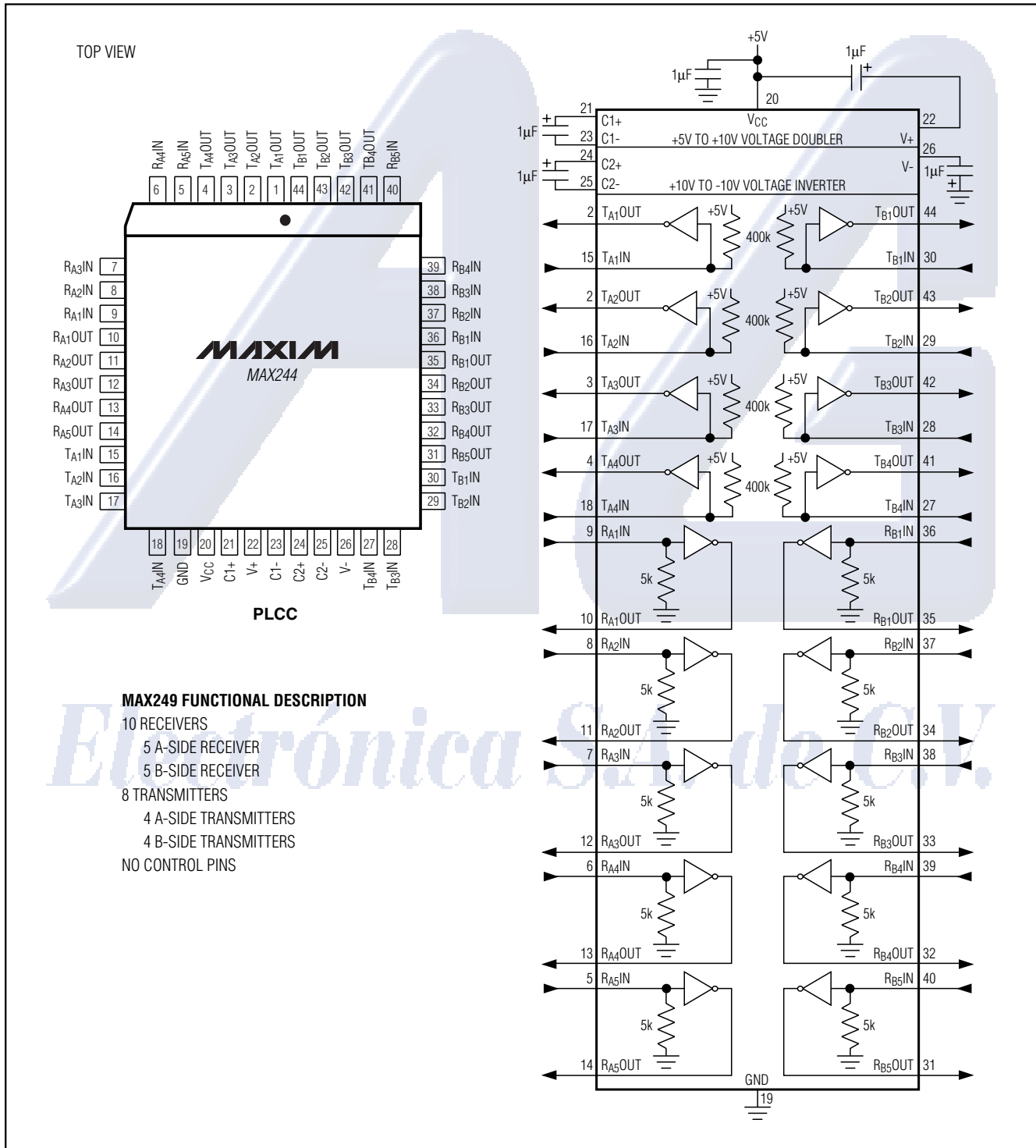
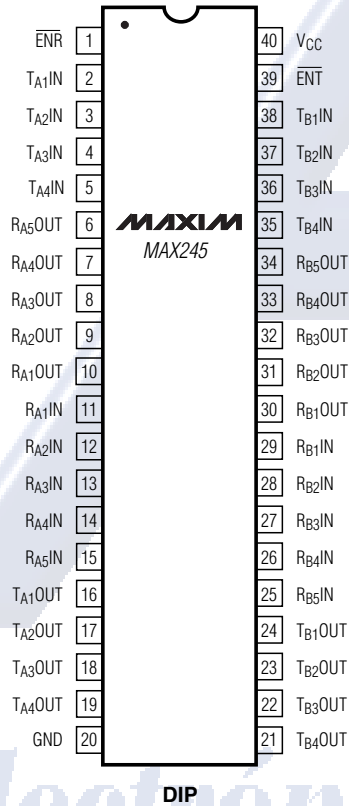


Figure 20. MAX244 Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit

## +5V-Powered, Multichannel RS-232 Drivers/Receivers

MAX220-MAX249

TOP VIEW



### MAX245 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

#### 10 RECEIVERS

- 5 A-SIDE RECEIVERS (R<sub>A5</sub> ALWAYS ACTIVE)
- 5 B-SIDE RECEIVERS (R<sub>B5</sub> ALWAYS ACTIVE)

#### 8 TRANSMITTERS

- 4 A-SIDE TRANSMITTERS

#### 2 CONTROL PINS

- 1 RECEIVER ENABLE ( $\overline{\text{ENR}}$ )
- 1 TRANSMITTER ENABLE ( $\overline{\text{ENT}}$ )

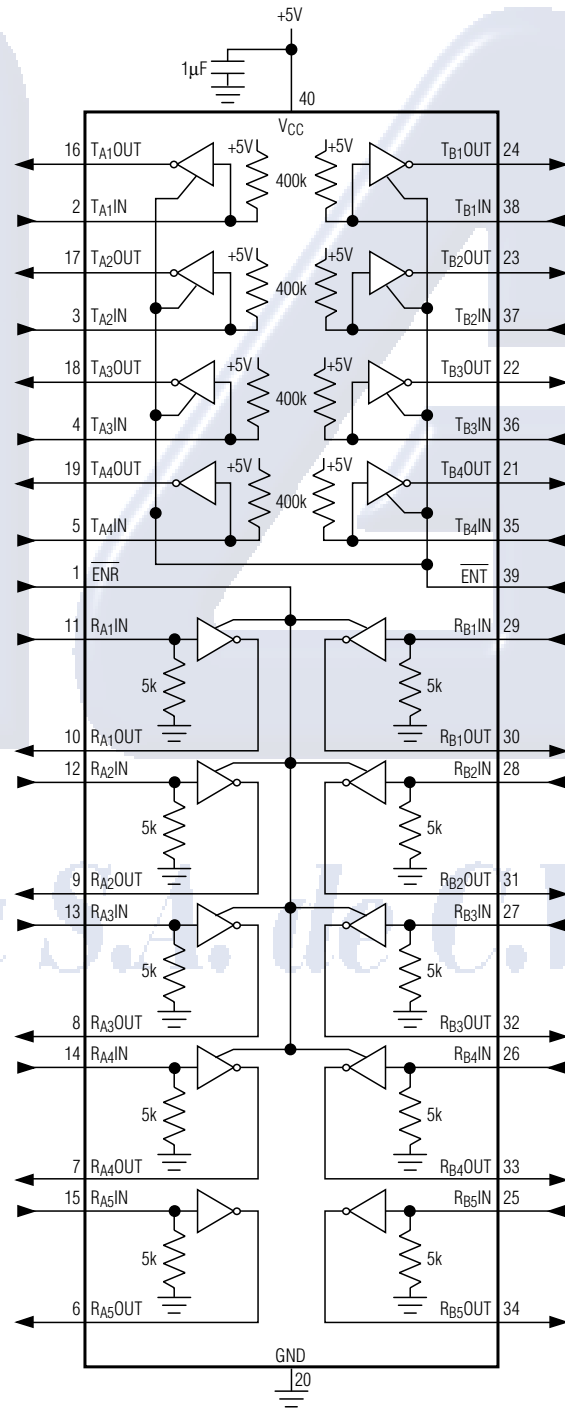
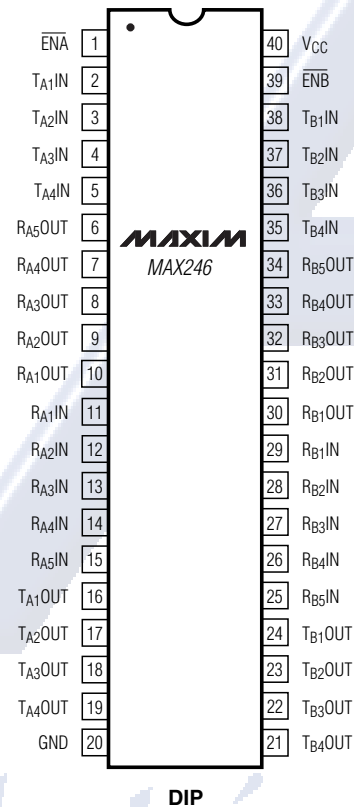


Figure 21. MAX245 Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit

## +5V-Powered, Multichannel RS-232 Drivers/Receivers

MAX220-MAX249

TOP VIEW



### MAX246 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

#### 10 RECEIVERS

- 5 A-SIDE RECEIVERS (RA5 ALWAYS ACTIVE)
- 5 B-SIDE RECEIVERS (RB5 ALWAYS ACTIVE)

#### 8 TRANSMITTERS

- 4 A-SIDE TRANSMITTERS
- 4 B-SIDE TRANSMITTERS

#### 2 CONTROL PINS

- ENABLE A-SIDE (ENA)
- ENABLE B-SIDE (ENB)

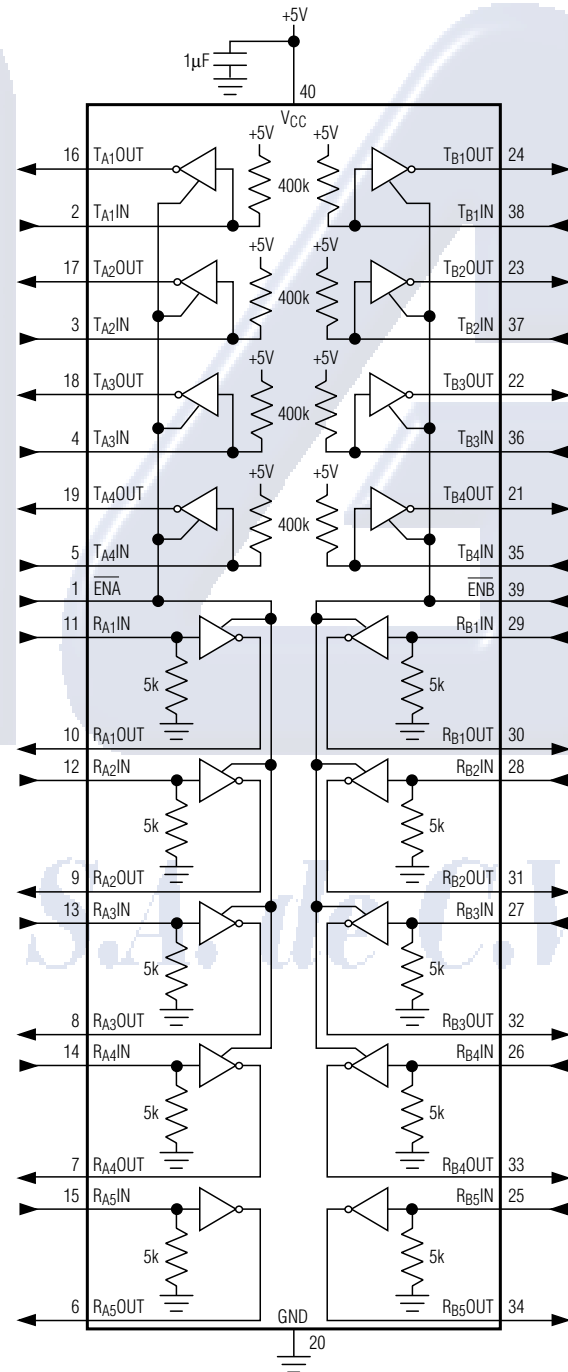
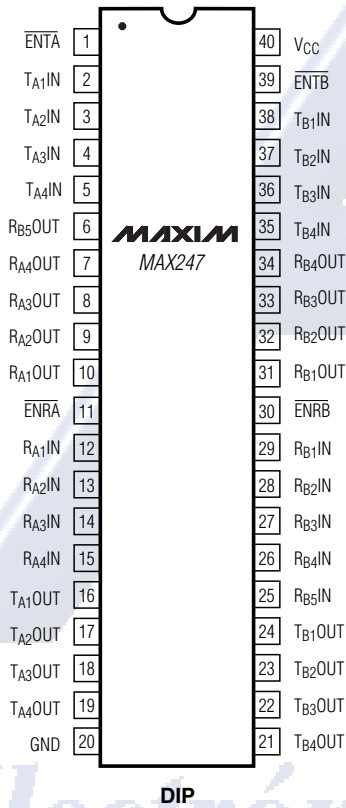


Figure 22. MAX246 Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit

## +5V-Powered, Multichannel RS-232 Drivers/Receivers

MAX220-MAX249

TOP VIEW



### MAX247 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

#### 9 RECEIVERS

4 A-SIDE RECEIVERS

5 B-SIDE RECEIVERS ( $R_{B5}$  ALWAYS ACTIVE)

#### 8 TRANSMITTERS

4 A-SIDE TRANSMITTERS

4 B-SIDE TRANSMITTERS

#### 4 CONTROL PINS

ENABLE RECEIVER A-SIDE ( $\overline{\text{ENRA}}$ )

ENABLE RECEIVER B-SIDE ( $\overline{\text{ENRB}}$ )

ENABLE RECEIVER A-SIDE ( $\overline{\text{ENTA}}$ )

ENABLE RECEIVER B-SIDE ( $\overline{\text{ENTB}}$ )

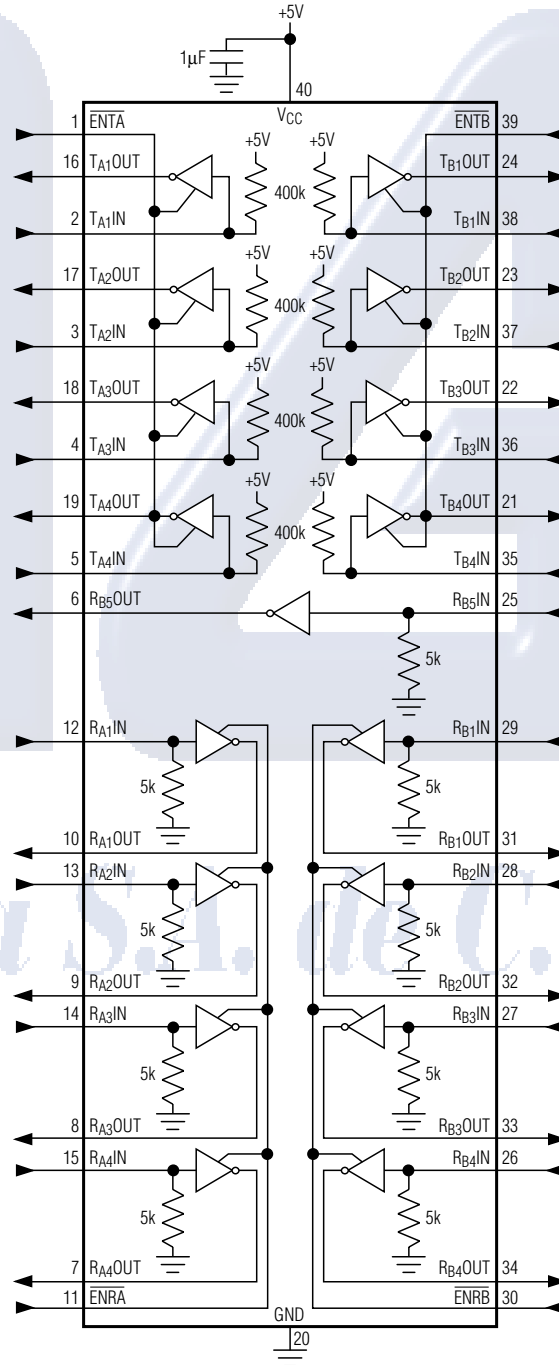


Figure 23. MAX247 Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit



## +5V-Powered, Multichannel RS-232 Drivers/Receivers

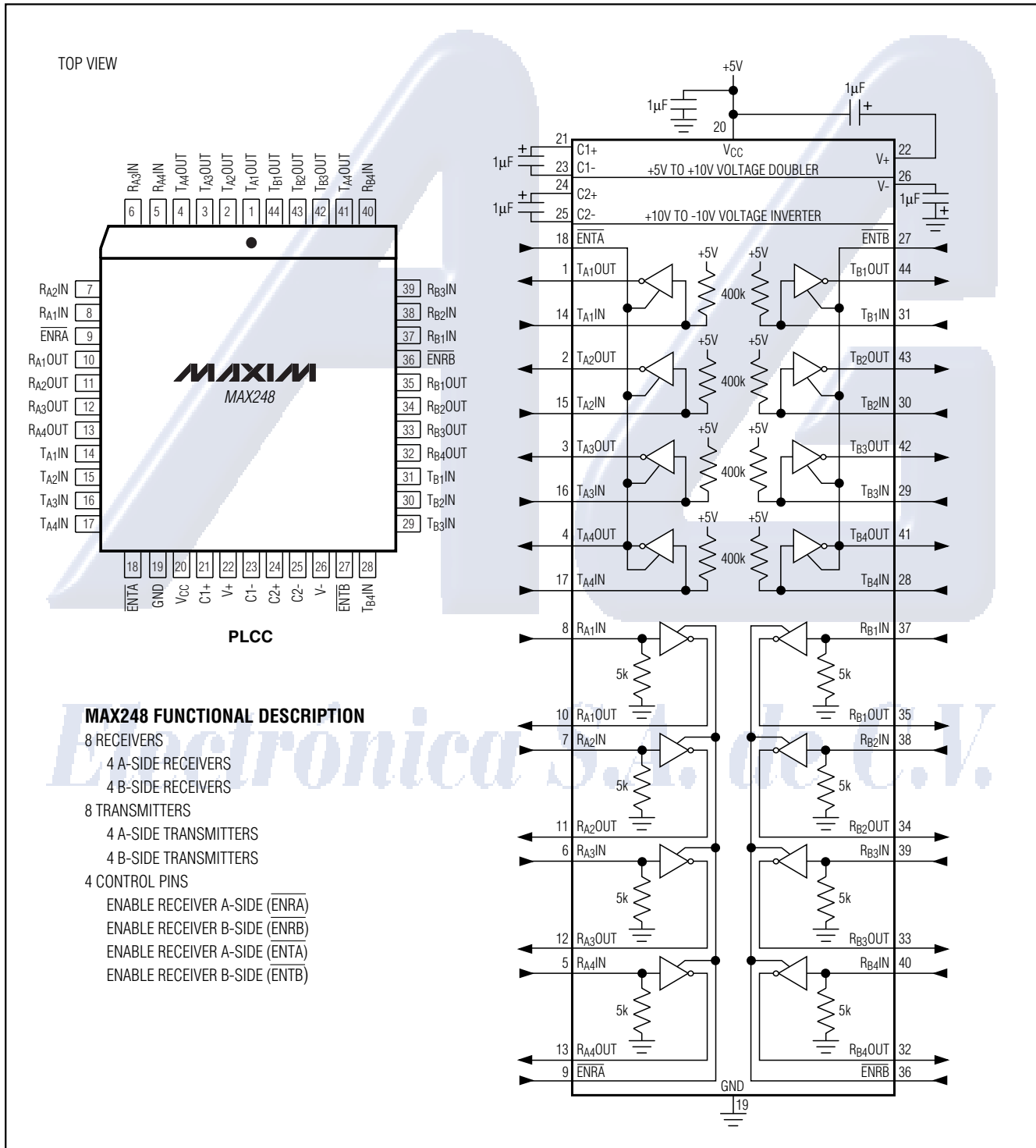
**MAX220-MAX249**


Figure 24. MAX248 Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit

## +5V-Powered, Multichannel RS-232 Drivers/Receivers

MAX220-MAX249

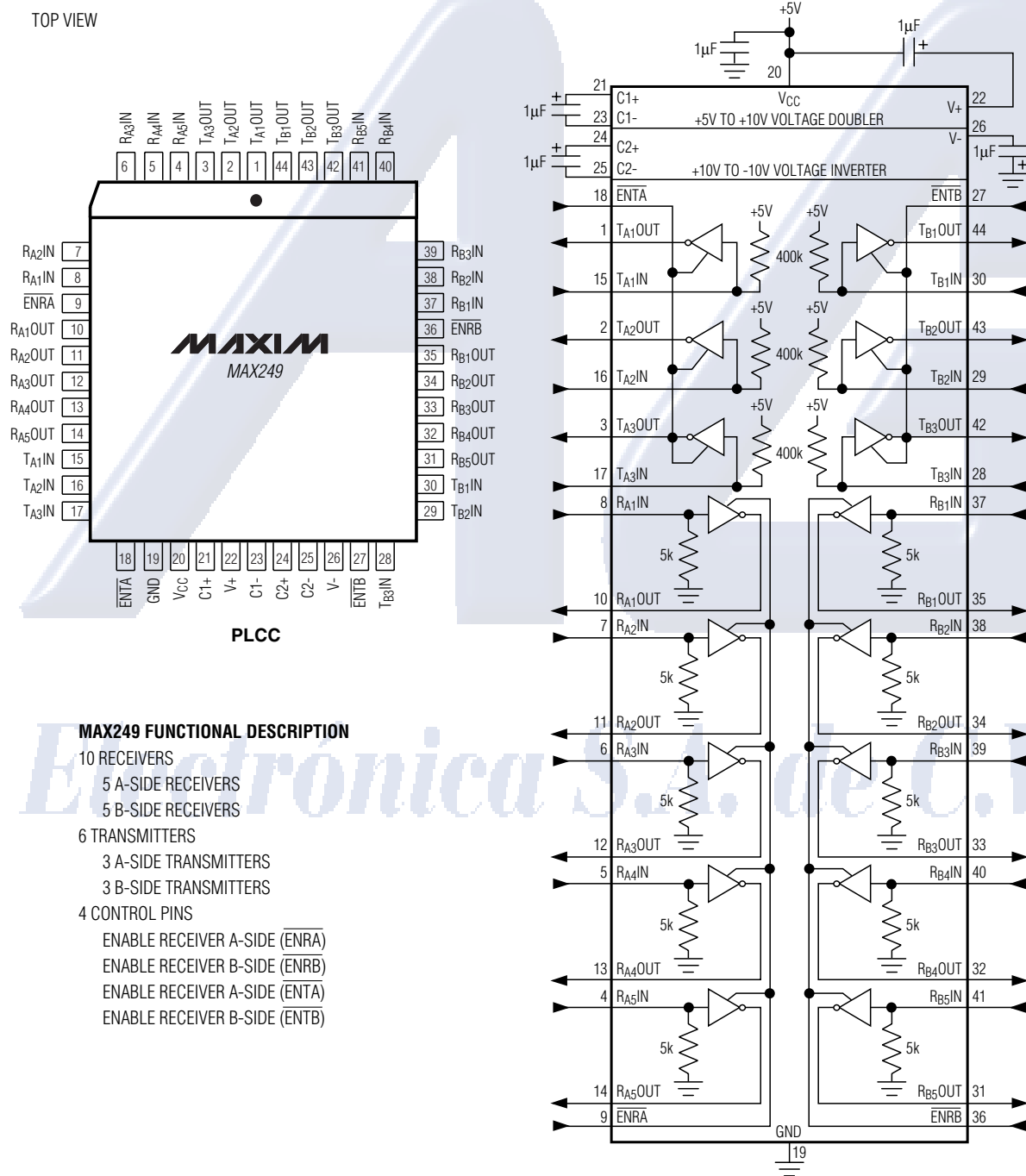


Figure 25. MAX249 Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit

## +5V-Powered, Multichannel RS-232 Drivers/Receivers

### Ordering Information (continued)

**MAX220-MAX249**

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
<b>MAX222</b> CPN	0°C to +70°C	18 Plastic DIP
MAX222CWN	0°C to +70°C	18 Wide SO
MAX222C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX222EPN	-40°C to +85°C	18 Plastic DIP
MAX222EWN	-40°C to +85°C	18 Wide SO
MAX222EJN	-40°C to +85°C	18 CERDIP
MAX222MJN	-55°C to +125°C	18 CERDIP
<b>MAX223</b> CAI	0°C to +70°C	28 SSOP
MAX223CWI	0°C to +70°C	28 Wide SO
MAX223C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX223EAI	-40°C to +85°C	28 SSOP
MAX223EWI	-40°C to +85°C	28 Wide SO
<b>MAX225</b> CWI	0°C to +70°C	28 Wide SO
MAX225EWI	-40°C to +85°C	28 Wide SO
<b>MAX230</b> CPP	0°C to +70°C	20 Plastic DIP
MAX230CWP	0°C to +70°C	20 Wide SO
MAX230C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX230EPP	-40°C to +85°C	20 Plastic DIP
MAX230EWP	-40°C to +85°C	20 Wide SO
MAX230EJP	-40°C to +85°C	20 CERDIP
MAX230MJP	-55°C to +125°C	20 CERDIP
<b>MAX231</b> CPD	0°C to +70°C	14 Plastic DIP
MAX231CWE	0°C to +70°C	16 Wide SO
MAX231CJD	0°C to +70°C	14 CERDIP
MAX231C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX231EPD	-40°C to +85°C	14 Plastic DIP
MAX231EWE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Wide SO
MAX231EJD	-40°C to +85°C	14 CERDIP
MAX231MJD	-55°C to +125°C	14 CERDIP
<b>MAX232</b> CPE	0°C to +70°C	16 Plastic DIP
MAX232CSE	0°C to +70°C	16 Narrow SO
MAX232CWE	0°C to +70°C	16 Wide SO
MAX232C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX232EPE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Plastic DIP
MAX232ESE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Narrow SO
MAX232EWE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Wide SO
MAX232EJE	-40°C to +85°C	16 CERDIP
MAX232MJE	-55°C to +125°C	16 CERDIP
MAX232MLP	-55°C to +125°C	20 LCC
<b>MAX232A</b> CPE	0°C to +70°C	16 Plastic DIP
MAX232ACSE	0°C to +70°C	16 Narrow SO
MAX232ACWE	0°C to +70°C	16 Wide SO

MAX232AC/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX232AEPE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Plastic DIP
MAX232AESE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Narrow SO
MAX232AEWE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Wide SO
MAX232AEJE	-40°C to +85°C	16 CERDIP
MAX232AMJE	-55°C to +125°C	16 CERDIP
MAX232AML	-55°C to +125°C	20 LCC
<b>MAX233</b> CPP	0°C to +70°C	20 Plastic DIP
MAX233EPP	-40°C to +85°C	20 Plastic DIP
<b>MAX233A</b> CPP	0°C to +70°C	20 Plastic DIP
MAX233ACWP	0°C to +70°C	20 Wide SO
MAX233AEPP	-40°C to +85°C	20 Plastic DIP
MAX233AEWP	-40°C to +85°C	20 Wide SO
<b>MAX234</b> CPE	0°C to +70°C	16 Plastic DIP
MAX234CWE	0°C to +70°C	16 Wide SO
MAX234C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX234EPE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Plastic DIP
MAX234EWE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Wide SO
MAX234EJE	-40°C to +85°C	16 CERDIP
MAX234MJE	-55°C to +125°C	16 CERDIP
<b>MAX235</b> CPG	0°C to +70°C	24 Wide Plastic DIP
MAX235EPG	-40°C to +85°C	24 Wide Plastic DIP
MAX235EDG	-40°C to +85°C	24 Ceramic SB
MAX235MDG	-55°C to +125°C	24 Ceramic SB
<b>MAX236</b> CNG	0°C to +70°C	24 Narrow Plastic DIP
MAX236CWG	0°C to +70°C	24 Wide SO
MAX236C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX236ENG	-40°C to +85°C	24 Narrow Plastic DIP
MAX236EWG	-40°C to +85°C	24 Wide SO
MAX236ERG	-40°C to +85°C	24 Narrow CERDIP
MAX236MRG	-55°C to +125°C	24 Narrow CERDIP
<b>MAX237</b> CNG	0°C to +70°C	24 Narrow Plastic DIP
MAX237CWG	0°C to +70°C	24 Wide SO
MAX237C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX237ENG	-40°C to +85°C	24 Narrow Plastic DIP
MAX237EWG	-40°C to +85°C	24 Wide SO
MAX237ERG	-40°C to +85°C	24 Narrow CERDIP
MAX237MRG	-55°C to +125°C	24 Narrow CERDIP
<b>MAX238</b> CNG	0°C to +70°C	24 Narrow Plastic DIP
MAX238CWG	0°C to +70°C	24 Wide SO
MAX238C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX238ENG	-40°C to +85°C	24 Narrow Plastic DIP

\* Contact factory for dice specifications.

# **+5V-Powered, Multichannel RS-232 Drivers/Receivers**

**MAX220-MAX249**

## **Ordering Information (continued)**

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX238EWG	-40°C to +85°C	24 Wide SO
MAX238ERG	-40°C to +85°C	24 Narrow CERDIP
MAX238MRG	-55°C to +125°C	24 Narrow CERDIP
<b>MAX239CNG</b>	0°C to +70°C	24 Narrow Plastic DIP
MAX239CWG	0°C to +70°C	24 Wide SO
MAX239C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX239ENG	-40°C to +85°C	24 Narrow Plastic DIP
MAX239EWG	-40°C to +85°C	24 Wide SO
MAX239ERG	-40°C to +85°C	24 Narrow CERDIP
MAX239MRG	-55°C to +125°C	24 Narrow CERDIP
<b>MAX240CMH</b>	0°C to +70°C	44 Plastic FP
MAX240C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
<b>MAX241CAI</b>	0°C to +70°C	28 SSOP
MAX241CWI	0°C to +70°C	28 Wide SO
MAX241C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX241EAI	-40°C to +85°C	28 SSOP
MAX241EWI	-40°C to +85°C	28 Wide SO
<b>MAX242CAP</b>	0°C to +70°C	20 SSOP
MAX242CPN	0°C to +70°C	18 Plastic DIP
MAX242CWN	0°C to +70°C	18 Wide SO
MAX242C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX242EPN	-40°C to +85°C	18 Plastic DIP
MAX242EWN	-40°C to +85°C	18 Wide SO
MAX242EJN	-40°C to +85°C	18 CERDIP
MAX242MJN	-55°C to +125°C	18 CERDIP

<b>MAX243CPE</b>	0°C to +70°C	16 Plastic DIP
MAX243CSE	0°C to +70°C	16 Narrow SO
MAX243CWE	0°C to +70°C	16 Wide SO
MAX243C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX243EPE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Plastic DIP
MAX243ESE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Narrow SO
MAX243EWE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Wide SO
MAX243EJE	-40°C to +85°C	16 CERDIP
MAX243MJE	-55°C to +125°C	16 CERDIP
<b>MAX244CQH</b>	0°C to +70°C	44 PLCC
MAX244C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX244EQH	-40°C to +85°C	44 PLCC
<b>MAX245CPL</b>	0°C to +70°C	40 Plastic DIP
MAX245C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX245EPL	-40°C to +85°C	40 Plastic DIP
<b>MAX246CPL</b>	0°C to +70°C	40 Plastic DIP
MAX246C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX246EPL	-40°C to +85°C	40 Plastic DIP
<b>MAX247CPL</b>	0°C to +70°C	40 Plastic DIP
MAX247C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX247EPL	-40°C to +85°C	40 Plastic DIP
<b>MAX248CQH</b>	0°C to +70°C	44 PLCC
MAX248C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX248EQH	-40°C to +85°C	44 PLCC
<b>MAX249CQH</b>	0°C to +70°C	44 PLCC
MAX249EQH	-40°C to +85°C	44 PLCC

\* Contact factory for dice specifications.

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