



## Demographic Trends

<b>ID</b>	010.010.010
<b>Indicator Name</b>	Population size
<b>Series Attached</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Population: women (Thousands)</li> <li>Population size (Thousands)</li> <li>Population: men (Thousands)</li> </ul>
<b>Definition</b>	De facto mid-year population, covering all residents, regardless of legal status or citizenship, except for refugees not permanently settled in the country of asylum.
<b>Aggregation</b>	Sum of individual country values. Missing data are not imputed.
<b>Data Source Description</b>	World Population Prospects: The 2015 revision. Estimated demographic trends are projections based on censuses, administrative data and surveys provided by countries through an annual questionnaire. Population data from all sources are evaluated by the UN for completeness, accuracy and consistency.
<b>Related Documents</b>	
<b>Date</b>	31 July 2015
<b>SDG Status</b>	
<b>SDG Indicator</b>	

<b>ID</b>	010.010.011
<b>Indicator Name</b>	Population growth
<b>Series Attached</b>	Population growth (% change per annum)
<b>Definition</b>	The average annual rate of change in the total population over a single-year period or over specific period, starting and ending in the middle of the indicated years.
<b>Aggregation</b>	Weighted averages using population as weight. Missing data are not imputed.
<b>Data Source</b>	United Nations, World Population Prospects - 2015 revision
<b>Data Source Description</b>	World Population Prospects: The 2015 revision. Estimated demographic trends are projections based on censuses, administrative data and surveys provided by countries through an annual questionnaire. Population data from all sources are evaluated by the UN for completeness, accuracy and consistency.
<b>Related Documents</b>	
<b>Date</b>	31 July 2015
<b>SDG Status</b>	
<b>SDG Indicator</b>	

<b>ID</b>	010.020.010
<b>Indicator Name</b>	Child population
<b>Series Attached</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Population aged 0-14, total (Thousands)</li> <li>Child population (% of population)</li> </ul>
<b>Definition</b>	The percentage of the children (aged 0-14) in the total population.

<b>Aggregation</b>	Weighted average using population as weight (Percentage); Sum of individual country value (Number). Missing data are not imputed.
<b>Data Source</b>	United Nations, World Population Prospects - 2015 revision
<b>Data Source Description</b>	World Population Prospects: The 2015 revision. Estimated demographic trends are projections based on censuses, administrative data and surveys provided by countries through an annual questionnaire. Population data from all sources are evaluated by the UN for completeness, accuracy and consistency.
<b>Related Documents</b>	
<b>Date</b>	13 August 2015
<b>SDG Status</b>	
<b>SDG Indicator</b>	

<b>ID</b>	010.020.015
<b>Indicator Name</b>	Elderly population
<b>Series Attached</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Elderly population (% of population)</li> <li>• Population aged 65+, total (Thousands)</li> </ul>
<b>Definition</b>	The percentage of the elderly population (aged 65 or older) in the total population.
<b>Aggregation</b>	Weighted average using population as weight (Percentage); Sum of individual country value (Number). Missing data are not imputed.
<b>Data Source</b>	United Nations, World Population Prospects - 2015 revision
<b>Data Source Description</b>	World Population Prospects: The 2015 revision. Estimated demographic trends are projections based on censuses, administrative data and surveys provided by countries through an annual questionnaire. Population data from all sources are evaluated by the UN for completeness, accuracy and consistency.
<b>Related Documents</b>	
<b>Date</b>	13 August 2015
<b>SDG Status</b>	
<b>SDG Indicator</b>	

<b>ID</b>	010.020.017
<b>Indicator Name</b>	Selected age group population
<b>Series Attached</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Population aged 60+, total (Thousands)</li> <li>• Population, female, 80+ years (% of population)</li> <li>• Population, Male, 80+ years (% of population)</li> <li>• Population aged 60+, total (% of population)</li> <li>• Population, Both sexes, 80+ years (% of population)</li> <li>• Population, Both sexes, 80+ years (Thousands)</li> <li>• Population, female, 80+ years (Thousands)</li> <li>• Population, Male, 80+ years (Thousands)</li> </ul>
<b>Definition</b>	People of selected age group. De facto mid-year population, covering all residents, regardless of legal status or citizenship, except for refugees not permanently settled in the country of asylum.
<b>Aggregation</b>	Weighted average using population as weight (Percentage); Sum of individual country value (Number). Missing data are not imputed.

<b>Data Source</b>	UN, World Population Prospects - 2015 revision
<b>Data Source Description</b>	World Population Prospects: The 2015 revision. Estimated demographic trends are projections based on censuses, administrative data and surveys provided by countries through an annual questionnaire. Population data from all sources are evaluated by the UN for completeness, accuracy and consistency.
<b>Related Documents</b>	
<b>Date</b>	13 August 2015
<b>SDG Status</b>	
<b>SDG Indicator</b>	

<b>ID</b>	010.020.020
<b>Indicator Name</b>	Dependency ratios
<b>Series Attached</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Old age dependency ratio (Ratio)</li> <li>• Child dependency ratio (Ratio)</li> </ul>
<b>Definition</b>	Population aged 0-14 over population aged 15-64.
<b>Aggregation</b>	Sum of population aged 0-14/65 or more divided by the sum of population aged 15-64. Missing data are not imputed.
<b>Data Source</b>	United Nations, World Population Prospects - 2015 revision.
<b>Data Source Description</b>	World Population Prospects: The 2015 revision. Estimated demographic trends are projections based on censuses, administrative data and surveys provided by countries through an annual questionnaire. Population data from all sources are evaluated by the UN for completeness, accuracy and consistency.
<b>Related Documents</b>	
<b>Date</b>	13 August 2015
<b>SDG Status</b>	
<b>SDG Indicator</b>	

<b>ID</b>	010.020.040
<b>Indicator Name</b>	Old-age support ratio
<b>Series Attached</b>	Old-age support ratio (Ratio)
<b>Definition</b>	The ratio of working-age persons (aged 15-64) per individual older person (aged 65 or over).
<b>Aggregation</b>	Sum of individual country population (aged 15-64) divided by sum of population (65 or over). Missing data are not imputed.
<b>Data Source</b>	United Nations, World Population Prospects - 2015 revision
<b>Data Source Description</b>	World Population Prospects: The 2015 revision. Estimated demographic trends are projections based on censuses, administrative data and surveys provided by countries through an annual questionnaire. Population data from all sources are evaluated by the UN for completeness, accuracy and consistency.
<b>Related Documents</b>	
<b>Date</b>	13 August 2015
<b>SDG Status</b>	
<b>SDG Indicator</b>	

<b>ID</b>	010.030.010
<b>Indicator Name</b>	Life expectancy at birth
<b>Series Attached</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Life expectancy at birth, Female (Years)</li> <li>• Life expectancy at birth (Years)</li> <li>• Life expectancy at birth, Male (Years)</li> </ul>
<b>Definition</b>	The number of years a newborn infant would live if prevailing age-specific mortality rates at the time of birth were to stay the same throughout the child's life.
<b>Aggregation</b>	No aggregates calculated.
<b>Data Source</b>	UN, World Population Prospects - 2015 revision
<b>Data Source Description</b>	World Population Prospects: The 2015 revision. Estimated demographic trends are projections based on censuses, administrative data and surveys provided by countries through an annual questionnaire. Population data from all sources are evaluated by the UN for completeness, accuracy and consistency.
<b>Related Documents</b>	
<b>Date</b>	13 August 2015
<b>SDG Status</b>	
<b>SDG Indicator</b>	

<b>ID</b>	010.040.010
<b>Indicator Name</b>	Adult/child sex ratios
<b>Series Attached</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Child sex ratio (Boys per 100 girls)</li> <li>• Population sex ratio (Males per 100 females)</li> </ul>
<b>Definition</b>	The ratio of male population (total male population/boys aged 0-14 years) to female population (total female population/girls aged 0-14 years).
<b>Aggregation</b>	Sum of individual country values for the male/boys population divided by the sum of individual country values of the female/girls population. Missing data are not imputed.
<b>Data Source</b>	UN, World Population Prospects - 2015 revision
<b>Data Source Description</b>	World Population Prospects: The 2015 revision. Estimated demographic trends are projections based on censuses, administrative data and surveys provided by countries through an annual questionnaire. Population data from all sources are evaluated by the UN for completeness, accuracy and consistency.
<b>Related Documents</b>	
<b>Date</b>	13 August 2015
<b>SDG Status</b>	
<b>SDG Indicator</b>	

<b>ID</b>	010.050.010
<b>Indicator Name</b>	Adolescent fertility rate
<b>Series Attached</b>	Adolescent fertility rate (UNSD) (Live births per 1,000 women (aged 15-19))

<b>Definition</b>	The average number of births a 15-19 year old woman will experience. Indicator calculations: The number of live births to women aged 15-19 divided by the number of women in the same age group.
<b>Aggregation</b>	Weighted averages using women aged 15-19 as weight. Missing data are not imputed.
<b>Data Source</b>	UNSD SDG
<b>Data Source Description</b>	
<b>Related Documents</b>	
<b>Date</b>	05/10/2016
<b>SDG Status</b>	OFFICIAL
<b>SDG Indicator</b>	3.7.2

<b>ID</b>	010.050.020
<b>Indicator Name</b>	Fertility rate
<b>Series Attached</b>	Fertility rate (Live births per woman)
<b>Definition</b>	The average number of live births per woman. This represents the number of live births a woman will have by the end of her reproductive period assuming the current prevailing age-specific fertility rates continue throughout her childbearing life.
<b>Aggregation</b>	Weighted averages using women aged 15-49 as weight. Missing data are not imputed.
<b>Data Source</b>	United Nations, World Population Prospects - 2015 revision
<b>Data Source Description</b>	World Population Prospects: The 2015 revision. Estimated demographic trends are projections based on censuses, administrative data and surveys provided by countries through an annual questionnaire. Population data from all sources are evaluated by the UN for completeness, accuracy and consistency.
<b>Related Documents</b>	
<b>Date</b>	13 August 2015
<b>SDG Status</b>	
<b>SDG Indicator</b>	

<b>ID</b>	010.060.010
<b>Indicator Name</b>	Crude birth rate
<b>Series Attached</b>	Crude birth rate (Per 1,000 population)
<b>Definition</b>	The number of births during a given period divided by the total number of person-years lived by the population during that period (person-years for a calendar year is approximated as the mid-year population) expressed per 1,000 population.
<b>Aggregation</b>	Weighted averages using population as weight. Missing data are not imputed.
<b>Data Source</b>	United Nations, World Population Prospects - 2015 revision
<b>Data Source Description</b>	World Population Prospects: The 2015 revision. Estimated demographic trends are projections based on censuses, administrative data and surveys provided by countries through an annual questionnaire. Population data from all sources are

	evaluated by the UN for completeness, accuracy and consistency.
<b>Related Documents</b>	
<b>Date</b>	13 August 2015
<b>SDG Status</b>	
<b>SDG Indicator</b>	

<b>ID</b>	010.060.020
<b>Indicator Name</b>	Crude death rate
<b>Series Attached</b>	Crude death rate (Per 1,000 population)
<b>Definition</b>	The number of deaths occurring during a period divided by the person-years lived by the population during that period (person-years for a calendar year is approximated as the mid-year population) expressed per 1,000 population.
<b>Aggregation</b>	Weighted averages using population as weight. Missing data are not imputed.
<b>Data Source</b>	United Nations, World Population Prospects - 2015 revision
<b>Data Source Description</b>	World Population Prospects: The 2015 revision. Estimated demographic trends are projections based on censuses, administrative data and surveys provided by countries through an annual questionnaire. Population data from all sources are evaluated by the UN for completeness, accuracy and consistency.
<b>Related Documents</b>	
<b>Date</b>	13 August 2015
<b>SDG Status</b>	
<b>SDG Indicator</b>	

<b>ID</b>	010.070.010
<b>Indicator Name</b>	Births and deaths registered
<b>Series Attached</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Share of live births registered (Percentage)</li> <li>• Share of deaths registered (Percentage)</li> </ul>
<b>Definition</b>	The proportion of birth or death occurrences that are recorded or registered in the civil registration and vital statistics systems of countries.
<b>Aggregation</b>	No aggregates were calculated.
<b>Data Source</b>	UNSD
<b>Data Source Description</b>	The primary source is the "Quality of vital statistics obtained from civil registration" page on the United Nations Demographic Yearbook Vital Statistics Questionnaire. Source of information also includes United Nations Statistics Division workshops that have been conducted in the past, when coverage information was obtained from country representative(s) either from the National Statistical Office or the Civil Registration Authority attending the workshop. When information is not available from these two sources, coverage information estimated by the International Institute for Vital Registration and Statistics (IIVRS), UNICEF (Multiple Indicators Cluster Survey), ICF Macro (Demographic and Health Survey) and/or the World Health Organisation is then used.
<b>Related Documents</b>	

<b>Date</b>	2 August 2016
<b>SDG Status</b>	OFFICIAL
<b>SDG Indicator</b>	17.19.2, 16.9.1

<b>ID</b>	010.070.020
<b>Indicator Name</b>	Birth registration by wealth quintile
<b>Series Attached</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Birth registration, under 5 year old, middle wealth quintile (% of children under 5)</li> <li>• Birth registration, under 5 year old, poorest wealth quintile (% of children under 5)</li> <li>• Birth registration, under 5 year old, richest wealth quintile (% of children under 5)</li> <li>• Birth registration, under 5 year old, second wealth quintile (% of children under 5)</li> <li>• Birth registration, under 5 year old, fourth wealth quintile (% of children under 5)</li> </ul>
<b>Definition</b>	The percentage of children under age 5 (0 to 59 months) living in households categorized in the wealth quintile with a birth certificate or whose birth was reported as registered with civil authorities at the time of survey.
<b>Aggregation</b>	No aggregates calculated.
<b>Data Source</b>	UNICEF
<b>Data Source Description</b>	UNICEF. According to the source, it refers to number of children who have acquired their right to a legal identity based on official registration figures, censuses, vital statistics and household surveys. In the absence of reliable administrative data, household surveys have become a key source of data to monitor levels and trends in birth registration. The two main household survey programmes that collect data on birth registration are the Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS) and the Multiple Indicator Cluster Surveys (MICS).
<b>Related Documents</b>	
<b>Date</b>	7 August 2015
<b>SDG Status</b>	
<b>SDG Indicator</b>	

<b>ID</b>	010.070.030
<b>Indicator Name</b>	Registration, by gender and location
<b>Series Attached</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Birth registration, under 5 year old, male (% of children under 5)</li> <li>• Birth registration, under 5 year old, female (% of children under 5)</li> <li>• Birth registration, under 5 year old, urban (% of children under 5)</li> <li>• Birth registration, under 5 year old, total (% of children under 5)</li> <li>• Birth registration, under 5 year old, rural (% of children under 5)</li> </ul>
<b>Definition</b>	The percentage of children under age 5 (0 to 59 months) with a birth certificate or whose birth was reported as registered with civil authorities at the time of survey.
<b>Aggregation</b>	No aggregates calculated.
<b>Data Source</b>	UNICEF
<b>Data Source Description</b>	UNICEF. According to the source, it refers to number of children who have acquired their right to a legal identity based on official registration figures,

	censuses, vital statistics and household surveys. In the absence of reliable administrative data, household surveys have become a key source of data to monitor levels and trends in birth registration. The two main household survey programmes that collect data on birth registration are the Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS) and the Multiple Indicator Cluster Surveys (MICS).
<b>Related Documents</b>	
<b>Date</b>	7 August 2015
<b>SDG Status</b>	
<b>SDG Indicator</b>	16.9.1

<b>ID</b>	010.080.020
<b>Indicator Name</b>	Foreign population
<b>Series Attached</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Foreign population (Thousands)</li> <li>• Foreign population (% of population)</li> </ul>
<b>Definition</b>	The estimated number of international immigrants, in the middle of the indicated year; generally represents the number of persons born in a country other than where they live. When data on the place of birth are unavailable, the number of non-citizens is used as a proxy for the number of international immigrants. The foreign population includes refugees, some of whom may not be foreign-born. Indicator calculations: The number of international immigrants divided by the total population.
<b>Aggregation</b>	Weighted average using population as weight (Percentage); Sum of individual country value (Number). Missing data are not imputed.
<b>Data Source</b>	United Nations, Trends in International Migrant Stock: The 2015 Revision
<b>Data Source Description</b>	United Nations, Trends in International Migrant Stock: The 2015 Revision. Most estimates are based on data from population censuses held during the decennial rounds of censuses. Population census data are supplemented with data from population registers and nationally representative surveys.
<b>Related Documents</b>	
<b>Date</b>	27 July 2016
<b>SDG Status</b>	
<b>SDG Indicator</b>	

<b>ID</b>	010.080.030
<b>Indicator Name</b>	Net migration
<b>Series Attached</b>	Net migration rate (Per 1,000 population)
<b>Definition</b>	International immigrants minus emigrants divided by the average population of the country over a period, express as rate per 1,000 population.
<b>Aggregation</b>	Weighted averages using population as weight. Missing data are not imputed.
<b>Data Source</b>	United Nations, World Population Prospects - 2015 revision
<b>Data Source Description</b>	World Population Prospects: The 2015 revision. Estimated demographic trends are projections based on censuses, administrative data and surveys provided by countries through an annual questionnaire. Population data from all sources are



	evaluated by the UN for completeness, accuracy and consistency.
<b>Related Documents</b>	
<b>Date</b>	13 August 2015
<b>SDG Status</b>	
<b>SDG Indicator</b>	

<b>ID</b>	010.090.010
<b>Indicator Name</b>	Cities by size
<b>Series Attached</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cities with 5 to 10 million people (Thousand people)</li> <li>• Cities with 1 to 5 million people (Thousand people)</li> <li>• Cities with 0.5 to 1 million people (Thousand people)</li> <li>• Cities with less than 0.3 million people (Thousand people)</li> <li>• Cities with 0.3 to 0.5 million people (Thousand people)</li> <li>• Cities with 10 million or more people (Thousand people)</li> </ul>
<b>Definition</b>	Refers to the de facto population contained within the contours of a contiguous territory inhabited at urban density levels without regard to administrative boundaries. It usually incorporates the population in a city or town plus that in the sub-urban areas lying outside of but being adjacent to the city boundaries.
<b>Aggregation</b>	Sum of individual country values. Missing data are not imputed.
<b>Data Source</b>	WUP
<b>Data Source Description</b>	World Urbanization Prospect 2014.
<b>Related Documents</b>	
<b>Date</b>	5 August 2014
<b>SDG Status</b>	
<b>SDG Indicator</b>	

<b>ID</b>	010.090.020
<b>Indicator Name</b>	Cities by size, share of total population
<b>Series Attached</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cities with less than 0.3 million people (% of population)</li> <li>• Cities with 0.5 to 1 million people (% of population)</li> <li>• Cities with 10 million or more people (% of population)</li> <li>• Cities with 0.3 to 0.5 million people (% of population)</li> <li>• Cities with 1 to 5 million people (% of population)</li> <li>• Cities with 5 to 10 million people (% of population)</li> </ul>
<b>Definition</b>	Refers to the de facto population contained within the contours of a contiguous territory inhabited at urban density levels without regard to administrative boundaries. It usually incorporates the population in a city or town plus that in the sub-urban areas lying outside of but being adjacent to the city boundaries.
<b>Aggregation</b>	Weighted averages using population as weight. Missing data are not imputed.
<b>Data Source</b>	WUP
<b>Data Source Description</b>	World Urbanization Prospect 2014.
<b>Related Documents</b>	

<b>Date</b>	5 August 2014
<b>SDG Status</b>	
<b>SDG Indicator</b>	

<b>ID</b>	010.090.030
<b>Indicator Name</b>	Cities by size, share of urban population
<b>Series Attached</b>	Cities with 0.3 to 0.5 million people (% of urban population)
<b>Definition</b>	Refers to the de facto population contained within the contours of a contiguous territory inhabited at urban density levels without regard to administrative boundaries. It usually incorporates the population in a city or town plus that in the sub-urban areas lying outside of but being adjacent to the city boundaries.
<b>Aggregation</b>	Weighted averages using urban population as weight. Missing data are not imputed.
<b>Data Source</b>	WUP.
<b>Data Source Description</b>	World Urbanization Prospect 2014.
<b>Related Documents</b>	
<b>Date</b>	5 August 2014
<b>SDG Status</b>	
<b>SDG Indicator</b>	