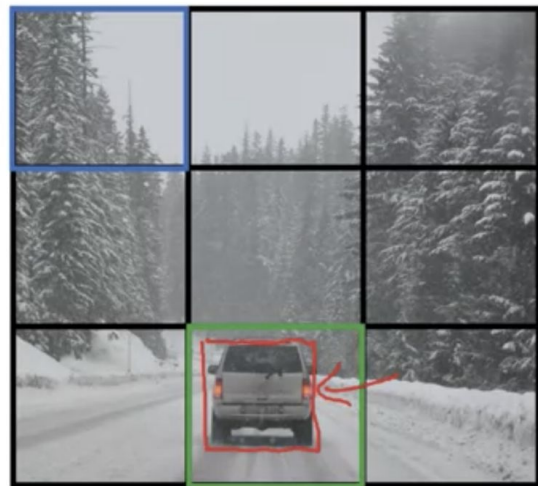


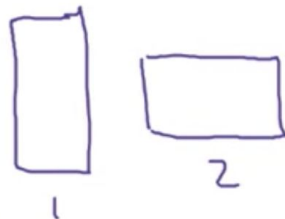
Tema 23: YOLO Algorithm

Training



- 1 - pedestrian
- 2 - car ←
- 3 - motorcycle

$y =$



$\begin{bmatrix} p_c \\ b_x \\ b_y \\ b_h \\ b_w \\ c_1 \\ c_2 \\ c_3 \end{bmatrix}$

$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ ? \\ ? \\ ? \\ ? \\ ? \\ ? \\ ? \end{bmatrix}$

$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ ? \\ ? \\ ? \\ ? \\ ? \\ ? \\ 1 \\ b_x \\ b_y \\ b_h \\ b_w \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

$3 \times 3 \times 16$

y is $3 \times 3 \times 2 \times 8$

$19 \times 19 \times 16$
 $19 \times 19 \times 40$

#anchors

$5 + \#classes$

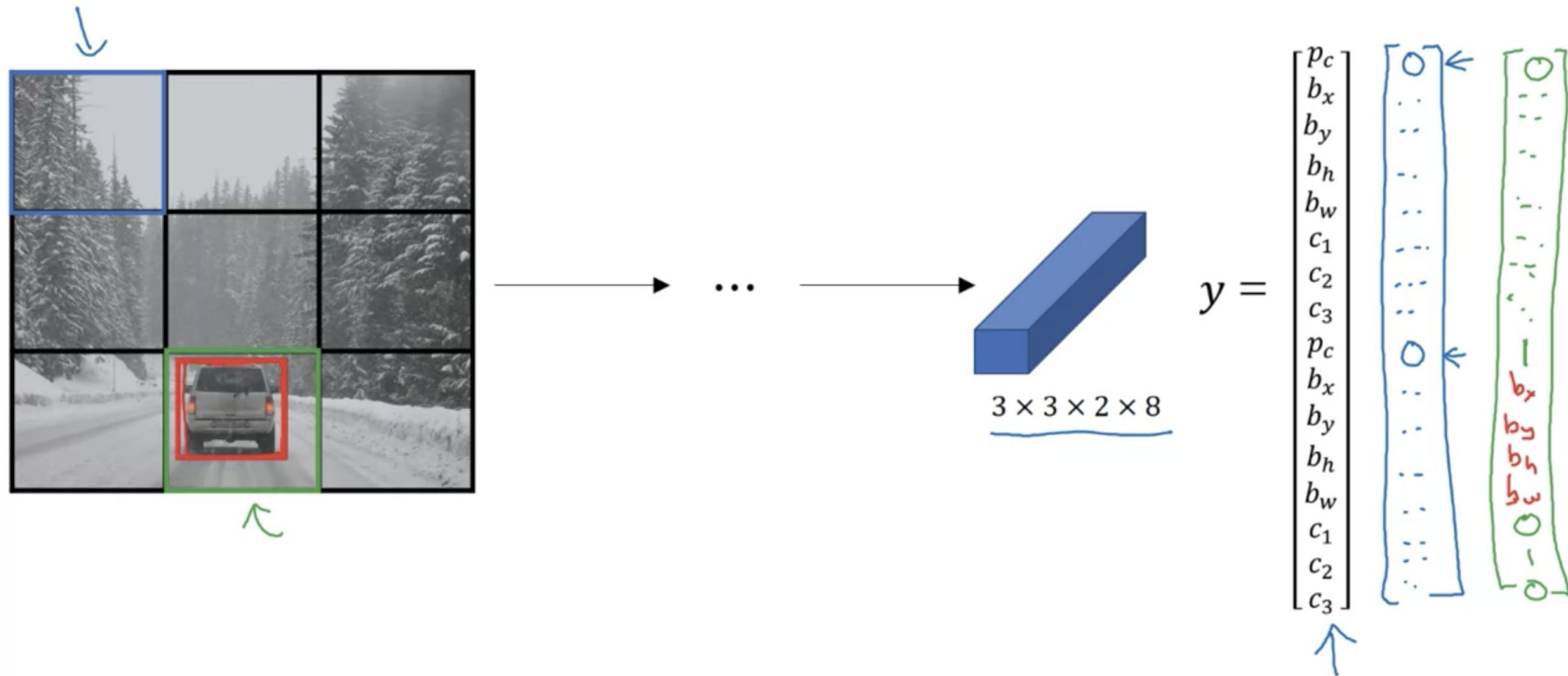
$100 \times 100 \times 3$

→ ConvNet →

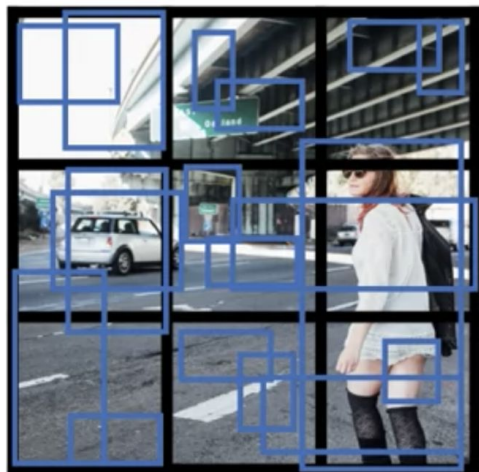
$3 \times 3 \times 16$

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Making predictions



Outputting the non-max suppressed outputs



- For each grid call, get 2 predicted bounding boxes.

Outputting the non-max suppressed outputs



- For each grid cell, get 2 predicted bounding boxes.
- Get rid of low probability predictions.

Outputting the non-max suppressed outputs



- For each grid cell, get 2 predicted bounding boxes.
- Get rid of low probability predictions.
- For each class (pedestrian, car, motorcycle) use non-max suppression to generate final predictions.

Agradecimientos

- DeepLearning.ai Coursera course (Slides)