Tab 1

Lab Assignment 06

Course Code:	CSE111
Course Title:	Programming Language II
Topic:	Encapsulation, Static variable and Static Method
Number of Tasks:	11

[Submit all the Coding Tasks (Task 1 to 8) in the Google Form shared on buX before the next lab. Submit the Tracing Tasks (Task 9 to 11) handwritten to your Lab Instructors at the beginning of the lab]

Task 1

Write the "**Product**" class to show the following output

Note: Make sure to use proper *Encapsulation concepts* **for the setter & getter methods.**
All the attributes should have Private access.

Driver Code	Output

``java
public class ProductTester{
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    System.out.println("< --------1--------->");
    Product product1 = new Product();
    product1.displayInfo();
    System.out.println();
    System.out.println("< --------2--------->");
    Product product2 = new Product("Laptop", 1200.00);
    product2.setQuantity(10);
    product2.displayInfo(true);
    System.out.println("< --------3--------->");
    System.out.println("Retrieved Price: $" + product2.getPrice());
    System.out.println("Retrieved Quantity: " + product2.getQuantity());
  }
}
``
	``
	< --------1-------->
	Product Name: Unknown
	Price: $0.0
	< --------2-------->
	Product Name: Laptop
	Price: $1200.0
	Quantity: 10
	< --------3-------->
	Retrieved Price: $1200.0
	Retrieved Quantity: 10
	``

Task 2

Design the **Passenger** class in such a way that the following code provides the expected output.

- Passenger class has two static variables **no_of_passenger** and **total_fare.**
- Each passenger has to pay 20 TK/Distance and extra 10 TK/BaggageWeight.

Given Code	Expected Output
```public class PassengerTester{ public static void main(String args[]){ System.out.println("Total Passenger: "+ Passenger.no_of_passenger); System.out.println("Total Fare: "+ Passenger.total_fare + " TK"); System.out.println("=========1========="); Passenger p1 = new Passenger("Lara", 5.6); p1.passengerDetails(); System.out.println("=========2========="); Passenger p2 = new Passenger("Kevin", 10.0); p2.storeBaggageWeight(6.8); p2.passengerDetails(); System.out.println("=========3========="); Passenger p3 = new Passenger("Robin", 2.3); p3.storeBaggageWeight(5.0); p3.passengerDetails(); System.out.println("=========4========="); System.out.println("Total Passenger: "+ Passenger.no_of_passenger); System.out.println("Total Fare: "+ Passenger.total_fare + " TK"); } }```	Total Passenger: 0 Total Fare: 0.0 TK =========1========= Name: Lara Fare: 112.0 TK =========2========= Name: Kevin Fare: 268.0 TK =========3========= Name: Robin Fare: 96.0 TK =========4========= Total Passenger: 3 Total Fare: 476.0 TK

Task 3

Design a **Book** class in such a way that the following code provides the expected output.

- The Book class has two static variables: total_books_sold and total_revenue.
- Each book has a base price of 150 TK. If the discountPercentage is applied, the book's price is reduced by that percentage.
- The Book class should have a method to calculate the price after the discount

Given Code	Expected Output
| ```java
public class BookTester {
 public static void main(String[] args) {
    System.out.println("Total Books Sold: " + Book.total_books_sold);
    System.out.println("Total Revenue: "+Book.total_revenue + " TK");
    System.out.println("=========1=========");

    Book b1 = new Book("Java Programming", 10); // 10% discount
    b1.bookDetails();

    System.out.println("=========2=========");

    Book b2 = new Book("Python Programming", 15); // 15% discount
    b2.bookDetails();

    System.out.println("=========3=========");

    Book b3 = new Book("Data Structures", 5); // 5% discount
    b3.bookDetails();

    System.out.println("=========4=========");
    System.out.println("Total Books Sold: " + Book.total_books_sold);
    System.out.println("Total Revenue: "+Book.total_revenue + " TK");
    }
}
``` | Total Books Sold: 0<br>Total Revenue: 0.0 TK<br>=========1=========<br>Title: Java Programming<br>Price after Discount: 135.0 TK<br>=========2=========<br>Title: Python Programming<br>Price after Discount: 127.5 TK<br>=========3=========<br>Title: Data Structures<br>Price after Discount: 142.5 TK<br>=========4=========<br>Total Books Sold: 3<br>Total Revenue: 405.0 TK |

Task 4

Write a class called Circle with the required constructor and methods to get the following output.
Subtasks:
1. Create a class called Circle.
2. Create the required constructor. Use Encapsulation to protect the variables.
[Hint: Assign the radius variable in private]
3. Create getRadius() and setRadius() method to access variables.
4. Create a method called area to calculate the area of circles.

Given Code	Expected Output
| ```java
public class CircleTester {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    System.out.println("Total Circle: "+ Circle.count);
    Circle c1 = new Circle(4);
    System.out.println("1--------------");
    System.out.println("Total Circle: "+ Circle.count);
    System.out.println("First circle radius: " + c1.getRadius());
    System.out.println("First circle area: " + c1.area());
    System.out.println("2--------------");
    Circle c2 = new Circle(5);
    System.out.println("Total Circle: "+ Circle.count);
    System.out.println("Second circle radius: " + c2.getRadius());
    System.out.println("Second circle area: " + c2.area());
    System.out.println("3--------------");
  }
}
``` | Total Circle: 0<br>1--------------<br>Total Circle: 1<br>First circle radius: 4.0<br>First circle area:<br>50.26548245743669<br>2--------------<br>Total Circle: 2<br>Second circle radius: 5.0<br>Second circle area:<br>78.53981633974483<br>3-------------- |

Task 5

Suppose you have opened a new library, from where your friends can borrow books. Initially you have bought 3 books (Pather Panchali, Durgesh Nandini & Anandmath) each of 3 copies only. Design the **Borrower** class in such a way that the following code provides the expected output.
- You are given the arrays *book_count* and *book_name* to keep track of the number of books available. For simplicity, assume that there will be no other books in the library.
- You must reuse the *remainingBooks()* method when needed.

Given Code	Expected Output

``java
public class Tester{
  public static void main(String args[]){
    Borrower.bookStatus();
    System.out.println("*********1*********");
    Borrower b1 = new Borrower("Nabila");
    b1.borrowBook("Pather Panchali");
    b1.borrowBook("Anandmath");
    b1.borrowerDetails();
    System.out.println("*********2*********");
    Borrower b2 = new Borrower("Sadia");
    b2.borrowBook("Anandmath");
    b2.borrowBook("Durgesh Nandini");
    b2.borrowBook("Pather Panchali");
    b2.borrowerDetails();
    System.out.println("*********3*********");
 	
System.out.println(Borrower.remainingBooks("Anandmath")+"
copies of Anandmath is remaining.");
    System.out.println("*********4*********");
    Borrower b3 = new Borrower("Anika");
    b3.borrowBook("Anandmath");
    Borrower.bookStatus();
    System.out.println("*********5*********");
    Borrower b4 = new Borrower("Oishi");
    b4.borrowBook("Anandmath");
    b4.borrowBook("Durgesh Nandini");
    b4.borrowerDetails();
  }
}
 	
public class Borrower{
  public static int book_count[] = {3, 3, 3};
  public static String book_name[] = {"Pather Panchali",
"Durgesh Nandini", "Anandmath"};
 	
  // Your Code here
}
``
	``
	Available Books:
	Pather Panchali: 3
	Durgesh Nandini: 3
	Anandmath: 3
	*********1*********
	Name: Nabila
	Books Borrowed:
	Pather Panchali
	Anandmath
	*********2*********
	Name: Sadia
	Books Borrowed:
	Anandmath
	Durgesh Nandini
	Pather Panchali
	*********3*********
	1 copies of Anandmath is
	remaining.
	*********4*********
	Available Books:
	Pather Panchali: 1
	Durgesh Nandini: 2
	Anandmath: 0
	*********5*********
	This book is not available.
	Name: Oishi
	Books Borrowed:
	Durgesh Nandini
	``

Task 6

For this task, you need to design the **Cargo** class with appropriate static and non-static variables and methods to produce this given output for the given tester code.

Note: .load() method marks an object as selected for transport, and .unload() method unmarked it. At a time, the transport capacity is 10.0 Tonnes. Each Cargo object is initialized with 2 attributes from the constructor - the contents and the weight. Carefully observe the outputs to identify the other attributes and design the class.

Given Code	Expected Output
| ```java
public class CargoTester {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    System.out.println("Cargo Capacity: "+ Cargo.capacity());
    System.out.println("1====================");
    Cargo a = new Cargo("Industrial Machinery", 4.5);
    a.details();
    System.out.println("2====================");
    a.load();
    System.out.println("3====================");
    Cargo b = new Cargo("Steel Ingot", 2.7);
    b.details();
    System.out.println("4====================");
    System.out.println("Cargo Capacity: "+ Cargo.capacity());
    System.out.println("5====================");
    b.load();
    System.out.println("Cargo Capacity: "+ Cargo.capacity());
    System.out.println("6====================");
    Cargo c = new Cargo("Tree Trunks", 3.6);
    c.load();
    System.out.println("7====================");
    c.details();
    b.details();
    System.out.println("8====================");
    Cargo d = new Cargo("Processed Goods", 1.8);
    d.load();
    System.out.println("Cargo Capacity: "+ Cargo.capacity());
    System.out.println("9====================");
    b.unload();
    System.out.println("Cargo Capacity: "+ Cargo.capacity());
    System.out.println("10====================");
    c.load();
    System.out.println("11====================");
    b.details();
    System.out.println("Cargo Capacity: "+ Cargo.capacity());
  }
}
``` | ```
Cargo Capacity: 10.0
1====================
Cargo ID: 1, Contents: Industrial
Machinery, Weight: 4.5, Loaded: false
2====================
Cargo 1 loaded for transport.
3====================
Cargo ID: 2, Contents: Steel Ingot,
Weight: 2.7, Loaded: false
4====================
Cargo Capacity: 5.5
5====================
Cargo 2 loaded for transport.
Cargo Capacity: 2.8
6====================
Cannot load cargo, exceeds weight
capacity.
7====================
Cargo ID: 3, Contents: Tree Trunks,
Weight: 3.6, Loaded: false
Cargo ID: 2, Contents: Steel Ingot,
Weight: 2.7, Loaded: true
8====================
Cargo 4 loaded for transport.
Cargo Capacity: 1.0
9====================
Cargo 2 unloaded.
Cargo Capacity: 3.7
10====================
Cargo 3 loaded for transport.
11====================
Cargo ID: 2, Contents: Steel Ingot,
Weight: 2.7, Loaded: false
Cargo Capacity: 0.09999999999999964
``` |

Task 7

Design a **Student** class in such a way that the following code provides the expected output.

Driver Code	Output
| ```java
public class StudentTester {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Student.printDetails();
    System.out.println("--------------------");
    Student mikasa = new Student("Mikasa", 3.75);
    mikasa.individualDetail();
    System.out.println("--------------------");
    Student.printDetails();
    System.out.println("--------------------");
    Student harry = new Student("Harry", 2.5, "Charms");
    harry.individualDetail();
    System.out.println("--------------------");
    Student.printDetails();
    System.out.println("--------------------");
    Student levi = new Student("Levi", 3.33);
    levi.individualDetail();
    System.out.println("--------------------");
    Student.printDetails();
  }
}
``` | ```
Total Student(s): 0
CSE Student(s): 0
Other Department Student(s): 0
--------------------
ID: 1
Name: Mikasa
CGPA: 3.75
Department: CSE
--------------------
Total Student(s): 1
CSE Student(s): 1
Other Department Student(s): 0
--------------------
ID: 2
Name: Harry
CGPA: 2.5
Department: Charms
--------------------
Total Student(s): 2
CSE Student(s): 1
Other Department Student(s): 1
--------------------
ID: 3
Name: Levi
CGPA: 3.33
Department: CSE
--------------------
Total Student(s): 3
CSE Student(s): 2
Other Department Student(s): 1
``` |

Task 8

Design the Player class with the necessary property to produce the output from the given driver code. **Hint: The total number of players is maximum 11**

Driver Code	Output
| ```java
public class PlayerTester{
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    System.out.println("Total number of players: " +
Player.total);
    System.out.println("1------------------");
    Player p1 = new Player("Neymar", "Brazil",5);
    System.out.println(p1.player_detail());
    System.out.println("==================");
    Player.info();
    System.out.println("2------------------");
    Player p2 = new Player("Ronaldo", "Portugal", 7);
    System.out.println(p2.player_detail());
    System.out.println("==================");
    Player.info();
    System.out.println("3------------------");
    Player p3 = new Player("Messi", "Argentina", 6);
    System.out.println(p3.player_detail());
    System.out.println("==================");
    Player.info();
    System.out.println("4------------------");
    Player p4 = new Player("Mbappe", "France", 10);
    System.out.println(p4.player_detail());
    System.out.println("==================");
    Player.info();
  }
}
``` | ```
Total number of players: 0
1--------------------------
Player Name: Neymar
Jersey Number: 5
Country: Brazil
========================
Total number of players: 1
Players enlisted so far: Neymar
2--------------------------
Player Name: Ronaldo
Jersey Number: 7
Country: Portugal
========================
Total number of players: 2
Players enlisted so far: Neymar, Ronaldo
3--------------------------
Player Name: Messi
Jersey Number: 6
Country: Argentina
========================
Total number of players: 3
Players enlisted so far: Neymar, Ronaldo,
Messi
4--------------------------
Player Name: Mbappe
Jersey Number: 10
Country: France
========================
Total number of players: 4
Players enlisted so far: Neymar, Ronaldo,
Messi, Mbappe
``` |

Task 9

		Output
1.	`public class Tracing {`	
2.	`    public static int x= 0, y = 0;`	
3.	`    public int a, b;`	
4.	`    public Tracing(int a, int b){`	
5.	`        this.a = a;`	
6.	`        this.b = b;`	
7.	`        x+=1;`	
8.	`        y+=2;`	
9.	`    }`	
10.	`    public void methodA(int a){`	
11.	`        this.a = x+a;`	
12.	`        this.b = this.b+ this.a +this.methodB();`	
13.	`        System.out.println(this.a+" "+this.b+" "+x);`	
14.	`    }`	
15.	`    public int methodB(){`	
16.	`        this.b = y - this.b + this.a;`	
17.	`        System.out.println(this.a+" "+this.b+" "+x);`	
18.	`        x += this.b;`	
19.	`        return this.b;`	
20.	`    }`	
21.	`    public void methodB(Tracing t1){`	
22.	`        t1.b = this.y - t1.b + this.b;`	
23.	`        System.out.println(t1.a+" "+t1.b+" "+x);`	
24.	`    }`	
25.	`}`	
26.	`public class Test9{`	
27.	`    public static void main(String [] args){`	
28.	`        Tracing t1= new Tracing(2, 3);`	
29.	`        t1.methodA(1);`	
30.	`        Tracing t2= new Tracing(3, 4);`	
31.	`        t2.methodA(2);`	
32.	`        t1.methodB(t2);`	
33.	`        t2.methodB(t2);`	
34.	`    }`	
35.	`}`	

Task 10

		Outputs
1	`public class FinalT6A{`	
2	`public static int temp = 3;`	
3	`public int sum;`	
4	`public int y = 2;`	
5	`public FinalT6A(int x, int p){`	
6	`temp+=3;`	
7	`y = temp - p;`	
8	`sum = FinalT6A.temp + x;`	
9	`System.out.println(x + " " + y+ " " + sum);`	
10	`}`	
11	`public void methodA(){`	
12	`int x=0, y =0;`	
13	`y = y + this.y;`	
14	`x = this.y + 2 + temp;`	
15	`sum = x + y + methodB(temp, y);`	
16	`System.out.println(x + " " + y+ " " + sum);`	
17	`}`	
18	`public int methodB(int temp, int n){`	
19	`int x = 0;`	
20	`y = y + (++temp);`	
21	`x = x + 2 +  n;`	
22	`sum = sum + x + y;`	
23	`System.out.println(x + " " + y+ " " + sum);`	
24	`return sum;`	
25	`}`	
26	`}`	
27	`public class Test10{`	
28	`public static void main(String [] args){`	
29	`FinalT6A q1 = new FinalT6A(2,1);`	
30	`q1.methodA();`	
31	`q1.methodA();`	
32	`}`	
33	`}`	

Task 11

1	`public class B{`
2	`  public static int x;`
3	`  public int y = 4;`
4	`  public int temp = -5;`
5	`  public int sum = 2;`
6	`  public B(){`
7	`    y = temp + 3 ;`
8	`    sum = 3 + temp + 3;`
9	`    temp-=2;`
10	`  }`
11	`  public B(B b){`
12	`    sum = b.sum;`
13	`    x = b.x;`
14	`    b.methodB(1,3);//`
15	`  }`
16	`   public void methodA(int m, int n){`
17	`    int x = 2;`
18	`    y = y + m + (temp++);`
19	`    x = x + 7 +  n;`
20	`    sum = sum + x + y;`
21	`    System.out.println(x + " " + y+ " " + sum);`
22	`  }`
23	`  public void methodB(int m, int n){`
24	`    int  y = 0;`
25	`    y = y + this.y;`
26	`    x = this.y + 3 + temp;`
27	`    methodA(x, y);`
28	`    sum = x + y + sum;`
29	`    System.out.println(x + " " + y+ " " + sum);`
30	`  }`
31	`}`

Consider the following code:

```
B b1 = new B();
B b2 = new B(b1);
b1.methodA(3, 2);
b2.methodB(1, 2);
```

x	y	sum

Ungraded Tasks (Optional)

(You don't have to submit the ungraded tasks)

Task 1

Design the **SultansDine** class with the necessary property to produce the output from the given driver code.

Subtaks:
1. Create SultansDine class
2. Create 2 static variable and 1 static array
3. Create 1 static method
4. Calculation of branch sell is given below
   a. If sellQuantity < 10:
      i.   Branch_sell = quantity * 300
   b. Else if sellQuantity < 20:
      i.   Branch_sell = quantity * 350
   c. Else
      i.   Branch_sell = quantity * 400
5. Calculation of branch's sell percentage = (branch's sell / total sell) * 100

Driver Code	Output
| ```java
public class SultansDineTester {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    SultansDine.details();
    System.out.println("1==================");
    SultansDine dhanmondi = new SultansDine("Dhanmondi");
    dhanmondi.sellQuantity(25);
    dhanmondi.branchInformation();
    System.out.println("2==================");
    SultansDine.details();
    System.out.println("3==================");
    SultansDine baily_road = new SultansDine("Baily
Road");
    baily_road.sellQuantity(15);
    baily_road.branchInformation();
    System.out.println("4==================");
    SultansDine.details();
    System.out.println("5==================");
    SultansDine gulshan = new SultansDine("Gulshan");
    gulshan.sellQuantity(9);
    gulshan.branchInformation();
    System.out.println("6==================");
    SultansDine.details();
  }
}
``` | ```
Total Number of branch(s): 0
Total Sell: 0 Taka
1==================
Branch Name: Dhanmondi
Branch Sell: 10000 Taka
2==================
Total Number of branch(s): 1
Total Sell: 10000 Taka
Branch Name: Dhanmondi, Branch Sell: 10000 Taka
Branch consists of total sell's 100.00
3==================
Branch Name: Baily Road
Branch Sell: 5250 Taka
4==================
Total Number of branch(s): 2
Total Sell: 15250 Taka
Branch Name: Dhanmondi, Branch Sell: 10000 Taka
Branch consists of total sell's 65.57
Branch Name: Baily Road, Branch Sell: 5250 Taka
Branch consists of total sell's 34.43
5==================
Branch Name: Gulshan
Branch Sell: 2700 Taka
6==================
Total Number of branch(s): 3
Total Sell: 17950 Taka
Branch Name: Dhanmondi, Branch Sell: 10000 Taka
Branch consists of total sell's 55.71
``` |

Task 2

Implement the design of the **Travel** class so that the following output is produced.
Use Encapsulation to protect the variables. [Hint: Assign all the variables in
private]

Driver Code	Output
| ```java
public class TravelTester {
 public static void main(String[] args) {
   System.out.println("No. of Traveller = " + Travel.getCount());
   System.out.println("1===============");

   Travel t1 = new Travel("Dhaka", "India");
   System.out.println(t1.displayTravelInfo());
   System.out.println("2===============");

   Travel t2 = new Travel("Kuala Lampur", "Dhaka");
   t2.setTime(23);
   System.out.println(t2.displayTravelInfo());
   System.out.println("3===============");

   Travel t3 = new Travel("Dhaka", "New_Zealand");
   t3.setTime(15);
   t3.setDestination("Germany");
   System.out.println(t3.displayTravelInfo());
   System.out.println("4===============");

   Travel t4 = new Travel("Dhaka", "India");
   t4.setTime(9);
   t4.setSource("Malaysia");
   t4.setDestination("Canada");
   System.out.println(t4.displayTravelInfo());
   System.out.println("5===============");

   System.out.println("No. of Traveller = " + Travel.getCount());
  }
}
``` | No. of Traveller = 0<br>1===============<br>Source: Dhaka<br>Destination: India<br>Flight Time: 1:00<br>2===============<br>Source: Kuala Lumpur<br>Destination: Dhaka<br>Flight Time: 23:00<br>3===============<br>Source: Dhaka<br>Destination: Germany<br>Flight Time: 15:00<br>4===============<br>Source: Malaysia<br>Destination: Canada<br>Flight Time: 9:00<br>5===============<br>No. of Traveller = 4 |

Task 3

		Output
1.	`public class Maze{`		
2.	`public static int x;`		
3.	`public void methodA(){`		
4.	`int m = 5;`		
5.	`x=11;`		
6.	`System.out.println(x+" "+m);`		
7.	`m=methodB(m-3)+x;`		
8.	`System.out.println(x+" "+(m));`	
9.	`methodB(x,m);`	
10.	`System.out.println(x+" "+m+x);`	
11.	`}`	
12.	`public int methodB(int y){`	
13.	`x=y*y;`	
14.	`System.out.println(x+" "+y);`	
15.	`return x+3;`	
16.	`}`	
17.	`public void methodB(int z, int x){`	
18.	`z=z-2;`	
19.	`x=x*1%z;`	
20.	`System.out.println(z+" "+x);`	
21.	`}`	
22.	`}`	
23.	`public class TestU3{`	
24.	`public static void main(String [] args){`	
25.	`Maze c = new Maze();`	
26.	`c.methodA();`	
27.	`c.methodB(-11, 45);`	
28.	`}`	
29.	`}`	

Task 4

Find the outputs after running the main() method in **Test11** class.

#	Code	Outputs		
1	`public class Quiz1{`			
2	`  public static int temp = 4;`			
3	`  public int sum;`			
4	`  public int y;`			
5	`  public Quiz1(){`			
6	`    y = temp - 1;`			
7	`    sum = temp + 1;`			
8	`    temp+=2;`			
9	`  }`			
10	`  public Quiz1(int p){`			
11	`    y = temp + p ;`			
12	`    sum = p + temp + 1;`			
13	`    temp-=1;`			
14	`  }`			
15	`  public void methodA(){`			
16	`    int x=0, y =0;`			
17	`    y = y + this.y;`			
18	`    x = this.y + 2 + temp;`			
19	`    sum = x + y + methodB(x, y);`			
20	`    System.out.println(x + " " + y+ " " + sum);`			
21	`  }`			
22	`  public int methodB(int m, int n){`			
23	`    int x = 0;`			
24	`    y = y + m + (++temp);`			
25	`    x = x + 2 +  n;`			
26	`    sum = sum + x + y;`			
27	`    System.out.println(x + " " + y+ " " + sum);`			
28	`    return sum;`			
29	`  }`			
30	`}`			
31	`public class TestU4{`			
32	`    public static void main(String [] args){`			
33	`       Quiz1 q1 = new Quiz1();`			
34	`        q1.methodA();`			
35	`        q1.methodA();`			
36	`        Quiz1.temp+= 2;`			
37	`        Quiz1 q2 = new Quiz1(2);`			

38	`        q2.methodA();`	
39	`        q2.methodA();`	
40	`    }`	
41	`}`	