

```

/**
 * Copyright (c) 2020 Raspberry Pi (Trading) Ltd.
 *
 * SPDX-License-Identifier: BSD-3-Clause
 */

```

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

#include "pico/stdlib.h"
#include "hardware/pio.h"
#include "hardware/clocks.h"
#include "ws2812.pio.h"

```

Including
header files
needed to run
the code

```

#define IS_RGBW true
#define NUM_PIXELS 150

```

defining
constants

```

#ifdef PICO_DEFAULT_WS2812_PIN
#define WS2812_PIN PICO_DEFAULT_WS2812_PIN
#else
// default to pin 2 if the board doesn't have a default WS2812 pin defined
#define WS2812_PIN 2
#endif

```

checking if
default pin is
asserted in one
of the headers

```

static inline void put_pixel(uint32_t pixel_grb) {
    pio_sm_put_blocking(pio0, 0, pixel_grb << 8u);
}

```

defining function put_pixel, making it
static and inline
putting a word of data, blocking is FIFO full

```

static inline uint32_t urgb_u32(uint8_t r, uint8_t g, uint8_t b) {
    return
        ((uint32_t) (r) << 8) |
        ((uint32_t) (g) << 16) |
        (uint32_t) (b);
}

```

static
inline
again

32 bit unsigned guaranteed

move 8 bits left + 8 bits

move 9 bits left + 16

reorganizing
bits basically
encoding as 24 bit / bit #

```

void pattern_snakes(uint len, uint t) {
    for (uint i = 0; i < len; ++i) {
        uint x = (i + (t >> 1)) % 64;
        if (x < 10)
            put_pixel(urgb_u32(0xff, 0, 0));
        else if (x >= 15 && x < 25)
            put_pixel(urgb_u32(0, 0xff, 0));
        else if (x >= 30 && x < 40)
            put_pixel(urgb_u32(0, 0, 0xff));
        else

```

Mapping
the LED
Value based
on x
to make
pattern

Creating a Pattern for led

Setting to certain color

Setting to certain color

Setting to certain color

put_pixel(0); *Setting led to 0*

}

defining function
void pattern_random(uint len, uint t) {

if (t % 8) *if t/8 = 0 return*

return;

for (int i = 0; i < len; ++i) *defining till I is certain value*

put_pixel(rand()); *Set led random value*

}

defining function
void pattern_sparkle(uint len, uint t) {

if (t % 8)

return;

for (int i = 0; i < len; ++i)

put_pixel(rand() % 16 ? 0 : 0xffffffff); *Same as above*
Print random value between 0, 2555555

if rand/16 = 0 then

void pattern_greys(uint len, uint t) {

int max = 100; *// let's not draw too much current!* *Setting max value of 100%*

t %= max;

for (int i = 0; i < len; ++i) *{ defines for certain length*

put_pixel(t * 0x10101);

if (++t >= max) t = 0;

}

}

typedef void (*pattern)(uint len, uint t);

const struct {

pattern pat;

const char *name;

} pattern_table[] = {

{pattern_snakes, "Snakes!"},

{pattern_random, "Random data"},

{pattern_sparkle, "Sparkles"},

{pattern_greys, "Greys"},

};

*Building
a vector
with each
Pattern*

*4 patterns
defined previously*

int main() {

//set_sys_clock_48(); *Commented out*

stdio_init_all(); ①

printf("WS2812 Smoke Test, using pin %d", WS2812_PIN); ② *Print which pin its using*

// todo get free sm

PIO pio = pio0; ③ *Setting the PIO to PIO 0*
First PIO hardware instance

*initialize
all stdio
+ VPe's linked*

*Alias
name*

```
int sm = 0; (4) defining an integer
uint offset = pio_add_program(pio, &ws2812_program); (5) Program name
```

initialize program

```
ws2812_program_init(pio, sm, offset, WS2812_PIN, 800000, IS_RGBW); (6) trying to load program
```

pulling from function, other printout

```
(22) int t = 0; new int
```

```
while (1) {
```

```
(23) int pat = rand() % count_of(pattern_table); randomly pick which pattern
```

```
(24) int dir = (rand() >> 30) & 1 ? 1 : -1; pick random number
```

```
(25) puts(pattern_table[pat].name); pick pattern in array
```

```
(26) puts(dir == 1 ? "(forward)" : "(backward)"); if dir=1 then forward
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < 1000; ++i) { go for 1000 iterations
```

```
(27) pattern_table[pat].pat(NUM_PIXELS, t);
```

```
sleep_ms(10); sleep momentarily
```

```
t += dir; add dir to t
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

Have lost to continuous from LED


```
// ----- //
// This file is autogenerated by pioasm; do not edit! //
// ----- //
```

```
#pragma once
```

```
#if !PICO_NO_HARDWARE
#include "hardware/pio.h"
#endif
```

Checking if hardware already
defined then defining it if not

```
// ----- //
// ws2812 //
// ----- //
```

```
#define ws2812_wrap_target 0
#define ws2812_wrap 3

#define ws2812_T1 2
#define ws2812_T2 5
#define ws2812_T3 3
```

defining
variables

```
static const uint16_t ws2812_program_instructions[] = {
```

locations

Address	Instruction	Side Effect
0x6221	out x, 1	side 0 [2]
0x1123	jmp !x, 3	side 1 [1]
0x1400	jmp 0	side 1 [4]
0xa442	nop	side 0 [4]

Completed out

```
};
```

```
#if !PICO_NO_HARDWARE
static const struct pio_program ws2812_program = {
    .instructions = ws2812_program_instructions,
    .length = 4,
    .origin = -1,
};
```

if hardware not defined
then using Program
instructions from above

```
static inline pio_sm_config ws2812_program_get_default_config(uint offset) {
```

```
    pio_sm_config c = pio_get_default_sm_config();
    sm_config_set_wrap(&c, offset + ws2812_wrap_target, offset + ws2812_wrap);
    sm_config_set_sideset(&c, 1, false, false);
    return c;
```

Gets the wrap and sideset
options in the state machine
that it pulled from default config

```
#include "hardware/clocks.h"
```

Include header

no output
↓

init Program based on previous board values

```
static inline void ws2812_program_init(PIO pio, uint sm, uint offset, uint pin,
float freq, bool rgbw) { ①
```

init pin pio_gpio_init(pio, pin);

pio_sm_set_consecutive_pindirs(pio, sm, pin, 1, true); Setting consecutive pin directions ⑧

pio_sm_config c = ws2812_program_get_default_config(offset); Getting C to default config ⑨

Resets config structure C ⑫
sm_config_set_sideset_pins(&c, pin); Setting side set pins ⑬

sm_config_set_out_shift(&c, false, true, rgbw ? 32 : 24); Setting up outshifting ⑭

sm_config_set_fifo_join(&c, PIO_FIFO_JOIN_TX); Setting up FIFO joining in state machine ⑮

int cycles_per_bit = ws2812_T1 + ws2812_T2 + ws2812_T3;

float div = clock_get_hz(clk_sys) / (freq * cycles_per_bit); Clearing value so you can set the clock speed ⑯

sm_config_set_clkdiv(&c, div); Sets state machine clock divider ⑰

pio_sm_init(pio, sm, offset, &c); Resets and configures to constant state ⑱

pio_sm_set_enabled(pio, sm, true); Enables state machine ⑲

```
}
```

```
#endif
```

```
// ----- //
```

```
// ws2812_parallel //
```

```
// ----- //
```

```
#define ws2812_parallel_wrap_target 0
```

```
#define ws2812_parallel_wrap 3
```

```
#define ws2812_parallel_T1 2
```

```
#define ws2812_parallel_T2 5
```

```
#define ws2812_parallel_T3 3
```

Same as above

but for parallel example

which we didn't do

```
static const uint16_t ws2812_parallel_program_instructions[] = {
```

```
    // .wrap_target
```

```
    0x6020, // 0: out    x, 32
```

```
    0xa10b, // 1: mov    pins, !null    [1]
```

```
    0xa401, // 2: mov    pins, x        [4]
```

```
    0xa103, // 3: mov    pins, null     [1]
```

```
    // .wrap
```

```
};
```

```
#if !PICO_NO_HARDWARE
```

```
static const struct pio_program ws2812_parallel_program = {
```

```
    .instructions = ws2812_parallel_program_instructions,
```

```
    .length = 4,
```

```
    .origin = -1,
```

```
};
```

```

static inline pio_sm_config ws2812_parallel_program_get_default_config(uint
offset) {
    pio_sm_config c = pio_get_default_sm_config();
    sm_config_set_wrap(&c, offset + ws2812_parallel_wrap_target, offset +
ws2812_parallel_wrap);
    return c;
}

#include "hardware/clocks.h"
static inline void ws2812_parallel_program_init(PIO pio, uint sm, uint offset,
uint pin_base, uint pin_count, float freq) {
    for(uint i=pin_base; i<pin_base+pin_count; i++) {
        pio_gpio_init(pio, i);
    }
    pio_sm_set_consecutive_pindirs(pio, sm, pin_base, pin_count, true);
    pio_sm_config c = ws2812_parallel_program_get_default_config(offset);
    sm_config_set_out_shift(&c, true, true, 32);
    sm_config_set_out_pins(&c, pin_base, pin_count);
    sm_config_set_set_pins(&c, pin_base, pin_count);
    sm_config_set_fifo_join(&c, PIO_FIFO_JOIN_TX);
    int cycles_per_bit = ws2812_parallel_T1 + ws2812_parallel_T2 +
ws2812_parallel_T3;
    float div = clock_get_hz(clk_sys) / (freq * cycles_per_bit);
    sm_config_set_clkdiv(&c, div);
    pio_sm_init(pio, sm, offset, &c);
    pio_sm_set_enabled(pio, sm, true);
}

#endif

```