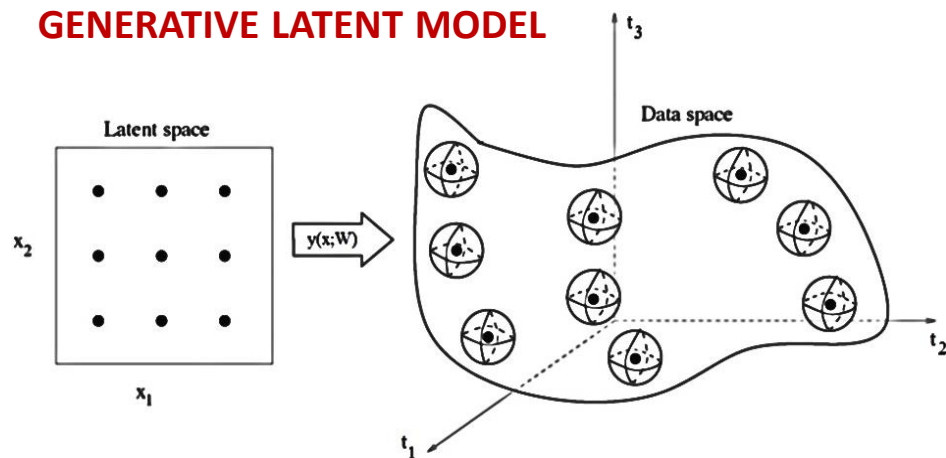


Machine Learning projects

A. Pau, O.Sauter and collaborators

EPFL-SPC, Lausanne

GENERATIVE LATENT MODEL

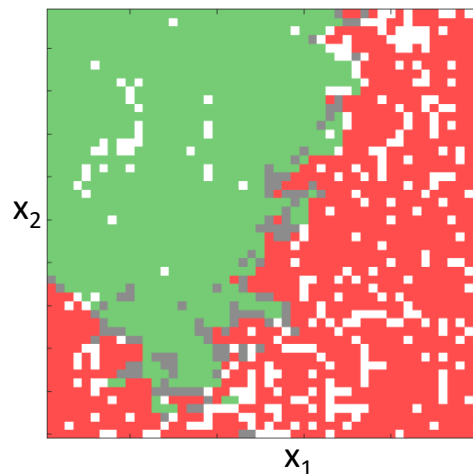


REF: [Pau et al IEEE 2018]

REF: [Pau et al NF 2019]

- 1) **2D GTM Map:** modes of the posterior probability distribution in the latent space, obtained by 'reversing' the mapping (*Bayes' theorem*) from the 7D [input] data-space to the 2D [output] latent space.
- 2) **GTM component planes:** distribution of the input parameters associated with the mapping and allow to analyze patterns and not straightforward relations among the different features.

1) GTM 2D-MAPPING OF JET-ILW 7D INPUT SPACE (NonDisruptive vs Disruptive)



Lat. pts: 2500

RBF: 400 (gaussians)

 σ : 0.85 (RBFs width)

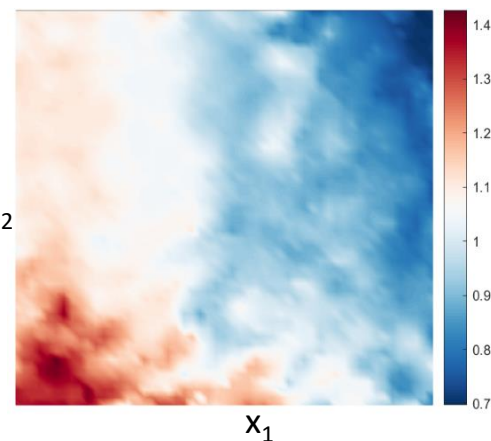
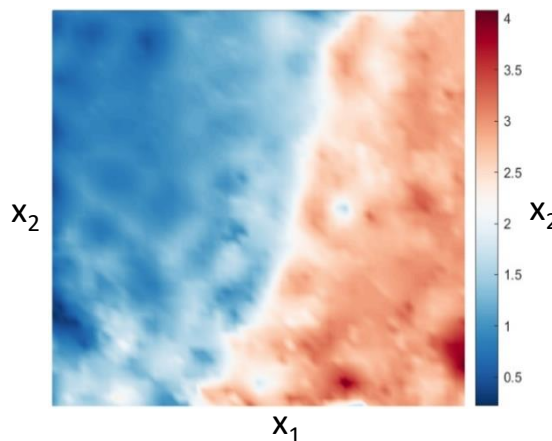
Clusters

- NonDisr
- Disr
- Mixed
- Empty

2) GTM input parameters component planes

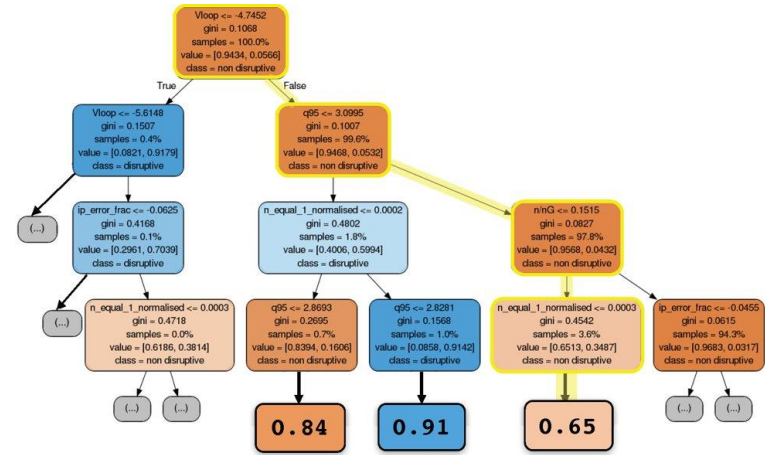
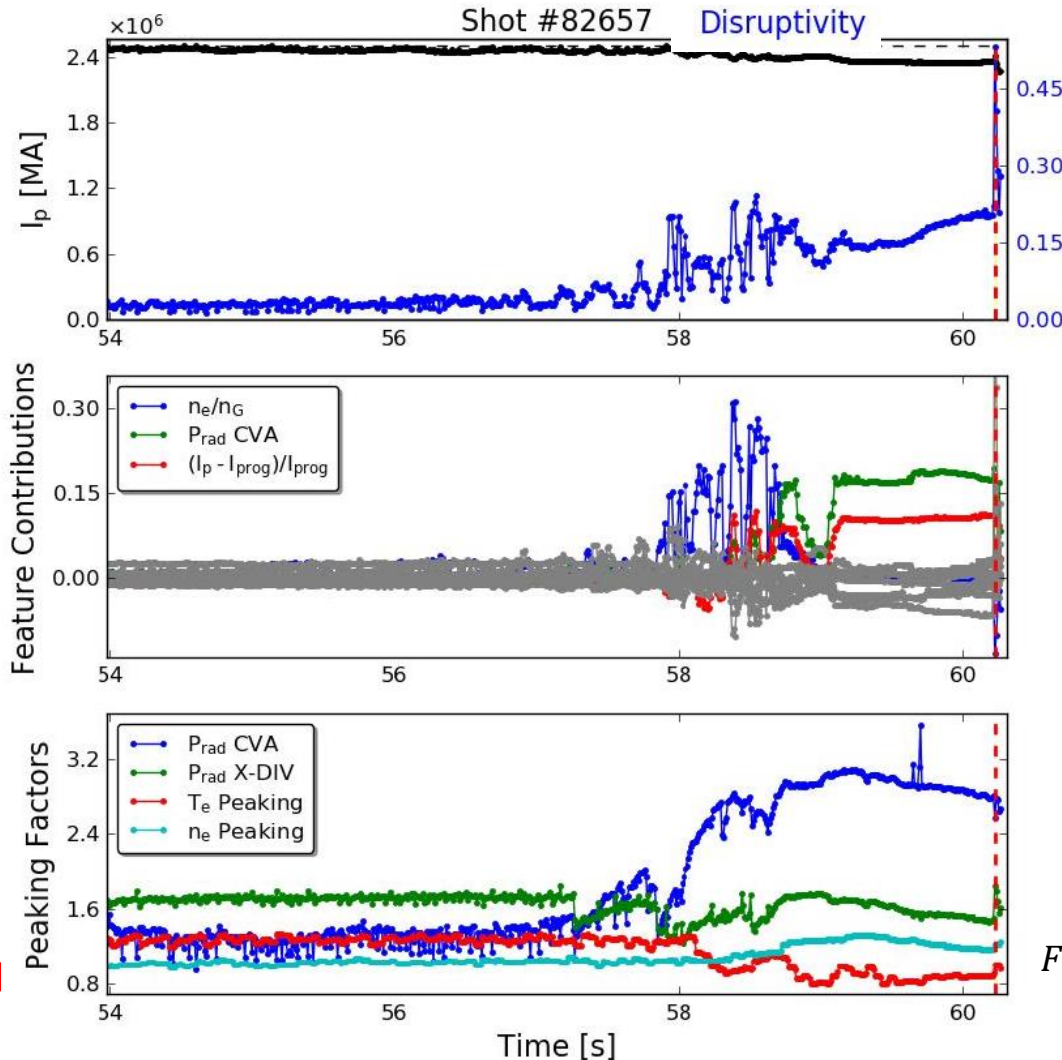
Radiation peaking [a.u.]

Internal Inductance [a.u.]



➤ INTERPRETATIVE RANDOM FOREST:

REF: [Rea et al FST 2020]

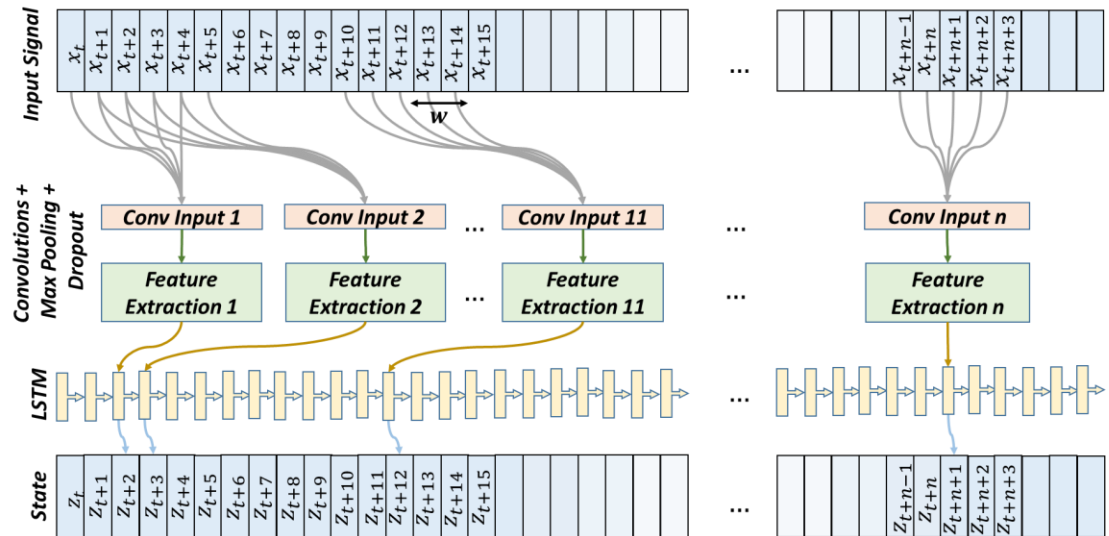


- **Impurities accumulation** in the plasma core is well captured by “**feature contribution**”, prior to the disruption.
- **Predictions** for forest of M trees can be **decomposed** in the K **contributions** from each evaluated input feature:

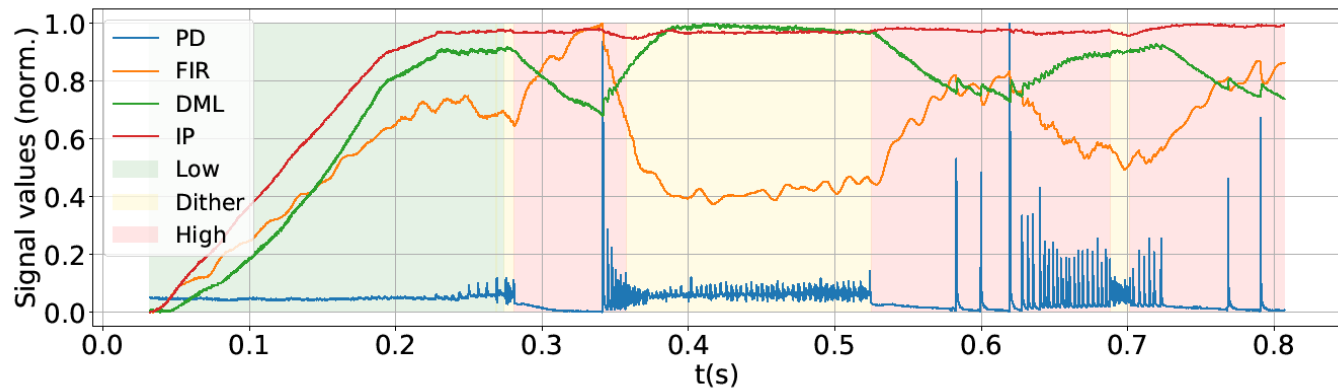
$$F(x) = \frac{1}{M} \sum_{m=1}^M \text{bias}_m + \sum_{k=1}^K \left(\frac{1}{M} \sum_{m=1}^M \text{contrib}_m(x, k) \right)$$

➤ **AUTOMATIC CLASSIFICATION OF PLASMA CONFINEMENT STATES:**

- **DEEP LEARNING** model based on a convolutional-RNN (LSTM)
- **Probability** of the plasma of being in a given confinement state (accounting for temporal evolution)
 - Preliminary **RT** implementation



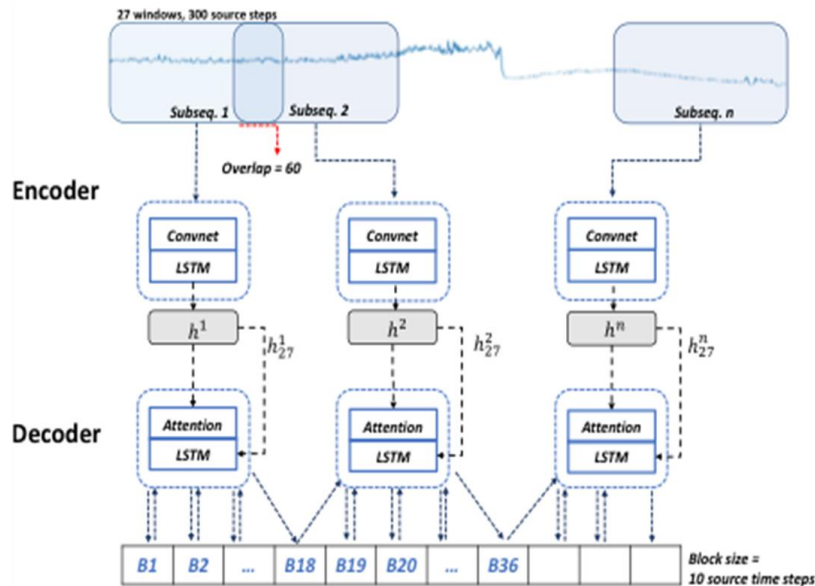
REF: [Matos et al NF 2020]



➤ AUTOMATIC CLASSIFICATION OF PLASMA CONFINEMENT STATES:

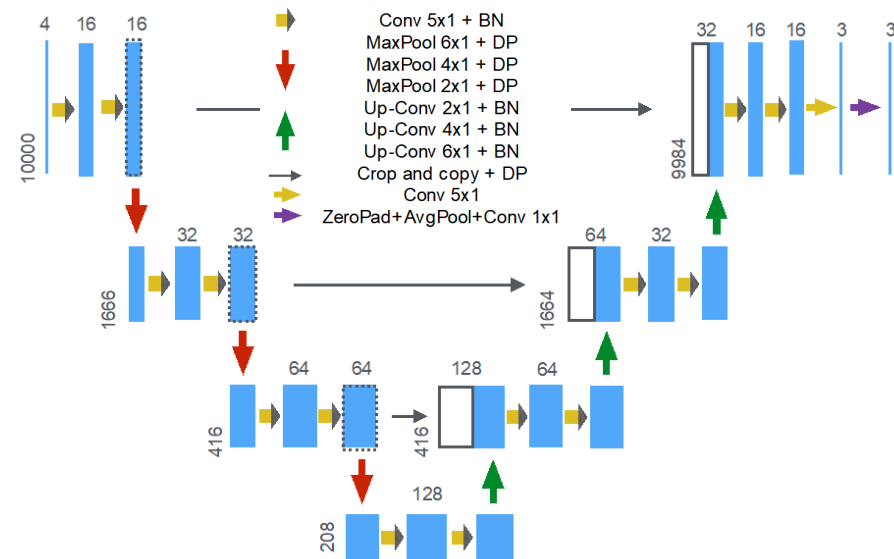
➤ SEQUENCE 2 SEQUENCE MODEL:

- Model not constrained to have same **source/target resolutions**.
- Decoder was extended with an **attention** layer to capture **larger context** of long input sequences.



➤ UTIME MODEL:

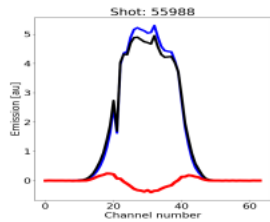
- Multi-scale convolutional structure** of UTime allows to capture **patterns at different scales** present in the plasma.
- UTime processes the whole signal at once (offline) with the ability to see at **large context**.



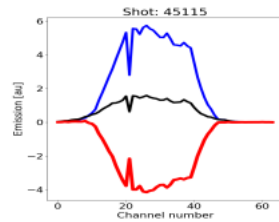
REF: [Matos et al NF 2021]

REF: [Marceca et al NEURIPS 2020]

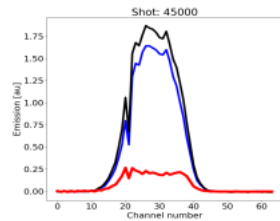
➤ UNSUPERVISED CLUSTERING OF SAWTOOTH AND THERMAL QUENCH CRASHES



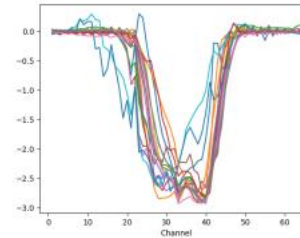
(a) Sawtooth crash



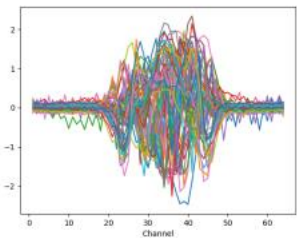
(b) Minor disruption



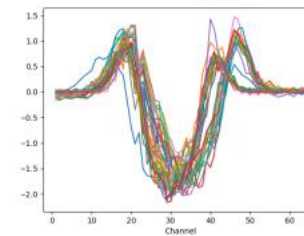
(c) Normal operation



(a) Minor disruptions pre-files



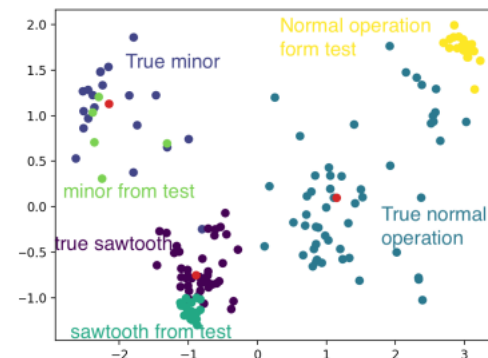
(b) Normal operation pre-files



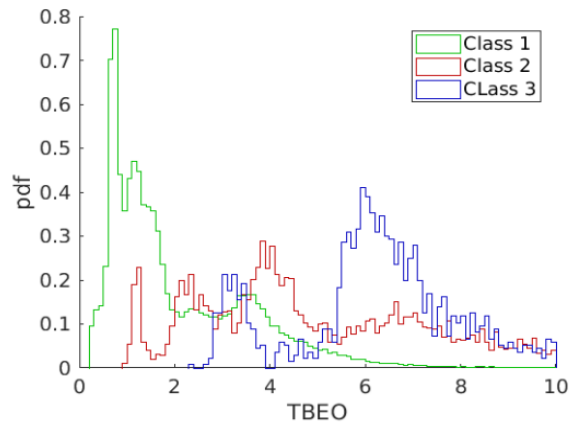
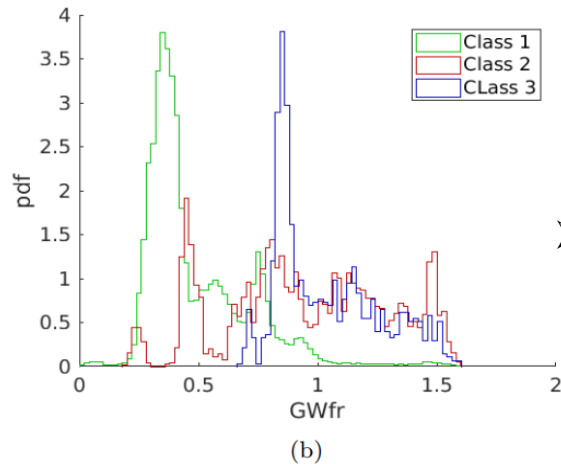
(c) Sawtooth profiles

➤ UNSUPERVISED CLUSTERING

- **spline fitting** of difference between «post» and «pre» crash profiles;
- Clustering with **GMM** of *spline coefficients* -> *classification*



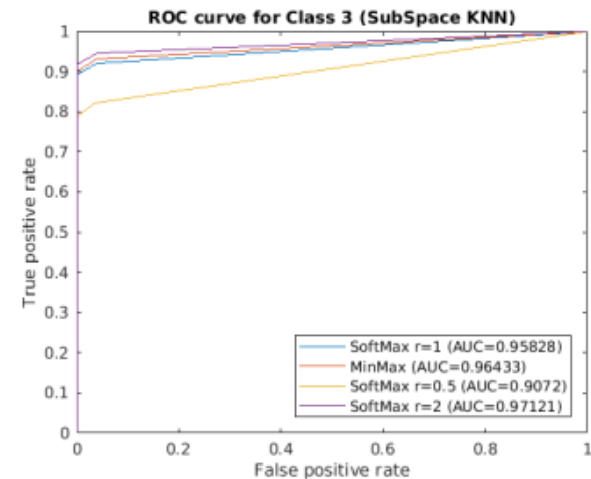
➤ MARFE ONSET PREDICTION VIA SUPERVISED LEARNING



Probability density functions of engineering and physics quantities

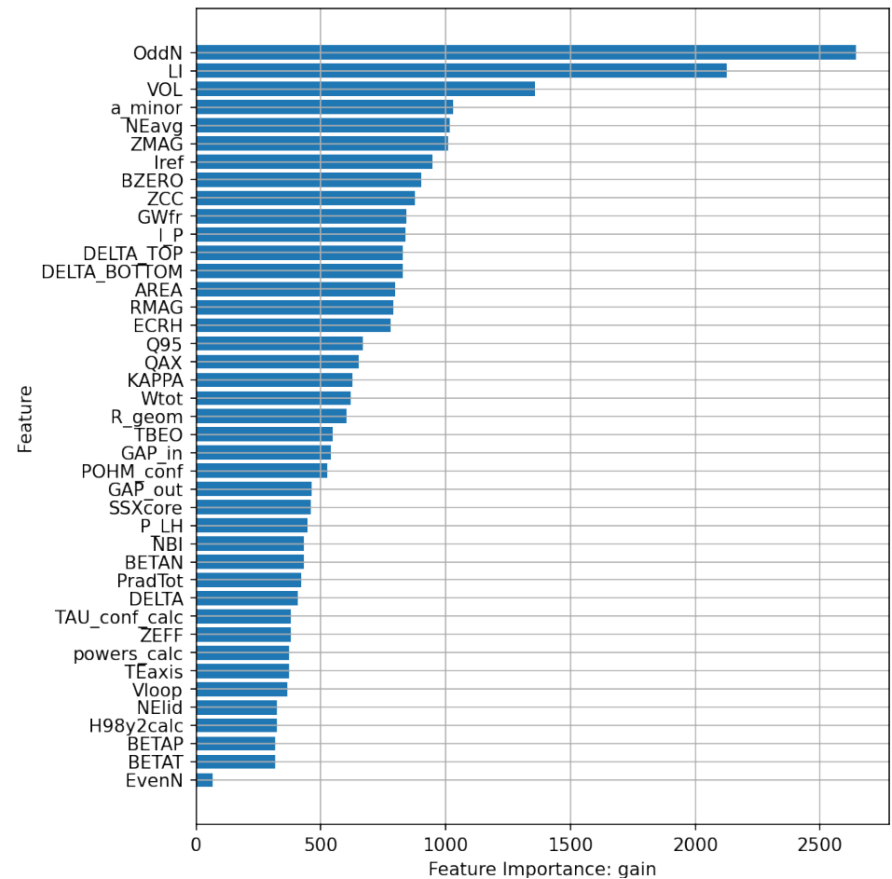
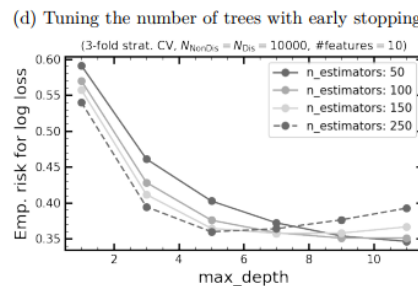
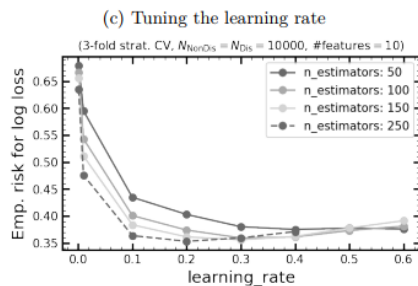
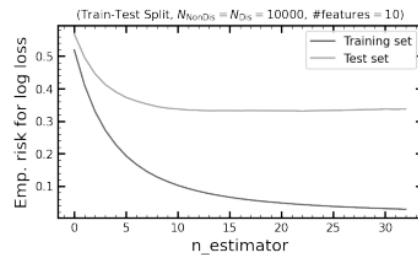
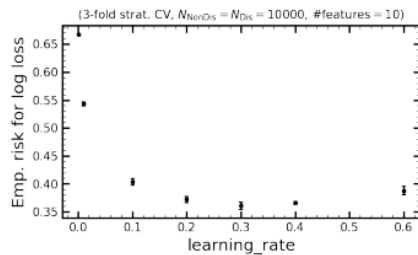
- **COMPARISON OF SEVERAL CLASSIFICATION ALGORITHMS WITH FOCUS ON ENSEMBLES**
- Labeling of H-mode Density Limit with **MARFE onset** characterization

| Hyperparameter | Range |
|------------------------------|-------------|
| Boosted Tree | |
| N Learning Cycles | 483 |
| Learn Rate | 0.9546 |
| Min Leaf Size | 46 |
| Max Number Splits | 10 |
| SubSpace KNN | |
| Distance | mahalanobis |
| Distance Weight | equal |
| Number of Neighbors | 13 |
| N Variables to Sample | 9 |
| N Learning Cycles | 40 |
| SubSpace Discriminant | |
| N Variables to Sample | 11 |
| N Learning Cycles | 30 |
| Delta | 1.0124e-06 |
| Gamma | 0.0120 |
| Discriminant Type | linear |
| Gaussian Kernel SVM | |
| Coding | onevsall |
| Box Constraint | 0.001 |
| Kernel Scale | 0.0011 |
| Kernel Function | gaussian |



➤ TCV DISRUPTION PREDICTION WITH XGBOOST CLASSIFIER

- «BUILT-IN» **HYPERPARAMETER OPTIMIZATION** and feature extraction (over thousands of disruptive & non-disruptive TCV discharges)



- [Cannas NF 2007]** B. Cannas, A. Fanni, P. Sonato, K. Zedda (2007) *A prediction tool for real-time application in the disruption protection system*, Nucl. Fusion 47 1559–69
- [Ratta NF 2010]** G.A. Rattá, J. Vega, A. Murari, G. Vagliasindi, M.F. Johnson, P.C. de Vries (2010) *An advanced disruption predictor for JET tested in a simulated real-time environment*, Nuclear Fusion, Volume 50, Number 2
- [Strait NF 2019]** E.J. Strait, J.L. Barr, M. Baruzzo, J.W. Berkery, R.J. Buttery, P.C. de Vries, N.W. Eidietis, R.S. Granetz, J.M. Hanson, C.T. Holcomb, D.A. Humphreys, J.H. Kim, E. Kolemen, M. Kong, M.J. Lanctot, M. Lehnen, E. Lerche, N.C. Logan, M. Maraschek, M. Okabayashi, J.K. Park, A. Pau, G. Pautasso, F.M. Poli, C. Rea, S.A. Sabbagh, O. Sauter, E. Schuster, U.A. Sheikh, C. Sozzi, F. Turco, A.D. Turnbull, Z.R. Wang, W.P. Wehner and L. Zeng, *Progress in disruption prevention for ITER*, Nucl. Fusion 59 (2019) 112012.
- [Montes NF 2019]** K.J. Montes, C. Rea, R.S. Granetz, R.A. Tinguely, N. Eidietis, O.M. Meneghini, D.L. Chen, B. Shen, B.J. Xiao, K. Erickson and M.D. Boyer, *Machine learning for disruption warnings on Alcator C-Mod, DIII-D, and EAST*, Nucl. Fusion 59 (2019) 096015.
- [Kates-Harbeck Nature 2019]** J. Kates-Harbeck, A. Svyatkovskiy and W. Tang (2019) *Predicting disruptive instabilities in controlled fusion plasmas through deep learning*, Nature 568 526.
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- [Murari NF 2020]** A. Murari, R. Rossi, E. Peluso, M. Lungaroni, P. Gaudio, M. Gelfusa, G. Ratta, J. Vega (2020) *On the transfer of adaptive predictors between different devices for both mitigation and prevention of disruptions*, Nucl. Fusion 60 056003.

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[Pau FED2017]

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[EUROfusion DDBs] <https://users.euro-fusion.org/iterphysicswiki/index.php/Database>

[MDSplus] <https://www.mdsplus.org/index.php/Introduction>

[de Vries NF 2014] P. C. de Vries, M. Baruzzo, G. M. D. Hogewei, S. Jachmich, E. Joffrin, P. J. Lomas, G. F. Matthews, A. Murari, I. Nunes, T. Pütterich, C. Reux, J. Vega (2014) Physics of Plasmas **21**, 056101

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