# acsefunctions

Release 0.1

**Your Name** 

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acsefunctions.special. $cosh(x, n\_terms=20)$ 

Compute the hyperbolic cosine function cosh(x) using a Taylor series approximation.

#### **Parameters**

- **x** (*float or numpy.ndarray*) Input value(s) for which to compute cosh(x).
- **n\_terms** (*int*, *optional*) Number of terms to use in the Taylor series (default is 20).

#### Returns

Computed cosh(x) for the input(s).

#### Return type

float or numpy.ndarray

### **Examples**

```
>>> cosh(0)
1.0
>>> cosh(1)
1.5430806348152437
>>> cosh(np.array([0, 1, 2]))
array([1. , 1.54308063, 3.76219569])
```

acsefunctions.special.exp(x,  $n_terms=20$ )

Compute the exponential function e<sup>x</sup> using a Taylor series approximation.

#### **Parameters**

- $\mathbf{x}$  (float or numpy.ndarray) Input value(s) for which to compute e^x.
- **n\_terms** (*int*, *optional*) Number of terms to use in the Taylor series (default is 20).

#### Returns

Computed  $e^x$  for the input(s).

# Return type

float or numpy.ndarray

### **Examples**

```
>>> exp(0)
1.0
>>> exp(1)
2.718281828459045
>>> exp(np.array([0, 1, 2]))
array([1. , 2.71828183, 7.3890561])
```

acsefunctions.special.sinh(x,  $n_terms=20$ )

Compute the hyperbolic sine function sinh(x) using a Taylor series approximation.

### **Parameters**

- **x** (*float or numpy.ndarray*) Input value(s) for which to compute sinh(x).
- **n\_terms** (*int*, *optional*) Number of terms to use in the Taylor series (default is 20).

## Returns

Computed sinh(x) for the input(s).

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### Return type

float or numpy.ndarray

# **Examples**

```
>>> sinh(0)

0.0

>>> sinh(1)

1.1752011936438014

>>> sinh(np.array([0, 1, 2]))

array([0. , 1.17520119, 3.62686041])
```

acsefunctions.special.tanh(x,  $n_terms=20$ )

Compute the hyperbolic tangent function tanh(x) as sinh(x) / cosh(x).

### **Parameters**

- $\boldsymbol{x}$  (float or numpy.ndarray) Input value(s) for which to compute tanh(x).
- **n\_terms** (*int*, *optional*) Number of terms to use in the Taylor series for sinh and cosh (default is 20).

#### Returns

Computed tanh(x) for the input(s).

### Return type

float or numpy.ndarray

#### Raises

**ZeroDivisionError** – If cosh(x) equals zero, which can occur in rare numerical edge cases.

# **Examples**

```
>>> tanh(0)
0.0
>>> tanh(1)
0.7615941559557649
>>> tanh(np.array([0, 1, 2]))
array([0. , 0.76159416, 0.96402758])
```

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