Markov Decision Processes (MDP)

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1 Notation & Definition

A reinforcement learning task taht satisfies the Markov property is called a *Markov decision* process, or *MDP*. If the state and action spaces are finite, then it is called a *finite Markov decision* process (finite MDP)

Given any state and actin s and a, the probability of each possible pair of next state and reward, s', r, is denoted

$$p(s', r|s, a) \doteq Pr(\{S_{t+1} = s', R_{t+1} = r|S_t = s, A_t = a\})$$
(1)

Given the dynamics as specified by (1), one can compute anything else one might want to know about the environment, such as the expected rewards for state-action pairs.

$$r(s,a) \doteq \mathbb{E}[R_{t+1}|S_t = s, A_t = a] = \sum_{r \in \mathcal{R}} r \sum_{s' \in \mathcal{S}} p(s', r|s, a),$$
 (2)

the state-transition probabilities,

$$p(s'|s,a) \doteq Pr\{S_{t+1} = s'|S_t = s, A_t = a\} = \sum_{r \in \mathcal{R}} p(s',r|s,a)$$
(3)

and the expected rewards for state-action-next-state triples,

$$r(s, a, s') \doteq \mathbb{E}[R_{t+1}|S_t = s, A_t = a, S_{t+1} = s'] = \frac{\sum_{r \in \mathcal{R}} rp(s', r|s, a)}{p(s'|s, a)}$$
(4)