

## PreLab 4: Simple Arithmetic Logic Unit

ECEN 248 - 505

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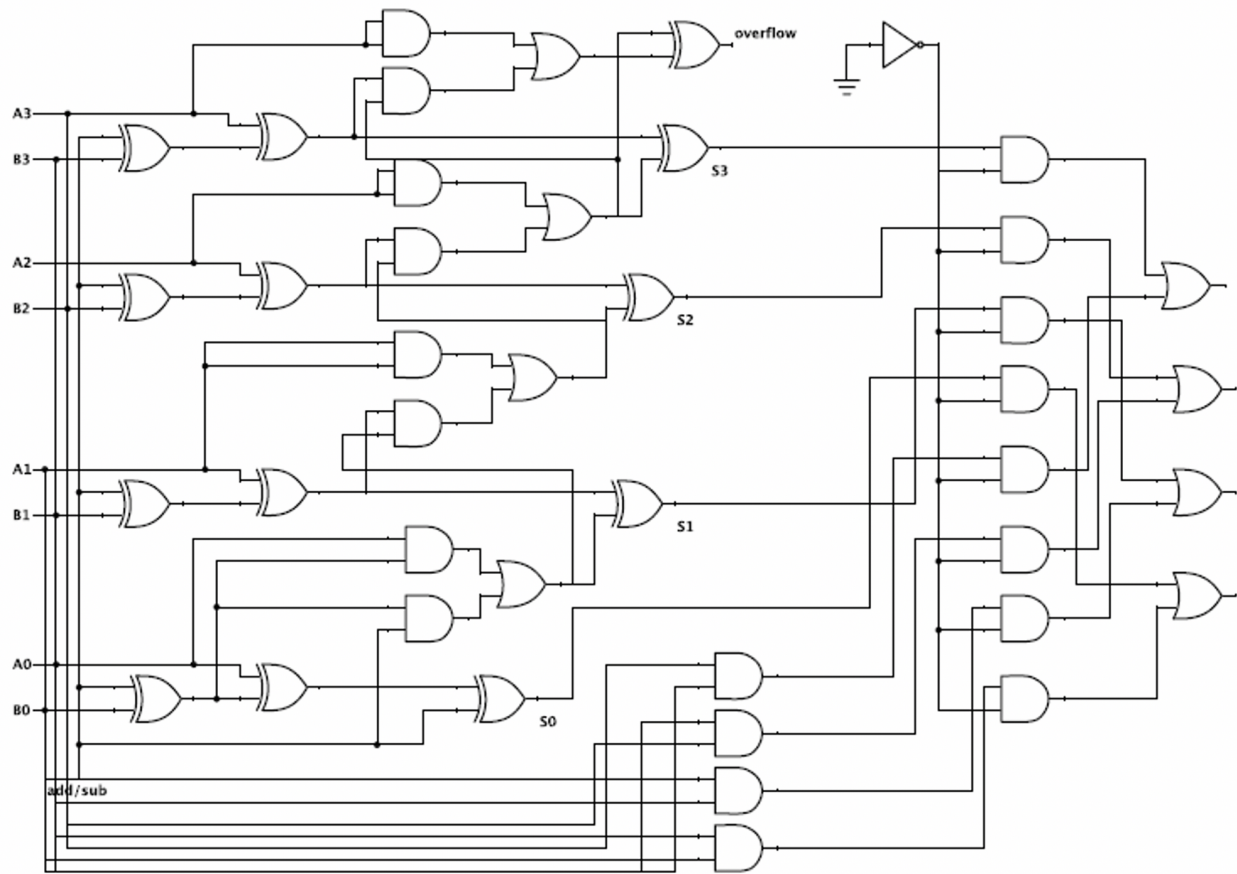
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**1. Examples demonstrating how the circuit in Figure 5 adds and subtracts.**

**2. Truth table and minimized Boolean expression for a 1-bit wide 2:1 MUX.**

<b>S</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>B</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>

### 3. Gate-level schematic for the final ALU design.



4. Create a table with three columns:  $C_0$ ,  $C_1$  and OP, such that  $C_0$  and  $C_1$  correspond to the ALU control signals and OP is the operation it will perform, like AND.

$C_0$	$C_1$	OP
0	0	Addition
0	1	Subtraction
1	0	AND
1	1	AND

