EE24BTECH11021 - Eshan Ray

Ouestion:

The point on the X axis which is equidistant from (-4,0) and (10,0) is...

Solution:

| Variable | Description | Formula |
|-------------------|--|---------|
| B(-4,0) | coordinates of first point | _ |
| C (10, 0) | coordinates of second point | _ |
| $\mathbf{A}(a,0)$ | Equidistant point of $\bf B$ and $\bf C$ on X axis | _ |

TABLE 0: Input parameters

$$\|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}\|^2 = \|\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{A}\|^2 \tag{1}$$

$$\implies \mathbf{B}^2 + \mathbf{A}^2 - 2\mathbf{A}\mathbf{B}^\top = \mathbf{C}^2 + \mathbf{A}^2 - 2\mathbf{A}\mathbf{C}^\top$$
 (2)

$$\implies \mathbf{A} \left(\mathbf{C}^{\mathsf{T}} - \mathbf{B}^{\mathsf{T}} \right) = \frac{\mathbf{C}^2 - \mathbf{B}^2}{2} \tag{3}$$

$$\implies \mathbf{A} \begin{pmatrix} 10 & 0 - 4 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{100 - 16}{2} \tag{4}$$

$$\implies \binom{a}{0} (14 \quad 0) = \frac{84}{2} \tag{5}$$

$$\implies 14a = 42$$
 (6)

$$\implies a = 3 \tag{7}$$

$$\therefore \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{8}$$

The point equidistant from (-4,0) and (10,0) is (3,0).

1

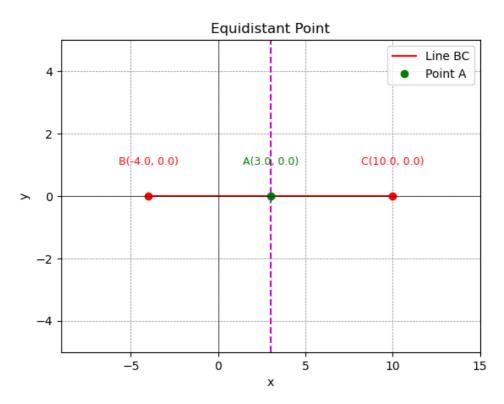


Fig. 0