## **CHAPTER 8- Circles**

## EE24BTECH11021 - Eshan Ray

## SECTION-A [JEEADVANCED/IIT - JEE]

## A:FILL IN THE BLANKS

1) If A and B are points in the plane such that  $\frac{PA}{PB} = K(constant)$  for all P on a given circle, then the value of K cannot be equal to

(1982-2 Marks)

2) The points of intersection of the line 4x - 3y - 10 = 0 and the circle  $x^2 + y^2 - 2x + 4y - 20 = 0$  are

(1983-2Marks)

3) The lines 3x - 4y + 4 = 0 and 6x - 8y - 7 = 0 are tangents to the same circle. The radius of the circle is

(1984-2 Marks)

4) Let  $x^2+y^2-4x-2y-11=0$  be a circle. A pair of tangents from the point (4,5) with a pair of radii form a quadrilateral of area

(1985-2 Marks)

5) From the origin chords are drawn to the circle  $(x-1)^2 + y^2 = 1$ . The equation of the locus of the mid-points of these chords is

(1985-2 Marks)

6) The equation of the line passing through the points of intersection of the circles  $3x^2 + 3y^2 - 2x + 12y - 9 = 0$  and  $x^2 + y^2 + 6x + 2y - 15 = 0$  is

(1986-2 Marks)

7) From the point A(0,3) on the circle  $x^2+4x+(y-3)^2=0$ , a chord AB is drawn and extended to a point M such that AM=2AB. The equation of the locus of M is

(1986-2 Marks)

- 8) The area of the triangle formed by the tangents from the point (4,3) to the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 9$  and the line joining their point of contact is (1987-2 Marks)
- 9) If the circle  $C_1: x^2 + y^2 = 16$  intersects another circle  $C_2$  of radius 5 in such a manner that common chord is of maximum length and has a slope equal to  $\frac{3}{4}$ , then the coordinates of the centre of  $C_2$  are

(1988-2 Marks)

10) The area formed by the positive x-axis and the normal and the tangent to the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 4$  at  $(1, \sqrt{3})$  is

(1989-2 Marks)

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11) If a circle passes through the points of intersection of the coordinate axes with the lines  $\lambda x - y + 1 = 0$  and x - 2y + 3 = 0, then the value of  $\lambda =$ 

(1991-2 Marks)

12) The equation of the locus of the mid-points of the circle  $4x^2 + 4y^2 - 12x + 4y + 1 = 0$  that subtend an angle of  $\frac{2\pi}{3}$  at its centre is

(1993-2 Marks)

13) The intercept of the line y = x by the circle  $x^2 + y^2 - 2x = 0$  is AB. Equation of the circle with AB as a diameter is

(1996-1Mark)

14) For each natural number k, let  $C_k$  denote the circle with radius k centimetres and centre at the origin. On the circle  $C_k$ ,  $\alpha$  – particle moves k centimetres in the counter-clockwise direction. After completing its motion on  $C_k$ , the particle moves to  $C_{k+1}$  in the radial direction. The motion of the particle continues in this manner. The particle starts at (1,0). If the particle crosses the positive direction of the x-axis for the first time on the circle  $C_n$  then n=

(1997-2 Marks)

15) The chords of contact of the pair of tangents drawn from each point on the line 2x + y = 4 to  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$  pass through the point

(1997-2 Marks)