Midterm Practice Solutions

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```
1. (a)
SortedLinkedList::SortedLinkedList()
    m_head = m_tail = nullptr;
    m_size = 0;
}
(b)
bool SortedLinkedList::insert(const ItemType& value)
{
    Node* p = m_head;
    Node* q = nullptr;
    while (p != nullptr)
                                  // Find the first element with a greater value
                                   // than the input value.
    {
        if (value == p->m_value)
            return false;
        if (value < p->m_value)
            break;
        q = p;
        p = p->m_next;
    }
    Node* newNode = new Node; // The new node must sit between q and p.
    newNode->m value = value;
    newNode->m_next = p;
    newNode->m_prev = q;
    if (p != nullptr)
                                   // Is there a following node?
       p->m prev = newNode;
    else
       m_tail = newNode;
                                   // Is there a preceding node?
    if (q != nullptr)
        q->m_next = newNode;
    else
        m_head = newNode;
    m size++;
}
```

```
(c)
Node* SortedLinkedList::search(const ItemType& value) const
{
    for (Node* p = m_head; p != nullptr; p = p->m_next)
        if (p->m_value == value)
            return p;
    }
        return nullptr;
}
(d)
void SortedLinkedList::remove(Node* node)
{
    if (node == nullptr)
        return;
    if (node != m head)
        node->m_prev->m_next = node->m_next;
    else
        m_head = m_head->m_next;
    if (node != m_tail)
        node->m_next->m_prev = node->m_prev;
    else
        m_tail = m_tail->m_prev;
    delete node;
    m_size--;
}
(e)
void SortedLinkedList::printIncreasingOrder() const
{
    for (Node* p = m_head; p != nullptr; p = p->m_next)
        cout << p->m value << endl;</pre>
}
```

(f)

```
See the following example.
```

```
SortedLinkedList linkedList;
linkedList.insert(20);
linkedList.insert(30);
linkedList.insert(40);

Node* p = linkedlist.search(30);
p->m_value = 100;
```

What will the list look like? What will you see if you call printIncreasingOrder()?

You can add a protection by making the returned Node pointer constant.

```
const Node* search(const ItemType& value) const;
```