

LAB3 - CS444: an evaluator for mini C

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Mu Evaluator

Input: a MiniC .c file:

```
int main() {  
float s;  
s=3.14;  
println_float(s);  
return 0;  
}
```

Output: on std output:

3.14

Code Infrastructure

```
ls cs444-labs22/MiniC/  
Lib      MiniCC.py  MiniCListener.py  pyproject.toml      test_expect_pragma.py  TP03  
Makefile MiniC.g4    printlib.h        README-interpreter.md  test_interpreter.py
```

- The grammar of the MiniC language is in `MiniC.g4`.
- The main file (command line, driver for the lexer/parser/visitor): `MiniCC.py`.
- In TP03/ two visitors: one for typing, the other one to evaluate.
- A Makefile, a README.
- Testfiles, and a test script `test_interpreter.py`.

MiniC typing, MiniC visit

in MiniC/TP03/

- A MiniCTypingVisitor to type MiniC programs given, it rejects programs like:

```
int x;  
x="blablabla";
```

⇒ You only have to read the code and play with it to understand how it works.

- A MiniCInterpretVisitor, that executes the program. We provide you as an example the arithmetic expression evaluation. ⇒ You have to complete the evaluation for assignments, tests, while.

Test infrastructure (same as in Lab 2)

You write your testcases and expected results:

```
#include "printlib.h"
int main() {
    println_float(3^2+45*(-2/-1));
    println_int(23+19);
    println_string("coucou");
}
```

```
# EXPECTED
# 99.00
# 42
# coucou
```

```
#include "printlib.h"

int main() {
    if ((1.0 + 2.0) * 3.0 == 9.0) {
        println_string("OK");
    }
    return 0;
}

// EXPECTED
// OK
```

⇒ a helper script (using pytest) will compare the actual and the expected outputs.

Test infrastructure 2/2

Test interpreter rule in Makefile.

```
report=html test_interpreter.py
===== test session starts =====
platform linux -- Python 3.10.6, pytest-6.2.5, py-1.10.0, pluggy-0.13.0 -- /usr/bin/python3
cachedir: .pytest_cache
rootdir: /home/laure/Documents/VCS/Teaching/cs444-labs22/MiniC
plugins: xdist-2.5.0, forked-1.4.0, cov-4.0.0
collected 21 items

test_interpreter.py::TestInterpret::test_eval[./TP03/tests/provided/strcat/test_string01.c] FAILED
test_interpreter.py::TestInterpret::test_eval[./TP03/tests/provided/strcat/unititialized_str.c] FAILED
test_interpreter.py::TestInterpret::test_eval[./TP03/tests/provided/strcat/test_string02.c] FAILED
test_interpreter.py::TestInterpret::test_eval[./TP03/tests/provided/examples-types/double_decl00.c] PASSED
test_interpreter.py::TestInterpret::test_eval[./TP03/tests/provided/examples-types/bad_type01.c] PASSED
test_interpreter.py::TestInterpret::test_eval[./TP03/tests/provided/examples-types/bad_type_bool_bool.c] PASSED
test_interpreter.py::TestInterpret::test_eval[./TP03/tests/provided/examples-types/bad_type04.c] PASSED
test_interpreter.py::TestInterpret::test_eval[./TP03/tests/provided/examples-types/bad_type00.c] PASSED
test_interpreter.py::TestInterpret::test_eval[./TP03/tests/provided/examples-types/bad_type03.c] PASSED
test_interpreter.py::TestInterpret::test_eval[./TP03/tests/provided/examples-types/bad_type02.c] PASSED
test_interpreter.py::TestInterpret::test_eval[./TP03/tests/provided/examples-types/bad_def01.c] PASSED
```

⇒ Using this test framework is mandatory